

Discover English as it is really spoken

Speakout 2nd Edition is a comprehensive six-level general English course for adults that has been developed in association with **BBC Worldwide** and **BBC Learning English**. The course integrates authentic video from popular BBC programmes into every unit and builds the skills and knowledge learners need to express themselves confidently in a real English-speaking environment.

The **Speakout 2nd Edition** Workbook contains a wide variety of practice exercises that review all the language areas covered in the Students' Book:

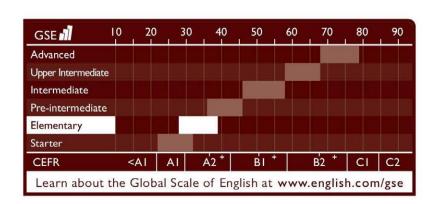
- Grammar, vocabulary and functional language exercises help to consolidate and extend new language
- Extra practice in reading, writing and listening extends learners' skills
- Regular review sections reinforce key language and allow learners to check their progress

Components

- · Students' Book with DVD-ROM
- Students' Book with DVD-ROM and MyEnglishLab
- Class Audio CDs
- Workbook with Audio (with and without key)
- Teacher's Book with Resource and Assessment Disc
- ActiveTeach

Student's online video and audio resources at:

www.english.com/speakout



2ND EDITION

2ND

with key

Workbook with key

Elementary







Frances Eales • Steve Oakes • Louis Harrison



EDITION



Elementary Workbook

with key



1	WELCOME Page 5
1.1	GRAMMAR present simple: be
	VOCABULARY countries and nationalities
	READING national dishes and drinks
	WRITING capital letters
1.2	GRAMMAR this/that, these/those; possessives
	VOCABULARY objects
	LISTENING interviews at an airport
1.3	FUNCTION making requests
	VOCABULARY tourist places
	LEARN TO listen for key words

-	WELCOME	Page 5	4	PLACES
1.1	GRAMMAR present simple: be		4.1	GRAMMAR
	VOCABULARY countries and nationalities			VOCABULA
	READING national dishes and drinks			READING
	WRITING capital letters			WRITING
1.2	GRAMMAR this/that, these/those; possessive	es	4.2	GRAMMAR
	VOCABULARY objects			VOCABULA
	LISTENING interviews at an airport			LISTENING
1.3	FUNCTION making requests		4.3	FUNCTION
	VOCABULARY tourist places			VOCABULA
	LEARN TO listen for key words			LEARN TO
			-	

2	LIFESTYLE	Page 10
2.1	GRAMMAR present simple: l/you/we/they	
	VOCABULARY activities	
	LISTENING doing a course	
	WRITING and, but, or	
2.2	GRAMMAR present simple: he/she/it	
	VOCABULARY daily routines; jobs	
	READING a hot dog seller	
2.3	FUNCTION asking for information	
	VOCABULARY the time	
	LEARN TO show you don't understand	

3	PEOPLE	Page 15
3.1	GRAMMAR have/has got	
	VOCABULARY family	
	LISTENING families	
3.2	GRAMMAR adverbs of frequency	
	VOCABULARY personality	
	READING HELP! forum	
	WRITING descriptions; apostrophe 's	
3.3	FUNCTION making arrangements	
	VOCABULARY time expressions	
	LEARN TO show interest	

Review 1	Page 20

4 PLACES Page 23 | there is/are **ARY** | rooms and furniture; prepositions top tips for small rooms commas | can for possibility **ARY** | places in towns; prepositions **G** | a tour of London l | shopping ARY | things to buy say no politely in a shop

5	FOOD Page 28
5.1	GRAMMAR countable and uncountable nouns; nouns with <i>a/an, some, any</i>
	VOCABULARY food and drink
	READING too busy to eat?
5.2	GRAMMAR how much/many; quantifiers
	VOCABULARY containers
	LISTENING the junk food lover's diet
	WRITING paragraphs
5.3	FUNCTION ordering in a restaurant
	VOCABULARY restaurant words
	LEARN TO understand fast speech

6	THE PAST	Page 33
6.1	GRAMMAR was/were	
	VOCABULARY dates and time phrases	
	READING celebrities who are friends	
6.2	GRAMMAR past simple	
	VOCABULARY life story collocations	
	LISTENING adopted twins	
	WRITING because and so	
6.3	FUNCTION asking follow-up questions	
	VOCABULARY activities	
	LEARN TO extend conversations	

Page 38 Review 2

7	HOLIDAYS	Page 41
7.1	GRAMMAR comparatives	
	VOCABULARY travel adjectives	
	READING travel partners	
7.2	GRAMMAR superlatives	
	VOCABULARY places	
	LISTENING an audio diary	
	WRITING checking and correcting	
7.3	FUNCTION giving directions	
	VOCABULARY places	
	LEARN TO check and correct directions	

10	PLANS	Page 59
10.1	GRAMMAR be going to; would like to	
	VOCABULARY plans	
	READING a lottery winner	
10.2	GRAMMAR will, might (not), won't	- 70
	VOCABULARY phrases with get	- 1
	LISTENING survival	
	WRITING too, also, as well	
10.3	FUNCTION making suggestions	
	VOCABULARY art and culture	
	LEARN TO respond to suggestions	
		- 4

8	NOW	Page 46
8.1	GRAMMAR present continuous	
	VOCABULARY verbs + prepositions	
	LISTENING phone conversations	
	WRITING pronouns	
8.2	GRAMMAR present simple and continuous	
	VOCABULARY appearance	
	READING the changing T-shirt	
8.3	FUNCTION recommending	
	VOCABULARY types of film	
	LEARN TO link words to speak faster	

11	HEALTH	Page 64
11.1	GRAMMAR should/shouldn't	
	VOCABULARY the body; health	
	READING walking – the perfect sport?	
11.2	GRAMMAR adverbs of manner	
	VOCABULARY communication	
	LISTENING time management	
	WRITING adverbs in stories	
11.3	FUNCTION offering to help	
	VOCABULARY verbs of movement	
	LEARN TO thank someone	

9	TRANSPORT	Page 51
9.1	GRAMMAR can/can't, have to/don't have to	
	VOCABULARY adjectives	
	READING no more wheels!	
	LISTENING the balancing scooter	
9.2	GRAMMAR a/an, the, no article	
	VOCABULARY transport collocations	
	READING commuting	
9.3	FUNCTION apologising	
	VOCABULARY excuses	
	LEARN TO tell a long story	

12	EXPERIENCES Page 69
12.1	GRAMMAR present perfect
	VOCABULARY experiences
	READING a travel blog
	WRITING linkers review
12.2	GRAMMAR present perfect and past simple
	VOCABULARY prepositions
	LISTENING fear or fun?
12.3	FUNCTION telephoning
	VOCABULARY telephoning expressions
	LEARN TO say telephone numbers

Review 3 Page 56

Review 4 Page 74

AUDIO SCRIPTS Page 77

ANSWER KEY Page 84

GRAMMAR

PRESENT SIMPLE: BE

- 1 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - **1 A:** Yasmin / your / is / name *Is your name Yasmin*
 - B: no, / isn't / it. / Anna / name / 's / my
 - 2 A: Sofia / are / you
 - B: David / I / am. / yes, / this / and / is
 - 3 A: are / a / student / you
 - B: I'm / no, / not. / teacher / I'm / a
 - is / teacher, / a / too / David
 - 4 A: you, / Sofia and David / to / nice / meet
 - B: nice / you, / meet / to / too
- Complete the conversations with the correct form of be.

Conversation 1

Ben: Hello. How are you?

Ed: Er ... hello.

Ben: Sorry, ¹ <u>are</u> you Mr and Mrs Rutter? **Ed:** No, we ² . They ³ Mr and

Mrs Rutter.

Ben: Oh, sorry.



Conversation 2

Ben: Excuse me. 4______ you Jerry Rutter?

Jerry: Yes.

Ben: 1⁵ Ben Pastor.

Jerry: Oh, hello. Nice to meet you, Ben. This

6_____ my wife, Sally.

Sally: Hi.

Ben: Sorry. ⁷______ your name Sandy?

Sally: No, it 8 ______. It's Sally.

Ben: Nice to meet you, Sally.

- Write questions and answers using the prompts.
 - 1 A: you / American? Are you American?
 - B: no / I / Canadian No, I'm not. I'm Canadian.
 - 2 A: he / a student?
 - B: no / he / a teacher
 - 3 A: we / late?
 - B: no/you/early
 - 4 A: they / from India?
 - **B:** no / they / China

VOCABULARY

COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES

4 A Find twelve countries in the puzzle.

G	R	E	Е	С	E	_	_	_
				-		C	Q	S
Р	0	R	Т	U	G	Α	L	C
R	G	Е	R	М	А	N	Υ	0
U	S	0	Υ	Е	Q	Α	J	Т
5	Р	С	U	Х	F	D	А	L
S	Α	Н	٧	I	Z	Α	Р	А
Ĩ	I	1	U	С	М	U	А	N
А	N	N	Р	0	L	А	N	D
Т	Н	А	1	L	А	N	D	Р

B Write the nationalities for the countries in the puzzle.

Greek	
	5 - 35
	S 18
	-

Write the nationalities from Exercise 4B in the correct column.

1 -an / -ian	2 -ish	
German	Polish	
3 -ese	4 other	
Portuguese	Greek	

- 1.1 Listen and underline the stressed syllables in the nationalities in Exercise 4C.
- E Listen again and repeat.

READING

Read the text and match food 1-6 with countries a)-f).







NATIONAL DISHES AND DRINKS

Where are these fabulous dishes and drinks from?

- Bubble tea, or pearl milk tea is from Taiwan.
- Indonesians eat a rice dish called Nasi Goreng.
- Ful Medames is from Egypt. They make it with beans and lemon.
- Jacket potatoes are from the UK.
- Pide is a food from Turkey. It's Turkish pizza yum!
- Curry is Indian. It's food cooked in sauce, and it's delicious!

- 1 Pide
- 2 Bubble tea
- 3 Ful Medames
- **4** Jacket potatoes
- **5** Curry
- 6 Nasi Goreng

- a) Indonesia
- b) Turkey
- c) India
- d) UK
- e) Egypt
- f) Taiwan

WRITING

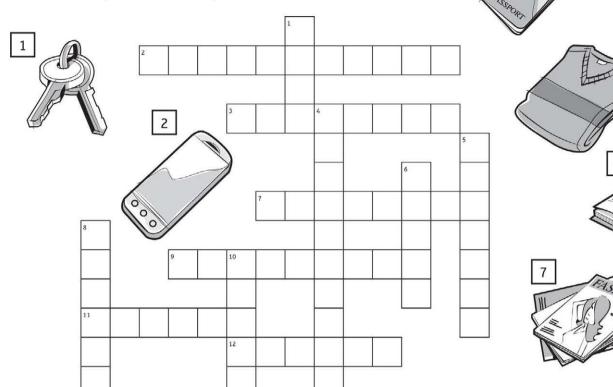
CAPITAL LETTERS

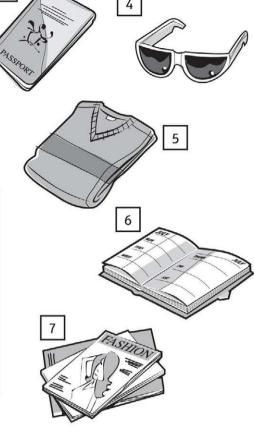
- Complete the words with the letters in brackets.
 Use capital letters where necessary.
 - 1 This is a hoto of e at the olosseum in ome, taly. (t p m c r i)
 - 2 _his is me and my _ustralian _riend, _aul. _e're in _enice.
 - (tafpwv)
 - 3 _his is _enji at a _ar in _adrid. _enji is a _tudent from _apan.(t k b m k s j)
 - 4 _ere is _aul again. _e's at _axim's in _aris. _axim's is a _rench _estaurant. (h p h m p m f r)

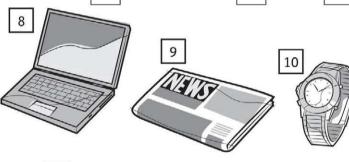


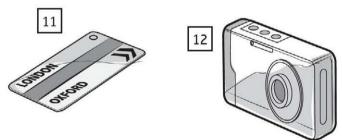
OBJECTS

 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{1}}$ A Look at the pictures and complete the crossword.









B 1.2 Listen and write the words from Exercise 1A in the correct column for each stress pattern.

10	2 Oo
keys	passport
3 000	4 000
sunglasses	mobile phone

C Listen again and repeat.

LISTENING

2 A 1.3 Listen to interviews with three passengers at an airport and complete the table.

	Passenger 1	Passenger 2	Passenger 3
Nationality	German		
Tourist (T) or on business (B)?		T	

B Listen again and tick the things in the passengers' bags.

	Passenger 1	Passenger 2	Passenger 3
laptop			
credit card			
diary			
MP3 player and earphones			
sunglasses			
passport	/		
camera			
ticket			
newspaper			
magazine			
mobile phone			
keys			

GRAMMAR

THIS/THAT, THESE/THOSE; POSSESSIVES

3 Look at the picture and complete the conversation with this, that, these or those.

John:

1 These are great sunglasses. How

much are they?

Shop assistant: ² ? They're 200 euros.

John: 200 euros!

Shop assistant: But 3_____ sunglasses are only

twenty euros.

John: OK. And how much is ⁴

magazine?

Shop assistant: 5 _____'s two euros. **John:** Two? OK, here you are.

Shop assistant: Thanks.



- 4 A Rewrite the sentences in the plural.
 - 1 That CD's great!

Those CDs are great!

- 2 This red pen is Anne's.
- 3 This isn't my key.
- 4 Where's that ticket?
- Rewrite the sentences in the singular.
- 1 These books are very good.
- 2 Those aren't my files.
- 3 Who are those men over there?
- **4** Are these your photos?

- 5 Add one apostrophe (') to each conversation.
 - **1** A: Is this your mobile phone?
 - B: No, it isn't. I think it's Jane s.
 - 2 A: Are these DVDs yours?
 - B: No, they're Suzannas.
 - 3 A: Is your friends name Greg?
 - B: Yes, Greg Hutchens.
 - 4 A: Are these Nathans sunglasses?
 - B: I don't know. Ask him.
 - **5** A: Are your teachers photos in the book?
 - B: Yes, they're on pages 17 and 18.
 - 6 A: Where are Irenas tickets?
 - B: They're on the table.
 - 7 A: Is this chocolate cake yours?
 - B: No, it isn't. It's Lucys.
 - 8 A: Are these keys Mr Allisons?
 - B: Yes, they are.
- f 6 f A Rewrite the sentences. Don't repeat the nouns.
 - 1 These glasses are my glasses.

These glasses are mine.

- 2 These keys are your keys.
- 3 That bag is Jack's bag.
- 4 Those pencils are my pencils.
- 5 This mobile phone is Anita's mobile phone.
- 6 That magazine is your magazine.
- **B** 1.4 Listen and check.
- Underline the letter -s in your answers in Exercise 6A.
- 1 These glasses are mine.
- What is the pronunciation of -s in your answers? Listen again and write /s/ or /z/.

1 These glasses are mine.

/z/ /s//z/

E Listen again and repeat.

TOURIST PLACES

- 1 A Complete the words. Add the vowels in brackets.
 - 1 (snackbanc ffees ndwich (add a or o)
 - **2** t uristsh pp stc rdb tterys uvenir (add *a* or *o*)
 - 3 r t rntick tappl j ic (add u or e)
 - 4 tr__nst_t_ons_nglet_cketpl_tform (add a or i)
 - B Circle the places and things in Exercise 1A.

FUNCTION

MAKING REQUESTS

- Put the words in the correct order to make requests.
 - 1 have / I / a / coffee, / can / please

		~		
1	100000	a coffee	10100	

Can I	have o	a coffee,	please
		///	

2 Birmii	ngham,/	have / I /	a /	could /	′ return /	p	lea
----------	---------	------------	-----	---------	------------	---	-----

3	1/	please /	/ batteries, /	of /	can /	those /	one /	have

4	have /	could /	sandwich, /	1/	please /	a /	cheese

									_
5	1/	can /	apple	juice /	have /	an /	coffee,/	and	1

please / a	1		

Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

do	have	vou	that's	euro	please	help	can
0.0		,			0.000		

Conversation 1

Tourist:

Excuse me. 1 Do you speak

English?

Shop assistant: Yes. Can I ² you?

Tourist:

I have these four

postcards, please?

Shop assistant: OK. ⁴ two euros, please.

Conversation 2

Tourist:

Can I ⁵_____ a coffee, ⁶_

Waiter:

That's one 7_____ fifty.

Thank 8_____. Tourist:

4 🕟 1.5 Listen and tick the speaker (A or B) that sounds more polite.

1 A ___

B 🗸

2 A _____

В ____

3 A _____

4 A _____

В ____

5 A _____

В

LEARN TO

LISTEN FOR KEY WORDS

- 5 A Read the conversations. Underline the two key words in each sentence.
 - 1 A: How much is a coffee cake, please?
 - B: It's two euros.
 - 2 A: Could I have a return to Sydney, please?
 - B: That's ten fifty.
 - 3 A: Is that a cheese sandwich?
 - B: No, it's a chicken sandwich.
 - 4 A: That's eight euros, please.
 - B: Ah, I only have six euros.
 - B 1.6 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.
- 6 A 🕟 1.7 Look at the menu and listen. What do the people order? Write the food and drink for 1-6.

	1	a tomato salad
--	---	----------------

3

5 _____

?

a) € 2

b) €_____

c) €____

d) €_____ e) € ____

f) €

Listen again and write the prices for a)-f).

* M E N U *



DRINKS

COFFEE | HOT CHOCOLATE | TEA JUICE | MINERAL WATER

SANDWICHES

EGG | CHICKEN | CHEESE

SALADS

GREEN | TOMATO



ICE CREAM

2)) LIFESTYLE

VOCABULARY

ACTIVITIES

1 Complete the profile with the verbs in the box.

do listen play read watch go eat have

ALLTOGETHER

Personal Profile:

Teresa Alvarez

About Me

I come from Mexico, I'm twenty-three years old and I'm a student. I study politics at UNAM (the National Autonomous University of Mexico). I'm single.



Activities

I 1 <u>do</u> a lot of sport – I 2 ____ running every day and I 3 ____ tennis most weeks.

Interests

Going out: I love meeting people and I

4______ a lot of fun going out with friends.

Food: I like going out to restaurants with friends.

We 5_____ Mexican food – tacos are my favourite!

Favourite Music

I ⁶_____ to different kinds of music, but I really like World Music.

Favourite TV shows

I⁷_____ a lot of TV. American programmes like *Breaking Bad* and *The Big Bang Theory* are my favourite.

Favourite Movies

Anything with Johnny Depp!

Favourite Books and Magazines

Vogue! | 8 it every month!

2 A 2.1 Listen and write the words in the box in the correct column for each stress pattern.

game newspaper sport magazine coffee cinema exercise MP3 player DVD TV nothing film tennis pasta fun

10	2 00	3 00
game		
4 000	5 000	6 00000
newspaper		

B Listen again and repeat.

GRAMMAR

PRESENT SIMPLE: I/YOU/WE/THEY

Look at the information about Francesco and his flatmates, Ben and Tom. Complete Francesco's sentences.

	Francesco	Ben and Tom
watch TV a lot	1	×
listen to the radio	×	1
eat in fast food restaurants	×	X
drink a lot of coffee	1	1
read computer magazines	×	1
go to the cinema	×	1
do sport	1	×
play computer games	1	1

1	Iwatch	_ TV a lot, but I <u>don't listen</u> to
	the radio.	
2	Ben and Tom	TV a lot, but they
		to the radio.
3	We	in fast-food restaurants.
4	We	a lot of coffee.
5	Ben and Tom	computer
	magazines.	
6	1	_ to the cinema.
7	Ben and Tom	sport.
8	We	computer games.

- Write questions and short answers using the prompts.
 - **1 A:** you / eat / junk food, Juan?

 Do you eat junk food, Juan?
 - unk food, Juan?

 b: no / l

 No, I don't.
 - 2 A: you/do/a lot of sport, Kiko?
- B: yes/I
- **3** A: the students in your class / live / near you?
- B: no/they
- 4 A: you and Clara / like / pasta?
- B: ves/we
- **5** A: you / listen to / Radio 5, Dan?
- B: yes/I
- **6** A: Ursula and Hans / study / English with you?
- B: no/they
- **7** A: I / have / classes on Sunday?
- B: no/you
- 8 A: you and your family / eat / together?
- B: yes/we
- 9 A: Ali and Marco / play / tennis?
- B: yes/they
- 10 A: you and Ana / drink / coffee?
- B: no/we

LISTENING

5 A Read the course list. Then match the courses with the pictures. Write your answers on the first line.

ADULT EDUCATION COURSE LIST Digital photography: 9–12p.m. Salsa for beginners: 7–9p.m. Singing for fun: 6.30–8.30p.m. Office yoga: 7.30–9p.m.

B 2.2 Listen to the conversation. Number the courses in Exercise 5A in the order the people talk about them. Write your answers on the second line.

Listen again and complete the table.

	Which day?	Where?	What?
Singing for fun	Monday and Thursday evenings		
Digital photography		high school	
Salsa for beginners			
Office yoga			stretching and relaxing exercises

WRITING

AND, BUT, OR

- 6 Join the sentences. Use one of the words in brackets.
 - 1 On Monday, I leave for work at 9. I get home at 6. (and/or)
 - On Monday, I leave for work at 9 and 1 get home at 6.
 - 2 On Tuesday, I phone my mother. I chat with her for hours. (but/and)
 - 3 On Wednesday, I get up early. I don't go to work it's my free day. (or/but)
 - 4 On Thursday, I work in the office. I work at home. (but/or)
 - 5 On Friday, I go out late with my friends. I go to bed early. (and/or)
 - 6 On Saturday, I play tennis with Pete at 9. I have lunch with him. (and/but)
 - 7 On Sunday morning, I read a newspaper. It isn't in English! (but/or)
 - 8 On Sunday afternoon, I listen to music. I watch TV. (but/or)

DAILY ROUTINES

1 A Put the letters in the correct order to make phrases.

have breakfast

- 1 eahv fskarbeta2 vhae hlucn
- Z Vilde illuci
- 3 og ot dbe
- 4 teg emho
- **5** avhe nndire
- 6 tge pu
- 7 astrt kowr
- 8 evale meho
- 9 nishfi rowk
- B Complete the text with the times in the box.

6a.m.	11p.m.	1p.m.	8.a.m.	8p.m.	5p.m.
7a.m.	6p.m.				

I get up v	ery early, usually at
16a.m	n Then I have breakfast
at ²	I leave home at ³
and go to	work. I have lunch at ⁴
and work	in the afternoon. I leave work
at ⁵	and get home at ⁶
At ⁷	it's time for dinner. I go to
bed at 8_	:

GRAMMAR

PRESENT SIMPLE: HE/SHE/IT

A Write the he/she/it form of the verbs.

1	sleep	sleeps
2	play	
3	drink	
4	drive	
5	relax	
6	eat	
7	study	
8	know	
9	wash	
10	leave	
11	get	
12	practise	

B Write the verbs from Exercise 2A in the correct column.

1/s/	2 /z/	3 /IZ/
sleep <u>s</u>	play <u>s</u>	relax <u>es</u>

- © 2.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.
- 3 A Complete the text with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Al is a hot dog seller in New York. Every day he
'_gets up_ (get up) at 5p.m. and ² (make)
dinner for his two boys – they get home from
school at about 4.30. He ³ (take) the bus
into the city and ⁴ (start) work at 7p.m.
At about Ia.m. he 5 (have) two or three
hot dogs for lunch. He ⁶ (work) all night.
At work, he ⁷ (see) a lot of interesting
things and ⁸ (meet) a lot of interesting
people. He ⁹ (finish) work at 3 or 4a.m.
On the bus he 10 (read) the morning
newspaper. He ¹¹ (get) home at about
6a.m. He ¹²
(have) breakfast
with his family and
(go) to bed
at about 8.30a.m. – and
that's the end of his
day or night.

B Correct the sentences about Al.

- 1 Al gets up early in the morning.

 He doesn't get up early in the morning. He gets up in the afternoon.
- 2 Al goes to work by taxi.

__ to work by bus.

- 3 Al has a salad for lunch.
- two or three hot dogs.
- 4 Al reads a magazine on the bus.

the morning newspaper.

5 He gets home late at night.

__ home early in the morning.

6 Al has lunch with his family.

breakfast with them.

40							
All.	Dut th	o words	in the	corroct	ardar t	a make	questions
-	rut tii	e words	III UIE	correct	oruer t	o illane	questions

1	live / Eva / does / where	
	Where does Eva live	
2	Juanes / does / coffee / drink	
	-	?
3	what / 'junk' / does / mean	
		7
4	lunch / he / when / have / does	
_	In The Table of Table	7
5	like / she / does / popcorn	
,		7
6	read / does / which / Kay / newspaper	
7	does / how / work / Faisal / come / to	
1	does / flow / work / raisat / confe / to	

READING

5 A Read the article and answer the questions.

- 1 Does Al like his job?
- 2 Does he work at the weekend?

8 friend / live / does / where / your

A NICHT IN THE LIFE OF A HOT DOG SELLER

'In my job I meet a lot of interesting people. People like talking to me. They don't just want a hot dog, they want a conversation. It's great working at night. It's never hot, people are relaxed and they're very hungry. Some nights I sell over 300 hot dogs. I have one customer, Hector – he's a taxi driver; he eats ten hot dogs every night. People ask me, "Al, do you like hot dogs?" Yes, of course I like them. I love them! Hot dogs are not junk food; they're good food. My boys love them, too and we have hot dogs for dinner every Saturday night. I don't work at the weekend. I'm with the boys all day and then sleep at night. They play football in the park and I watch them or I play with them. Or I go and get a hot dog!'

B Read the article again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Al doesn't like people.
- 2 People don't talk to Al.
- 3 People aren't hungry at night.
- 4 Hector doesn't sell hot dogs.
- 5 Al doesn't like hot dogs.
- **6** Al and his boys have hot dogs for Saturday dinner.
- 7 Al sleeps at night at the weekend.
- 8 Al doesn't go to the park with his boys.

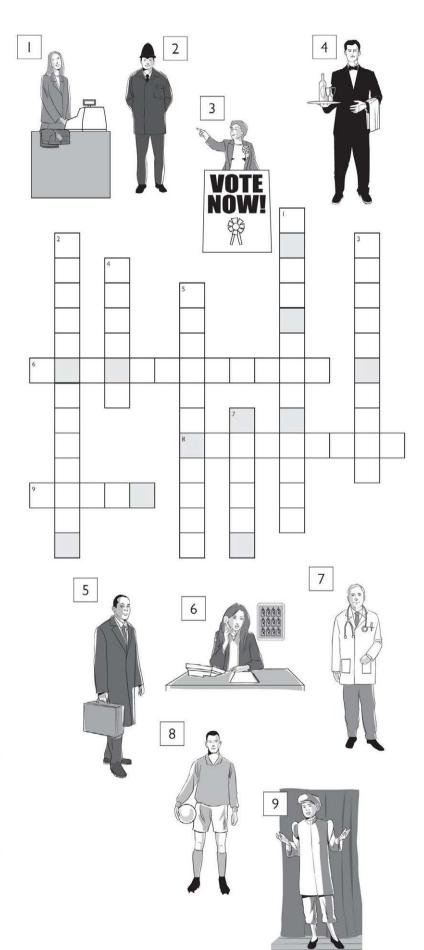
Correct the false sentences in Exercise 5B.

1 Al likes people.

VOCABULARY

JOBS

6 Look at the pictures and complete the jobs crossword. Then look at the grey boxes. What's the hidden job?



THE TIME

f 1 Write the times in two different ways.

1	7.30	It's half past seven.	It's seven thirty.
2	9.15		
3	11.10		
4	2.45		
5	5.20		
6	8.35		
7	10.55		
8	1.40		2

FUNCTION

ASKING FOR INFORMATION

Read the leaflets quickly and look at the gaps. Think about the missing information in each gap.

	IMETABLE Cambridge	
London Kings Cross	1 10.52	11.15
Cambridge	11.54	2

BANGKOK TEMPLE TOUR	
Start time: 3	
Finish time: 4	
Tour start point: 5	
Adult: 6 baht /	
14 euros	

С NATIONAL BANK Opening hours ⁷_____ to 4p.m. Monday-Friday: 10a.m. to ⁸ Saturday: Sunday: closed

B Look at the gaps in the leaflets again. Use t	he
prompts to write questions about the missing	
information.	

1	what time / leave?	What time does the train leave?
2	when / arrive?	
3	what time / start?	
4	when / finish?	
5	where / start from?	
6	how much / cost?	
7	what time / open?	
8	when / close?	

© 2.4 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

D 2.5 Listen and complete the leaflets in Exercise 2A.

LEARN TO

SHOW YOU DON'T UNDERSTAND

- 3 A Listen to the conversations in Exercise 2D again. In which conversations do the people show they don't understand?
 - B Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

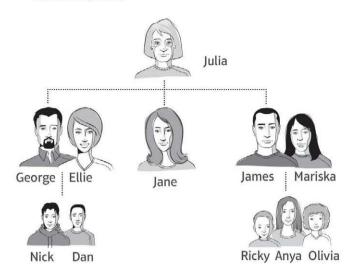
1	speak / you / could / slowly, / sorry, / please / mo	e
		?
2	Wat / the / me, / excuse	
		?
3	you / that / could / spell	
		?
4	you / could / that / sorry, / repeat	

4	yo	ou / could / that / sorry, / repeat ?			
		mplete the conversations with the questions in isse 3B.			
1	A:	My last name is Weitts.			
	B:				
	A:	Yes, that's W-E-I-T-T-S.			
2	A:	The tour starts at the Wat Mahatat.			
	B:	<u></u>			
	A:	Mahatat. The Wat Mahatat.			
3	A:	How much does the tour cost?			
	B:	Six hundred and fifty baht.			
	A:				
	B:	Oh, sorry: six \dots hundred \dots and \dots fifty \dots baht.			
4	A:	How long is the tour?			
	B.	The tour takes two hours			

B: The tour takes two hours.

FAMILY

1 A Look at the family tree and complete the conversations.



Conversation	1

Chris, this is my 1 mother, Julia. Jane: Chris: Nice to meet you, Mrs Garnet. And this is my 2 Jane: ____, George, and his³, Ellie.

Hello. Chris:

And these are my 4 , Nick and Jane:

Dan.

Nick: Hi. Conversation 2

Chris: Are these your children, Mariska?

Mariska: Oh, let me introduce you. These are my

, Anya and Olivia, and this is

Ricky: Hi!

Mariska: And this is James, my 7

Chris: Hello, everyone.

	Ricky:	And that's my 8, George, and			
	•	my ⁹ , Jane.			
	Chris:	Yes, I know. I'm a friend of Jane's.			
	Ricky:	And those are my 10, Nick and			
		Dan.			
	Conversa	tion 3			
	Chris:	Ellie, what's that little girl's name?			
		I forget.			
	Ellie:	That's my ¹¹ , Anya.			
	Chris:	And her 12 are Mariska and?			
Ellie:		James. We're a big family. A lot of names			
		to remember!			
		t the underlined letters. Is the attention the same (S) or different (D)?			
	1 sist <u>er</u>	moth <u>er 5</u>			
	2 cousin	<u>u</u> ncle			
	3 wife	n <u>ie</u> ce			
	4 aunt	father			

□ 3.1 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

2

husband

parents

brother

friend

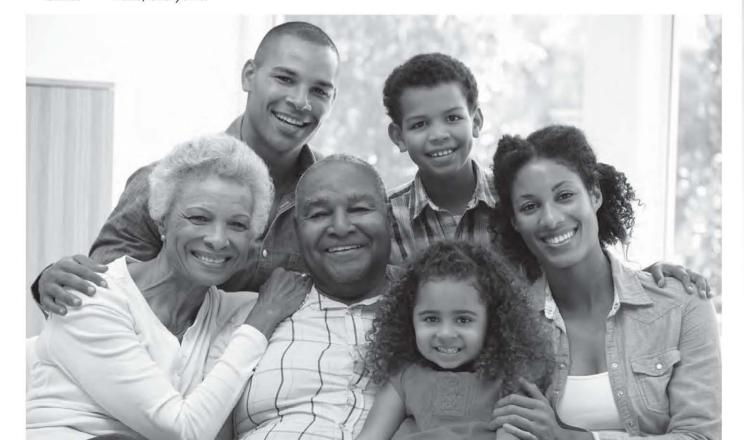
5 son

6 grandfather

7 daughter

8 nephew

Co	mplete the se	ntences with family words.
1	My mother's _	father is my grandfather.
2	My father's	is my sister.
3	My sister's	are my mother and father.
4	My children's	is my sister.
5	My children's	is my brother.
6	My mother's _	is my cousin, Matt.
7	My father's	is my cousin, Nina.
8	My father's	is my mother.
9	My mother's _	is my father.
10	My son's	are my mother and father



GRAMMAR

HAVE/HAS GOT

3 A Look at the table and complete the sentences with the correct form of have got.

I		a new laptop
m	y sister	an MP3 player
m	y brother	an old computer
m	y parents	a black car
m	y family	a four-room flat
1	've got	a new laptop.
2		an MP3 player.
3	My sister	a computer.
4	My parents	a car.
5	My brother	a computer, but it's old
6	We	a house.
7	We	a flat.
8	lt	four rooms.

B Look at the table in Exercise 3A and complete the questions and short answers.

1	A:	Have	yougot	a new laptop?
	B:	Yes, I	have.	
2	A:		your brothe	r a new
		computer	?	
	B:			
3	A:		you	a house?
	B:			
4	A:		your sister	an MP3 player
	B:	<u> </u>	27/	
5	A:	-	your flat	four rooms?
	B:			
6	A:		your parent	s a black car?
	B:			

4 Find and correct five mistakes with have got and be in each conversation.

Conversation 1

A: I haven't got a pen. Are you one? Have you got

B: No, I'm not, but I've got a pencil.

A: Has it got black?

B: No, it's got red.

A: Has it got a rubber?

B: Yes, it is.

A: Can I borrow it? Thanks.

Conversation 2

A: Have you got your camera with you?

B: No, but Fatima's an MP3 player.

A: Has it got a camera, Fatima?

C: No, it isn't. But my mobile phone's got a camera.

A: Has it got good?

C: Not really. It's very small and the pictures haven't got very good.

A: That's OK. Can you take a photo of me?

C: OK, smile! Look. You're a nice smile.

5 Complete the text with the correct form of have got.

_				4
An	on	IV	ch	ild
	• • • •	~ 7		

It's not unusual	t's not unusual to be an only child in the UK. Many families				
have got	only one child. I'm Lucy, I'm an only child				
and I like it. I 2_	a brother or a sister, but				
that's OK.					
] 3	_ my cousins, my aunts, uncles,				
grandfathers an	d grandmothers – and I ⁴				
the noise of a la	rge family; our house is always quiet!				
15	_ my own room, too – it's small, but I love it!				
My best friend 6	a big family – he				
My best friend ⁶	a big family – he three brothers and two sisters! But they				
The second contract of					
7	three brothers and two sisters! But they				
7 8	three brothers and two sisters! But they				
two brothers.	three brothers and two sisters! But they a big house, so he shares a room with his I a lot of time with my				

LISTENING

6 A 3.2 Listen to two people talking about their families and match the speakers with the phrases. You can use the phrases more than once. There is one extra phrase.

	1	hasn't got a job.
David	2	has got one sister.
Meg	3	has got one brother.
ineg	4	has got five brothers.
	5	has got a good job.

B Listen again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

	,	,
1	Tom is Meg's brother.	T
2	Meg is close to her sister.	
3	Nick is David's brother.	
4	Nick is quite active.	
5	Jenny is David's mother.	
6	David and Jenny are close.	
7	Jenny's husband doesn't like his job.	V
R	lenny's got three sons	



PERSONALITY

4	A	ا ا ا	41				41		1:4.	
alle.	PA.	Add	tne	voweis	and	write	tne	persona	uty	words.

1	knd	kind
2	ntllgnt	
3	fnny	
4	frndly	-
5	tlktv	
6	nknd	
7	srs	
8	ntrstng	
9	stpd	
10	qt	
11	nfrndly	
	brng	

B Write the words from Exercise 1A in the correct column for each stress pattern.

10	2 00	3 00
kind		
4 000	5 000	6 0000

© 3.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

☐ Complete the conversations with adjectives from Exercise 1A.

- 1 A: I think Mark's very friendly.
 - **B:** Really? He never talks to me! I think he's very *unfriendly*.
- 2 A: Andrea's really talkative at breakfast time.
 - **B:** Yeah, I don't like it. I like to be _____ in the mornings!
- **3** A: Lena's a serious student.
 - **B:** Yes, usually, but she's sometimes very _____
- 4 A: The teachers are kind to Greg.
 - **B**: Yes, but some of the children are .
- **5** A: This cat's very stupid!
 - **B:** Don't be horrible! I think she's very
- **6** A: The first class today is art that's really interesting.
 - **B:** Yes, but the teacher's _____ he makes everyone go to sleep!

GRAMMAR

ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

Underline the correct alternative.

- **1** Mixing yellow and red <u>always</u>/often/sometimes makes orange.
- **2** The colour red *often/sometimes/hardly ever* means 'danger' or 'stop'.
- 3 Apples are sometimes/hardly ever/never purple.
- **4** In football, the ball is usually/hardly ever/never white.
- **5** A chef in a restaurant *never/sometimes/always* has a white hat.
- **6** Food is often/hardly ever/never blue.
- 7 Cola is always/sometimes/never brown.
- 8 People *always/often/never* drink their coffee white with milk.
- **9** Taxis in New York are hardly ever/always/sometimes vellow.
- **10** Eggs are usually/never/hardly ever white or brown.

3 A Read the emails. Are Sandy and Cristina good flatmates?

Hi Maria,

How are you? I'm fine, but I've got a new flatmate, Cristina, and she's a real problem. She talks to me never. When she comes home in the evening, I ask her usually about her day. She says, 'Fine!' always and then she watches usually TV or she goes to her room to sometimes sleep! She wants hardly ever to chat. What can I do?

Sandv

Hi Zsuzsa,

How are you? I'm fine, but my new flatmate, Sandy, is a real problem. She stops talking never. In the evening after classes I'm tired often. I want to usually relax in front of the TV for half an hour or I have sometimes a short rest. She wants always to talk about her day. I have hardly ever the energy to listen.

That's my news. Email me soon!

Cristina

B Read the emails again. Circle the adverbs of frequency and draw a line to show their correct position.

READING

4 A Read the forum post and tick the ideas you agree with.

HELP! forum My friend Sam often asks me for money. I Question Jon, Ontario ten or twenty euros. The problem is he never pays me back. I don't want to ask him, but I feel bad about the whole thing. Help! Talk to him about it. Tell him how you feel. Beth writes: You say he's your friend and real friends listen to each other. But remember: money and friends don't mix. Good luck! I don't think he's a real friend. It's time to Karl writes: end the friendship - tell him to give you the money and then say goodbye! Forget the money. Friends are everything. Steve writes: Money's not important - but don't give him more money!

I work with Joanne and I really like her, but we aren't friends. The problem is that she thinks we're friends. She often Question Patsy Christchurch asks me to meet her after work and at the weekend. She phones me three or four times a week and she just wants to chat. Help! Maybe it's a good idea to meet her just Levente writes: once at the weekend. You say you like her - well, give her a chance. Good luck! Miki That's a problem. Tell Joanne the truth writes: you're a friendly person, but you aren't her friend! That's really difficult. Change your Cynthia telephone number . . . or don't answer the phone. She needs to understand that you don't want to be friends.

B Read the forum post again. Underline two names for each sentence.

1 They're friends.

<u>Sam</u> Joanne <u>Jon</u> Patsy

2 They aren't friends.

Sam Joanne Jon Patsy

3 They say: Don't be friends with him/her.

Beth Karl Levente Miki

4 They say: Tell the truth.

Beth Steve Miki Cynthia

5 They say: Be friends with him/her.

Karl Steve Levente Cynthia

WRITING

DESCRIPTIONS; APOSTROPHE 'S

5 A Complete the text with 's or s.

My friend ¹ Je	an <u>'s</u>	got an interes	ting fam	nily. Her brother
² Sam	super inf	telligent and ³ he		got a good job
with a compu	uter comp	any in Sydney.	⁴ He	married
and his ⁵ wife	r	name is Grace. ⁶	Jean	sister
⁷ Sally	the funn	y one in the far	nily. She	e ⁸ love
telling funny	stories ar	nd she ⁹ work	as	an actress
with the Mell	oourne Th	neatre Company	. Jean ¹	°live
here in Brisb	ane in my	friend ¹¹ Keira_	6	apartment.
¹² Jean	_ the 'bal	by' of the family	/. ¹³ She_	got a
big heart. Pe	ople alwa	ys say that ¹⁴ sh	e	very kind.

■ Match 1–14 in Exercise 5A with meanings a)–d). What does 's/s mean?

- a) is
- **b)** has 1,
- c) possessive
- d) he/she/it form of verb

Read the texts. Put in nine missing apostrophes (').

My teacher s called Pilar.
Shes a language teacher –
she teaches Spanish. Pilars
classes are always very
interesting. She works very
hard to make her students
speak to each other. We
do lots of fun activities like
quizzes and working in pairs.
Pilars really interested in
us and because of this we
are interested in her. Our
teachers got an award for
her work: best Spanish
teacher of the year!





I know Mark from playing games online. He loves games and he plays all the time – hes a really good player. Hes very quick.

Marks family is quite small – hes got one sister and she also plays online games all the time. Sometimes I think they see each other online more than at home!

Write about a person you know well. Write 45–65 words. Use the texts in Exercise 5C to help you.

TIME EXPRESSIONS

1 A Look at the table and complete the sentences about Tara.

My week							
	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
sleep late							1
do sport		1		1		1	
have lunch at home		1			1		
clean the flat	the fi	rst and	third	Friday	of eve	ry moi	nth
go shopping	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
meet friends for dinner							1
go to the cinema	one o	or two t	imes (every y	ear		
phone Mum	11	11	11	11	11	11	11

1	Tara	sleeps	late <u>once a week</u>		
2	She_		_ sport	29	
3	She_		_ lunch at home		
4	She_		_ the flat		
5	She_		_ shopping		
6	She		friends for dinner		
7	She		to the cinema		
8	She		her mother		

B Find and correct six mistakes with time expressions in the text.

0	I live in Los Angeles and I like going to					
	the beach and surfing. I go to Malibu					
	beach once week, usually on Saturday.					
	At the weekend I meet friends and we					
	go to the cinema or a café, or go to a					
	club. We go to the cinema three or four					
	times the year and go to a club once					
	time a month. We meet in cafés two					
	times week and call each other on every					
	day. Because I'm usually very busy, I					
	only clean my flat on first Sunday of					
	every month.					

FUNCTION

MAKING ARRANGEMENTS

Complete the conversation with the words in the box.

Are you free is good for you would you like						
Do you like How about sounds good don't like						
A. H. Ctofonio 14ro con from tomorrow?						
A: Hi, Stefanie. ¹ Are you free tomorrow?						
B: Yes, I am. What ² to do? A: I'm not sure, really. ³ going to a club?						
B: Mmm I ⁴ loud music.						
A: ⁵ films?						
B: Yes, I do.						
A: OK, let's go and see the new James Bond film.						
B: Where is it showing?						
A: At the ABC in town. It's on twice a day.						
B: What time ⁶ ? Afternoon or evening?						
A: Evening, I think.						
B: OK, ⁷ See you there!						
B Complete the conversations. Write one word in						
each gap.						
1 A: What <u>would</u> you like to do tonight?						
B: How going to the cinema?						
2 A: Are you on Saturday?						
B: Yes, I am. Would you to go shopping?						
3 A: So, what's good for you?						
B: Well, I finish work at six, so about						
meeting at seven?						
4 A: Do you want to see Hotel Budapest tonight?						
B: Yes, is it showing?						
A: At the Odeon. It's on at seven.						
B: Hmm that's a I finish work						
at seven.						
EARN TO						
SHOW INTEREST						

- Complete the words.
 - 1 A: We've got a new baby! A little girl!
 - B: That's fantastic! What's her name?
 - **2** A: I always go swimming before I go to work.
 - **B:** That's gr_____. It's very good for you.
 - 3 A: My sister isn't here. She isn't very well.
 - **B:** Oh. That's a sh_____. I hope she's OK soon.
 - **4** A: We never go on holiday. We haven't got any money.
 - **B:** That's aw____! Everyone needs a holiday.
 - 5 A: Oh no! the airport's closed and I've got a flight this afternoon.
 - **B**: That's te____! Why is it closed?
 - 6 A: I've got a new girlfriend. She's beautiful and intelligent.
 - B: That's wo __! Where's she from?

VOCABULARY REVIEW

1 A Add the vowels in each group.

1	
f <u>i</u> n <u>i</u> sh	V
swt_r	O
c_m_r_	o
P_l_nd	В
_r_sh	87
wt_r	

2	
n_wsp_p_r	
hrdr_ss_r	(
l_st_n t_	30
cr_d_t c_rd	
Cnd	
Мхсп	

3	
C_l_mb	
_mbr_ll_	7
_ccnt_nt	-
d_ n_th_ng	-
_d_pt_r	
K_rn	
N	-

4	
_ng_nr	
sv_n_r	
g_ t_ b_d	
Vtn_m	·
m_g_z_n_	
P_rt_gs_	·
1_16_83_	·

- In each group find: a job (J), two objects (O), a country (C) a nationality (N) and a verb or verb phrase (V).
- Match stress patterns a)-d) with groups 1-4 in Exercise 1A.
- R1.1 Listen and repeat.

GRAMMAR PRESENT SIMPLE

2 A Complete the text with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.

ISTHIS A REAL JOB? IMEET ROY, THE HOLIDAY VOLUNTEER
Roy ¹ / _S (be) Canadian and ² (work) in a youth hostel
in Corfu, Greece. He and the other hostel workers ³ (be)
volunteers — they ⁴ (not get) money for their work. Every day
Roy ⁵ (get up) at six and ⁶ (have) breakfast in the
hostel. He ⁷ (not cook) the meals. Cynthia ⁸ (be) the
chef and she ⁹ (do) all the shopping and cooking. Every morning,
Roy 10 (clean) the rooms and 11 (help) on the
organic farm at the hostel, growing food for the guests. In the afternoons,
he 12 (not work) and he usually 13 (go) to the beach.
he ¹² (not work) and he usually ¹³ (go) to the beach. After dinner, he and the hostel guests often ¹⁴ (chat) together.
'lt 15 (be) a great job,' Roy says. 'Everyone's very friendly.
I 16 (not want) the summer to end.'

B Write questions using the prompts.

1	how old / be / Roy?	How old is Roy?
2	where / be / he / from?	
3	where / be / the hostel?	
4	how much / money /	
	the volunteers / get?	
5	when / Roy / get up?	
6	who / be / Cynthia?	
7	she / clean / the rooms?	
8	what / Roy / usually / do /	
	in the afternoons?	
9	what / he and the guests /	
	do / in the evenings?	
10	he / like / his job?	

Answer the questions in Exercise 2B.

	er the quest			
He's	twenty-sever	n.		

VOCABULARY PERSONALITY

3 A Put the letters in order and write the words to complete the riddles.

1 I never talk, but I'm not very <u>quiet</u> (tqeiu).

2 I'm not _____ (eellnintgit), but I always know the time.

3 I'm usually quite _____ (sisoreu), but not very _____ (nikd) or _____ (leirnyfd).

4 I'm really _____ (lavttikea) and I never listen.

5 I'm quite _____ (pidsut), but I write in many languages.

Match objects a)-e) with riddles 1-5 in Exercise 3A.

a) a radio ____4__

b) a watch

c) a dog

d) a pen _____

e) the TV news _____

GRAMMAR HAVE/HAS GOT

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of be or have got. What's the answer to question 8?

1 My name _____'s___ Amari.

2 I _____ one brother and one sister.

3 My mother _____ one sister.

4 She _____ (not) any brothers.

5 My mother's sister _____ Jen.

6 Jen Henry's wife.

7 Jen and Henry ______ two nephews and one niece.

8 _____ I a boy or a girl?

VOCABULARY/FUNCTION REVISION

5 A Complete the poems.

Poem 1

But then my 4m _____ phone, it rings.

I really do not 5 these 6th____!

Poem 2

'What 1t_____ does the train 2le_____, please?'

'At ³h_____ past four. Here, take ⁴th_____.'

'Two single ⁵ti_____? Are they for me?'

'Yes, for five ⁶eu_____ – they're not for free!'

Poem 3

¹'Co_____I have a sandwich, ²pl_____?'

'Of 3co_____, what kind? Meat or 4ch____?'
'Oh, I'm not sure, so 5ca_____ I please

have one of those and one of ⁶th ?'

Poem 4

'Are you free at half ¹p five?'

No, 2so______, that's when my friends arrive.'

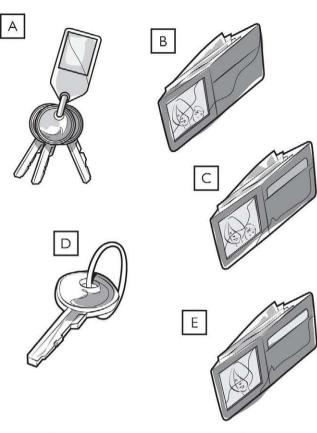
'Then ³ho_____ 4ab____ meeting at three?'

'Sorry, I'm 5bu_____.' 'When are you 6fr____.?'

B R1.2 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

LISTENING

6 A R1.3 Listen to a conversation at a hotel reception. Circle the correct picture for the lost item.



B Listen again and complete the report.

Receptionist: Angela West

LOST AND FOUND PROPERTY REPORT

Guest: 1_____

Room number: 2_____

Mobile phone number: 3_____

Item lost:

4_____ with \$\$_____,

6_____ card and 7_____

Item checked and returned:

non chocked and retained,

Date: 8_____

Signature: V Moretti

CHECK

Circle the correct option to complete the sentences.		15	Eva her MP3 player everywhere.
1	A: Are your keys on that table?		a) listens to b) listen to c) listens
	B: No, I think they're Franco's.	16	A: Susan, is Julio.
	a) those b) these c) this		B: Hi, Susan. Nice to meet you.
2	When work?		a) this b) he c) here
	a) you finish b) you do finish c) do you finish	17	Paolodogs.
3	A: Are you from Canada?		a) no likes b) don't like c) doesn't like
	B: No, I'm	18	How about to the cinema?
	a) Mexicish b) Mexican c) Mexico		a) go b) going c) we go
4	My parents on Fridays.	19	They a lot of sport.
	a) go often out b) often go out c) go out often		a) do b) make c) take
5	A: What's the time?	20	Ricardo twenty-five.
	B: It's		a) is b) has got c) have
	a) a quarter eleven b) half to five c) eight	21	A: Where are Kris and Marta?
	fifteen		B: in the café.
6	David's a child. He never smiles.		a) There b) Their c) They're
	a) serious b) funny c) unfriendly	22	You're very today. Are you OK?
7	A: Is your name Chung?		a) quite b) quiet c) happy
	B: Yes,	23	A: Is this your pen?
	a) I am b) it is c) my name is		B: No, I think it's
8	A: Can you help us?		a) Elena b) Elena's c) mine
	B: Sorry, I time.	24	A: How often do you go to a concert?
	a) haven't got b) don't have got c) hasn't got		B:
9	A: What do you do in the evenings?		a) One a month. b) One in a month.
	B: I go to the cinema I do nothing.		c) Once a month.
	a) or b) and c) but	25	A: Do you like films?
10	A: What's that?		B:
	B: It's a birthday card for my		a) Yes, I like. b) No, I don't like. c) Yes, I do.
	He's four today.	26	I'm not Sylvie's father, I'm her brother!
	a) niece b) uncle c) nephew		She's my!
11	at the health centre?	27	a) daughter b) aunt c) sister
	a) Jason does work b) Does Jason work	21	Michelle, free tonight?
4.5	c) Works Jason	20	a) are you b) do you c) you are
12	A: Is Carlos married?	20	I go to the cinema – maybe once a year.
	B:		a) never b) hardly ever c) sometimes
12	a) No, he not. b) No, he isn't. c) He's no married.	29	a computer?
13	My is in the office.	LJ	a) Has lan got b) lan has got c) Has got lan
17	a) dairy b) diery c) diary	30	That isn't your book. It's
14	a sandwich, please?	50	a) my b) Ana c) mine
	a) Can I have b) Could I c) Do I have		with the contract of the contr

RESULT /30

ROOMS AND FURNITURE

f 1 A Find ten rooms and furniture words in the puzzle.

C	Ī	٧	1	N	G	R	0	0	M	Z
C	W	L	N	0	1	N	Α	G	Е	R
U	Α	K	1	Т	С	Н	Е	N	М	Ĵ
Р	R	Q	U	G	В	А	Т	Е	R	0
В	D	1	S	Н	Ε	L	٧	Е	S	Т
0	R	Е	Υ	В	D	Е	Α	Т	0	Н
Α	0	Z	R	М	R	U	K	Р	F	Ε
R	В	Α	L	С	0	N	Υ	Q	Α	٧
D	Е	Α	Т	С	0	D	Е	S	K	Т
Р	0	Е	А	R	М	C	Н	Α	1	R

B Write the words from the puzzle in the correct column.

Places in a house	Furniture	
living room		

GRAMMAR

THERE IS/ARE

Read the advert and complete the conversation with the correct form of there is/are.

ROOM FOR RENT

One bedroom for rent in a large flat with other students

Good location — only ten minutes from the station

Rent: €400 per month

Phone: Eduardo on 0427 392 28409

A: Hi	i, Eduardo, i	my name's Ken. I'm interested in the
fla	at. Can I ask	you some questions?
B: Su	ıre.	
A: ¹	Is there	a living room?

B:	No, ²	, but ³	a big					
	kitchen. We use it as a living room.							
A:	And ⁴	a television?						
р.	Mo've get a	small TV in the kitchen an	٦					

B: We've got	a small TV in the kitchen and
5	an internet connection in each
room.	

A:	Oh, that's go	ood. So at the moment, how many
	people 6	in the flat?
R.	7	two of us - me and Karol Karol

B:	r.	_ two of us – me and Karol. Karol's
	Polish and I'm	from Argentina. 8
	anything else	you want to know?

Δ.	Fr	oh	VAS	are	VOII	near	the	shops?
~ .		 OH	y Co,	aic	you	iicai	LIIC	211062:

B: Well, ⁹	_ about five or six shops near
the station and 10_	a large shopping
centre about ten m	ninutes away.

A: OK, thanks. It sounds great!

Say the sentences. Then underline the stressed word in each sentence.

- 1 Is there a living room?
- 2 There's a big kitchen.
- 3 Is there a television?
- 4 How many people are there?
- 5 There are two of us.
- **6** There's a large shopping centre.

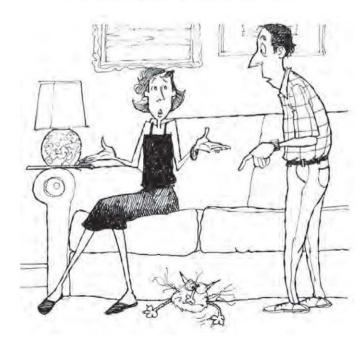
□ 4.1 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY

PREPOSITIONS

3 Underline the correct alternative.

- 1 A: Where's Antonia?
 - B: She's on/in/behind her bedroom.
- 2 A: I want to take a photo of everyone.
 - **B:** OK. Samad, could you stand *on/under/ in front of* Tomas?
- 3 A: Where's your flat?
 - B: It's on/between/above that shop.
- 4 A: Is there a café near here?
 - **B:** Yes, there's one *between/on/in* the cinema and the post office.
- **5** A: Have you got today's newspaper?
 - B: Yes. it's in/on/between the kitchen table.
- 6 A: OK, let's go.
 - **B:** No, wait. Always look *behind/above/next to* you when you start your car.
- **7 A:** Who's that *next to/between/in* your dad in the photo?
 - B: That's my brother, Stefano.
- 8 A: Where's the cat?
 - B: Look under/above/between the sofa.





READING

4 A Match the words in the box with 1–5 in the photo.

lamp mirror curtain sofa picture

B What do you think? Underline the alternative that you think is correct.

In a small room ...

- 1 have/don't have lots of small furniture.
- 2 use/don't use one or two pieces of large furniture.
- 3 have/don't have a lot of pictures.
- 4 put/don't put a mirror on the wall.
- 5 open/don't open curtains in the day.
- 6 paint/don't paint your walls a dark colour.
- Read the text and check your answers.
- Look at the photo in Exercise 4A. Complete the sentence with *There's/There are*.

1	There are	_ no armchairs.
2		_ a big sofa next to the window.
3		_ two pictures behind the shelf.
4		_ a curtain.
5		_ a big mirror on the wall.
6		_ a lamp in the room.
7		_ a rug on the floor.
8		_ no cups on the table.
9		_ no cupboards.
10		a shelf between the sofa and the wall.

TOP TIPS FOR SMALL ROOMS

BY INTERIOR DESIGNER MARIA WRIGHT

In a small home it's important to choose the right furniture. With the wrong furniture, your room can look crowded but with the right furniture, it can look spacious* and large.

People with small rooms usually make a big mistake: they put lots of furniture in the room. They often have two or three small armchairs and tables or a table and a desk — and they put lots of small pictures on the walls.

A small room looks good with one or two big pieces of furniture, for example a sofa or a table, for relaxing, eating and working. Have one or two pictures — no more — and put up a mirror. A mirror in the right place gives more light and makes the room look big. Windows are very important because they make a room look light and spacious. Use curtains but don't close them in the day. Put wallpaper on one wall and paint the other walls a light colour, for example white or yellow; don't use brown or black or other dark colours.

*spacious = has a lot of space

WRITING

COMMAS

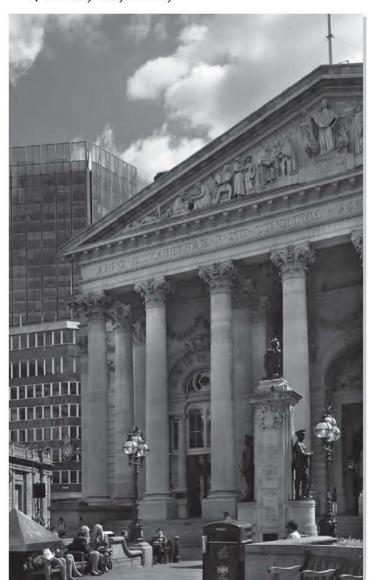
5 A Read the text and put in six commas.

A man lives on the twelfth floor of a tall building. Every morning he leaves home, locks the door takes the lift down to the lobby opens the front door and leaves the building. In the evening he gets into the lift presses a button goes to the tenth floor opens the lift doors and walks up the stairs to his flat. Sometimes there's someone else in the lift and he goes up to the twelfth floor.

B What do you think? Why does the man only go to the tenth floor in the evening, when he lives on the twelfth floor?

LISTENING

- 1 A > 4.2 Listen to a tour guide and number the street names in the order you hear them. Which four does he not talk about?
 - a) Wood Street
 - b) King William Street
 - c) St Martin's Le-Grand
 - d) Cheapside
 - e) Fore Street
 - f) Honey Lane
 - g) London Wall
 - h) Prince's Street
 - i) Bread Street
 - j) Moorgate
 - k) Milk Street
 - I) Threadneedle Street
 - Listen again and match the places with the things you can do there.
 - 1 Museum of London
 - 2 the Barbican
 - 3 Moorgate
 - 4 the Monument
 - a) send a postcard
 - b) see all of London
 - c) see a film or a play
 - d) get something to eat
 - e) see very old jewellery



VOCABULARY

PLACES IN TOWNS

Where do you go when ...? Complete the crossword.

		¹ S	U	Р	Е	R	М	² A	R	K	Е	I	
	3			4	í			5					
		-		4				_					6
		-		6							1		
	7										8		
											0		
					S.								
9													
				1									
10													
				0									

Across

- 1 You need some food for the weekend.
- 5 You want to watch a play.
- 6 You want to borrow a book.
- 7 You want to watch a film.
- 9 You like doing exercise.
- 10 You want to buy a stamp and send a letter.

Down

- 2 You want to see some beautiful paintings.
- **3** You need some aspirin.
- 4 You want to speak to a police officer.
- 8 You like looking at very old objects.

GRAMMAR

CAN FOR POSSIBILITY

- Complete the conversations with the correct form of can and the words in brackets.
 - a) A: Excuse me, 1 can I buy (I / buy) stamps here?
 - B: Yes. 2 (you). But 3 (you / not / send) your postcard, sorry. You need to go to the post office.
 - **b)** A: 4_____ (my son / play) tennis here?
 - B: No, 5 (he). But there's a sports centre in West Street – 6 (he / play) there.
 - c) A: Where 7 (we / find) presents for our friends?
 - B: 8 (you / go) to that shop over there.
 - **d)** A: ⁹ (we / get) tickets here? B: Yes, ¹⁰ (you).

 - A: And 11_____ (we / pay) by credit card?
 - **B:** No, sorry, ¹²_____ (you).

4 A Complete the quiz questions. Use where, can and the verbs in the box.

eat watch travel speak see

WHERE IN THE WORLD ...?

- Where can you eat mooncake?
- a) Mexico b) China c) Sweden
- 2 ____ four languages in one country?
- a) Switzerland b) Canada c) Japan
- 3 Michelangelo's famous statue of David?
- a) Brazil b) Spain c) Italy
- 4 _____ across eleven time zones in one country?
- a) Russia b) the USA c) India
- 5 sixteen different football teams in one city?
- a) Madrid b) London c) Rio de Janeiro
- **B** Do the quiz.

C Read the sentences and check your answers to the quiz.

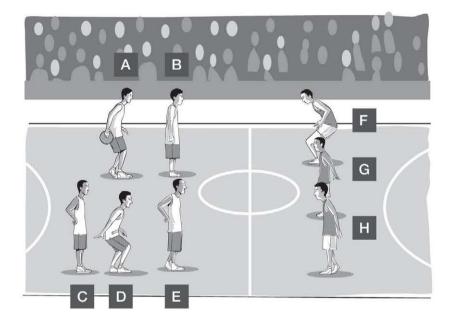
- 1 Mooncake is a very sweet cake. You eat it in China, at the Mid-Autumn Festival.
- 2 In Canada you hear two languages: French and English; but in Switzerland there are four official languages: Italian, French, German and Romansch.
- **3** The statue of David is in Italy. You visit it in Florence.
- 4 India has got one time zone, the USA has got four and in Russia you go through eleven time zones.
- 5 Rio and Madrid have got a lot of football teams, but in London you choose between sixteen different football clubs. Arsenal, Chelsea and West Ham United are some of them.
- Add can to the sentences in Exercise 4C.

1 Mooncake is a very sweet cake. You can eat it in China, at the Mid-Autumn Festival.

VOCABULARY

PREPOSITIONS

- 5 A Read the sentences and look at the picture. Write the names of the basketball players.
 - 1 Eduardo is in front of Dirk.
 - 2 Andrei is opposite Eduardo.
 - 3 Steve is on the right of Dirk.
 - 4 Theo is behind Steve.
 - 5 Tony is next to Andrei.
 - 6 Neně is on the left of Tony.
 - 7 Jorge is opposite Neně.



Α	Dirk	
В		
c		
D		
E		
F		
G		
Н		

- B Look at the picture again. Underline the correct alternative.
- 1 Andrei is on the left of /on the right of Tony.
- 2 Steve is in front of/opposite Theo.
- 3 Neně is opposite/behind Jorge.
- 4 Tony is behind/next to Neně.
- 5 Eduardo is next to/on the left of Jorge.
- 6 Andrei, Neně and Tony are opposite/near each other.

THINGS TO BUY

1 A Write the shop names under pictures 1-10.







2







4



5 _____



5 _____





8



9 _____



10 _____

B Complete the things you can buy from the shops in Exercise 1A.

1	Go to shop	1 to buy tra <u>iners</u>	or a swi	
	cos			

2	In shop 3 you can buy	new	and mag
3	You can buy jea	and a jac_	in shop 4.

4	Do you	u want to buy a music C	or a film
	D	? Go to shop 5	

5	You can buy sh	and med	in shop 9.

FUNCTION

SHOPPING

2 Add the words in the box to the conversations.

you 'll can in too got problem them enough 're it expensive they

Conversation 1

you

A: Can \(\lambda \) help me?

B: Yes?

A: Have you got these jeans black?

B: Black? I think so. Yes.

A: Oh, they aren't big. Have you got in size 16?

B: Er ... let me look. Ah, yes.

A: Great, I take them. How much are?

B: They £39.99.

Conversation 2

A: I help you?

B: Yes, we need a Scotland football shirt for Duncan.

A: OK. Try this one.

B: No, it's big. Have you it in small?

A: Here you are.

B: Thanks. That's great. How much is?

A: £60.

B: What? £60! That's too.

C: Mum!

B: No. No, thank you. Sorry, Duncan.

A: Fine. No.

I FARN TO

SAY NO POLITELY IN A SHOP

3 Put the words in the correct order to complete the conversation.

Assistant: help/I/can/you

¹Can I help you

Customer: thanks / looking, / just / I'm

2

you / have / small / in / this / T-shirt / got

no / modium / only / corry / in

Assistant: no, / medium / only / sorry. / in

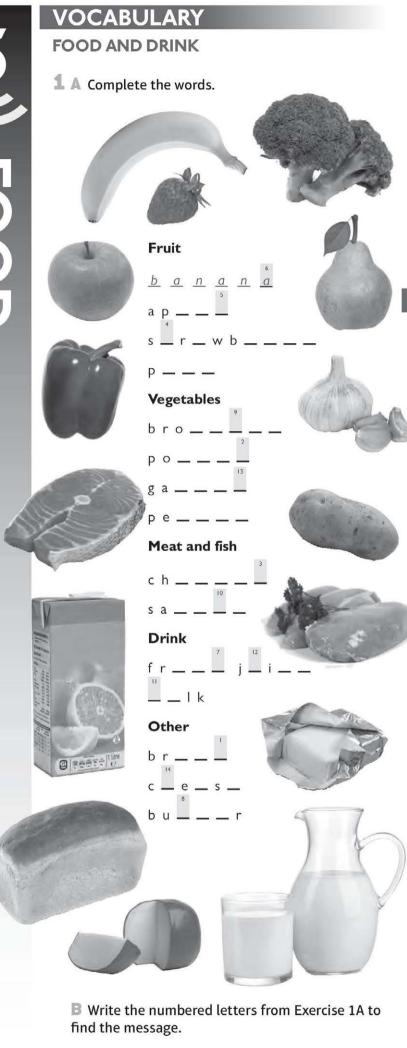
Customer: no, / isn't / right. / it / anyway / thanks

Assistant: red / we've / in / it / got

Customer: not/mmm, I'm/think/I/sure./to/

need / it / about

___, .., ___...



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

A Look at the underlined letters. Is the pronunciation the same (S) or different (D)? chicken 1 milk 2 fish garlic 3 salad apple 4 pepper cheese 5 onions noodles 6 banana grapes 7 lettuce butter fruit 8 juice **B** 5.1 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat. **GRAMMAR** COUNTABLE AND UNCOUNTABLE **NOUNS** 3 A Underline the correct alternative. 1 I drink milk/milks every day. 2 My parents eat a lot of fruit/fruits. 3 We often have egg/eggs for breakfast. 4 I don't like pea/peas. 5 I don't eat meat/meats. 6 I really hate rice/rices. 7 We hardly ever have bean/beans. 8 There's a lot of pasta/pastas in my cupboard. B Make the sentences in Exercise 3A true for you. 4 Write sentences using the prompts. Make the nouns plural where necessary. 1 apple / good / for you Apples are good for you. **2** coffee / good / for you? 3 there / a lot of / sugar / the cupboard 4 there / a lot of / tomato / the fridge 5 he / like / grape? 6 I / not like / butter 7 you / eat / a lot of / biscuit?

8 we / not eat / a lot of / ice cream

READING

5 A Read the article and match recipes 1–3 with shopping lists A–C.

TOO BUSY TO EAT?

Do you have a busy lifestyle? When you come home from work, are you too tired to cook in the evenings? Here are three easy-to-make dishes from TV chef James Conway.

1 Eggs à la Provençale

A dish with a sophisticated name but in fact, it's very simple. Mix together three eggs, some tomato sauce, a small onion and some salt and pepper. Put some oil in a frying pan and when it's hot, add the egg mixture. Stir it around. There you go!

2 Pasta salad

This is a flexible dish, so you can eat it every day. Mix together some cooked pasta – I like three-colour pasta – and two types of cooked vegetables (e.g. broccoli, tomatoes, corn on the cob, green peppers). Add some oil and chilli sauce, stir it around ... and enjoy!

3 Cola chicken

Cola chicken is simple to make. You need a chicken, some cola, an onion and a green pepper. Cut up the chicken, the onion and the green pepper and put them together in a pan. Add some cola, some herbs and spices and cover with aluminium foil. Bake at 350 degrees for one hour.

pasta (three-colour)
tomatoes
broccoli
chilli sauce

eggs tomato sauce one onion salt oil

chicken
cola
green pepper
herbs and spices

B Which two shopping lists are not complete? Read the recipes again and add the missing ingredients to the lists.

GRAMMAR

NOUNS WITH A/AN, SOME, ANY

ò	Cc	complete the sentences with a/an, some or any.					
	1	Pasta salad hasn't got <u>any</u> meat in it, but it's					
		got vegetables.					
	2	A: Are there vegetables in Cola chicken?					
		B: Yes, it's got onion and					
		green pepper.					
	3	There isn't chilli sauce in Eggs à la					
		Provençale, but there's tomato sauce.					
	4	Two dishes have got oil in them and one					
		hasn't got					
	5	A: Is there salt and pepper in the pasta					
		salad?					
		B: No there isn't, but there's hot sauce.					
	6	Cola chicken is very simple dish.					
91							
	W	rite sentences with there's/there are and some/any.					
	1	✓ fruit X vegetables					
		There's some fruit, but there aren't any vegetables.					
	2	✓ bread X butter					
	3	★ fruit juice ✓ water					
	4	✗ bananas ✓ apples					
	29.52	, ballanas v apples					
	5	✓ grapes X cheese					
	_	* Siapes / Circese					
	6	✓ pasta X rice					
	Ü	pusta / nec					
	7	X onions ✓ carrots					
	,	> Officials > Carrots					
	0	/ salt V nannar					
	ŏ	✓ salt X pepper					

CONTAINERS

Vic and Bob are going on a camping trip. Complete their conversation with the words in the box. Make them plural if necessary. There are two extra words.

ı	can	bottle bag cup packet jar bowl
	carto	on mug
W	Bob:	OK, Vic. Is everything here?
,	Vic:	Yes, I think so.
	Bob:	OK. Three ¹ <u>cans</u> of baked beans?
Contract of the last	Vic:	Yes.
	Bob:	And have we got 2 to eat the beans out of?
	Vic:	Er, yes.
	Bob:	Five ³ of water?
	Vic:	Right.
		Please tell me we've got some 4 of
		orange juice – you know you forget things.
		Yes, we've got two of them.
	Bob:	A ⁵ of cigarettes?
	Vic:	Bob, this is a no smoking holiday!
	Bob:	OK, OK. A ⁶ of jam?
	Vic:	
70	Bob:	Ten 7 of sweets?
1	Vic:	Bob, you're on a diet!
201 100	Bob:	But they're sugar-free sweets.
100000	Vic:	Huh!
	Bob:	Two rolls of toilet paper?
	Vic:	Er, toilet paper? Oh no!



GRAMMAR

HOW MUCH/MANY; QUANTIFIERS

Write questions using how much/many and a word/ phrase from each column. Make the nouns in column A plural if necessary.

		Value of	
A		В	
1	child	is there in a hamburger?	
2	letter	are there in English?	
3	beef	is there in a 25-metre swimming po	ool?
4	vowel	are there in the English alphabet?	
5	cent	is there in one can of cola?	
6	water	are there in the average American f	family?
7	juice	are there in a euro?	
1	sugar	is there in ten kilos of oranges?	
1	Haw many	children are there in the guerage Am	orican
1	- 1910 -	children are there in the average Am	iericari_
_	family?		
2			
3	-		
4			
5			
6	·-		
7	-		
8			
_			
В	Match ansv	vers a)-h) with questions 1-8 in	
Ex	ercise 2A.		
a)	100		5
	375,000 litr	-00	
100	two	63	
-			
	40 grams		
	twenty-six		
	five		
g)	about 3.5 li	tres	-
h)	114 grams	– one kilo makes eight burgers	
		e b) the opposite of sentence a). tifiers in the box.	
q	uite a lot of	a lot of much many none	no
1	a) I don't d	lrink very much coffee.	
_	175	quite a lot of coffee.	
2	_		
2		a lot of friends.	
		t got friends.	
3		a lot of pasta in the jar.	
		n't pasta in the jar.	
4	a) I haven't	t got much time to relax.	
		time to relax.	
5		e some tomatoes in the fridge.	
_		re tomatoes in the fr	idge
6			luge.
0	a) Stamps	? Yes, there are some here.	

b) Stamps? No, there are

- 4 Find and correct ten mistakes with quantifiers in the conversations.
 - 1 A: How many milk do we need? much
 - B: Two cartons.
 - **2** A: Is there any orange juice in the fridge?
 - B: No, not many just one carton.
 - **3** A: How much biscuits do you eat in a week?
 - B: Quite a many. I love biscuits!
 - **4** A: There's none water in this bottle. It's empty.
 - B: That's OK. There's another bottle in my bag.
 - **5** A: Are there any tomatoes in the fridge?
 - B: Not much two or three.
 - 6 A: How many money have you got?
 - B: Quite lot!
 - **7** A: How many bananas are there in that bowl?
 - B: No one it's empty.
 - 8 A: Have we got much ice cream?
 - B: Yes, we've got a quite lot.

LISTENING

5 A 5.2 Listen to a radio programme and choose the correct answer.

On the Junk Food Lover's Diet ...

- a) you can eat a lot of junk food.
- b) you can eat a little junk food.
- c) you can't eat any junk food.
- Complete the questions with how much/many.

1	How many	_ hamburgers can you eat in a week?
2	77	chocolate milk can you drink in
	a week?	
3		_ pieces of pizza can you eat in a week?
4	72	packets of biscuits can you eat in
	a week?	-
5		ice cream can you eat in a week?
6		cola can you drink in a week?

C Listen again and answer the questions in Exercise 5B.

1 half



WRITING

PARAGRAPHS

6 A Read the blog and number the topics in the order the writer writes about them. Which two topics does the writer not give information about?

a) dr	inks	
b) sr	nacks	
c) fa	st food	0
d) br	eakfast	1
e) fo	reign food	
f) di	nner	
g) lu	nch	

EATING IN IZMIR

I'm from Izmir in Turkey and my family loves food. From breakfast to dinner, we always eat fresh food. Breakfast is simple: eggs, cheese, bread and tomatoes. We sometimes eat cooked eggs with Turkish sausage — that's really good. We don't usually have cereal with milk for breakfast like they do in the UK — there are lots of other delicious things to eat!

I have lunch with my husband when he can come home from work; the children have lunch at school. We usually have a light lunch — soup and bread, or rice and chicken. Something easy to get is pide — Turkish pizza; we eat it with salad. And we often have a yoghurt drink called Ayran with our pide or some milk. My favourite pide is cheese with egg on top.

Our main meal is dinner. All the family comes to eat and sometimes we have other family members too — cousins, aunts, uncles. We eat around eight o'clock. We start with cold food — different small dishes made from vegetables. Our main meal is usually meat or fish with rice and salad. Then we have fruit or something sweet. With all that food, eating dinner can take a long time! But we love chatting and telling each other about our day.

B Write four or five paragraphs about how your family eats. Write 80–100 words.

RESTAURANT WORDS

1 Complete the article with the words in the box. Use each word twice.

menu	chef	dishes	bill	order	tip	waiter	
			15.30,332				

The American diner

The American di	ner is a great p	тасе то еат,	but it's strange for
foreigners. When	you sit down,	someone bi	rings you a glass of ice
water. You don't	order	_ the water	 it just comes.
The ²	_ is not a simpl	le list of foo	d. It's a long list with
hundreds of 3	A ⁴	i	in a diner can cook
anything and ev	erything! Luckil	y, there are	often pictures of some
of the 5	in the 6	to	help you choose. When
you ⁷	_ a simple sand	dwich, the 8	asks you
lots of questions	- what sort of	bread, if you	u want cheese on it, etc.
He writes all the	information do	wn and give	es it to the ⁹
At the end of the	meal, you ask	for the 10	Usually, you
leave the money	on the table w	vith the 11	and you
leave a 12	of 15–20	percent. It'	s important to leave a
13 _	in the USA a 14		doesn't get much money



FUNCTION

ORDERING IN A RESTAURANT

Put the words in the correct order to make a conversation.

Waiter:	ready / you / order / to / are	
	¹ Are you ready to order	?
Customer:	soup, / like / I'd / onion / please / some ²	
Waiter:	like / a / you / would / course / main	 ?
Customer:	some / could / lamb / I / roast / have	 ?
Waiter:	you / would / like / what / vegetables	_ ?
Customer:	I / and / have / please / potatoes / peas, / G	— :an ?
Waiter:	drink / something / to	7

Customer: I / some / mineral / have / could / water

В	Comp	lete th	e conve	rsation	with	sentences	a)	-f)
							~,		,

- a) No, thanks.
- b) Eat in, please.
- c) Can I have two chicken sandwiches, please?
- d) Can I have a cola and a water?
- e) No, medium fries, please.
- f) A large cola, please.

Server:	Afternoon.	What can	I get you?

Customer: 1 ϵ

Server: Certainly – two chicken sandwiches. Large

fries with those?

Customer: 2

Server: What drink would you like with your meal?

Customer: 3____

Server: Sure. Small, medium or large cola?

Customer: 4

Server: Anything else?

Customer: 5

Server: Is that eat in or take away?

Customer: 6

Server: Thanks. Have a nice meal.

LEARN TO

UNDERSTAND FAST SPEECH

3 A D 5.3 Listen and tick what the customers order.

	Customer 1	Customer 2	Customer 3
hamburger	1		
chicken sandwich			
fries			
lettuce			
onion			
tomato			
corn on the cob			
salad			

B Read at the phrases from Exercise 3A. Draw lines to show the linking.

- 1 a hamburger with onion and tomato
- 2 could I have a chicken sandwich
- 3 corn on the cob
- 4 onions on the sandwich
- 5 lettuce and onion
- 6 and a salad too, please



GRAMMAR

WAS/WERE

1 Cc	omplete the sentences with the correct form of was/were.
1	Jan and I <u>were</u> in Paris at the weekend.
	It <u>was</u> expensive, but interesting.
2	Simon and his wife (not) at the theatre yesterday.
	They at the cinema.
3	I late, but the teacher (not) angry.
	Louise sorry that you (not) at her party.
5	We in New York last summer and the people
	very friendly.
6	The film (not) funny, but the popcorn
	really good!
2 w	
	rite questions and short answers using the prompts.
1	Paul Newman / actor? ✓ Canadian? ✗
	a) Was Paul Newman an actor? Yes, he was.
	b) Was he Canadian? No, he wasn't.
2	Beatrix Potter / writer? ✓ English? ✓
	a)
	b)
3	Beethoven and Wagner / dancers? ✗ German? ✓
	a)
	b)
4	Confucius / doctor? ✗ Chinese? ✓
	a)
	b)
5	Che Guevara and Eva Perón / singers? ✗ Argentinian? ✓
	a)
	b)
9 -	
	omplete the sentences with the correct present simple or past
	mple form of be.
1	Jan's quite talkative now, but he <u>wasn't</u> (not) very
_	talkative when he was a child.
2	There a lot of people in the office yesterday
	afternoon, but there only one person here now.
3	The weather (not) very nice last weekend, but it
,	beautiful now.
4	My mother retired now, but for most of her life she a teacher.
_	
,	We (not) at home yesterday, but we here today.
6	The food here fine last week, but this meal
U	(not) very good.
7	I (not) very good. I (not) very well yesterday and I (not) well
Ā	today.
8	Svetlana at school with me when we were children
·	and now she a famous politician.
9	There a lot of people at the concert last night, but
	there (not) many here tonight.
10	I can see you (not) very happy today. What's the
	matter? You OK yesterday.

VOCABULARY

DATES AND TIME PHRASES

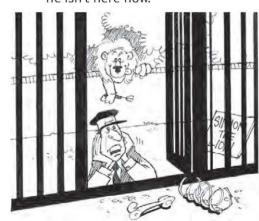
4 A Write the dates.

1		rch the nineteenth,
	nineteen fifty-	nine /
	the nineteent	h of March, nineteen
	fifty-nine	
2	1/5/2010	
3	31/3/2002	
4	30/10/1995	
5	26/1/2005	
6	13/10/1957	
7	21/5/1910	
8	6/1/1805	

- **B** 6.1 Cover your answers in Exercise 4A. Listen and tick the dates you hear. Which one do you *not* hear?
- 5 Add on, in, ago, yesterday or last to each sentence. Sometimes two answers are possible.

on/last

- 1 It was very cold Friday.
- 2 I was at university 1995.
- 3 He wasn't at home a week.
- 4 We were at the party weekend.
- **5** Were you at work Wednesday?
- **6** My parents were both eighty years old year.
- 7 The children were tired morning and today, too.
- 8 It was cold July.
- **9** We were in the café afternoon.
- **10** Simon was here ten minutes, but he isn't here now.



READING

6 A Read the article and tick the best title.

1 WORK AND FRIENDSHIP DON'T MIX 2 FILM STAR ROMANCES 3 FAMOUS FRIENDS



Britney and Justin, Kate and Leonardo ... celebrities who have something in common: a close friendship.

Some film stars were friends when they were

children. Americans Leonardo DiCaprio and Tobey Maguire (Spider-man) were good friends, starting when they were child actors looking for work on the same films and TV shows.

Work often brings famous people together.
Justin Timberlake and Britney Spears were on the Mickey Mouse Club Show, a children's TV programme, together when they were eleven years old. George Clooney and Brad Pitt were co-stars in Ocean's Eleven and are very close now.

Sometimes friends in real life play lovers on screen and that can be difficult. Kate Winslet and Leonardo DiCaprio are good friends, but they don't have a romantic relationship. In the film *Titanic*, for both of them, the kissing scenes were strange. 'It was like I was kissing my brother,' says Kate.

Of course, there are stars who don't want to be

friends with other stars. Hugh Grant says he doesn't like spending time with other actors. 'I don't have any actor friends,' Grant says. 'I'm friends on the film and then I walk away.'



B Read the article again. How do the stars know each other? Are they friends from childhood (C), friends from work (W), or does the article not say (?)? Tick the correct boxes. Sometimes two answers are possible.

	C	W	?
Leonardo and Tobey	1		
Justin and Britney			
George and Brad			
Kate and Leonardo			

C	Read	the	article	again.	Are	the	sente	nces	true	(T)
or	false	(F)?								

- 1 Leonardo and Tobey were on the same TV show together.
- 2 George and Brad are good friends.
- **3** Kate and Leonardo had a romantic relationship in real life.
- **4** Kate doesn't think it was easy to be in a romantic film with Leonardo.
- 5 Hugh Grant has got a lot of actor friends.
- **6** He's unfriendly when he works with other actors.

Complete the sentences with the words in the complete the sentences.	in the box
Then read the article again and check.	

ć	away	with	together	on	for (x2)	in (x4)	
1		2	ties in the a	articl	e all have	somethin	g
2	Leor		ind Tobey v work on th			rs looking	
3	Wor	k bring	s famous p	eople	e		
4	Geo	_	oney and E Ocean's Ele		Pitt were o	o-stars	
5	Som		friends		real lif	e play lov	ers on
6			scenesbo				vere
7	Hug		t doesn't w				
8	He s walk		s friends 		the fi	lm and the	en he

GRAMMAR

PAST SIMPLE

1 A Complete the life story of Anita Roddick. Use the past simple form of the verbs in the box.

grow up leave open (x2) die meet travel sell come have go work study get

After she ⁴	three brothers and sisters. school, Anita
·	to Bath College and 6
to become	a teacher. After college, she
	all around the world. Then she
)	Gordon Roddick and they
0	married in 1970. Anita and Gordon a restaurant and then a hotel.
At the same	e time Anita ¹¹ for the
Jnited Nat	
She 12	the first Body Shop in
	ngland, in 1976. The shop
13	only fifteen items with only
natural ing	redients. It now sells over 300 items to
77 million o	customers and in 2004 was the twenty-
-	name in the world of business. Anita
Roddick 14	in 2007. She left behind a
_	nd two daughters.
husband ar	
	e-up, for example lipstick, mascara, hand cream

B	Correct	the s	sentence	s about	Anita	Roddick
---	---------	-------	----------	---------	-------	---------

6 She had a son.

1	Anita lived in Italy.
2	She didn't live in Italy. She went to Bath University.
3	She became a teacher.
4	After college she stayed at home.
5	She and her husband started a café.

2	A How do you pronounce -ed in past simple verbs?
	Write the past simple form of the verbs in the box in
	the correct column.

work change love play finish start stop want help try enjoy travel hate

1 /t/	2 /d/	3 /Id/	
worked			

B 6.2 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

C Write the past simple form of the ver	bs.
---	-----

1	think	thought	7	know	
2	meet	-	8	draw	
3	speak	:	9	write	
4	grow	9	10	sleep	
5	wake		11	leave	
6	teach		12	buy	

■ 6.3 Listen to the vowel sounds in the verbs in Exercise 2C. Write them in the correct column.

1 /ɔ:/	2 /e/	
1 /ɔ:/ thought		
3 /əʊ/	4 /u:/	

Write questions about Anita Roddick.

1	Where <u>did her parents come from</u>	?
	Her parents came from Italy.	
2	Where	?
	She grew up in Littlehampton.	
3	How many	?
	She had three brothers and sisters.	
4	What	?
	After school, she went to Bath College.	
5	When	?
	She got married in 1970.	
6	Where	?
	She opened the first Body Shop in Brighton.	
7	When	?
	She died in 2007.	

LISTENING

A Read the texts. Then look at the table below.

Are the sentences true (T) or do the texts not say (?)? Tick the correct boxes.

I'm Zsilan. I was born in Beijing. My birthday is 8th May. Because my real parents died, an Australian man and woman adopted* me, so now they are my mummy and daddy. Now I live in Sydney.

*adopt = take into a new family



My name is Lin. My birthday is 8th May.

I was born in Beijing, but I don't remark.

I don't remember my real parents. Because I have Australian parents now, I live in Melbourne.

	T	?
1 Zsilan and Lin are from China.		
2 They were born in the same year.		
3 Their Australian parents adopted* them.		
4 They know each other.		

B 6.4 Listen and check. Are the sentences you marked? in Exercise 4A true?

- Listen again and underline the correct answer.
- 1 Philip and Denise brought Zsilan home when she was about *one/two*.
- **2** At first, Zsilan was very happy/unhappy.
- **3** Philip and Denise put *Zsilan's letter/Zsilan's photo* on the website.
- 4 Zsilan and Lin looked the same/different.
- 5 The girls lived/didn't live together.
- **6** Philip and Denise had the tests *one year/two years* ago.

VOCABULARY

LIFE STORY COLLOCATIONS

 $oldsymbol{5}$ Complete the story with the verbs in the box.

went met worked got became

Adam's parents moved from Romai when he was very young. Adam ¹	
Auckland. He was very happy there	
at University. He ² a doc	tor and 3 in
a hospital. At the hospital, he 4	Irina, another
doctor, also from Romania. They 5_	married and
stayed in New Zealand. Last year th	ney ⁶ a website
for Pomanians living in New Zealan	nd

started

WRITING

BECAUSE AND SO

- **Solution** Join each pair of sentences with *because* or *so.* Write the story.
 - 1 Kasia didn't study last night. She felt too tired.
 - 2 She needed some fresh air. She went out for a walk.
 - 3 It was a warm evening. There were a lot of people in the street.
 - **4** She met an old friend and they wanted to talk about old times. They went to a café.
 - **5** They stayed there for hours. They had a lot to talk about.
 - **6** Then they went to a restaurant. They were both very hungry.
 - 7 Kasia's friend had a car. He drove her home at the end of the evening.
 - **8** They wanted to meet again. He gave her his phone number.
 - **9** Kasia tried the number but it didn't work. Kasia isn't very happy now!

Kasia didn't study la	ast night because she felt too tired
She needed some fr	resh air
	MEA-0-17/2 - 7-18/2-10
ē-	
<u>s</u>	

ACTIVITIES

Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

V	vrote	did	went (x2)	saw	read	stayed (x2)
1	Yeste home		was really co my an email to	home	work, w	atched TV and
2	We _ my n	noney	shoppir			ay – I spent all
3	•	ftern			morni ny frien	ng and then, in
4	Emm	ia was	s tired, so sh her book.	ie		in bed and

FUNCTION

ASKING FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONS

Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

1	weekend / how / your / was	
	How was your weekend	
2	did / do / what / you	
	4 To 10 to 1	?
3	did / what / see / film / you	
4	good / it / was	
	good / it / was	7
5	with / go / you / who / did	
	200	?
6	on / you / did / what / do / Sunday	
		?
7	you / did / go / where	
8	music / was / how / the	_
^	alial / mat / vary / times / valent / lands	
9	did / get / you / time / what / back	5
10	now / tired / you / are	f
10	now / thea / you / the	7

8	
B Match answers a)-j) with questions 1-10 in Exercise 2A.	
	-
a) With my cousin, lan.	5
b) Great! The bands were fantastic!	
c) Well, on Saturday we went to the cinema	
d) Perfect!	
e) The new Batman film.	
f) To Hyde Park, in London.	
g) On Sunday I went to a rock festival with Fran.	
h) Yes, very good.	

i) No, I feel fine.j) After midnight.

LEARN TO

EXTEND CONVERSATIONS

3 A Circle the best answer to show interest.

1	A:	What	did	VOU	do	on	Saturo	dav	7
-		* * I I CI C	aid	y	au	011	Jacard	ACIY	٠

- B: I had lunch with my grandparents.
- A: a) It was nice.
 - (b)) That sounds nice.
- 2 A: Did you have a good day yesterday?
 - B: No, we went for a walk and it rained!
 - A: a) Really? That sounds interesting.
 - b) So what did you do?
- 3 A: Did you have a good weekend?
 - B: I wasn't very well, so I stayed in bed.
 - A: a) That sounds awful!
 - b) It was terrible!
- 4 A: How was your weekend?
 - B: Fantastic, thanks!
 - A: a) Why, what did you do?
 - b) Really? It was fantastic!
- 5 A: Did you do anything special at the weekend?
 - B: No, we just stayed at home and relaxed.
 - A: a) That sounds terrible.
 - b) That sounds lovely.

B	0	6.5	Listen	and c	heck.	Then	listen	and	read
ald	oud	at t	he same	e time	٠.				

Complete the conversation wit	h phrases	a)-i).
-------------------------------	-----------	--------

- A: Hi, Jamala. How was your weekend?
- B: OK, thanks.
- A: Did you go to Gerhardt's jazz concert?
- **B:** Yes, I did. ¹ h
- A: Really? 2 ?
- **B:** Well, no, there weren't ... ³
- A: That sounds bad! 4
- **B:** Gerhardt's mother and father, but ⁵
- **A:** That's good. ⁶______ **B:** No, I didn't. ⁷_____
- A: That's quite early. 8_____
- **B:** He was happy. 9_____
- a) they enjoyed it.
- b) Did you get home late?
- c) Who were the other people?
- d) How did Gerhardt feel about it?
- e) only me and two other people.
- f) The concert ended at about ten o'clock.
- g) Were there many people there?
- h) It was very good.
- i) He loves playing, so it wasn't a problem for him.

GRAMMAR PAST SIMPLE

1 A Complete the forum posts with the past simple form of the verbs in the box.

be (x5) bring buy (x2) do eat go (x2) have (x2) play see

DORIS K Well, we ¹ <u>were</u> a typical family. We ² (no poor. We ³ the same kind of furniture as now the living room there ⁴ armchairs, a sofa as black and white television. We ⁵ our first control of the same kind of furniture as now the living room there ⁴ armchairs, a sofa as black and white television. We ⁵ our first control of the same kind of furniture as now the same kind of furniture as now the living room there ⁴ armchairs, a sofa as black and white television. We ⁵ our first control of the same kind of furniture as now the same kind of furniture as now the living room there ⁴ armchairs, a sofa as black and white television. We ⁵ our first control of the same kind of furniture as now the s	v. In
TERRY 0 111 6 (,) (,) (,)	olour
TERRY G We ⁶ (not) food at the supermarket – every morning a man ⁷ fresh milk, bread and egg to our house.	ge 1
JOHN M After school, my friends and I ⁸ to the big supermarket next to the post office. For ten pence we five big bars of chocolate and ⁹ it all!	got
There was so much new technology — there ¹⁰ new machines in the kitchen and the garden, and new styles of cars. Of course, we ¹¹ (not) mobi phones, laptops or tablets! Life ¹² was nice and slow.	/ le
WINSTON T When I think of the 1960s I think of family. We always things together. We were a big family withree of us boys and five girls. At the weekend we football or other games and we often for walks. Sometimes we went to the thin town and 16 a play. The important thing that we were together.	th eatre

- B Write questions using the prompts.
- 1 Doris and her family / poor? Were Doris and her family poor?
- 2 when / her family / buy / their first colour TV?
- 3 Terry's family / go shopping for food / at the supermarket?
- 4 where / they / buy / milk / bread / eggs?
- 5 how much / chocolate / John and his friends / get / for ten pence?
- 6 Winston / go out / with friends / at the weekend?

C	Answer the questions in Exercise 1B.
1	No, they weren't.
2	
3	

5

VOCABULARY REVIEW

2 A Look at the forum posts in Exercise 1A and find:

two rooms in a house
living room,

2	two	pieces of furniture	

3	four electronic items

4	four weekend	activities

5	three places in town

B Put the letters in the correct order to make words and phrases. Start with the underlined letters.

a) iigdnn mroo	dining room
b) pobacurd	
c) epcoil tisotan	
d) re <u>m</u> moy ckit <u>s</u>	
e) deeshaphon	
f) yats ni deb	
g) bedrawor	-
h) og nshioppg	-
i) ummsue	
i) trabomoh	

- C Add the words in Exercise 2B to the groups in Exercise 2A.
- 3 Find twelve food words in the puzzle.

C	Н	0	С	0	L	Α	Т	E
Н	В	٧	U	L	Т	Е	А	В
1	1	L	G	R	А	Р	Е	U
С	S	Υ	0	G	Н	U	R	Т
K	С	М	X	С	R	В	В	Т
Е	U	1	٧	D	Υ	R	Е	Е
N	1	L	V	Z	L	Е	А	R
Q	Т	K	В	А	N	А	N	А
Н	0	N	Е	Υ	М	D	N	N

GRAMMAR COUNTABLE AND UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

4 A Add -s where necessary in the food on the list.

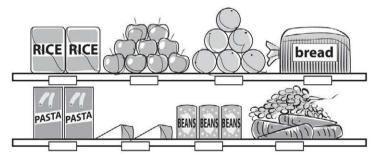
2 kilos of oranges	1 tin of bean
1 kilo of apple	2 packets of pasta
1/2 kilo of cheese	3 cartons of milk
1 bag of rice	1 kilo of carrot

Underline the correct alternatives.

- A: Hi, Jo. Where are you?
- **B:** Hi. I'm at the supermarket. I left the shopping list at work. Can I check some things? ¹How much/ How many fruit have we got?
- A: Let me look. 2No/None.
- B: OK. 3How much/How many vegetables 4is/are there?
- **A:** Lots, but we haven't got *some/any potatoes. And we need *a/some spaghetti. Maybe two packets?
- B: Right. 7/s/Are there 8a/any water?
- **A:** Yes, we've got ⁹a/some bottle in the fridge, but we haven't got ¹⁰some/any milk. Can you buy three cartons?
- B: Sure. That's all, thanks. See you soon!

VOCABULARY PREPOSITIONS

5 A Look at the picture and tick four true sentences. Correct the false sentences.



- 1 The oranges are next to the bread.
- 2 The cheese is between the beans and the carrots.
- **3** The pasta is behind the rice.
- 4 The apples are on the left of the oranges.
- **5** The grapes are in front of the carrots.
- **6** The bread is above the grapes and carrots.
- 7 The apples are between the rice and the oranges.
- 8 The beans are on the right of the carrots.

B R2.1 Listen and check.

VOCABULARY LIFESTORY COLLOCATIONS

6		rite the verbs to complete the the sentences. All the orbs are in the past simple.
	1	My grandfather w <u>orke</u> d as a taxi driver when he was younger.
	2	Kevin and Lisa gt married in 2013.
	3	Vicki w t to school in London.
	4	Diego Alvaro be an actor when he was twenty-two.
	5	When Ian was in his fourth year at university, he
		mt his future wife, Anna.
	6	I wd for Samsung for three years – it was a good job.
	7	
		After leaving university, Georgia gt a job as a personal assistant.
	8	Nick was only twenty-eight when he sd his
		own company.
Fl	JN	ICTION SHOPPING; ORDERING IN A
		AURANT
I \ la	31	AORAN
7	Δ	Put the words in the correct order.
	1	At a clothes shop
		a) only / got / it / sorry, / we've / medium / in
		Sorry, we've only got it in medium
		<pre>b) help / can / you / I ?</pre>
		c) small / too / no, / it's
		d) large / in / got / this / you / have
	2	At a restaurant
	_	
		a) yes, / like / with / potatoes / rice / I'd / chicken / and / the
		b) would / something / like / drink / and / you / to
		?
		c) order / to / ready / you / are
		?
		d) I / can / glass / of / water, / have / please / a / mineral
		?
	В	Put the conversations in Exercise 7A in the correct
	or	der.
	1	At a clothes shop:b
		At a restaurant:
	-	At a restaurant.

CHECK

Circ	le the correct option to complete the sentences.
1	a balcony?
	a) Has it b) Is there c) Are there
2	Yesterday we in the Czech Republic.
	a) went b) was c) were
3	You can watch plays at the
	a) theatre b) sports centre c) cinema
4	We've got butter in the fridge.
	a) some b) a c) any
5	I at home on Saturday.
	a) staid b) staied c) stayed
6	Jessie and Karl got married
	a) two weeks ago b) in two weeks c) last two
	weeks
7	A: Can I help you?
	B: Thanks, I
	a) just look b) 'm just looking c) just looking
8	We saw James
	a) the last week b) a year ago c) ago two
_	months
9	buy batteries here?
	a) Can we to b) We can c) Can we
10	These jeans are for me.
	a) too big b) not enough big c) too much big
11	of beans have we got?
	a) How much tinb) How much tinsc) How many tins
12	Don't stand the television – I can't
12	see!
	a) behind b) in front of c) next to
13	We met 2014.
	a) on b) in c) at
14	Where at the weekend?
	a) you did go b) did you go c) did you went
15	Greg, bread?
	a) are there any b) is there a c) is there any

16	How much have we got?
	a) biscuits b) toothpaste c) bananas
17	The letter <i>D</i> is <i>B</i> in the alphabet.
	a) near b) above c) next to
18	at the party last night?
	a) Was Victor b) Were Victor c) Victor was
19	A: Are you ready to order?
	B: Yes some chicken soup, please.
	a) Could I b) I like c) I'd like
20	We had a great holiday. I to come
	home.
	a) no wanted b) didn't wanted c) didn't want
21	
	steak?
	a) Would b) Do c) Are
22	A: Did you like the film?
	B: Yes,
	a) I did like b) I did c) I liked
23	
	a) Can you b) You can c) Do you can
24	Two of coffee, please.
	a) mugs b) rolls c) tubes
25	There cheese on the table.
	a) 's a b) are some c) 's some
26	I loved languages when I was at school, I became an English teacher.
	a) so b) because c) then
27	How do we need?
	a) many fruit b) many eggs c) much apples
28	Kieron, can you stand Stefan, please?
	a) on the right of b) on left of c) on the left
29	
	a) grape b) grapes c) a grape
30	100 Selection for the Control of the
	B: Thanks
	a) I have it. b) I'll take it. c) I'm not sure about.

RESULT /30

HOLIDAY

VOCABULARY

TRAVEL ADJECTIVES

1 A Rewrite the sentences using the words in the box. There are two extra words.

empty noisy cheap boring uncomfortable slow expensive quiet fast comfortable crowded interesting

1	There were	no	visitors	in	the
	museum.				

The museum was <u>empty</u>.

2 This bed's very hard – I can't relax on it.

This bed's .

3 The train travels at 165 kilometres an hour.

The train is very ___

4 There were a lot of people on the beach.

The beach was ___

5 The book's good and has a lot of useful information.

The book's

6 The hotel is perfect – no cars outside, no children around, so I can sleep all day.

The hotel is

7 The car was \$35,000, so he didn't buy it.

The car was too _____ for him.

8 I didn't like the film. I slept for most of it.

The film was ___

9 These jeans didn't cost a lot.

These jeans were quite

10 I can't sleep because of the party in the flat below.

The party is very .

B > 7.1 Listen and repeat the adjectives from Exercise 1A.

C Listen again and write the adjectives in the correct column for each stress pattern.

10	2 Oo
cheap	empty
3 000	4 000
5 0000	

GRAMMAR

COMPARATIVES

- Find and correct the mistakes in the sentences.
 - 1 Hondas are popular than Suzukis.

Hondas are more popular than Suzukis.

- 2 South Africa's hoter than Italy.
- 3 I'm more old than my brother.
- 4 Indian food is spicyer than English food.
- **5** Lena's intelligenter than me.
- **6** Cola is sweetter than lemonade.
- 7 Chinese is more difficult that English.
- 8 Crisps are badder for you than chips.
- Complete the article with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets.

EITHER ... OR ...?

We ask singer and actress Sonia Haig to choose. Which is better?

- Q: Singing or acting?
- A: Singing. Singing is 1 easier (easy) for me than acting.
- O: Healthy food or junk food?
- A: Junk food. I know healthy food is ²______ (good) for me, but after a concert, all I want is a pizza or a hamburger and chocolate!
- O: Relaxing on a beach or visiting an art gallery?
- A: Oh, visiting an art gallery because it's ³ (interesting). Sitting on a beach is boring.
- O: Dinner at a restaurant or dinner at home?
- A: That's a difficult question. Hike cooking, but Hike having dinner at a restaurant because it's 4 (romantic) than eating at home.
- Q: Family or friends?
- A: Family. I'm ⁵ (close) to my sister than to my friends and I phone my parents every day.
- Q: Summer or winter?
- A: Well, I love looking at snow, but winter is (cold) and I prefer being hot OK, summer
- Q: New York or Paris?
- A: I love Paris, but I love New York more because it's ⁷_____(big) than Paris and I like all the shops. I have an apartment near Central Park.
- Q: Cats or dogs?

A: Dogs. They're ⁸______(friendly) than cats!



READING

4 A Read the emails. Are Tim and Mike good travel partners?

Hi Dan,

Mike and I arrived in Barcelona on Saturday. The first night we were in a self-catering apartment near the beach. I didn't sleep well because it was too noisy, so yesterday I moved to a hotel in the city centre. Mike stayed at the apartment because it's quite cheap. My hotel's very comfortable and quiet and it's got Spanish TV, so I can practise my Spanish in the evenings.

Yesterday Mike came with me to the Picasso Museum. I thought it was fantastic, but he wanted to leave after an hour. He said it was boring, so we went to the beach and met some local people and he talked to them for almost three hours – that was boring! Of course, he spoke in English because he doesn't know much Spanish.

Last night I wanted to go to a restaurant to try the local food, but Mike said it was too expensive. We went to a cheap snack bar and the food was awful.

Hope you're well.

Tim

Hi Lucy,

Tim and I are here in beautiful Barcelona. I'm in a self-catering apartment near the beach. It's not very comfortable, but I only go there to sleep. The first night there was a party next door and I danced until 3a.m. Tim said it was too noisy and he moved into a hotel in the city centre. He stays in his room in the evenings and watches TV! Can you believe it – watching TV on holiday?

Yesterday we went to the Picasso Museum. Well, it was OK for about an hour but Tim wanted to stay there all day! You know me – I like relaxing on the beach and meeting people. Yesterday I met some great people from Madrid and we chatted all afternoon.

Tim always wants to eat in expensive places, but I like buying food from shops and eating it on the beach. Last night we went to a snack bar. The food was terrible.

Mike

B Who says these things?	Tim (T), Mike (M) or both
(TM)?	

1 I haven't got much money.

M

- **2** A good night's sleep is important for me.
- **3** When I visit another country, I try to learn some of the language.
- 4 We don't enjoy the same things.
- **5** I love going to art galleries and museums.
- **6** I talked to some Spanish people on the beach yesterday.
- 7 I don't like eating expensive food.
- 8 The food in the snack bar wasn't good.

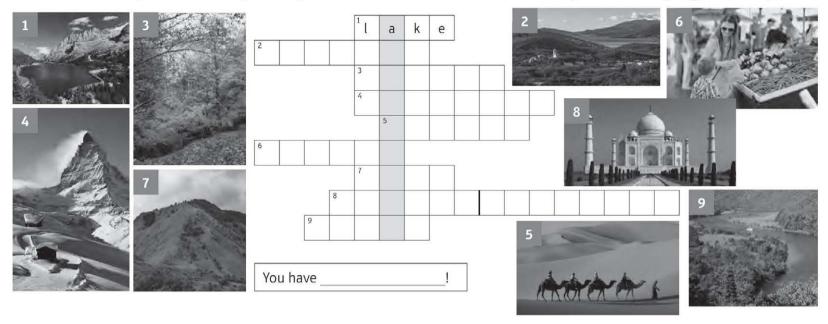
Read the emails again and answer the questions.

- 1 Which is more expensive: the apartment or the hotel?
- 2 Which is further from the city centre: the apartment or the hotel?
- **3** Which is noisier in the evenings: the apartment or the hotel?
- 4 Which is more comfortable: the apartment or the hotel?
- 5 Who is more talkative: Tim or Mike?
- 6 Who is more serious: Tim or Mike?
- 7 Who is better at speaking Spanish: Tim or Mike?
- 8 Who is more laid back: Tim or Mike?



PLACES

1 Look at the pictures and complete the puzzle. Then find the hidden words: what do you have when you go on holiday?



GRAMMAR

SUPERLATIVES

- A Read the adverts. Which holiday is good for:
 - 1 a family?
 - 2 people who like relaxing?
 - 3 people who like active holidays?

A Luxury weekend

A relaxing weekend at the beautiful fivestar Hanover Hotel. Swim in the warm sea and relax on the beach all day! Tennis courts and bicycles are available. The perfect laid-back holiday.

(3 nights – €1,490 per person)

B Mountain adventure

Mountain biking in the Indian Himalayas – spend the day biking and sleep in tents at night. Prepare for temperatures of –10°C! A real adventure for the sporty holidaymaker.

(10 days - €2,490 per person)

C Family fun

Camp Family has everything your children need to have a good time – a lovely blue lake, an adventure playground, minigolf and go-karts. Stay in a self-catering apartment Sit back, relax and let us give your children the holiday of a lifetime!

(6 days – €990 per family)

- B Write sentences about the holidays using the superlative of the adjectives.
- **1** expensive The most expensive is Mountain adventure.
- 2 cheap
- 3 comfortable
- 4 noisy _____
- 5 long
- **6** easy _____
- 7 difficult ___
- 8 short
- 9 uncomfortable _____
- **10** cold _____
- 3 A Write questions using the prompts.
 - 1 what / long / word in this sentence? What's the longest word in this sentence?
 - 2 what / short / word on this page?
 - 3 which / interesting / text in units 1–6 of this book?
 - 4 which / good / exercise on this page?
 - 5 what / difficult / grammar point in English?
 - 6 who / happy / person in your family?
 - 7 who / friendly / person in your English class?
 - 8 which / bad / restaurant in your town?
 - B Answer the questions in Exercise 3A.

LISTENING

4 A > 7.2 Look at the map and listen to Nick's audio diary. Does his train go to or from Moscow?



B Read the sentences and check any new words in vour dictionary.

	Statement (Contractor) (Supplied that Supplied the Supplied to
1	The Trans-Siberian train journey takes nine days.
2	The compartment is for two people.
3	Anton doesn't speak much English.
4	Nick can see snow, forests, villages, and lakes out of the window.
5	Nick and Anton buy food from women on the train.
6	They drink a lot of coffee on the train.
7	On the last evening of the journey, Nick went to a party.
8	Nick loved the Trans-Siberian train journey.
С	Listen again. Are the sentences in Exercise 4A true

Listen again. Are the sentences in Exercise 4A true) or false (F)?
Correct the false sentences. The Trans-Siberian train journey takes seven days.

WRITING

CHECKING AND CORRECTING

5 A Read the extract from Nick's blog. Find and correct ten more mistakes with:

- spelling
- · the past simple
- · singular/plural forms.

Hi, it's Nick again. We started the day with a surprise but not a good one. went

Anton and I Lgoed to the dining car for brekfast and there wasn't any food. That wasn't a big problem because I had some biscuit and we drinked



some tea, but then we went back for lunch and it was the same situation. The waiter telled us that there's a station where they usually get food, but the food truck wasn't

Nobody on the train was worried about this becaus almost everybody broght their own food. A guy called Egor gaves us half of his roast chicken and a Chinese couple gave us some bread. Peoples were so kind. Anton and I talked about how to thank them ... so I tought them some English songs and it were really just a big party. My best day on the train!

- B Write about one day on a journey. It can be a real journey or an imaginary one. Write 80-100 words. Use Exercise 5A and these questions to help you.
- · Where were you?
- · How did you travel?
- · What happened?
- · Was it a good day?
- Check your work and correct any mistakes.

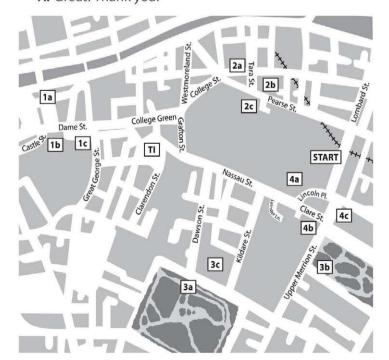
PLACES

- Add the vowels to make places in towns.
 - 1 square
 - 2 crp_rk
 - 3 cr ssr ds
 - 4 tr_ff_c l_ghts
 - **5** c rn r
 - 6 p_d_str__n str__t
 - **7** p rk
 - **8** r d

FUNCTION

GIVING DIRECTIONS

- Look at the map of Dublin, Ireland, and complete the conversation. Speaker A is at Pearse Street station (START) and wants to go to the Tourist Information Office (TI).
 - **A:** Excuse me. Can you tell me the ¹ way to the Tourist Information Office, please?
 - **B:** Sure. Go straight ²_____ here, then turn ³____ into Lincoln Place and then right again into Nassau Street.
 - A: OK.
 - **B:** Then go ⁴_____ on and go ⁵_____ Kildare Street and Dawson Street.
 - A: OK, so I stay on Nassau Street.
 - **B:** Yes. ⁶_____ past Grafton Street, into a small street ... I forget the name ... and the Tourist Information Office is on the ⁷_____. You can's
 - A: Great. Thank you!



Read the information and look at the map in Exercise 2. Circle the correct alternatives.

Walking tours of Dublin

I To Dublin Castle

From the Tourist Information Office, go to College Green and turn left. Go straight on to Dame Street, and turn left – that's Castle Street. It's on the left and number Ia/(lb)/lc on your map.

2 From Dublin Castle to Trinity College

Go back to Dame Street and straight on to College Green and then turn left at College Street. Turn right, go straight on at Pearse Street, and then turn right again. It's number 2a/2b/2c on your map.

3 From Trinity College to St Stephen's Green

Go back to Pearse Street and turn left, then left into College Street and then Grafton Street, and finally Nassau Street. Turn right into Dawson Street, and go straight on until the end. You can see it in front of you. It's number 3a/3b/3c on your map.

4 From St Stephen's Green to the National Gallery Come out of St Stephen's Green and look for Kildare Street. Go straight on and at the end of Kildare Street, turn right, and go straight on – that's Clare Street. The National Gallery is on your right, number 4a/4b/4c on your map.

LEARN TO

CHECK AND CORRECT DIRECTIONS

4 A Look at the map and correct A's directions.

	(Pa	rk)			
Post office YO	Supermarket U ARE HE	Cinema RE	Pharmacy	Theatre	School	
luseum	Bank	Town hall	Café	Sports centre		

- **1 A:** So, the park's between the cinema and the pharmacy.
 - **B:** No, it's <u>behind</u> the cinema and the pharmacy.
- **2 A:** So the supermarket's between the cinema and the pharmacy.
 - B: No, it's between ...
- 3 A: So, the cinema is the fourth building on the left.
 - B: No, it's
- 4 A: So, the café is the fourth building on the left.
 - B: No, it's .
- **5** A: So, the post office is opposite the bank.
 - B: No, it's opposite ______.
- **6** A: So, the town hall is opposite the bank.
 - B: No, it's the bank.
- B Circle the stressed words in B's answers in Exercise 4A.
- **1** B: No, it's (behind)the cinema and the pharmacy.
- © 7.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

WON (8

GRAMMAR

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

-41							
l	Write	the	-ing	form	of	the	verbs.

1	do	doing
2	have	
3	run	
4	stay	
5	swim	
6	sleep	7

7 write _____

8 try9 begin10 give

Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1	Jake's sing	ing (sing).
2	Wesley	(take) a photo.
3	Jo and Dave	(stand) near Jake
	They	(listen) to him.
4	Roger	(walk) near Jake, but he
		(not listen) to him.
5	Megan	(sit) at the café. She
		(road)

6 Paolo and Zoe _____ (chat) with each other. They ____ (not watch) Jake.

7 Lisa _____ (look) at some bags.8 Philip (sell) a bag to Kalila.

B Look at the picture and read the sentences in Exercise 2A again. Label the people in the picture.

C Write questions using the prompts.

1 what / instrument / Jake / play? What instrument is Jake playing?

2 who / Zoe / talk to?

3 where / Zoe and Paolo / sit?

4 how many bags / Jo and Dave / carry?

5 who / Wesley / take / a photo of?

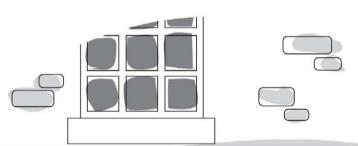
6 who / talk / on the phone?

7 what / Megan / read?

8 who/buy/bag?

■ Look at the picture and answer the questions in Exercise 2C.

1 He's playing the guitar.
2
3
4
5
6
7





3	Put the words in the correct order to make questions.
	Then write short answers about you.

1	you / are / shoes / wearing
	Are you wearing shoes ? Yes, I am./No, I'm not.
2	your / is / ringing / phone
	?
3	are / pen / a / with / exercise / this / doing / you
	?
4	room / other / the / sitting / are / people / in / any
	??
5	music / is / room / the / in / playing
	?
6	exercise / enjoying / are / this / you
	?
7	teacher / is / your / writing / the / board / on
	?
8	your / drinking / classmates / coffee / are

VERBS + PREPOSITIONS

4 Cor	nplete	the	sentences	with	prepositions.
	p.c.cc		50110011005	****	p. cpos.cions.

1	Dave's over there. He's chatting <u>with</u> Joan.
2	I'm waiting the train.
3	Diana, can you take a photo the class?
4	What are you listening?
5	We read the wedding yesterday in the
	newspaper.
6	I can't come at the moment. I'm talking
	the phone.
7	Ask your teacher the pronunciation of
	this word. I can't help you, sorry.
8	When I'm on holiday, I never think work

LISTENING

5 A 8.1 Listen and match conversations 1–5 with places a)-e).

Conversation 2

a) tennis match

b) fashion show

Conversation 3

c) art gallery

Conversation 4

d) concert

Conversation 5 **e)** ticket office

B Listen again and underline the correct alternative for each conversation.

- 1 The man <u>really likes</u>/doesn't like the paintings.
- 2 Nellie wants/ doesn't want to go to the concert.
- **3** The woman is *in/going into* a concert.
- **4** Felicity says she *wants/doesn't want* to meet for a coffee.
- **5** All/Some of the people are wearing black.

WRITING

PRONOUNS

Read the story. Who took Julia's phone?

On Friday night, David, Julia and I went to the Rock Club. ¹Julia and David are fun and I like ²Julia and David a lot. The club was busy, but ³David, Julia and I found a table.

Julia put her mobile phone on the table, but after an hour ⁴<u>Julia</u> saw that ⁵<u>Julia</u>'s phone wasn't there, and she was very angry. Then I had a good idea. I phoned ⁶<u>Julia's</u> number, and ⁷<u>Julia, David and I</u> heard ⁸Julia's phone ringing.

David started laughing, and then ⁹<u>David</u> took Julia's phone out of ¹⁰<u>David's</u> pocket and gave ¹¹<u>Julia's phone</u> back to ¹²<u>Julia</u>. David thought this was funny, but Julia was very angry with ¹³<u>David</u>, so she took ¹⁴<u>David's</u> phone and threw ¹⁵<u>David's</u> phone out of the window! Now ¹⁶<u>David and Julia</u> aren't speaking to each other.

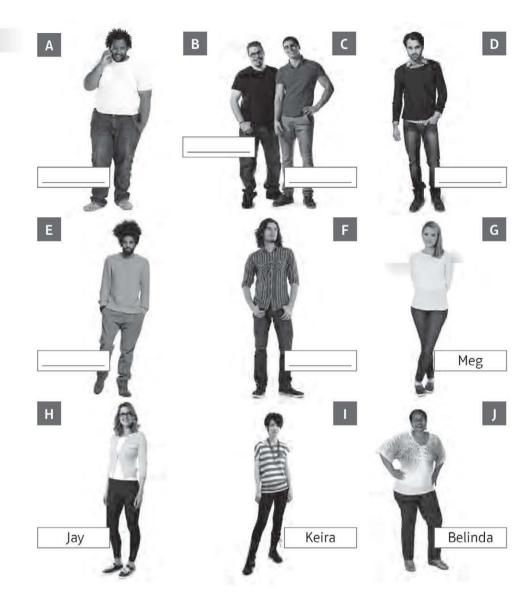


Replace the underlined nouns in the story with pronouns.

1	they
	(
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	-
10	
11	·
12	
14	
16	

APPEARANCE

- 1 A Look at the photos and read the sentences. Label the men in the photos.
 - 1 Rob's got curly hair. He's tall and very slim.
 - 2 Sam's got short, straight hair, a moustache and a beard. He isn't wearing glasses.
 - 3 Tom hasn't got a beard. He's got dark hair and he's medium build.
 - **4** Bruce is very slim. He hasn't got short hair, but he's got a beard.
 - **5** Mike isn't very slim. He's got very short, dark hair and he's wearing glasses.
 - **6** Will's got dark, curly hair. He's got a beard and a moustache, and he's a little overweight.
 - B Describe the women in the photos.
 - **1** Meg's got long, straight blonde hair and she's medium build
 - **2** Jay____
 - 3 Keira
 - 4 Belinda
- 2 Look at the photos and complete the crossword.





GRAMMAR

PRESENT SIMPLE AND CONTINUOUS

3	Underline the correct alternatives.						
	Gerald:	Hi, Bruno. It's me, Gerald. What ¹ do ye	ou do/				
		are you doing?					
	Bruno:	I 2have/'m having a coffee with Carla.	What				
	C	about you?					
	Gerald:	I ³ sit/'m sitting at my desk as usual. S 4don't work/aren't working today.	o you				
	Bruno:	I am, but I 5don't usually start/'m not	usually				
	Di alio.	starting work before ten o'clock.	asaany				
	Gerald:	How's Carla?					
	Bruno:	OK, but she 'doesn't like/isn't liking he	er job at				
		the hospital.	361				
	Gerald:	Oh, why not?					
	Bruno:	Well, she 'works/'s working from 11a.	m. till				
		midnight every day.					
	Gerald:	That sounds hard. *Does she look/Is s	he				
	Bruno:	looking for a new job? Yes, I think so. She ⁹ looks/is looking ir	the				
	bi ulio.	newspaper and on the internet every					
	Gerald:	Really? Because 101 phone/I'm phoning					
		a job opening here. Office work, not					
		interesting, but the money isn't bad.	Perfect				
	-	for Carla.					
	Bruno:	Hey, Carla – good news, it's Gerald	•				
4	Complete the conversations with the present simple or present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.						
	Conversa	ntion 1					
		o does the housework in your family?					
	B: We all						
	daugh	(cook) dinner right now, and ter ³ (help) her.	my				
	-	hat 4 you	(do) to				
	help a	t the moment?	(40) 10				
		(watch) TV! There are too m	iany				
		e in the kitchen.					
	Conversa	ation 2					
	A: Why 6	(wear) black today? You					
	7	(usually/not wear) black.					
	B: What	do you mean? I always ⁸	(wear) it!				
	Conversation 3						
	A: Hi, Geo	off. It's me. Where are you?					
	B: 1 ⁹	(stand) on the train.					
	A: Why?	You ¹⁰ (usually/not stand	d).				
	B: No, I u	/ou ¹⁰ (usually/not stand sually ¹¹ (get) a seat, bu	t this is a				
	later t	rain. Where are you?					
		(wait) at the station.					
	B : Oh, so	rry. I forgot to tell you I'm late!					

READING

)	A	Read the article. Are the sentences true (T) or fa	ilse (F)?
	1	T-shirts are 200 years old.	F
	2	American soldiers were the first to wear	
		T-shirts.	
	3	The most expensive T-shirts cost hundreds	
		of pounds.	<u> </u>
	4	There are four different types of T-shirt.	
	5	T-shirts are popular because they are cheap.	
	6	You can change the message on an	
		electronic T-shirt.	



It's an item of clothing many of us wear every day and it's often the only thing we wear on the top half of our body. After its introduction over 100 years ago as underwear for American soldiers, the T-shirt is now one of the most common items of clothing.

You can find T-shirts in any clothes shop and they cost between a few pounds to a few hundred pounds. There are even 'special' T-shirts that sell for thousands and thousands of pounds. And there are lots of different kinds of T-shirts: V-necks, U-necks, short-sleeved, long-sleeved, cropped T-shirts - you name it!

T-shirts are popular because they are more than just clothes: people can express themselves wearing T-shirts. A slogan on the front of your T-shirt can show people what you believe in; a T-shirt with your favourite band's logo can show people what kind of music you like; you can even wear your favourite photos by printing them on a T-shirt.

And the latest step in the development of the most popular item of clothing in the world? Electronic T-shirts. They light up when you wear them and they can even carry electronic messages that change when you programme them. What's next? Texting friends through T-shirts? It might be common very soon!

Match words from the article 1-6 with definitions a)-f).

- 1 underwear -
- 2 common
- 3 express
- 4 slogan
- 5 logo
- 6 programme
- a) show your feelings, ideas or personality
- b) give instructions to a computer, machine, etc.
- c) a short, clever phrase that is easy to remember
- d) clothes that you wear under your other clothes
- e) a symbol for a group, organisation, etc.
- f) happening often; that you see, hear, etc. very often

TYPES OF FILM

- 1 A Add the vowels to complete the types of film.
 - 1 action film
 - 2 hrrrflm
 - 3 sc -f f lm
 - 4 m_s_c_l
 - 5 r_m_nt_c f_lm
 - **6** c_m_dy
 - **7** dr m
 - B Match the extracts from film reviews with the types of film in Exercise 1A.

Α

Ninety minutes in the scary world of vampires and blood ... 2

В

Childhood friends Jessica and Tim meet after ten years, and they want to be more than just good friends ...

С

Gene Walker is a modern-day Fred Astaire, dancing and singing his way through the streets of Cordoba ...

D

New York police officer Jack Hare takes a holiday in Miami, but finds himself working to save the country from a terrorist attack ...

Ε

A farmer in France wakes up and finds that all his animals can speak ... Chinese. Lots of laughs as the farmer teaches himself Chinese to talk to the animals.

F

A small Indian village has a visit from space tourists – aliens from another galaxy. A surprise as the aliens have more to learn from the locals than they think ... _____

G

Sally Bonner loses her parents in a train accident. She is blind and grows up alone with no friends ... but then Edmund, her teacher, helps Sally learn to play the piano.

FUNCTION

RECOMMENDING

Put the words in the box in the correct places in the conversation. You do not need two of the words.

recommend about (x2) I name in it kind

- A: Do you want to watch a film?
- B: Sorry, I'm busy.

recommend

- A: Oh. Well then, 1 can you \bigwedge a good film?
- B: Hmm ... 2What of films do you like?
- A: Horror films, action films ...
- B: Do you like sci-fi?
- A: I don't know many sci-fi films.
- B: 3How The Hunger Games? Do you know it?
- A: 4What's it?
- B: It's about the future and the way rich people control us ...
- A: 5Who's it?
- B: Jennifer Lawrence and Josh Hutcherson.
- A: Oh, she's good.
- B: Yeah. It's a good film 6I think you'd like.

LEARN TO

LINK WORDS TO SPEAK FASTER

- 3 A D 8.2 Listen and draw lines to show the linking.
 - 1 Are you looking for a film?
 - 2 Is it an action film?
 - 3 Is anyone famous in it?
 - 4 Do you want to watch a film?
 - 5 I haven't got a DVD player.
 - **6** I've got it on my computer.
 - **B** Listen again and repeat.
- 4 A D 8.3 Listen and circle the sentence you hear.
 - 1 a) Are you looking for a film?
 - b) Are you looking for a friend?
 - 2 a) Is it an action film?
 - b) Is it an interesting film?
 - 3 a) Is Anna Faris in it?
 - b) Is anyone famous in it?
 - 4 a) Do you want to borrow a DVD?
 - b) Do you want to buy a DVD?
 - 5 a) I haven't got a CD player.
 - b) I haven't got a DVD player.
 - B Listen again and repeat.

ADJECTIVES

f 1 A Complete the article. Put the letters in order and write the words.

HOW DO YOU TRAVEL AROUND THE CITY?

I go to work by rollerblades. It's a ¹fast (asft) way to travel and it's very ²h____ (ehtlhya) because I get lots of exercise. Sometimes it feels quite ³d____ (dnesaurog) with so many cars around me, and it's a little ⁴i___ (icnietnveonn) because I need to change into shoes when I go into my office. But rollerblades are a lot of fun.



rollerblades

Tony Jones, film producer



I go everywhere by skateboard. True, it takes a long time to learn because it's 5d_____ (idticulff) to ride one, but it's very 6c_____ (oeneintenv) – when I go into a shop, I just pick up the skateboard and carry it like a book!

Joel Williams, musician

I use my scooter all around the city. It's ⁷s_____, (eafs) it's ⁸e______, (yeas) to ride and it's more ⁹c______ (forebltaome) than rollerblades or a skateboard because balancing isn't a problem. Sometimes you see scooters with motors on them, but those are really ¹⁰p_____ (tuinpogll). 'Go green,' I say!

Nanci Levine, student

kick scooter



B 9.1 Listen and check.

Listen again and write the adjectives in the correct column for each stress pattern. Then listen and repeat.

2 00
4 000
6 00000

READING

Read the article. How does the writer feel? Choose from the words in the box.

happy relaxed angry hungry funny

NO MORE WHEELS!

A shopkeeper speaks out

'I have a small food shop in the city centre and I really don't like customers coming into the shop on wheels. A businessman comes in on a kick scooter and he thinks it's funny to do his shopping on the scooter. I don't think it's funny - I think it's dangerous. And the skateboarders, they're even worse. They say they ride skateboards because it's fast and convenient - you know, it's easy to pick up the skateboard when they walk into a shop, but they don't pick up the skateboard, they ride it up and down my shop! But the worst of all are the rollerbladers. They fly into the shop; of course, they don't take off the rollerblades because it's inconvenient and they crash into customers and knock things down. It's terrible! So now I have a new rule: No more wheels. Shoes only!'

B Read the article again. Are	the
sentences true (T) or false (F)	?

1	The writer has a restaurant.	F
2	He thinks the businessman	
	is a funny person.	
3	To the writer, kick scooters	
	are not safe.	
4	He thinks kick scooters are	
	better than skateboards.	
5	Skateboarders usually	
	pick up their skateboards	
	when they're in his shop.	
6	Rollerbladers are the most	

dangerous, he thinks.

GRAMMAR

CAN/CAN'T, HAVE TO/DON'T HAVE TO

3	Α	Со	mplete the conversations with the correct form
		cai	B.
	1	A:	<u>Can I park</u> (I / park) my car here?
		B:	No, (you)
	2	A:	(you / not ride) your bike on the
			pavement because it's too dangerous.
			Oh. OK.
	3		(people / smoke) on the train?
			No, (they).
	4	A:	(we / walk) to the theatre?
		B:	Yes, (we), but it's a long way.
	5	A:	(taxis / drive) into the city centre,
		р.	but not cars.
		B:	OK, thanks.
	В	Со	mplete the conversations with can't or don't
	ha	ve	to.
	Co	nv	ersation 1
	A:	Wł	nat clothes do you have to wear for the new job?
	B:		lon't have to wear a suit and tie, but I have to
		we	ar a white shirt and I wear jeans.
			ersation 2
			late after midnight.
	B:		s, but we get up early tomorrow. It's
	-		turday.
			ersation 3
	A:		u drive down this road. It's for buses ly.
	B:		i, sorry.
			ersation 4
			aven't got any money with me.
			OK. You pay me now. Give me the
			oney tomorrow.
Л		1	dies the second alternatives
T			rline the correct alternatives.
	A:		y, do you want to do something tonight? can't/don't have to work.
	R.		t's see No, I ² can't/don't have to meet you
	υ.		night – I ³ can/have to work late.
	A:		ell, <i>4can we/do we have to</i> meet tomorrow?
			rry, I ⁵ <i>can't/don't have to,</i> I'm busy. But I <i>6can/</i>
			ve to do something on Saturday.
	A:	Gr	eat. We ⁷ can/have to go to that new Italian
		res	staurant, La Spezia.
	B:		nm Saturday night is usually crowded.
			an we/Do we have to book a table or
	۸.		In we/do we have to just go there?
	A:		sn't so popular now, so we ¹ºcan't/ don't have to ok. And if we ¹¹can't/don't have to get a table, we
			an/have to go somewhere else.
	B:		eat! See you on Saturday, then.
		پ ۱۱	

LISTENING

5	A Look at the picture of Carin Van Buren on her
	balancing scooter. Do you think the statements are
	true (T) or false (F)?

1	It's difficult to ride
2	You can ride it on the pavement
2	In a city it's factor than a bus

4 It's tiring to ride.	,	lt's	tiring	to	rid	e.	
-------------------------------	---	------	--------	----	-----	----	--



B 9.2 Listen and check.

Listen again and answer the questions.

- **1** Does Carin ride the scooter to work? *Yes, she does.*
- 2 How did she travel to work before?
- 3 How long does it take to learn?
- 4 How fast can the scooter go?
- **5** Does she think a scooter is better than a bike?
- **6** Where does she leave her scooter at work?
- **7** How does she feel when people laugh at her on her scooter?
- **8** Does she like it when people stop her and ask her questions?

TRANSPORT COLLOCATIONS

1 A Label the pictures.



















B: |____



B Match sentences 1	-9 with pictures A-I in
Exercise 1A.	

- 1 It's got two wheels, you get on and off it and it doesn't use petrol.
- 2 It's usually got two pilots and can carry a lot of people.
- **3** It's got four wheels and you pay the driver at the end of the journey.
- 4 It's got four legs and you ride it.
- **5** It's got two wheels and it uses petrol.
- **6** It's got hundreds of seats, but it can't go on a road. You need a ticket.
- 7 It moves on water. It can carry a lot of cars and people.
- **8** It moves on water. It can't carry a lot of people.
- **9** It's got wheels and it stops often. You pay at the start of the journey.

2	Complete the conversations with	ı the	correct	form	of the	verb:
	in the box.					

æ	get (off	go by (x2)	go on	take	ride	come by	get on	
1	A:	Can	you tell me	the way	to the	Sport	s Centre?		
	B:		, you take th third stop.	ie numb	er 195	bus an	d you	get off	at
2	A:	Did	you drive h	ere?					
	B:	No,	1	bus.					
3			his Kenji's fir						
	B:	Yes	, and he		it ev	erywh	ere.		
4			at's the best						
	B:	You	can go by b	ous or yo	u can		a ta	axi.	
5	A:	Hov	w do you go	to schoo	ol?				
	B:	lus	ually	1	foot.				
5			w does Stefa			?			
	B:	She	<u> </u>	car.					
7	A:	Wh	ere are you?						
	B:		at Berlin air ıth Africa, sc				a plane	to	
3	A:	Hov	w did vou tra	evel to Pa	aris?				

train.

READING

- $\mathfrak{Z} \wedge \mathbb{R}$ Read the article and circle the correct options.
 - **1** A commute is
 - a) a type of transport.
 - b) the journey from home to work and back.
 - c) a part of a car.
 - 2 Jim Kendrick won \$10,000 because
 - a) he was the safest driver in Texas.
 - b) he drove the most kilometres in one year.
 - c) he travelled the furthest to work.

DO YOU THINK YOUR COMMUTE IS BAD? TRY 640 KILOMETRES A DAY!

Do you think gas* prices are too high? Well, be happy that you aren't Jim Kendrick of Texas in the USA.

Every weekday, Kendrick drives 320 kilometres from his home in San Antonio, Texas, to his job at AbleCargo in the port of Houston and

5

then 320 kilometres back again! He leaves work at 5a.m. and gets home and has dinner with his wife at 9p.m.

15 For his daily journey,

Kendrick won the competition 'America's Longest Commute'. His three-and-a-half-hour commute was longer than all the other people in the competition, and is a

20 lot more than the average American commute of twenty-five minutes.

'I was surprised to win,' said Kendrick, who won \$10,000. 'I was sure that someone else had a longer commute. But it's great — \$10,000 is just enough to buy gas for another year.'

Why does he do it? 'Well, my wife and I have a beautiful house in San Antonio and our lifestyle is important to us. The drive also gives me a lot of energy. Sometimes, when I drive my Ford Mustang down the highway, I feel like a professional racing car driver.

How much longer does he want to do this commute? 'Another five or ten years,' Kendrick said. 'I don't see any reason to stop. But gas prices are high, so maybe I need to look for a job nearer home.'

*gas (American English) = petrol (British English)



- B Read the article again and match the sentence halves. Then read the sentences and write the line number from the article where you found the information.
- **1** Jim won the contest because *f line 18*
- 2 He was surprised to win because
- 3 He was happy about the money because
- 4 He does the commute because
- 5 He feels good when he drives because
- **6** He's thinking about changing jobs because
- a) he doesn't want to change his lifestyle.
- b) he spends about \$10,000 a year on gas.
- c) he thought someone else drove further.
- d) gas prices are so high.
- e) he feels like a racing car driver.
- f) his commute was the longest.

GRAMMAR

ARTICLES: A/AN, THE, NO ARTICLE

Complete the text with a/an, the or – (no article).

Jim lives in '		ir ²
San Antonio, Te:	xas. He's got ³	job at
AbleCargo in 4_	Housto	on, Texas, in
5US/	A. AbleCargo is ⁶ _	
shipping compa	ny, and Jim's ⁷	
engineer there.	He drives seven h	ours every day
and gets 8	home at 8.3	0 and has
9din	ner at 9p.m. He lik	ces 10
fast cars, and he	drives "	_ Ford
Mustang. Jim do	esn't commute a	t ¹²
weekend.		

Add a/an (x4) and the (x6) to the sentences. One sentence does not need any extra words.

th	е	the
5/	hus station is down this stre	et on

- 2 Rajiv is actor in Mumbai.
- 3 I haven't got car, but I've got motorbike.
- 4 Town Hall opens at 9.30 in morning.
- 5 I love planes and flying. I always ask for window seat.
- 6 Keith often works at home in evening.
- 7 Is Manchester in UK?
- 8 I often go home by taxi at night.

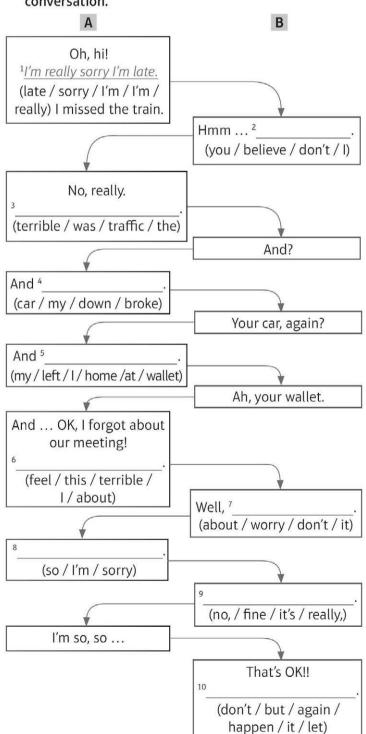
EXCUSES

- 1 Complete the excuses.
 - **1** I didn't h<u>e a r</u> my al___ cl___.
 - **2** I lo__ my ke__.
 - **3** My car br___ d___.
 - 4 The traf___ was bad.
 - **5** I got up late and m the bus.

FUNCTION

APOLOGISING

2 A Put the words in the correct order to complete the conversation.



B 9.3 Listen and check.

LEARN TO

TELL A LONG STORY

3 A Complete the story with the words in the box.

				1571		7.	12180 S27 I
first of all	and	but	SO	because	(x2)	then	finally

we arrived forty m	ninutes late ²	we missed
our train. We were	e worried that we mi	ght miss the plane
3	they don't let you g	et on when you're
not there in time.	4, w	then we got to
the airport, we for	und that the plane we	asn't on time,
5	we went for a coffee	e at the airport café
6	started talking to so	ome people. They
were very interest	ing and we had a nic	e chat.
7	, we got on the plan	e. When we found
our seats, Jane lo	oked for her bag, 8	it
wasn't there. It wo		

B Write Bruce's email using the prompts.

Dear Alexis,

I'm really sorry about last night. I know it was your birthday. But I had an unlucky evening ...

First of all, I / leave / the house late because I / lose / $\,$ my keys.

Then I / miss / the bus, so I / phone / a taxi, but the taxi / break down / and I / wait / thirty minutes for another taxi.

After that, I / get / to the restaurant an hour late, but I / leave / your present in the taxi.

 $\mbox{\sc I}$ / phone / the taxi company, but they / not answer, so $\mbox{\sc I}$ / go / into the restaurant, but you / not be there.

Finally, I / go / home and / try / to phone you, but you / not answer.

Now I don't know what to do. I'm really sorry. Love,

Bruce

icje tire ii	ouse tat	е весаи	50111	
			Tele the mouse rate seeds.	left the house late because

GRAMMAR VERB FORMS

1 A Underline the correct alternatives.



Jesse McCormack is a member of the rock group the Stringers. He 'writes/is writing most of the band's songs and 'plays/is playing lead guitar. This is his summer festival blog.

Saturday 4th August

I ³write/'m writing my blog today at our fourth festival this summer ... but it's the biggest with more than 25,000 people and we



⁴have/'re having a great time. The atmosphere here is amazing and people are very friendly. We usually ⁵arrive/are arriving the day before we play, but this time we ⁶come/came here two days ago.

Most people have tents, but in fact you ⁷don't have to/can't sleep in a tent. You ⁸can/can't sleep in your car. And there are the usual festival rules, for example you ⁹can/can't use glasses for drinks — you ¹⁰have to/don't have to use plastic cups. This is a good idea because sometimes people, often children, ¹¹walk/are walking around with no shoes on.

There's only one hour before we start our show. Danny ¹²talks/ 's talking to a woman from Radio One. Saul ¹³practises/is practising our first song. Our manager, Dave, ¹⁴calls/is calling us so I ¹⁵have to/can stop now. More tomorrow!

B Complete the interview with the correct present simple or present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

Janna: This is Janna Towli from Radio One and I 1'm talking (talk) to Danny Wright from the Stringers. Hi, Danny.

Danny: Hi, everyone.

Janna: So Danny, ² (you / enjoy) yourself at

the festival?

Danny: Yeah, it's cool.

Janna: We've got some questions. First, from Luka. He asks:

'3______ (Jesse / write) all the songs or

4_____(you / write) any of them?'

Danny: Oh, Jesse is the songwriter. I just ⁵______ (sing) the songs.

Janna: And from Viktoria: 'What's your favourite Stringers song?'

Danny: Erm ... You Never 6 (say) 'I Love You.'

Janna: OK, right. And the last question, from Abby. She asks: 'What

Danny: Me? Well, today I 8 (wear) a Stringers

T-shirt and jeans. My usual! Oh, there's Dave, our manager.

Janna: Thanks for talking to us. Good luck with the show!

Danny: Thanks!

VOCABULARY ALPHABET PUZZLE

	iplete the sentences with words inning with the letters A–Z.
A	I'm sorry I'm late. I didn't hear myalarmclock.
B	My grandfather had a moustache and a big black <u>beard</u> .
C	The tram stop is close to my flat, so it's very for me.
D	Riding a bike is quite, so you have to wear a helmet.
E	The opposite of <i>full</i> is
F	The White House is one of the most buildings in the world.
G	I want to see the Eiffel Tower. Where do I off the bus?
H	Frankenstein was one of the first films. It was quite scary.
I	The opposite of boring is
J	Fast food is sometimes called food.
K	Do you the way to the bus station?
L	The water in the is very cold. We can't swim there.
M	I got up late and I my train.
N	The children in the next room are too – I can't work.
0	Do you go by car or foot?
P	Cars are more than bikes. Bikes are greener.
Q	! The baby's sleeping.
R	Can you a good DVD?
S	The map says that Via Lagrange is a pedestrian
T	I was late because the was bad.
U	Alan's shoes are too small, so they're very
V	She was born in a smallin Belgium.
W	The traffic is at five o'clock than at three o'clock.
X	The opposite of <i>cheap</i> is <i>e</i> .
Y	Hi, Liz. It's Jon. I waited for for two hours! What happened?
Z	My holiday was great. We saw the Great Wall. It was ama!

GRAMMAR COMPARATIVES AND SUPERLATIVES

9			2			6.1		at 1
0	Complete the	text with the	correct com	parative or su	iperlative fo	rm of the	adjectives ii	n the box.

good tall cheap hot quiet interesting slow convenient cold fast

	When is the best time to go?	Lantu hava ana daul What aan Laas 2
	When is the best time to go?	I only have one day! What can I see?
=	The ¹ months to visit are May and	Visit ⁷ building in China, the
1,	October, when it's 19–24°C. July and August are	492-metre Shanghai World Financial Centre. The floor is
	months, when it can be 28°C.	glass and it feels like walking in the sky. Walk along the
	November to April are ³ months,	Bund, next to the river – it's very central, but it's a lot
20	when it's 3–14°C.	8 than the noisy city centre. And
I		visit the Shanghai Museum – most visitors to the city sa
F	How can I get around?	this is ⁹ thing to see in Shanghai.
/3	You can travel by bus or by metro. Buses are	
()	4 than the metro, especially in the	Where can I stay?
	morning and evening when the traffic is bad. The metro	Shanghai has hundreds of hotels, and there are many
Carlo	is 5 than buses, but there are only	two-star and three-star hotels for travellers on a
	two metro lines. The ⁶ way to travel	budget – of course, these are 10
	around the city is by taxi because there are lots – they go	than the 4-star luxury hotels. Check the internet for
	everywhere and they aren't very expensive.	recommendations from other travellers.

FUNCTION RECOMMENDING; GIVING

DIRECTIONS

4 A R3.1 Listen to the conversations and circle the correct option.

Jurgen recommends a restaurant to Greg but

- a) Greg doesn't understand and takes the wrong street.
- **b)** he gives bad directions and Greg doesn't find the restaurant.
- c) Greg decides to stay home and eat pizza.

R	Liston	again	Are the	sentences	true (T)	or false	(F)?
	Listell	agaiii.	Ale the	Sentences	s true (i)	Of Talse	()

1	It's Jurgen's wife's birthday.	F
2	Greg and his wife like Chinese food.	
3	Jurgen recommends a Chinese restaurant.	
4	The restaurant is near the cinema.	
5	Greg and his wife find the restaurant.	
6	They have pizza at the restaurant.	

C Listen again and complete the sentences.

9	Listen again and complete the	Schichices
1	What kind of food <i>do you like</i> ?	
2	Do you think my wife	?
3	Can you tell?	
4	Go down Hillside Road past the	pharmacy

metres.

0	On, no – 1 m so	
7	I feel terrible	

8 Don't worry _____.

GRAMMAR ARTICLES

5 Complete the text with a/an, the or – (no article).

DOLAND DAY 7
POLAND – DAY 7 The best way to see the city of
2 Krakow is in 3 Trabant
- the classic eastern- European car. The tour starts at 9.00a.m. in
⁴ city centre, where you meet your tour guides Irek and Kasia. Irek is ⁵ university student and
Kasia is 6 history teacher, and together they
know Krakow better than most professional guides. You start the tour on ⁷ foot and visit Cloth Hall in
entre of Grand Square. You then go by car and visit Nowa Huta and the Jewish
quarter. Lunch is at ¹⁰ restaurant near the castle. ¹¹ Polish food is quite rich, so try not
to eat too much! In ¹² afternoon, Irek and Kasia can show you Wawel Castle or take you back
to your hotel.

CHECK

Circ	cle the correct option to complete the	e sentences.
1	Sitting on the beach is	working.
	a) relaxing than b) better than	
	c) more nice than	
2	There was a bridge over the	<u></u>
	a) desert b) river c) mountain	
3	I my MP3 player.	
	a) listening to b) 'm listenning to	
	c) 'm listening to	
4	What like?	
	a) does Jon look b) Jon does look	c) Jon looks
5	A: Do I the bus here for	the museum?
	B: No, at the next stop.	
	a) go by b) ride c) get off	
6	I didn't get a seat because the train v	vas
	÷	
	a) comfortable b) uncomfortable	c) crowded
7	Sorry I'm late. I my trai	
	a) lost b) missed c) left	
8	A: What?	
	B: I'm working on the computer.	
	a) you are doing b) are you doing	
	c) do you doing	
9	I don't think this DVD. I	t's too scary.
	a) you'd like b) you like c) you re	
10	My wife works She's a	
	a) at home b) at the home c) ho	
11		
	a) You can go b) Do you can go	:) Can you go
12	Go until the end of the	
	a) straight b) straight on c) strai	t on
13	It was difficult to walk in the	
	of all the trees.	
	a) mountain b) forest c) village	
14	The children very well	at the
	moment.	
	a) aren't feeling b) don't feeling	c) aren't feel
15	He slim with short black	
	a) 's got b) 's c) has	
	The same of the sa	

16	Spanish is than English.
	a) easyer b) easier c) more easy
17	Children pay. It's free for them.
	a) don't have to b) can't c) haven't to
18	A: I laughed a lot at this DVD. It's very funny.
10	B: Oh, so it's a
	a) drama b) musical c) comedy
10	A: Is there a post office near here?
19	,
	B: Yes, go down here and it's a) on the left b) on left c) the left
20	I always go by underground because it's fast and
20	I diways go by underground because it's last and
	a) convenient b) polluting c) dangerous
21	It's hotel in Saudi Arabia.
	a) the bigger b) the bigest c) the biggest
22	The sign says 'No Parking', so you
777	park here.
	a) have to b) don't have to c) can't
23	My grandmother is
	a) in sixties b) in her sixties c) in the sixties
24	A: Do you often phone your parents?
	B: Yes, I talked to last night.
	a) them b) him and her c) they
25	is good for you.
	a) Milk b) The milk c) A milk
26	Who is player in the football team?
	a) most bad b) the worst c) the baddest
27	, the train arrived. It was four hours
	late.
	a) First of all b) After c) Finally
28	Leonie black.
	a) always is wearing b) is wearing always
	c) always wears
29	A: Where's the tourist information centre?
	B: You left and walk for about five
	minutes.
	a) take b) turn to c) turn
30	A: Have you got?
	B: No, I haven't, but I've got two brothers.
	a) a sister b) the sister c) sister

RESULT /30

GRAMMAR

BE GOING TO; WOULD LIKE TO

1 A Look at the table and complete the sentences with the correct form of be going to or would like to.

	Plans for next week	Plans for next year	Wishes for the future
Jim, USA	start new job at the bank – Monday	look for a new flat not stay at parents' house	be very rich
Hiro, Japan	have haircut – Tuesday	go to university	work in TV
Tom and Kim, Ireland	visit daughter Lynn and family – Saturday/ Sunday	not have a holiday	move nearer Lynn



10 They _





im	Hiro	Tom and Kir

1	Jim's going to start on Monday.	_ his new job at the bank
2	He	_ for a new flat next year.
3	He	_ at his parents' house.
4	He	_ very rich.
5	Hiro	a haircut on Tuesday.
6	She	to university next year.
7	She	in TV.
8	Tom and Kim	their
	daughter at the weeke	nd.
9	They	a holiday next year.

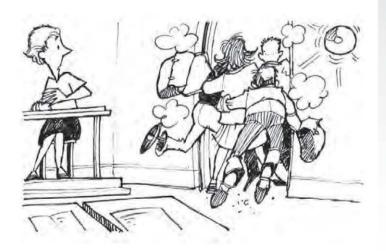
B Write questions about the people in Exercise 1A using the prompts. Use be going to or would like to.

nearer their daughter.

- 1 which bank / you / work at, Jim? Which bank are you going to work at, Jim?
- 2 where / you / look for / a new flat, Jim?
- 3 when / you / go / to university, Hiro?
- 4 why / like / work / in TV, Hiro?
- **5** how/you/travel, Tom and Kim?
- **6** why / like / move / nearer your daughter, Tom and Kim?
- a) Because I want to be famous.

1	
4	
100	

		We're going to go by train.	_
		In the city centre.	_
		We'd like to see our grandchildren more.	_
		In September next year.	_
	f)	At HACB bank.	_
2		t the words in the correct order to make estions. Then write short answers about you.	
		•	_
	1	TV / you / to / evening / watch / are / this / going	3
		Are you going to watch TV this evening	_!
		Yes, I am./No, I'm not.	
	2	like / work / would / TV / to / you / in	•
		×	_?
	3	weekend / you / family / see / next / are / to / going / your	
		going / your	?
			•
	4	for / English / to / useful / be / you / is / going	
			?
	5	like / new / would / phone / a / you / buy / to /	_
		mobile	
			?
			_
	6	your / study / classmates / year / you / going / English / next / to / are / and	
			?
			_
	7	in / like / live / country / you / to / would /	
		another	_
			_?
	0	home / your / like / now / to / go / would /	_
	8	classmates	
		etassifiaces	?



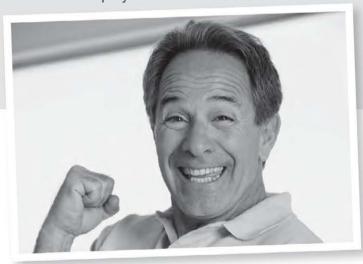
READING

- Read the article and circle the best title.
 - a) Lottery winners around the world
 - b) Jobless man wins lottery
 - c) Lottery winner starts organisation to help people

When Juan stopped to buy a lottery ticket last week, he didn't have a job or enough money to pay the bills. These were his last few coins. He picked seven numbers, and then asked another customer to pick the last number. 'I'll never win, anyway,' he thought. But he was wrong – he won £1.2 million!

First of all, he paid all his bills and then he went to buy two – yes, two – really, really expensive cars. But Juan isn't going to drive them – he never learnt to drive because he didn't have enough money to buy a car before. He bought them for his children, Carla and Paolo.

Winning the lottery isn't going to change Juan. He and his wife aren't going to spend their money without thinking. First, they are going to buy homes for their children and then they are going to have a long holiday in America. After that, Juan is going to start an organisation to help people without jobs because he was also unemployed and knows how hard it is.



Read the article again and answer the questions.

1 How much money did Juan have when he bought the ticket?

A few coins.

- 2 Did he think he could win the lottery?
- **3** How much money did he win?
- 4 Who is going to drive the cars?
- **5** Does he want to change his life?
- **6** Who are Juan and his wife going to buy homes for?
- 7 Who does Juan want to help with his organisation?

VOCABULARY

PLANS

4 A Complete the puzzle with the words in the box and find the message.

time off married stay clubbing learn a holiday start move some work go for

	a hol	iday	sta	art	move	2 5	ome	work	g	o for		
					1							
1 t	a	k	е	t	i	m	e	o	f	f		
			2					a	W	a	1	k
3 d	0											
					's							
	⁴ h	a	V	е								
		5 g	0									
				6				h	0	m	е	
			⁷ g	е	t							
	8					a	n	е	w	j	0	b
					е							
		9					t	0	s	w	i	m
		10				i	n					
					_							
	Mess	age:										!
	B Coi				ords i	in th	e co	nver	satio	ns.		
	Conve									_		
	A: Wh		1000	_	_							
	B: I'm											
					ing l'ı	2000000	42723			sob a	ına v	ve re
	goi Conve						n tne	e pui).			
	Conve A: So,				rnlar	263						
	B: We	ti, we	4 lib	SOILIS	g to go fmo_	כניו	IId	to a	noth	IEXL	yedi	r\/
					Ne'd l							
			nd s							a e hav		

or four children. Conversation 3

A: What's your son going to do?

B: He's going to stay with some ⁷fr_____ in São Paulo. He wants to do a ⁸co_____ and ⁹le_____ Portuguese and then he'd like to get a ¹⁰jo_____ with a computer company in Brazil.

Conversation 4

A: What are you going to do with your lottery money?

B: First, I'm going to ¹¹ta_____ a break! I'm going to ¹²ha____ a long holiday – and ¹³st____ in a five-star hotel, of course!

Conversation 5

A: Are you going to have a ¹⁴pa_____ and invite all your friends?

B: Of course! And then I'm going to go ¹⁵sh_____ ir Paris to buy some fantastic designer clothes.

PHRASES WITH GET

1 A	Add	the	vowels	to	comp	lete	the	phrases.
MIN. A. N.	,,,,,	CIIC	CONCLO		COILIP		CIIC	Pill doco.

- 1 Marco got sunburnt (snbrnt), so he
- 2 | got _____ (thrsty), so |
- 3 Adrian got _____ (trd) at school, so he
- **4** They got _____ (wt), so they
- **5** Ed and Leo got (hngry), so they
- **6** I got very _____ (ht), so I
- 7 Helena got _____ (lst), so she
- **8** We got _____ (cld), so we
- 9 Ferdi got _____ (stng) by a bee, so he
- **10** Alice was cold, so to get (wrm), she

■ Match a)-j) with 1-10 in Exercise 1A to make sentences.

- a) was an hour late for the meeting.
- b) put some cream on his finger.
- c) had a second breakfast.
- d) went to sleep in the break.
- e) changed into dry clothes.
- f) had a hot bath.
- g) went for a drink with Carson.
- h) put on our coats.
- i) stayed indoors for the next two days.
- j) took off my sweater.

□ 10.1 Listen and write the words in the correct column.

hot 4 /3:/ e.g. her 5 /3:/ e.g. four 6 /əʊ/ e.g. go
4 /3:/ e.g. her 5 /3:/ e.g. four 6 /au/ e.g. go
4/3:/ e.g. her 5/3:/ e.g. four 6/au/ e.g. gr
7/54 e.g.//ca/

Look at meanings 1-4 of get in the table. Then write the words below in the correct column.

1 become	2 arrive	3 buy	4 obtain
get hungry	get	get	get

to school hungry		a new	som	e help	
a present fo	r a friend	to work	a new	car	home
a glass of	water	a job	lost	tired	

LISTENING

3 A D 10.2 Listen to four people who survived in difficult situations. Match speakers 1-4 with places a)-d).

Speaker 1

a) jungle

Speaker 2

b) mountain

Speaker 3 Speaker 4 c) desert

d) sea

Listen again and circle the correct options.

- 1 Speaker 1 ____
 - (a)) ate fish.
 - b) drank seawater.
 - c) was cold.
- 2 Speaker 1
 - a) got sunburnt.
 - b) got tired.
 - c) saw a lot of sharks.
- 3 Speaker 2
 - a) got cold.
 - b) walked all day.
 - c) got very thirsty.
- 4 Speaker 2
 - a) saw lots of insects.
 - b) had food with her.
 - c) sometimes took her shoes off.
- **5** Speaker 3
 - a) was on the mountain for three nights.
 - **b)** got lost because of the snow.
 - c) made a fire.
- 6 Speaker 3
 - a) slept on the ground.
 - b) got hungry.
 - c) stayed warm.
- **7** Speaker 4

 - a) got very hungry. **b)** got thirsty.
 - c) didn't get bored.
- 8 Speaker 4
 - a) had some food with her.
 - **b)** ate plants.
 - c) ate insects.

GRAMMAR

WILL, MIGHT (NOT), WON'T

4 Complete the sentences with will or won't and the verbs in the box.

8	et	be (x2)	miss	win	come	know	love
1	We	ear your c	oat or	you <u>'ll</u>	get	colo	
2	Do	you thin	k Brazi	l		_ the W	orld Cup?
3	lt's	very late	. I'm su	ire the	shop _		open.
4	١d	on't want	to go	to the	party! I		any
	pe	ople ther	e.				
5	Co	me on! W	/e		the	train.	
6	Re	ad this b	ook. I'm	sure	you		it.
7	Oh	no! I'm l	ate aga	in. Th	e boss _		hарру.
8	Yo	u can inv	ite Alaii	n, but	he		He
	do	esn't like	jazz m	usic.			

Underline the correct alternatives.

SURVIVE IN THE CITY

People always talk about survival in the jungle, at sea, etc., but I'll tell you a really dangerous place: the city! Here are my tips for survival.

- Don't drive. Traffic is usually terrible and you
 ¹might not/<u>'ll</u>/won't spend more time in your car
 than seeing the city.
- Ask people for help most people
 ²will/might/won't be happy to stop and
 help you.
- Don't stand in the street with a map in your hand and a camera around your neck. People ³will/ might not/won't know you're a tourist. That's not a problem, but someone ⁴will/might/might not come and take your money.
- Wear normal clothes, not expensive ones. With expensive clothes, people ⁵will/might not/won't think you've got lots of money and yes – they ⁶'ll/ might/won't take it away from you!
- Carry an umbrella. It often rains and with an umbrella you [?]'Il/might/won't get wet.
- Don't stay out too late or it 8'Il/might/might not be easy to find a bus or a taxi.
- Give waiters a good tip, maybe 10%. You
 9'll/might/might not go back to the same restaurant and the waiter 10 will/might not/won't forget you!

6	10.3	Listen and number each pair of sentences in
	the orde	er you hear them.

1	a)	You'll get cold.	
	b)	You get cold.	1
2	a)	We'll miss the train.	
	b)	We miss the train.	,
3	a)	I'm sure you'll hate it.	
	b)	I'm sure you hate it.	
4	a)	They'll know you're a tourist.	
	b)	They know you're a tourist.	
5	a)	I'll stay at home.	
	b)	I stay at home.	
6	a)	I'll never go out.	
	b)	I never go out.	

WRITING

TOO, ALSO, AS WELL

- Are too, also and as well in the correct place? Tick three correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.
 - 1 The bus is a good way to travel and the underground is too good./
 - 2 If you buy a travel card for the underground, you can also use it on the bus.
 - 3 You can ask shopkeepers for help they're very friendly and they'll know the city as well.
 - 4 It's generally a safe city, but it can be dangerous also to walk alone late at night in some areas.
 - **5** It isn't a good idea to carry a lot of money, and leave your expensive watch too at home.
 - **6** You can get delicious food in cafés and as well in street markets.
 - 7 Don't walk too far and also wear comfortable shoes – then you won't get tired.
 - **8** At night, taxis are as well convenient, but they're expensive.



Write a short text giving advice for a visitor to your town or city. Use too, also, as well and these phrases to help you. Write 80–100 words.

The ... is a good way to travel ...

It's a good idea to carry ...

You can ask ... for help, and you can ask ...

It can be dangerous to ...

ART AND CULTURE

Put the letters in the correct order to make words connected with art and culture. Then write them in the correct place in the crossword.

FILM
P
D
P
S
E
D
C
P

								2	,		
			3								
					4					e e	
			⁵ F	1	L	М					
6					7		\$ 5				
	8			3							
	(CA)										



FUNCTION

MAKING SUGGESTIONS

Complete the conversation with the words in the box. There are two extra words.

why sh have s	nall how don't about let's stay					
Tim:	Gordon, 1 why don't we do					
	something different this evening?					
Gordon:	I don't know. Have you got any					
	ideas?					
Tim:	How ² going to a concert?					
Gordon:	Hmmm That might be difficult.					
	We don't like the same music. You					
	like rock, I like hip hop.					
Tim:	Oh. That's true. 3 we					
	invite some friends over?					
Gordon:	I don't really feel like doing that.					
Tim:	OK then. Why ⁴ we					
	5 home and watch TV?					
Gordon:						
Tim:						
	Ridley Scott.					
Gordon:	Brilliant!					
	And ⁶ have popcorn, too.					
	Sounds good!					
dordon.	Journa's Room:					

LEARN TO

RESPOND TO SUGGESTIONS

3 A Correct the mistakes in suggestions 1-5 and responses a)-e).

	's	
1	Let \bigwedge go shopping.	е
2	How about go for a bike ride?	
3	Why don't we going to an art gallery?	
4	What about staying at home and cook something?	
5	Who about making spaghetti and meatballs?	
٠,	It's not for Looking at paintings is he	oringl

- a) It's not for. Looking at paintings is boring!
- b) I don't really feel like do that. I'm too tired.
- c) That a good idea. You make the meatballs, I can make the pasta.
- d) Brilliant! What we shall eat?
- **e)** That isn't very good idea. I haven't got much money.
- Match the suggestions with the responses in Exercise 3A.

) HEALTH

VOCABULARY

THE BODY; HEALTH

A Find twelve words for parts of the body in the puzzle.

_		_	_				_
N	М	0	Œ	L	В	0	W
0	Т	Н	U	М	В	1	V
S	L	Е	G	U	Т	М	В
Е	К	N	Е	Е	0	0	А
Р	Н	Е	А	D	Е	U	С
Е	Е	N	Е	С	К	Т	K
S	Т	0	М	Α	С	Н	С
W	Е	Н	Α	N	D	ı	N

B 11.1 Listen and repeat.

C Listen again and write the words in the correct column.

1 /e/ e.g. red	2 /æ/ e.g. happy
3 /i:/ e.g. meat	4 /อบ/ e.g. no
	elbow
5 / Δ / e.g. fun	6 /au/ e.g. now

Put the letters in the correct order to make health problems. Start with the underlined letter.

1	I've got a <u>cold</u> in bed today. (d <u>c</u>	, so I must stay lo)
2	My leg	(s <u>h</u> utr)
3	I've got a bad (chadeeha)	•
4	I've got a (rose trahot)	,
5	I've got a	(n <u>r</u> nuy os <u>n</u> e)
6	I've got awful (caha <u>s</u> tcehom)	
7	I've got a	(met <u>t</u> erupare)
8	I've got a	. (gucoh)

GRAMMAR

SHOULD/SHOULDN'T

Read the leaflet about travel health. Check any new words in your dictionary. Then complete the leaflet with should/shouldn't and the words in brackets.

TRAVEL HEALTH: BEFORE YOU GO	
We answer your FAQs (frequently asked questions) abhealth on holiday:	out
1Should I see (I/see) my doctor before I go on holiday?	
Yes, ² (you/speak) to your doctor your local travel centre about six weeks before you leave	
³ (I/get) any vaccinations?	
Your doctor or nurse can give you information or you can check on the internet. 4 (you/not have) a lot of vaccinations together, so start early.	n
What else ⁵ (I/do)?	
6(you/visit) your dentist as well,	
because dentists can be very expensive in other countri	
7 (you/take) a Traveller's First Aid	Kit
with sun cream, plasters and painkillers, but 8 (you/not open) these before yo	
travel. Officials at the airport might ask to check them.	u
but ¹⁰ (you/not drink) alcohol or coffee in the airport or on the plane, because they'll ma you feel worse.	
Complete the conversation with should/shouldn't and the in the box. Add the correct pronouns (I or you).	verbs
go (x2) watch sleep do (x2) change eat	
A: I'm going to fly to Japan soon and I'm worried about the difference, you know, getting tired after the journey.	
B: Oh yes, jet lag can be difficult. ¹ You should go to bed of for two or three nights before you travel.	early
A: What else ² ?	Alama,
B: When you're on the plane, ³ all the food bring, it's too much. And ⁴ your watch to Japanese local time.	
A: And ⁵ on the plane?	
B: Yes, you need to rest, so 6 all the movies stay awake the whole time. It's a long journey! What time you arrive?	or do
A: At two in the afternoon.	
B: You'll be very tired, but ⁷ to bed.	
8some exercise. It's a good idea to go for	or a
walk and then wait and sleep when it's dark.	

A: Thanks. That's good advice.

Walking - the perfect sport?

Forget about tennis, swimming, skiing and jogging. Walking is the easiest and cheapest way to stay fit. It's free, you don't need special clothes or equipment, you don't need a trainer or a special place. Anybody can do it any time: young people, older people, alone or in groups.

OK – perhaps it's not really a sport, but it is the most popular physical activity and one of the best ways to stay healthy. What are the benefits? Walking is good for your heart and your legs; regular walkers say they sleep better and feel happier; and smokers say they don't smoke so much.

Maybe you don't have very much time, so here are some ideas to help you start walkina:

● Walk, don't drive, to the local shop. If you have a lot to carry, take a small backpack.

• If you have children, walk with them to and from school.

Get off the bus or train a stop or two early. This will give you some extra daily exercise - and it's cheaper, too!

Take a walk in your lunch hour at school or work.

Once a week take a longer walk, and go on a completely new route; this helps to keep things interesting.

There are walkers' clubs all over the world. Join one – walking is a great way to meet people and make new friends!



READING

5	Read the article and number topics a)-d) in the order tha
	you read about them.

a) Why is walking better than other sports?	1
b) How can you find time for walking?	
c) Who can you walk with?	
d) Why is walking good for your health?	

Read the article again and tick the ideas it talks about.

- 1 Walking isn't expensive. 2 You have to wear good walking shoes. 3 Age isn't important.
- 5 You should go shopping on foot.

4 Walking is good for headaches.

- 6 Get up earlier in the morning, and do some extra exercise every day.
- 7 Take a different walk every week so you don't get bored.
- 8 You can meet people more easily when walking.

Find words 1-7 in the article. Then match them with definitions a)-g).

- 1 equipment -
- 2 a trainer
- 3 alone
- 4 physical
- 5 benefits
- 6 a backpack
- 7 a route

- a) with no other people
- **b)** a bag that you carry on your back
- c) connected to your body
- d) the things you use for an activity, e.g. a machine in the gym
- e) a way from one place to another
- f) good things
- g) a teacher

Cover the article and try to complete the sentences. Then look at the article and check your answers.

Mayb	e you	ı dor	i't ha	ave v	ery	much
time,	so h	ere a	ire s	ome	ide	as to
help v	vou s	tart	wall	kina:		

11	Walk, don't drive, ¹ shop. If you ² a small backpack.		
\1	If you ³ them t school.	children, walk o and ⁵	
\!	Get off the bus or t early. This will give exercise – and it's	you some extra da	ily !
1.	Take a walk 7school	your lunch h	our
\!	Once a week ⁹ and go on a complete helps to keep thing	letely new route; th	alk, iis
	re are walkers' club ld. Join one – walki people an	ng is a great way t	0

friends!

COMMUNICATION

1 A Complete the diagrams with the verbs in the box.

					have turn off	answer (x2)
	tart nish	\rightarrow	a con	ıversat	ion	
2		\rightarrow	a tex	t mess	age	
3		\rightarrow	name	es and	numbei	rs
4		\rightarrow	your	phone	(

B Complete the sentences with the verbs in Exercise 1A.

1	Sorry, I have to g conversation now			_ the
2	I'll yo			I get home.
3	I'm sorry, I don't terrible memory.		name –	I've got a
4	Please	your phone. Th	ie play i	s starting.
5	l can't	his text messag	ge now -	- I'm busy. I'll
	do it later.			
6	Good to see you		r	numbers so
	we can talk agair	soon.		
7	The two of you n	eed to	_ a conv	versation –
	you should talk a	bout this.		
8	Please	_your phone – i	t's ringir	ng, again!
	And tell your frie	nd that you are	in a me	eting and
	can't talk right n	ow!		
9	I always write it down.	_ my mobile nu	ımber. I	have to
10		ا منطع فريم مام بالم	مانمانه عامراه	
10	I didn't want to t	alk about this. I	aian t _	



12 When did you _____ this text message from

your phone now.

the conversation – you did.

11 The play's over – you can

Ewan? What does it say?

LISTENING

2 A 11.2 Listen to a radio programme about time management. Number the problems in the order you hear about them.

multi-tasking		-
forgetting things you have to do		
staying late to finish work		
doing what you like doing first		
starting work without planning	1	d
keeping two or three lists of things		
to do		

B Listen again and match the problems in Exercise 2A with solutions a)—f).

- a) Write a to-do list.
- b) Do one thing, then do another thing.
- c) Don't try to finish something if you are tired.
- d) Make time to plan your day and week.
- e) Make only one list.
- f) Put the important things at the top of your list.



Complete the guide for the radio programme with the words in the box. There are two extra words.

professor	multi-ta	sk	same	hour	use
time mana	gement	im	prove	make	

Working Week

with Patti Fry 5.30p.m.–6.30p.m.

In today's Working Week, Patti Fry talks to
¹ Professor Emma Fields and asks why some
people ² their time better than others.
She also asks how to ³ our time at work
by using different ⁴ techniques. Emma
gives us some useful ideas for working better.
One of them is: don't 5 – do one thing
first, then another. Doing two or more things at
the 6time isn't such a good idea.

GRAMMAR

ADVERBS OF MANNER

- Underline the correct alternative.
 - 1 A: Your mum drives really slow/slowly.
 - **B:** Yes, well you know that *slow/slowly* drivers don't have many accidents.
 - **2 A:** Jeff is quite *lazy/lazily* about doing tasks around the house.
 - **B:** That's true, he does them *lazy/lazily*, but he does them in the end!
 - **3 A:** The teacher talks very *quiet/quietly*.
 - **B:** Yes, and the students aren't *quiet/quietly*, so it's difficult to hear.
 - **4 A:** I found the shop *easy/easily*, thanks to your clear directions.
 - B: Well, in fact, it's rather easy/easily to find.
 - **5 A:** Our team played *bad/badly* and we lost the match.
 - **B:** That's surprising, I thought the other team was *bad/badly*.
 - **6 A:** You're so *energetic/energetically* when you get up in the morning. How do you do it?
 - **B:** I read somewhere that if you get up energetic/energetically, you'll feel good all day.
 - **7** A: You came in rather *noisy/noisily* last night.
 - B: Sorry, I didn't mean to be so noisy/noisily.
 - **8** A: This exercise isn't very hard/hardly.
 - **B:** No? Well, work *hard/hardly* to the end because the second part is difficult.
- 4 A Complete the sentences with adverbs formed from the adjectives in brackets.

1	You have to drive <u>carefully</u> (careful) and <u></u>
	(safe). You can't drive (dangerous) or
	(fast).
2	You have to work very (hard) and often
	very (late) at night but you get long
	summer holidays. You don't have to speak
	(loud), but it helps.
3	You should eat (healthy) and go to bed
	(early). You don't have to walk or run
	(fast), but you have to see (clear)
4	You don't have to read music (perfect),
	but it helps. You have to sing (good), bu

B What jobs are the sentences in Exercise 4A about? Underline the correct alternative.

you don't have to sing _____ (loud).

- 1 a bus driver / a racing driver
- 2 a teacher / a politician
- 3 a footballer / a golfer
- 4 a jazz singer / an opera singer

Complete the adjectives and adverbs in the conversations
--

Conversation 1
A: Are you OK?
B: No, I don't feel very we <u>ll</u> . Can I lie down
somewhere?
A: Yes, over here.
B: I'm really tir I slept terri last
night.
Conversation 2
A: This room's very comf
B: Yes, but it's quite noi I can hear the
people downstairs.
A: Well, we don't have to stay here all evening. I'm
hun
B: Yes, we can eat che in the café tonight
and then we can go to that exp Italian
restaurant tomorrow.
Conversation 3
A: I sing very ba
B: No, you don't. You sing beau

WRITING

ADVERBS IN STORIES

A	Write t	ne adverbs.			
1	slow	slowly	4	nervous	
2	quick		5	careful	
3	angry				

B Complete the joke with the adverbs from Exercise 6A.

A: Thank you. That's ki_____ of you.

A man walked **_nervously_ into the dentist's office.
The dentist looked ² at the man's teeth
and then said, 'I have to take one tooth out. I can
do it ³ – it'll only take five minutes and
it'll cost \$100.'
'A hundred dollars for five minutes' work!' the man
said 4 'That's too expensive!'
'Well,' answered the dentist, 'I can do it 5
if you want!'
nd C 3 M



VERBS OF MOVEMENT

Complete the conversations with the verbs in the box.

		drop pick up	lift	stand	cross	push
1	A:	I'll take t	hese	dishes.		
	B:	Don't			f them. \	You'll
2	A:	Don't crossing		the r		v – the
	B:	Sorry, I d	lidn't	look.		
3	A:	And then	n my	car just s	stopped	
	B:	So what	did y	ou do?		
	A:	Lee help	ed m	e to		it – and a
		couple o	f min	utes late	er, it sta	rted again.
4	A:	Don't wo	rry, ľ	ll be OK.	Oh, no!	
	B:	What's tl	ne ma	atter?		
						it!
	B:	I can		it		for you.
5	A:				e sun fo	r too long.
		You'll get sunburnt.				
	B:	Twenty minutes is not too long – I'll be				
		fine.				
6	A:	Hi, Jenny	. It's r	ne.		
	B:	Hi, Frank	. Whe	ere are y	ou?	
	A:	I'm on th	ie tra	in. It's re	ally crov	vded, so I

FUNCTION

OFFERING TO HELP

have to

- A Put 1-4 and a)-d) in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1 my/problem/MP3/there's/a/player/ with There's a problem with my MP3 player.

2 favourite / was / that / my / vase

- 3 tired / really / I'm
- a) coffee / let / you / a / make / me
- b) look / me / let

4 in / cold / here / it's

- c) you / I'll / buy / one / another
- d) I / window / shall / close / the
- B Match sentences 1-4 in Exercise 2A with offers a)-d).

Read Jim's 'To do' list. Then complete the conversation.

TO DO

- phone Noriko in Tokyo
- email Moscow office
- get flowers for Ellie send them to hospital
- meet Anne at airport (5.30)

Ruth:	Are you OK, Jim?				
Jim:	No. I have to meet Anne at 5.30 and look at this list!				
Ruth:	1 <u>Let</u> me <u>help</u> . I'm not busy at the moment.				
Jim:	Oh, can you? Thanks!				
Ruth:	No problem. ² I	Noriko?			
Jim:	Yes, please.				
Ruth:	And then I ³	the Moscow office.			
	Can you tell them I'll phon				
Ruth:	OK. And I ⁴	some flowers for Ellie.			
	I'm going to the hospital to	o see her tonight anyway.			
Jim:	Fantastic! 5 me _	you the money.			
Ruth:	: It's OK. Give it to me tomorrow.				
Jim:	Thanks a lot. I ⁶	the same for you			
	any time!				

B D 11.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the offers of help.

LEARN TO

THANK SOMEONE

- Circle the correct option.
 - 1 A: Are you OK? Let me carry that.
 - B: a) Yes.
- b) No problem.
- (c))Thanks a lot.
- 2 A: Shall I speak to Mr Chen for you?
 - B: a) That's kind of you. b) You're welcome. c) It's a problem.
- 3 A: I'll drive you home.
 - B: a) You're welcome. b) Shall I do it?
 - c) Thanks. I'm very grateful.
- 4 A: Thank you very much.
 - B: a) Yes.
- b) You're welcome. c) Your welcome.
- 5 A: Is this seat free?
 - B: Sure.
 - A: a) Thanks a lot.
- b) No problem.
- c) You're welcome.

- 6 A: I'll buy lunch.
 - B: a) Really? Please.
- b) Really? Sure.
- c) Really? Thanks.

EXPERIENCES

- 1 A Underline the correct alternative.
 - 1 I'm very excited. I'm going to do/be in a play.
 - **2** Look, we can *ride/drive* an elephant on a forest tour on Wednesday.
 - 3 Let's climb/do Mount Bromo it's a live volcano.
 - 4 Are you really going to make/do the bungee jump?
 - **5** Harry *met/saw* his new friend Ali on a train journey across Pakistan.
 - **6** On Saturdays we *go to/play* a rugby match we love watching sport.
 - 7 Sleeping/Meeting outside? No, thank you camping's not for me!
 - **8** Come on, let's sit over there and *look/watch* the sun rise.
 - B 12.1 Listen and write the phrases in the correct column for each stress pattern.

1 000	2 0000
	be in a play
3 0000	4 00000

Listen again and repeat.

WINC

LINKERS REVIEW

2 Complete the email with the words in the box.

so but and then because too or first finally as well

1							
	Dear Mum and Dad,						
	We're having a great time. There's lots of snow, $\frac{1}{50}$ skiing down the mountain is perfect. The ski slopes are near $\frac{2}{50}$ you can go iceskating $\frac{3}{50}$. The hotel's beautiful – a little noisy $\frac{4}{50}$ there's a big group staying here, $\frac{5}{50}$ it's a lovely old building in the centre of the village.						
	There are some famous people here. 6, Karen met Justin Davies (he's a pop star, Mum!) at breakfast and 7 I saw Emma Bower, the pianist, on the ski slope. 8, in the evening we did karaoke with Ercol Blonde, the rock star from the 80s!						
	The food's great 9 – really tasty! Speaking of food, it's dinner in five minutes, so I must go now. I hope you're all OK. I'll call 10 email you again tomorrow!						
	Love, Janis						

GRAMMAR

PRESENT PERFECT

Write the past participle of the verbs.

1	be _	been	6	ride	
2	climb _		7	drink	
3	do _		8	play	
4	travel _		9	meet	
5	have		10	fly	

4 A Look at the table and complete the sentences.
Use the present perfect form of the verbs.

	Ethan	Amy	Tom and Lily
go to South America	1	Х	/
see Red Square	Х	1	1
eat Mexican food	Х	1	Х
visit the Louvre gallery in Paris	×	×	1
swim in the Black Sea	1	Х	X

1	Ethan <u>has been</u>	_ to South America.
2	Amy	to South America.
3	Tom and Lily	Red Square.
4	Ethan	Red Square.
5	Amy	Mexican food.
6	Tom and Lily	Mexican food.
7	Tom and Lily Paris.	the Louvre gallery in
8	Amy	in the Black Sea.

B Complete the questions. Use the present perfect form of the verbs.

1	Has	_Ethan _	swum	_ in the Black Sea?
2		Ethan a	nd Amy	the Louvre
	gallery in			
3	¥r.	Lily	1	1exican food?
4	<u>v</u>	_Amy		Red Square?
5				to South
	America?			
6		Tom		in the Black Sea?
Ex	ercise 4B.			estions 1–6 in
	Yes, he has	5.		
2	17			
3				
4				
5	-			
6				

READING

5 A Read Jim's travel blog and write the correct day under each picture.

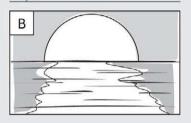
Day 1

going there tonight!

and walked up to the Parthenon - amazing!



Day 1



Day 2

Back to Athens again and this time we found a restaurant in the Plaka area. We've eaten Greek food many times back in New Zealand, but this is real Greek food! This is the first time in my life that I've tried octopus and it was delicious!

We arrived in Piraeus early this morning. Liz has never seen the Parthenon. I've been to Athens once before, so I'm going to be her tour guide. We're

In the afternoon, we went by train from Piraeus into the city of Athens,



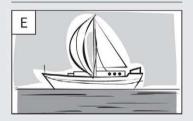
Day 3

We stayed overnight in Athens and then took a bus down to Cape Sounion in the afternoon to visit the Temple of Poseidon. We've seen many sunsets in our lives, but this was the most beautiful – the sun going down into the Aegean Sea.



Day 4

We left Piraeus early this morning and sailed for twenty hours to the island of Santorini. We arrived in the old port late in the evening. Tomorrow morning we're going up to the village – by donkey! I've ridden horses, camels, and elephants but I've never ridden a donkey!



Day 5

Donkey disaster! I'm writing this from a hospital bed in Athens. We started our donkey ride this morning and I made a big mistake: I walked behind the donkey and it kicked me in the stomach! There was no hospital on the island, so they took me by helicopter to Athens. I've broken three bones ... and I still haven't ridden a donkey. But I have flown in a helicopter!

B Read the blog again. Are the sentences true	(T) or
false (F)?	
1 Jim and Liz walked from Piraeus to Athens.	F
2 Jim hasn't eaten Greek food before.	
3 Jim liked the octopus.	
4 They watched the sunrise near the Temple of Poseidon.	
5 Jim and Liz travelled to Santorini by boat.	
6 Jim enjoyed riding the donkey.	
7 Jim flew back to Athens.	
8 Now he's back home in New Zealand.	
Correct the false sentences.	
Jim and Liz went to Athens by train.	
	1

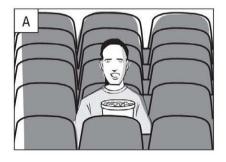
Ĵ	A Imagine it's before the holiday. Read the blog
	again and write short answers to the questions.

1	Has Liz ever seen the Parthenon?	No, she hasn't.
2	Has Jim ever been to Athens?	<u></u>
3	Has Jim ever eaten octopus?	
4	Have Jim and Liz ever seen a sunset?	<u> </u>
5	Has Jim ever ridden a donkey?	
	Now imagine it's after the holiday. uestions in Exercise 6A again and waswers.	
1	Yes, she has.	
2		
3		
4		
5		

LISTENING

1 A Match activities 1–8 with pictures A–H.

- **1** go on a roller coaster ____B__
- 2 get lost
- 3 be on TV
- 4 sing in a karaoke club
- **5** go to the cinema alone
- **6** fly in a helicopter
- 7 swim in a lake
- 8 drive in bad weather





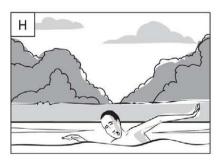












B Complete the quiz with the past participle of the verbs in brackets.



C ▶ 12.2 Listen to four conversations. Which situations from Exercise 1B do the people talk about?

_____ in really bad weather?

Conversation 1	6
Conversation 2	
Conversation 3	
Conversation 4	

(drive)

Listen again. Write when the person did the activity.

Conversation 1	five years ago
Conversation 2	
Conversation 3	
Conversation 4	

GRAMMAR

PRESENT PERFECT AND PAST SIMPLE

Underline the correct alternatives.

Conversation 1

- **A:** ¹Did you ever fly/<u>Have you ever flown</u> in a helicopter?
- **B:** No, I ²didn't/haven't. ³Did/Have you?
- **A:** Yes, I *did/have. Just once, when I *went/'ve been helicopter skiing, five years ago.

Conversation 2

- **A:** ⁶Have you ever sung/Did you ever sing in a karaoke bar?
- **B:** No, but I ⁷sang/'ve sung at a party. It ⁸was/'s been last year sometime. No, two years ago. At a birthday party.
- **A:** What ⁹did you sing/have you sung?
- **B:** I can't remember ... Oh, yes I did it my way.

Conversation 3

- **A:** ¹⁰Did you ever drive/Have you ever driven in really bad weather?
- **B:** Yes. I ¹¹drove/'ve driven up to Scotland to visit my grandparents in 2007, and it just ¹²snowed/has snowed non-stop.
- Complete the conversations with the present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Conversation 1

A:	Have you ever naden	_ (you / ever /	
	ride) a horse?		
B:	Yes, I have. I 2		
	(ride) one in Argentina last year.		
Α:	3	_ (you / like) it?	
B:	Yes, it ⁴	(be) fun,	
	but the horse 5		
	(not go) very fast.		

Conversation 2

- A: Does Emilio go everywhere by motorbike?
- **B:** Yes, he does.
- A: 6_____ (he / ever / hurt) himself?
- **B:** Yes, he ⁷ (break) his arm twice.
- A: Really? How ⁸______(he / do) that?
- B: Both times the weather

9	(be) bad and
he 10	(fall) off
the bike.	

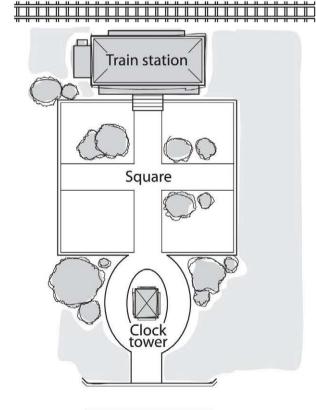
VOCABULARY

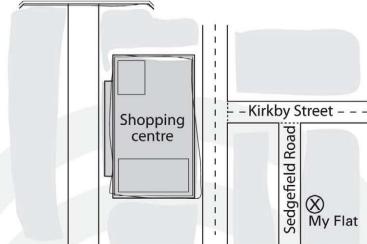
PREPOSITIONS

4 Look at the map and complete the directions with the prepositions in the box.

through (x2) down up under towards away from across over into

Get off the train and walk ¹ <u>through</u> the station and ² <u></u>				
the steps. There's a big square in front of the station with a clock				
tower on the other side. Walk	the square ⁴			
the clock tower. Walk past the clock tower and go straight on until				
you see a bridge going ⁵	the road. Walk ⁶ the			
bridge and soon you'll see a shopping centre on your left. It's called				
WhiteWays. Walk ⁷ t	he shopping centre and at the other			
side you'll come out in Kirkby Street. Walk along Kirkby Street				
8 the shopping cent	re. Then turn right into Sedgefield			
Road. My flat is in number thirty-five. The door's usually open so				
just come ⁹ the hall.	Walk ¹⁰ the stairs to the			
first floor. My door is the blue one.				





VOCABULARY

TELEPHONING EXPRESSIONS

1	Complete Susie's answerphone messages with verbs
	in the correct form.

- **1** This is Lisa from the health clinic. I left a message on your answerphone yesterday. Can you p the clinic, please?
- 2 Hi, Susie. It's Meg. Can you r____ me back? I'm at home this evening.
- 3 Hi. It's me, Bernie. Did you t_____ a message for me last night from Simon?
- **4** Hello. This is Sports Mad. Can you c____ us, please? There's a problem with your trainers.
- **5** Hi, Susie. It's Fallon. I got your message and I'm ph you back.
- **6** Hi, it's me again. I know you're there! A_____ the phone!



FUNCTION

TELEPHONING

Find and correct mistakes in six of the sentences.
Tick the two correct sentences.

hei

- 1 Just ask she to call me.
- 2 Could you say me the number?
- 3 OK, I ring you back.
- 4 Could I leave a message to her?
- 5 Let me check that.
- 6 Hi, Frank. I'm Sally.
- 7 Good morning. Could I chat to Mr Suriano, please?
- 8 Just a moment.

	Write telephone conversations using the prompts.						
	nversation 1 could / ring / me / back, please?						
B:	Of course. / can / you / give / number?						
A:	yes, / it / 0141 6493861						
B:	let / check / that. / 0141 6493861						
A:	that / right						
Co	nversation 2						
A:	Hi, Xavier. This / Bea						
	Hi, Xavier. This is Bea.						
B:	Hi, Bea. How / you?						
A:	I / OK. Michelle / there?						
B:	Yes, but she / sleep						
A:	I / leave / message / her?						
B:	Of course.						
A:	just ask / to call / me						
B:	OK. Bye.						
Co	nversation 3						
A:	Hello. / I / speak / the manager, please?						
	just / moment. I / sorry, he / busy / moment. / call / back later?						
A:	it / very important						
B:	I / take / message?						
A:	no thanks / I / phone back later						

LEARN TO

SAY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

- 4 A Write the telephone numbers in words. Put a comma between number groups.
 - 1 3234996 three two three, four double nine six
 - **2** 6882975
 - **3** 0757281 _____
 - **4** 6232889
 - **5** 9897766 __
 - **6** 0870 5338992
 - B 12.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

GRAMMAR VERB FORMS

1 A Complete the article with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the past simple, the present perfect, would like to or be going to.



Irish nurse Liz Johnson works with the international aid agency, Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF). She talked to us about her experiences.

'About seven years ago I 1saw	(see) a TV programme
about MSF and I 2	(decide) to work for them.
I ³ (join) MSF	three months later.'
'I love my work. I ⁴	(go) to a lot of different
places in the world and I 5	(meet) some
amazing people: doctors, nur	ses, helpers and patients.
In fact, four years ago in Sud-	an I ⁶ (meet)
my husband, Jacques, a Frenework together. I'm very proud	
Last week Liz and Jacques 7_	(return) to
France after six months work	in Haiti. What are their plans
for the future? 'We've got son	ne definite plans: Jacques
8 (speak) at a	big MSF meeting next week and
then we 9 (har	ve) a one-week holiday in Spain.
After that we aren't sure. Nex	ct, we ¹⁰ (open)
a hospital, but we don't know	w in which country.'

В	Put the words in the	correct	order to	make
au	estions for Liz.			

- 1 did / decide / you / for / when / to / MSF / work
 When did you decide to work for MSF
- 2 you / to / a / have / been / lot / different / of / countries
- 3 meet / you / husband / did / when / your
- 4 to / Jacques / going / week / where / speak / is / next ?
- 5 do/you/like/to/next/would/what

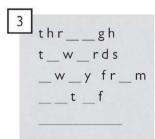
Now imagine you are Liz. Answer the questions.

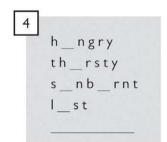
About seven years ago.

VOCABULARY REVISION

Andd vowels to the words in each group.







5	
۳	dr_w_ng
	c_nc_rt
	_xh_b_tn
	s t t

6	
٣	c_rry
	dr_p
	I_ft
	p_ck_p

7	
ப	shld_r
	kn
	f_ng_r
	lb w

■ Match headings a)–g) with groups 1–7 in Exercise 2A.

a) linkers	1
b) the body	<u> </u>
7 1 1 1	

- c) health
- d) art and culturee) prepositions of movement
- f) verbs of movement
 g) words that go with get

Add the words in the box to the groups in Exercise 2A. There are two extra words.

first	stung	conver	sation	into	runny	nose
dance	perform	ance	neck	text m	essage	push

GRAMMAR SHOULD/WILL/MIGHT

Read the text. Who has these problems? Daniel (D), Rebecca (R) or both (DR)?

L	wants t	to change	jobs
---	---------	-----------	------

- 2 works too much
- 3 lives unhealthily
- 4 doesn't have any friends
- **5** is bored with work
- 6 has money problems

life coaching*

Improve your life and reach your dreams ...

Read about two of our customers and how life coaching has helped them:

Daniel is a successful businessman, but he finds it difficult to make friends so at weekends he stays at home and spends a lot of time alone on his computer. On weekdays, he often stays in the office late. He's also overweight and says he's never done much exercise. He'd like to become healthier and go out and meet people, maybe find a girlfriend, but he doesn't know where to start.

Rebecca loves dancing and she teaches a dance class once a week. She works for an electronics company, but she doesn't like her job. She thinks it's boring and works long hours, but she needs the money because her rent is very high. She'd like to teach dance all the time, but she doesn't know how to start.

*coaching = training, teaching

B Read the life-coaching advice and underline the correct alternatives.



Daniel ¹should/'ll look for activities he can do with other people. He ²should/shouldn't join a club or group, for example a walking club or a cooking group because then he ³'ll/might meet people who enjoy the same things. When he's with other people he ⁴should/shouldn't ask them lots of questions and he ⁵should/shouldn't show interest in their answers. People love talking about themselves and they 6'll/won't think he's a great guy! Who knows? He 7'll/might find a girlfriend one day!



Rebecca *shouldn't/might not wait any more. She's in the wrong job. She *should/'ll contact the Association of Dance Teachers – she can find them on the internet and they *10 might/'ll give her advice about starting a new business. At the moment she *11 won't/shouldn't leave her job. The best thing is to work parttime, but her company *12 might/might not agree. She *13 should/shouldn't start teaching more classes – lots of people want to learn to dance and I'm sure she *14 won't/might not find it difficult to reach her dream.

VOCABULARY PLANS

4 Find twelve verb phrases for future plans in the puzzle.

W	Т	R	G	R	W	Υ	Н	T	Н
Н	0	V	Е	А	В	Н	1	Α	D
А	Ţ	(5	Т	А	Υ	Ĩ	Z	K	0
٧	U	G	М	٧	G	D	М	Е	S
Е	G	0	А	N	0	0	0	А	0
А	0	S	R	G	J	А	V	В	М
В	F	Н	R	G	0	С	Е	R	E
А	0	0	1	G	G	0	Н	Е	W
R	R	Р	Е	1	G	U	0	Α	0
В	А	Р	D	С	Ĩ	R	М	K	R
Е	W	1	L	R	N	S	Е	٧	К
С	А	N	А	Z	G	Е	В	Е	Т
U	L	G	Е	Т	А	J	0	В	В
Е	K	Q	S	С	K	Χ	L	L	Х
G	0	F	0	R	А	М	Е	Α	L

FUNCTION TELEPHONING, OFFERING AND SUGGESTING

5 A Complete the poem.

'Could I ¹speak	to Susie Dee?'
'She's not at 2h	She's back at three.
Could you ³ p	her back tonight?'
ʻI'll ⁴ l a	message. Is that all right?'
'Just a ⁵m	, I need a pen.'
'She's got my ⁶ n_	My name's Ben.'
′ ⁷ L me	check – your name is Jack?'
'Oh, never mind -	· I'll ⁸ c her back.'
'Well, hello Susie!	How are you?'
'I'm fine. What 9w	you like to do?'
'Why 10d	we meet and have a chat?'
'I don't really 11f_	like doing that.'
'Then how 12a	a walk together?'
′¹³Sgod	od. Let me check the weather.
It's going to rain -	- that's not ideal.'
'So 15ls	tay in and cook a meal!'

B R4.1 Listen and check.

CHECK

Circ	cle the correct option to complete the sentences.	16	He jumped out of
	You dance		a) a helicopter b) a bridge c) an elephant
-	a) beautiful b) good c) well	17	It's not easy for me to a conversation
2	A: It's Estelle's birthday on Saturday.		in Spanish.
_	B: Yes, her a camera. I ordered it		a) make b) have c) do
	last week.	18	I always carry lots of water with me so I don't get
	a) I'm going to give b) I'd like to give c) I give		
,			a) dry b) thirsty c) hungry
3	A: Should I tell Felipe?	19	Sorry, I can't talk at the moment. Can I
	B:		in half an hour?
	a) Yes, you should tell. b) No, you shouldn't.		a) leave a message b) take a message
	c) Yes, you shouldn't.		c) phone you back
4	Mack ran quickly Anya and said, 'I'm	20	I love <i>The Great Gatsby</i> . I it about
	so happy to see you!'	0	ten times.
	a) away from b) towards c) across		a) saw b) see c) 've seen
5	Jan to Germany.	21	My hurts.
	a) never has been b) was never c) has never		a) shoulder b) flu c) temperature
	been	22	
6	I've got	22	You have to go passport control and security.
	a) the headache b) a cough c) my sore throat		a) out of b) through c) into
7	Have you ever in a lake?	22	
	a) swim b) swam c) swum	23	He drove through the city.
8	A: Oh, no! A snake!		a) fastly b) slow c) fast
	B: Don't be afraid. I'm sure it you.	24	A: What shall we do tonight?
	a) won't hurt b) 'll hurt c) might not		B: stay in and watch a DVD.
9	Hi, Fabio. Is Luigi there?		a) Let's b) Why we don't c) How about
1,50	a) I'm b) this is c) is this	25	A: Did Jake invite you to his wedding?
10	A: I feel worse today.		B: Yes, but I go because it's in Canada
	B: You		and it's very expensive to fly there.
	a) should to go home b) shouldn't go to bed		a) might b) might not c) 'll
	c) should go to bed	26	that for you?
11			a) Let me carry b) Shall I carry c) I'll carry
11	A: Where in Malta?	27	Have you ever been to China?
	B: At the Carlton Hotel.		a) No, I haven't. b) Yes, I have been to.
	a) you're going to stay b) are you going to stay		c) Yes, I have gone.
	c) you would like to stay	28	We get married!
12	They yesterday.		a) going to b) 're going to c) 're going
	a) 've been fishing b) 've gone fishing	29	I hurt my yesterday and I can't walk.
	c) went fishing		a) thumb b) finger c) toe
13	Peter's very today.	30	I around the world.
	a) seriously b) quiet c) noisily	50	a) 'd like to travel b) 'm like to travel
14	We a great barbecue – about twenty		c) like travel
	people came.		a) the truver
	a) went b) had c) got		(37)
15	A: Tom Grady has got a temperature and he	RES	ULT /30
	says his arms and legs hurt.		
	B: I'll phone his mother. I think he's got flu.		
	a) also b) too c) as well		

UNIT 1 Recording 1

- 1 German, Russian, Mexican, Canadian
- 2 Polish, Spanish, Scottish
- 3 Portuguese, Chinese, Japanese
- 4 Greek, Thai

UNIT 1 Recording 2

keys

mobile phone

passport

sunglasses

sweater

diary

magazine

laptop

newspaper

watch

ticket

...

camera

UNIT 1 Recording 3

I = Interviewer P = Passenger

- I: Hello and welcome to *The Travel Programme*. We're at Heathrow Airport in London to ask people about their bags. What's in their hand luggage?
- I: Excuse me, sir. Do you have a moment?
- P1: Oh, er, yes. OK.
- **I:** Can I ask you a couple of questions? First of all, where are you from?
- P1: I'm from Germany.
- **I:** And are you here on business or are you a tourist?
- P1: I'm here on business.
- I: And can I ask you what's in your bag?
- P1: In my bag? Um, let's see. It's a small bag, so not very much. My passport and plane ticket, my mobile phone and ... let's see ... yes, and keys. That's all.
- I: Thank you very much.
- •••
- **I:** Excuse me, can I ask you a couple of questions? It's for the radio.
- P2: The radio? Oh, OK.
- I: Right. Where are you from?
- P2: I'm American.
- **I:** And are you here on business?
- P2: No, no, I'm just a tourist.
- I: And can I ask you what's in your bag today?
- **P2:** That's a strange question! OK, er, a camera, a newspaper from home from L.A. my sunglasses, my MP3 player and earphones ... Um, that's it.
- I: And your passport?
- **P2:** It's here in my pocket. My passport, credit cards and money are never in my bag.
- I: Thanks very much.

- I: Excuse me, where are you from?
- P3: I'm French. Why?
- I: It's for a radio programme. Are you here on business?
- P3: Yes, yes, on business.
- I: And what's in your bag?
- **P3:** My bag? Oh, OK. My mobile, my laptop, a magazine, sunglasses, my passport and ticket, and my diary. That's it.
- I: Thank you.

UNIT 1 Recording 4

- 1 These glasses are mine.
- 2 These keys are yours.
- 3 That bag is Jack's.
- 4 Those pencils are mine.
- 5 This mobile phone is Anita's.
- 6 That magazine is yours.

UNIT 1 Recording 5

- 1 Could I have one of those postcards, please?
- 2 Can I have a return ticket to Paris, please?
- 3 Can I have a cheese sandwich, please?
- 4 Could I have a tea and a coffee, please?
- 5 Can I have those sunglasses, please?

UNIT 1 Recording 6

- 1 A: How much is a coffee cake, please?
 - B: It's two euros.
- 2 A: Could I have a return to Sydney, please?
 - B: That's ten fifty.
- 3 A: Is that a cheese sandwich?
 - B: No, it's a chicken sandwich.
- 4 A: That's eight euros, please.
 - B: Ah, I only have six euros.

UNIT 1 Recording 7

- A: Hello.
- **B:** Hello. Can I have a tomato salad and a mineral water, please?
- **A:** That's two euros for the salad and one euro for the mineral water.
- B: Thanks.
- A: Anything else?
- B: Er, how much is an ice cream?
- A: One euro fifty cents.
- B: OK. Can I have an ice cream, too?
- C: Hi. How much are the sandwiches?
- A: Which ones?
- **C:** The egg and the chicken.
- **A:** The egg is two euros seventy cents and the chicken is three fifty.
- C: And a cheese sandwich?
- A: That's two twenty.
- **C:** OK. Can I have two cheese sandwiches and a chicken sandwich, please?

- A: Anything to drink?
- C: Er ... yes, three coffees, please.
- A: Three coffees at one fifty each. OK, so, that's four forty for the cheese sandwiches, three fifty for the chicken sandwich, and another four fifty for the coffees. That's twelve euros and forty cents altogether.
- C: Here you are.

UNIT 2 Recording 1

game

newspaper

sport

magazine

coffee

cinema exercise

MP3 player

DVD

TV

nothing

film tennis

pasta

fun

UNIT 2 Recording 2

- A: Can I help you?
- **B:** Yes, hi. I'm interested in one of your courses.
- A: OK. Which course do you want to do?
- B: Er, I don't know. Can you help me?
- A: Sure. Well, do you like music?
- **B:** Yes, I do. I listen to music a lot at home, and ... I sing in the car sometimes.
- A: Then maybe Singing for fun? The class is on Monday and Thursday evenings from six-thirty till eight-thirty at the music school.
- **B:** And what do they do in the classes?
- A: Well, the teachers play the guitar and the students er, sing – old songs, new songs. They, er ...
- **B:** I'm not sure. No, I don't think that's good for me.
- A: OK. Let's see ... Do you take photos?
- B: Well, I take them on holiday.
- A: Because the Digital photography course is on Saturday mornings from nine to twelve at the high school.

 A good time if you work Monday to Friday. You study how to take good photos. The teacher is a photographer.
- **B:** Hmm ... no, no, I don't like photography much.
- A: Well, do you like dancing? There's a salsa group Salsa for beginners. They meet at the dance club on Tuesdays and Thursdays from seven to nine and practise salsa dancing. I know that at the weekend they meet and go to dance clubs.

AUDIO SCRIPTS

- B: Oh, no. I don't dance.
- A: Hmm. OK. Where do you work?
- B: At a bank.
- A: And do you sit at your desk a lot?
- B: Yes, all day. I don't do much exercise.
- A: Yes, me too. I'm here all day on the computer, but I do Office yoga.
- **B:** What do you do in an Office yoga class?
- A: Oh, it's great! We meet here at Union County on Mondays and Wednesdays from seven thirty to nine. We learn exercises that you do at your desk stretching and relaxing exercises.
- **B:** Yeah. That's good. Er, yes ... OK, OK. Office yoga. How much is it? And when are the classes ...

UNIT 2 Recording 3

- 1 /s/: sleeps, drinks, eats, gets
- 2 /z/: plays, drives, studies, knows, leaves
- 3 /IZ/: relaxes, washes, practises

UNIT 2 Recording 4

- 1 What time does the train leave?
- 2 When does the train arrive?
- 3 What time does the tour start?
- 4 When does the tour finish?
- 5 Where does the tour start from?
- 6 How much does the tour cost?
- 7 What time does the bank open?
- 8 When does the bank close?

UNIT 2 Recording 5

- 1
- A: Hello, National Rail. Can I help you?
- **B:** Yes, I want to go from London to Cambridge this morning. What time does the next train leave?
- **A:** There's one at 10.52, getting into Cambridge at 11.54.
- **B:** Sorry, could you speak more slowly please? What time does it leave?
- A: 10.52.
- **B:** 10.52. That's soon. Er, what time's the next train after that?
- A: The next one leaves at 11.15.
- B: And when does it arrive in Cambridge?
- A: At 12.10.
- B: 12.10. Great. Thank you.
- 2
- A: Hello.
- B: Hello, can I help you?
- A: Yes, can you tell me about the Bangkok Temple Tour?
- B: OK.
- A: Er, what time does it start?
- B: It starts at 7a.m.
- A: 7a.m! That's early. When does it finish?
- B: Lunchtime. At about 1 o'clock.
- A: OK. And where does it start from?

- **B:** Oh, it starts and ends at the Wat Phra Kaew.
- A: Excuse me, the Wat Phra ... Er, could you spell that?
- B: Sure. W-A-T P-H-R-A K-A-E-W.
- A: Thanks.
- B: Would you like to book the tour?
- A: How much does it cost?
- B: Six hundred and fifty baht.
- **A:** How much is that in euros?
- B: Fourteen euros.
- A: OK, yes, please.
- 3
- A: Hello, National Bank. Can I help you?
- **B:** Yes, just a question about your opening hours. What time do you open on Monday?
- A: We open at 9.30 on Monday to Friday.
- B: Sorry, could you repeat that? Nine ...?
- A: Half past nine.
- B: And what time do you close?
- A: At four.
- B: Are you open on Saturdays?
- A: Yes, from 10a.m.
- B: And what time do you close?
- A: At 1p.m.
- B: OK, thank you.

UNIT 3 Recording 1

- 1 sister, mother
- 2 cousin, uncle
- 3 wife, niece
- 4 aunt, father
- 5 son, husband6 grandfather, parents
- 7 daughter, brother
- 8 nephew, friend

UNIT 3 Recording 2

M = Meg D = David

- M: OK, Tom. Nice to talk to you. Bye!
- D: So who was that?
- M: My brother, Tom.
- **D:** Oh, have you got a lot of brothers and sisters?
- **M:** No, just one brother and one sister. Tom and Candy.
- D: Uh huh. Do you see them a lot?
- M: Well, Tom and I are very close. We often do things together go to the cinema, play tennis ... but I don't see Candy very often. She lives in Scotland and we aren't very close. How about you, David?
- D: I'm from a big family. I've got five brothers and a sister.
- M: Five! That's a lot of brothers!
- D: Yeah, but I don't see them often. Four of them live a long way away. Nick lives here in the city but we hardly ever meet.

- M: Why not?
- **D:** Well, he's quite serious and quiet and ... well, we like doing different things. He likes staying at home and reading and I ... I'm quite active and I like going out.
- M: Oh, I see. It's the same for me and Candy. She doesn't like going out and she isn't very talkative.
- D: That makes telephoning a bit difficult.
- M: Yeah. So what about your sister?
- **D:** Oh, Jenny and I, we're good friends. We're close. I talk to her a lot. She phones me every day for a chat usually about *her* problems.
- M: Yeah?
- **D:** Well, she's got a difficult family situation. Her husband hasn't got a job, they've got three children, no money you know.
- M: Oh. How old are the children?
- **D:** They're very young two, five and seven. All boys.
- M: Wow, three young kids and no money! That's hard.
- **D:** Yes, so we never talk about my life.
- **M:** So she doesn't know about your new job?
- D: No, she thinks I'm still a waiter!
- **M:** But you have this great job now! You have to tell her. She's your sister, she'll be happy.
- **D:** Maybe you're right. I don't know, I feel uncomfortable. Ah, that's my phone.
- M: Who is it?
- **D:** Oh, it's my sister! Hold on. Hi, Jenny. How are you?

UNIT 3 Recording 3

- 1 kind
- 2 funny, friendly, stupid, quiet, boring
- 3 unkind
- 4 talkative, serious, interesting
- 5 unfriendly
- 6 intelligent

REVIEW I Recording I

- 1 finish, sweater, camera, Poland, Irish, waiter
- 2 newspaper, hairdresser, listen to, credit card, Canada, Mexican
- 3 Colombia, umbrella, accountant, do nothing, adaptor, Korean
- 4 engineer, souvenir, go to bed, Vietnam, magazine, Portuguese

REVIEW 1 Recording 2

1

I don't like my mobile phone.
I often want to be alone.
But then my mobile phone, it rings.

I really do not like these things!

2

- **A:** What time does the train leave, please?
- B: At half past four. Here, take these.
- A: Two single tickets? Are they for me?
- **B:** Yes, for five euros they're not for free!

3

- A: Could I have a sandwich, please?
- B: Of course, what kind? Meat or cheese?
- A: Oh, I'm not sure, so can I please have one of those and one of these?

4

- A: Are you free at half past five?
- **B:** No, sorry, that's when my friends arrive.
- A: Then how about meeting at three?
- B: Sorry, I'm busy.
- A: When are you free?

REVIEW 1 Recording 3

R = Receptionist G = Guest

- R: Can I help you?
- G: Hello. My, er, wallet. I, er, ...
- **R:** Oh, you've lost your wallet? Where did you have it last?
- **G:** I'm sorry, I don't understand. Er, in the restaurant ... I, er, ...
- **R:** No problem. Let me see. What colour is it?
- G: Colour? Ah, it's, er, brown.
- **R:** And how much money is there in the wallet?
- **G:** Sorry. Could you speak more slowly, please?
- R: Erm ... how much money is in the wallet?
- **G:** Ah, a hundred dollars and, er, my credit card.
- R: OK, let me look. Is this yours?
- **G:** No, no. My wallet's a different brown. Oh, that's mine! Yes, in the box!
- **R:** OK, sir. Just a moment. I want to be sure that it's *your* wallet.
- G: Of course it's my wallet!
- **R:** Can you tell me anything that's in the wallet?
- G: Sorry, could you repeat that?
- R: What else is in the wallet?
- G: Oh, er, a photo of my wife.
- R: OK.
- G: And some money and a credit card.
- R: OK. This is yours.
- G: Thank you!
- R: Sorry, just a moment. I need to write some details for our records. Your name is ...?

- G: Moretti, Vincenzo Moretti.
- R: That's M-O-double R?
- G: No, one R and double T.
- **R:** M-O-R-E-T-T-I ... And your room number, Mr Moretti?
- G: 368.
- **R:** Have you got a mobile phone number?
- G: Yes, it's 03837 4025.
- R: ... 4125.
- G: No, 4025.
- R: OK, thank you. Please sign here.
- G: All right. Oh, what's the date?
- R: Today's the ninth of April.
- **G:** Ninth ... April ... OK, thank you very much!
- R: Mr. Moretti?
- G: Yes?
- R: Is this your keycard?
- G: Oh, ah yes! Thank you!

UNIT 4 Recording 1

- 1 Is there a living room?
- 2 There's a big kitchen.
- 3 Is there a television?
- 4 How many people are there?
- 5 There are two of us.
- 6 There's a large shopping centre.

UNIT 4 Recording 2

Here we are outside St Paul's Cathedral for our walking tour. On our way, we see the Museum of London, the Barbican Arts Centre, the Bank of England and the Monument to the Great Fire of London. Let's walk down St Martin's Le-Grand and to the Museum of London.

We're going into the Museum of London now – you can see very old jewellery from around 400 years ago here. Let's go in.

Next stop is the Barbican. We walk down London Wall and turn left at Wood Street. The Barbican is here – it's one of London's famous arts centres. You can see a play in the theatre or you can watch a film in the cinema.

Let's walk down Fore Street and turn right at Moorgate. Here you can find lots of supermarkets. You can buy food and also find restaurants for something to eat. Anyone hungry?

Let's go down Prince's Street now. On the left is Threadneedle Street. You can see the Old Lady of Threadneedle Street here – that's what we call the Bank of England. Now let's walk down King William Street to the Monument.

This is the Monument to the Great Fire of London. It's sixty-one metres high – you can climb to the top. At the top you can see all of London. There's also a post office just over there, so you can send your family and friends a postcard. OK, now let's ...

UNIT 5 Recording 1

- 1 milk, chicken
- 2 fish, garlic
- 3 salad, apple
- 4 pepper, cheese
- **5** onions, noodles
- 6 banana, grapes
- 7 lettuce, butter
- 8 juice, fruit

UNIT 5 Recording 2

I = Interviewer M = Mike

- I: Welcome to Twenty-four Seven, the programme about people and lifestyle. Today we're talking to Dr Mike McKay, who wrote the bestseller The Junk Food Lover's Diet. So Dr McKay, is it true that on your diet I can eat anything I want?
- M: Yes, that's right.
- **I:** I can eat junk food hamburgers, pizza, chocolate?
- **M:** It's all fine. You can eat anything you want and you'll lose weight.
- I: Well, can you explain that?
- M: It's very simple. You can eat anything, but you can't eat a lot. So go ahead, get a hamburger every week but don't eat the whole thing! Eat half of it.
- I: Oh, I see. So with chocolate, for example, how much is enough? I love chocolate milk!
- M: Well, one glass of chocolate milk a day is a lot. On the Junk Food Lover's Diet, you can drink three glasses a week –
- I: This sounds great! How about pizza? How much pizza is OK on the Junk Food Lover's Diet?
- **M:** For lunch, you can have one piece of pizza.
- I: Every day?
- M: Every day.
- I: I usually eat four or five!
- M: Well, you can't eat that much. One piece a day seven a week is enough! On the Junk Food Lover's Diet, you can eat anything, but not a lot of one thing.
- I: Is it OK to have pizza for dinner?
- **M:** Well, pizza is very rich, so have pizza at lunchtime and eat light foods for dinner.
- I: OK, how about biscuits?
- **M:** Well, one packet of biscuits every day you can't eat that, of course! But you can have two packets in a week.
- **I:** So Monday and Wednesday are biscuit days!
- M: Oh, OK!
- I: How much ice cream can I eat?
- M: One small bowl.
- I: One bowl a day? That's not bad!

AUDIO SCRIPTS

- **M:** One a *week*! You can have one *small* bowl of ice cream a week no more!
- I: And a diet cola?
- M: Or a regular cola.
- I: Really? Cola with sugar?
- M: Yup, but ...
- I: ... only one can a week!

UNIT 5 Recording 3

- 1 I'd like a hamburger with onion and tomato and some salad, please.
- 2 Could I have a chicken sandwich with corn on the cob? And some onions on the sandwich, please. And some fries.
- 3 Can I have a hamburger with lettuce and onion? And a salad too, please.

UNIT 5 Recording 4

- 1 a hamburger with onion and tomato
- 2 could I have a chicken sandwich
- 3 corn on the cob
- 4 onions on the sandwich
- 5 lettuce and onion
- 6 and a salad too, please

UNIT 6 Recording 1

the nineteenth of March, nineteen fifty-nine

October the thirtieth, nineteen ninety-five

the thirty-first of March, two thousand and two

January the sixth, eighteen oh five the thirteenth of October, nineteen fifty-seven

the twenty-first of May, nineteen ten January the twenty-sixth, two thousand and five

UNIT 6 Recording 2

/t/: worked, finished, stopped, helped

/d/: changed, loved, played, tried, enjoyed, travelled

/Id/: started, wanted, hated

UNIT 6 Recording 3

thought, met, spoke, grew, woke, taught, knew, drew, wrote, slept, left, bought

UNIT 6 Recording 4

- **P** = Philip **D** = Denise
- P: Well, we didn't have any children, so we adopted Zsilan seven years ago. We went to China and we met Zsilan there and we brought her home with us to Sydney. She was about two years old, but at first there was a problem.
- **D:** Yes, she was a very intelligent little girl, but at first she was also really quiet. She ate a lot, but she didn't talk much, so we didn't know what to do.

- P: Yes, she was very unhappy.
- **D:** So we went on the internet and we looked for other families with adopted Chinese children. And we found a website and ... well, we got a big surprise!
- **P:** Yes, we wrote about Zsilan on the website. We wrote about her birthday that it was on May the eighth ...
- **D:** And a woman in Melbourne wrote back to say that *her* daughter, also a Chinese girl, named Lin, had the same birthday!
- **P:** So we put a photo of Zsilan on the website and this other woman put up a photo of Lin, and ...
- **D:** Here are the photos. Look at them! The girls look exactly the same!
- P: Yes, so we started to think, 'Yes, maybe they are sisters; maybe they're twins. So we went to Melbourne with Zsilan and the two little girls met.
- **D:** It was amazing, from the first moment! They looked at each other with such love and then they laughed and played together all day.
- **P:** For the first time, I felt that Zsilan was really happy.
- **D:** We were sorry to leave. Zsilan and Lin never lived together but they visit each other a lot and they like the same things: dancing and swimming ...
- **P:** A year ago, we had tests. And it was true they *are* sisters! And with the same birthday, of course they're twins.
- **D:** When we told Zsilan that Lin really was her sister, she smiled and said, 'I *know* she's my sister.'

UNIT 6 Recording 5

- 1 A: What did you do on Saturday?
 - B: I had lunch with my grandparents.
 - A: That sounds nice.
- 2 A: Did you have a good day yesterday?
 - B: No, we went for a walk and it rained!
 - A: So what did you do?
- 3 A: Did you have a good weekend?
 - **B:** I wasn't very well, so I stayed in bed.
 - A: That sounds awful!
- 4 A: How was your weekend?
 - B: Fantastic, thanks!
 - A: Why, what did you do?
- **5 A:** Did you do anything special at the weekend?
 - B: No, we just stayed at home and relaxed.
 - A: That sounds lovely.

REVIEW 2 Recording I

- 1 The oranges are next to the bread.
- **2** The cheese is between the beans and the pasta.
- 3 The pasta is under the rice.
- 4 The apples are on the left of the oranges.
- 5 The grapes are behind the carrots.
- 6 The bread is above the grapes and carrots.
- 7 The apples are between the rice and the oranges.
- 8 The beans are on the left of the carrots.

UNIT 7 Recording 1

empty

noisy

cheap

boring

uncomfortable

slow

expensive

quiet

fast

comfortable

crowded

interesting

UNIT 7 Recording 2

Hello. It's 9.48a.m. on Monday the second of December. I'm Nick Young and I'm on the Trans-Siberian train. Welcome to my audio diary. First of all, some facts: the Trans-Siberian is the longest train journey in the world. It's nine thousand three hundred kilometres and takes seven days. So, this is day one. We left the city an hour ago and I'm here in my compartment. It's quite comfortable with two beds, one for me and one for Anton. Anton's from Sweden and he's very friendly. He doesn't speak much English, but that's not a problem.

. . .

Hi, Nick here. It's day three and we're in Siberia. Out of the window you can see snow and forests and small villages for kilometre after kilometre. It's beautiful. About every two hours the train stops at a small station and there are women selling bread, fish, fruit or vegetables. We often buy food for lunch or dinner. When we get back on the train, we chat and read and have more cups of tea. Then we have lunch and then dinner and then we go to bed. It's all very relaxing.

• • •

Hi there. This is my last audio diary on this journey. In one hour we get into Vladivostok station! Last night the Russian lady in the carriage next door had her fiftieth birthday party. It was crowded, but we had a good time! So what do I think about the Trans-Siberian train? Fantastic! And my best memories? Great dark forests, small Russian villages, and some good new friends. I really think this is the best journey of my life!

UNIT 7 Recording 3

- **1 A:** So, the park's between the cinema and the pharmacy.
 - **B:** No, it's behind the cinema and the pharmacy.
- 2 **A:** So, the supermarket's between the cinema and the pharmacy.
 - **B:** No, it's between the cinema and the post office.
- **A:** So, the cinema is the fourth building on the left.
 - **B:** No, it's the third building on the left.
- **4 A:** So, the café is the fourth building on the left.
 - **B:** No, it's the fourth building on the right.
- **5 A:** So, the post office is opposite the bank.
 - B: No, it's opposite the museum.
- **6 A:** So, the town hall is opposite the bank.
 - B: No, it's next to the bank.

UNIT 8 Recording 1

- 1 Hello? Oh hi, Rob. No, we're at the new exhibition at the National Gallery and we're looking at the Klimt paintings. Yeah, they're fantastic. OK, see you later.
- 2 Nellie, it's me, Russ. Hi, yeah, we're queuing to buy tickets for the concert. Do you want to come? I can get you a ticket. Two? Oh, who's your new friend? Right. See you soon.
- 3 Hi. Oh, look, I can't talk now we're just going into a concert. It's the Mozart. Yes, the *Requiem*. Sorry, I've got to go.
- 4 Hi, Felicity. Fine, thanks. Listen, do you want to have a coffee later? After the match maybe around four o'clock. Yeah, it's Nadal again he's amazing! Oh you're watching the match on TV? Right, see you at four.
- 5 Zsuzsa, I just had to call you. The new designs, they're fantastic – everything's black and white, you know. Kate's wearing white and Fabio's in all-black – black jeans, a black sweater and black jacket. OK, yeah, I'll take some pictures. Talk to you later.

UNIT 8 Recording 2

- 1 Are you looking for a film?
- 2 Is it an action film?
- 3 Is anyone famous in it?
- 4 Do you want to watch a film?
- 5 I haven't got a DVD player.
- 6 I've got it on my computer.

UNIT 8 Recording 3

- 1 Are you looking for a friend?
- 2 Is it an action film?
- 3 Is anyone famous in it?
- 4 Do you want to buy a DVD?
- 5 I haven't got a CD player.

UNIT 9 Recording 1

- 1 fast
- 2 healthy
- 3 dangerous
- 4 inconvenient
- 5 difficult
- 6 convenient
- 7 safe
- 8 easy
- 9 comfortable
- 10 polluting

UNIT 9 Recording 2

R = Reporter C = Carin

- R: We're in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, and we're talking to Carin van Buren. Carin's riding a kind of scooter with a motor. Carin, what is this, er, machine called?
- C: It's a balancing scooter.
- R: And do you ride it around the city?
- C: Yes, I use it to go to work. Before this year I went to work by bike or sometimes by bus. Then I saw a balancing scooter on the internet and thought, 'That looks good,' and I bought one!
- R: Is it difficult to ride?
- C: No, it's actually very easy.
- **R:** And how long does it take to learn to ride?
- **C:** It takes about two hours. Yes, it took me two hours.
- R: Can you ride it on the pavement here?
- **C:** No, you can't. You have to ride it on the road or you can use the bike paths.
- R: And how fast does it go?
- **C:** The maximum speed is twenty-five kilometres an hour but I usually go slower than that.
- R: Do you feel safe on it?
- **C:** Yeah yes, I do. I always wear a helmet. The scooter doesn't go very fast and it's easy to stop.
- **R:** And is it better than travelling by bus or bike?
- C: I think so. By bus it took about fortyfive minutes to go to work and now it takes me twenty minutes by scooter. And it's better than a bike because I'm not hot when I arrive at work.
- **R:** Where do you leave your scooter at work?
- **C:** I take it into my office and I leave it near my desk.

- R: Really?
- C: Yeah, it isn't a problem.
- R: Is it tiring to ride?
- **C:** Yes, it *is* quite tiring. You can't really relax.
- **R:** Is there anything else you don't like about the scooter?
- **C:** Sometimes people laugh at me and I feel quite stupid. Oh yes, and people often stop me and ask questions about it! I don't like that.

UNIT 9 Recording 3

- A: Oh, hi. I'm really sorry I'm late. I missed the train.
- B: Hmm ... I don't believe you.
- A: No, really. The traffic was terrible.
- B: And?
- A: And my car broke down.
- B: Your car, again?
- A: And I left my wallet at home.
- B: Ah, your wallet.
- **A:** And ... OK, I forgot about our meeting! I feel terrible about this.
- B: Well, don't worry about it.
- A: I'm so sorry.
- B: No, really, it's fine.
- A: I'm so, so ...
- **B:** That's OK! But don't let it happen again.

REVIEW 3 Recording 1

G = Greg J = Jurgen

- **G:** Hey, Jurgen. It's my wife's birthday tomorrow. Can you recommend a good restaurant?
- J: Well, what kind of food do you like?
- **G:** We both like Chinese food and, er, French food.
- J: There's a good restaurant called Bouchon in town. It serves French food.
- G: Do you think my wife would like it?
- **J:** Yes, I think so. It's quite romantic.
- **G:** Where is it?
- J: It's in a small street near the cinema.
- G: Can you tell me the way?
- J: From the cinema, you go down Hillside Road past the pharmacy and turn left.
- **G:** Left at the pharmacy. OK ...
- J: Then go straight on for about two hundred metres Bouchon is on the right. It isn't far.
- G: Great thanks!

٠.

- J: Hi, Greg. Did you find the restaurant?
- G: No!
- J: Oh? Why?
- **G:** Your directions were all wrong! You said to turn *left* at the pharmacy.
- J: Oh, no!
- **G:** And we did, but it took us completely the wrong way!

- J: Oh, no I'm so sorry. I always mix up left and right.
- G: Hm. My wife was really angry.
- J: I feel terrible about this.
- **G:** In the end we went home and ordered pizza!
- J: Oh, no!
- **G:** Ah, well. Maybe next year! Don't worry about it, really.

UNIT 10 Recording 1

hot, thirsty, warm, wet, lost, stung, cold, hungry

UNIT 10 Recording 2

- 1 Well, the most difficult thing was that there was so much water, but I was so thirsty. Food wasn't a big problem because I caught fish and ate them. Of course, I got sunburnt after the first day because I had nothing to put on my head. And I was afraid of sharks. Once I saw one, but it just swam around the raft for a few minutes and then it went away.
- 2 I felt very small and very tired. I walked all night, very slowly because of the sand, and I tried to stay cool in the daytime, but it was so hot. On the second day I found some water that was very lucky but then I wanted to walk more, not just stay by the water. I wanted to try to find my way back to the town. I had food with me, so I didn't get hungry just very thirsty. Once I saw a snake and I was afraid that one might go into my shoe, so I never took my shoes off.
- 3 There was snow everywhere, everything was white, and that's why I got lost I didn't see the path. I was up there only one night, but it was the longest night of my life. The most important thing was staying warm. I didn't have enough clothes with me, so I got terribly cold. I wanted to make a fire, but everything was wet. I slept on the ground and got colder. I didn't think about food I wasn't really hungry, but just so thirsty! It was difficult, very difficult.
- 4 There was water, so I didn't get thirsty. And I didn't get too hungry because I knew what kind of plants to eat. Of course, I got very lost I walked day and night but you know, you can never, ever get bored there. There are so many different types of plants and animals and insects it was beautiful. So yes, I felt tired and lost, but not bored.

UNIT 10 Recording 3

- You get cold.
 You'll get cold.
- 2 We'll miss the train. We miss the train.
- 3 I'm sure you'll hate it. I'm sure you hate it.
- 4 They know you're a tourist. They'll know you're a tourist.
- 5 I stay at home. I'll stay at home.
- 6 I'll never go out. I never go out.

UNIT 11 Recording 1

elbow, thumb, leg, knee, head, neck, stomach, hand, nose, toe, mouth, back

UNIT 11 Recording 2

P = Presenter E = Emma

- P: Hello and welcome to Working Week, where we take a look at the world of work. This week we're looking at time management. We all know there are twenty-four hours in a day, but some people are just much better at using these than other people. In today's programme we'll look at ways to improve the time we spend at work things we should do and things we shouldn't. Professor Emma Fields from the Institute of Work Psychology joins us today. Emma, what are the good and bad time management techniques?
- E: Well, the first thing you have to do is to make sure you have time to plan. Most of us start work without organising our week and days first. You should always give yourself some planning time. Secondly, make sure you don't forget your plans - write a to-do list for the day and for the week. We all try to keep too much in our heads and, of course, we forget things. It's better to make a list and make only one list - some people make two or three different lists and that doesn't help. Thirdly, put the most important things at the top of the list and do them first. A lot of people do the things they like doing first, not the important things. Fourthly, don't multi-task – do one thing, then do another thing. When you multi-task, you work more slowly - each task takes more time. And you often make mistakes when you do two or more things at the same time. Finally, work smarter, not harder. We all spend extra time in the office trying to finish something. But is that last hour on Friday the best time to do it? When you are tired and not concentrating? If you're smart, you'll make time for the task on Monday morning – you'll do it better and more quickly then.

UNIT 11 Recording 3

- A: Are you OK, Jim?
- **B:** No. I have to meet Anne at 5.30 and look at this list!
- **A:** Let me help. I'm not busy at the moment.
- B: Oh, can you? Thanks!
- A: No problem. Shall I phone Noriko?
- B: Yes, please.
- A: And then I'll email the Moscow office.
- B: Can you tell them I'll phone tomorrow?
- **A:** OK. And I'll get some flowers for Ellie. I'm going to the hospital to see her tonight anyway.
- B: Fantastic! Let me give you the money.
- A: It's OK. Give it to me tomorrow.
- **B:** Thanks a lot. I'll do the same for you any time!

UNIT 12 Recording 1

be in a play, ride an elephant, climb Mount Bromo, do a bungee jump, meet a new friend, go to a match, sleep outside, watch the sun rise

UNIT 12 Recording 2

1

- A: Have you ever flown in a helicopter?
- B: No, I haven't. Have you?
- **A:** Yes, I have. Just once, when I went helicopter skiing five years ago.
- **B:** That sounds interesting. What's helicopter skiing?
- **A:** A helicopter takes you up the mountain and you ski from there.
- B: And how was it?
- A: It was fun. I enjoyed it.

2

- A: Matt, have you ever sung in a karaoke club?
- **B:** No, but I've sung at a party. It was last year sometime. No, two years ago. At a birthday party.
- A: What did you sing?
- **B:** I can't remember ... Oh, yes I did it my way. It was fun. I can't sing, but it was a good laugh. Why are you asking?
- A: I'm going to a karaoke club tonight and I'm feeling quite nervous about it.
- **B:** You'll be all right. Just relax and enjoy it!

3

- A: What's the matter?
- **B:** I have to drive to Dublin tomorrow and look at the rain! Have you ever driven in really bad weather?
- A: Yes. I drove up to Scotland to visit my grandparents in 2007 and it just snowed non-stop it was impossible to see the road ahead.
- B: Sounds dangerous.

- A: Yes, so I stopped and stayed overnight in a hotel. After that I always visit them by train!
- **B:** Yeah, that's a good idea. Maybe I'll go by train.

4

- A: Look at this picture. It looks scary!
 Have you ever been on a roller coaster like that?
- **B:** Yes, when I was about nineteen, in Munich. A friend of mine took me on a really big roller coaster.
- A: Were you afraid?
- **B:** No. After ten seconds I closed my eyes and didn't open them until it stopped!

UNIT 12 Recording 3

- 1 three two three, four double nine six
- 2 six double eight, two nine seven five
- 3 oh seven five, seven two eight one
- 4 six two three, two double eight nine
- 5 nine eight nine, double seven double six
- 6 oh eight seven oh, five double three, eight double nine two

REVIEW 4 Recording 1

- A: Could I speak to Susie Dee?
- **B:** She's not at home. She's back at three. Could you phone her back tonight?
- A: I'll leave a message. Is that all right?
- B: Just a moment, I need a pen.
- A: She's got my number. My name's Ben.
- B: Let me check ... your name is Jack?
- A: Oh, never mind I'll call her back.
- A: Well, hello Susie! How are you?
- C: I'm fine. What would you like to do?
- A: Why don't we meet and have a chat?
- C: I don't really feel like doing that.
- A: Then how about a walk together?
- **C:** Sounds good. Let me check the weather.
 - It's going to rain that's not ideal.
- A: So let's stay in and cook a meal!

UNIT 1

1.1

1

- 1 B: No, it isn't. My name's Anna.
- 2 A: Are you Sofia?
 - B: Yes, I am. And this is David.
- **3** A: Are you a student?
 - **B:** No, I'm not. I'm a teacher. David is a teacher, too.
- 4 A: Nice to meet you, Sofia and David.
 - B: Nice to meet you, too.

2

- 2 aren't/'re not
- 3 're/are
- 4 Are
- 5 'm/am
- **6** is
- **7** Is
- 8 isn't

3

- 2 A: Is he a student?
 - B: No, he isn't. He's a teacher.
- 3 A: Are we late?
 - B: No, you aren't. You're early.
- 4 A: Are they from India?
 - B: No, they aren't. They're from China.

44

G	R	Е	Е	С	E	0	Q	S
P	0	O R		U	G	А		С
R	G	Е	R	M	Α	N	\searrow	0
U	S	0	Υ	Е	Q	А	\bigcap	Т
S	Р	(C)	U	Х	F	D	А	L
S	А	Н	٧		Z	A	Р	А
Ī	Ĩ	1	U	С	М	U	А	N
A	N	N	P	0	L	Α	N	
T	Н	A		L	Α	N	D	Р

B

Portuguese

German

Polish

Thai

Russian

Spanish Chinese

Mexican

Canadian

Japanese

Scottish

C/D

- 1 German, Russian, Mexican, Canadian
- 2 Polish, Spanish, Scottish
- 3 Portuguese, Chinese, Japanese
- 4 Greek, Thai

5

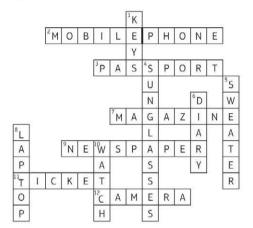
1b 2f 3e 4d 5c 6a

6

- 1 This is a photo of me at the Colosseum in Rome, Italy.
- 2 This is me and my Australian friend, Paul. We're in Venice.
- 3 This is Kenji at a bar in Madrid. Kenji is a student from Japan.
- 4 Here is Paul again. He's at Maxim's in Paris. Maxim's is a French restaurant.

1.2

14



B

- 1 watch
- 2 camera, sweater, laptop, ticket
- 3 diary, newspaper
- 4 magazine

24

Passenger 1: B

Passenger 2: American

Passenger 3: French, B

В

Passenger 1: ticket, mobile phone, keys

Passenger 2: camera, newspaper,

sunglasses, MP3 player and earphones

Passenger 3: mobile phone, laptop, magazine, sunglasses, passport, ticket, diary

3

2 Those 3 these 4 this 5 That

44

- 2 These red pens are Anne's.
- **3** These aren't my keys.
- 4 Where are those tickets?

B

- This book is very good.
- 2 That isn't my file.
- 3 Who is that man over there?
- 4 Is this your photo?

II,

- 2 Suzanna's 3 friend's 4 Nathan's
- **5** teacher's **6** Irena's **7** Lucy's

8 Mr Allison's

6A

- 2 These keys are yours.
- 3 That bag is Jack's.
- 4 Those pencils are mine.
- 5 This mobile phone is Anita's.
- 6 That magazine is yours.

C/D

- 2 These keys are yours.
 - /z/ /z/ /z/
- 3 That bag is Jack's. /z//s/
- 4 Those pencils are mine. /z/ /z/
- 5 This mobile phone is Anita's.
 /s/ /z/ /z/
- 6 That magazine is yours. /z/ /z/

1.3

14/

- 1 snack bar, coffee, sandwich
- 2 tourist shop, postcard, battery, souvenir
- 3 return ticket, apple juice
- 4 train station, single ticket, platform

2

- 2 Could I have a return to Birmingham, please?
- 3 Can I have one of those batteries, please?
- 4 Could I have a cheese sandwich, please?
- **5** Can I have an apple juice and a coffee, please?

3

2 help 3 Can 4 That's 5 have

6 please 7 euro 8 you

4

2A 3A 4B 5B

5A

- 1 A: How much is a coffee cake, please?
 - B: It's two euros.
- **2 A**: Could I have a <u>return</u> to <u>Sydney</u>, please?
 - B: That's ten fifty.
- 3 A: Is that a cheese sandwich?
 - B: No, it's a chicken sandwich.
- 4 A: That's eight euros, please.
- **B:** Ah, I only have <u>six euros</u>.
- 2 a mineral water
- 3 an ice cream
- 4 two cheese sandwiches
- 5 a chicken sandwich
- 6 three coffees

B

b 1 **c** 1.50 **d** 4.40 **e** 3.50 **f** 4.50

2.1

1

2 go 3 play 4 have 5 eat 6 listen 7 watch 8 read

24

- 1 sport, film, fun
- 2 coffee, nothing, tennis, pasta
- 3 TV
- 4 cinema, exercise
- 5 magazine, DVD
- 6 MP3 player

3

- 2 don't watch, listen 3 don't eat
- 4 drink 5 read 6 don't go
- 7 don't do 8 play

4

- 2 A: Do you do a lot of sport, Kiko?
 - B: Yes, I do.
- **3 A:** Do the students in your class live near you?
 - B: No, they don't.
- 4 A: Do you and Clara like pasta?
 - B: Yes, we do.
- 5 A: Do you listen to Radio 5, Dan?
 - B: Yes, I do.
- **6 A:** Do Ursula and Hans study English with you?
 - B: No, they don't.
- 7 A: Do I have classes on Sunday?
 - B: No, you don't.
- **8 A:** Do you and your family eat together?
 - B: Yes, we do.
- 9 A: Do Ali and Marco play tennis?
 - B: Yes, they do.
- 10 A: Do you and Ana drink coffee?
 - B: No, we don't.

5A/B

Digital photography: B, 2 Salsa for beginners: C, 3 Singing for fun: D, 1 Office yoga: A, 4

C

Singing for fun: Monday and Thursday evenings; music school; sing/singing (old songs, new songs) (and the teachers play the guitar)

Digital photography: Saturday mornings; high school; study how to take good photos

Salsa for beginners: Tuesdays and Thursdays (and weekends); dance club; practise salsa dancing (and go to dance clubs at the weekend)

Office yoga: Mondays and Wednesdays; Union County; stretching and relaxing exercises

6

- 2 On Tuesday, I phone my mother and I chat with her for hours.
- 3 On Wednesday, I get up early, but I don't go to work – it's my free day.

- 4 On Thursday, I work in the office or I work at home.
- 5 On Friday, I go out late with my friends or I go to bed early.
- 6 On Saturday, I play tennis with Pete at 9 and I have lunch with him.
- 7 On Sunday morning, I read a newspaper, but it isn't in English!
- 8 On Sunday afternoon, I listen to music or I watch TV.

2.2

1A

- 2 have lunch
- 3 go to bed
- 4 get home
- 5 have dinner
- 6 get up
- 7 start work
- 8 leave home
- 9 finish work

В

2 7a.m. **3** 8a.m. **4** 1p.m. **5** 5p.m. **6** 6p.m. **7** 8p.m. **8** 11p.m.

24

2 plays
3 drinks
4 drives
5 relaxes
6 eats
7 studies
8 knows
9 washes
10 leaves
11 gets
12 practises

В

- 1 drinks, eats, gets
- 2 drives, studies, knows, leaves
- 3 washes, practises

3A

2 makes 3 takes 4 starts 5 has 6 works 7 sees 8 meets 9 finishes 10 reads 11 gets 12 has 13 goes

B

- 2 He doesn't go to work by taxi. He goes
- 3 He doesn't have a salad (for lunch). He
- 4 He doesn't read a magazine (on the bus). He reads
- 5 He doesn't get home late at night. He gets
- **6** He doesn't have lunch with his family. He has

4

- 2 Does Juanes drink coffee?
- 3 What does 'junk' mean?
- 4 When does he have lunch?
- 5 Does she like popcorn?
- **6** Which newspaper does Kay read?
- 7 How does Faisal come to work?
- 8 Where does your friend live?

5_A

1 Yes, he does. **2** No, he doesn't.

B

2F 3F 4T 5F 6T 7T 8F

C

- 2 People talk to Al.
- 3 People are (very) hungry at night.
- 5 Al likes/loves hot dogs.
- 8 Al goes to the park with his boys.

6

- 1 shop assistant
- 2 police officer
- 3 politician
- 4 waiter
- **5** businessman
- 6 receptionist
- 7 doctor
- 8 sportsman
- 9 actor

Hidden job: hairdresser

2.3

1

- 2 It's quarter past nine. It's nine fifteen.
- 3 It's ten past eleven. It's eleven ten.
- 4 It's quarter to three. It's two forty-five.
- **5** It's twenty past five. It's five twenty.
- **6** It's twenty-five to nine. It's eight thirty-five.
- 7 It's five to eleven. It's ten fifty-five.
- 8 It's twenty to two. It's one forty.

24

numbers (times)

2_B

- 2 When does the train arrive?
- 3 What time does the tour start?
- 4 When does the tour finish?
- 5 Where does the tour start from?
- 6 How much does the tour cost?7 What time does the bank open?
- 8 When does the bank close?

D

- **2** 12.10
- 2 12.10
- **3** 7(a.m.) **4** 1p.m./1 o'clock
- 5 Wat Phra Kaew
- 6 650
- **7** 9.30(a.m.)
- 8 1(p.m.)

34

in all three conversations

B

- 1 Sorry, could you speak more slowly, please?
- **2** Excuse me, the Wat ...?
- 3 Could you spell that?
- 4 Sorry, could you repeat that?

C

- 1 Could you spell that?
- 2 Excuse me, the Wat ...?
- 3 Sorry, could you speak more slowly, please?
- 4 Sorry, could you repeat that?

3.1

14

2 brother 3 wife 4 nephews
5 daughters 6 son 7 husband
8 uncle 9 aunt 10 cousins 11 niece
12 parents

B

25 3D 45 55 6D 7D 85

2

2 daughter 3 parents 4 aunt 5 uncle 6 nephew 7 niece 8 wife 9 husband 10 grandparents

3A

2 haven't got4 have got5 has got6 haven't got7 have got8 has got

B

- 2 Has [your brother] got, No, he hasn't.
- 3 Have [you] got, No, we haven't.
- 4 Has [your sister] got, Yes, she has.
- 5 Has [your flat] got, Yes, it has.
- **6** Have [your parents] got, Yes, they have.

4

Conversation 1

B: No, I haven't, but I've got a pencil.

A: Is it black?

B: No, it's red.

A: Has it got a rubber?

B: Yes, it has.

A: Can I borrow it? Thanks.

Conversation 2

A: Have you got your camera with you?

B: No, but Fatima's got an MP3 player.

A: Has it got a camera, Fatima?

C: No, it **hasn't**. But my mobile phone's got a camera.

A: Is it good?

C: Not really. It's very small and the pictures **aren't** very good.

A: That's OK. Can you take a photo of me?

C: OK, smile! Look. **You've got** a nice smile.

5

2 haven't got

3 have got

4 haven't got

5 have got

6 has got

7 has got

8 haven't got

9 Have, got

10 have

6A

David: 2, 4, 5 Meg: 2, 3

В

2F 3T 4F 5F 6T 7F 8T

3.2

14

2 intelligent 3 funny 4 friendly 5 talkative 6 unkind 7 serious 8 interesting 9 stupid 10 quiet 11 unfriendly 12 boring

В

- 2 funny, friendly, stupid, quiet, boring
- 3 unkind
- 4 talkative, serious, interesting
- 5 unfriendly
- 6 intelligent

D

2 quiet 3 funny 4 unkind 5 intelligent 6 boring

2

2 often 3 never 4 usually5 sometimes 6 hardly ever7 always 8 often 9 always10 usually

34

No, they aren't.

B

Hi Maria,

How are you? I'm fine, but I've got a new flatmate, Cristina, and she's a real problem. She **never** talks to me. When she comes home in the evening, I **usually** ask her about her day. She **always** says, 'Fine!' and then she **usually** watches TV or she **sometimes** goes to her room to sleep! She **hardly ever** wants to chat. What can I do? Sandy

Hi Zsuzsa,

How are you? I'm fine, but my new flatmate, Sandy, is a real problem. She **never** stops talking. In the evening after classes I'm **often** tired. I **usually** want to relax in front of the TV for half an hour or I **sometimes** have a short rest. She **always** wants to talk about her day. I **hardly ever** have the energy to listen. That's my news. Email me soon! Cristina

4B

2 Joanne, Patsy

3 Karl, Miki

4 Beth, Miki

5 Steve, Levente

5_A

2 Sam's 3 he's 4 He's 5 wife's
6 Jean's 7 Sally's 8 loves
9 works 10 lives 11 Keira's
12 Jean's 13 She's 14 she's

E

a) 2, 4, 7, 12, 14

b) 3, 13

c) 5, 6, 11

d) 8, 9, 10

C

My teacher's called Pilar. She's a language teacher – she teaches Spanish. Pilar's classes are always very interesting. She works very hard to make her students speak to each other. We do lots of fun activities like quizzes and working in pairs. Pilar's really interested in us and because of this we are interested in her. Our teacher's got an award for her work: best Spanish teacher of the year!

I know Mark from playing games online. He loves games and he plays all the time – he's a really good player. He's very quick. Mark's family is quite small – he's got one sister and she also plays online games all the time. Sometimes I think they see each other online more than at home!

3.3

10

- 2 does, three times a week
- 3 has, twice a week
- 4 cleans, twice a month
- 5 goes, every day
- 6 meets, once a week
- 7 goes, once or twice a year
- 8 phones, twice a day/every day

B

I live in Los Angeles and I like going to the beach and surfing. I go to Malibu beach once a week, usually on Saturday. At the weekend I meet friends and we go to the cinema or a café, or go to a club. We go to the cinema three or four times a year and go to a club once a month. We meet in cafés twice a week and call each other every day. Because I'm usually very busy, I only clean my flat on the first Sunday of every month.

2A

- 2 would you like
- 3 How about
- 4 don't like
- 5 Do you like6 is good for you
- 7 sounds good

В

- 1 about
- 2 free, like
- 3 time, how
- 4 where, problem

3

2 great 3 shame 4 awful 5 terrible 6 wonderful

REVIEW 1

1A/B

- sweater O, camera O, Poland C, Irish N, waiter J
- 2 newspaper O, hairdresser J, listen to V, credit card O, Canada C, Mexican N
- 3 Colombia C, umbrella O, accountant J, do nothing V, adaptor O, Korean N
- 4 engineer J, souvenir O, go to bed V, Vietnam C, magazine O, Portuguese N

C

a) 4 b) 1 c) 3 d) 2

24

2 works 3 are 4 don't get 5 gets up 6 has 7 doesn't cook 8 is 9 does 10 cleans 11 helps 12 doesn't work 13 goes 14 chat 15 is/'s 16 don't want

B

- 2 Where is he from?
- **3** Where is the hostel?
- **4** How much money do the volunteers get?
- 5 When does Roy get up?
- 6 Who is Cynthia?
- 7 Does she clean the rooms?
- **8** What does Roy usually do in the afternoons?
- 9 What do he and the guests do in the evenings?
- 10 Does he like his job?

C

- 2 He's from Canada.
- 3 It's in Corfu, Greece.
- 4 They don't get money. They're volunteers.
- 5 He gets up at six.
- 6 She's the chef.
- 7 No, she doesn't.
- 8 He goes to the beach.
- 9 They chat.
- 10 Yes, he does.

34

2 intelligent 3 serious, kind, friendly4 talkative 5 stupid

B

b) 2 c) 1 d) 5 e) 3

4

- 2 have/'ve got 3 has/'s got 4 hasn't got 5 is/'s 6 is/'s
- 7 have got 8 Am (Amari is a boy.)

5_A

- 1 2 phone, 3 often, 4 mobile, 5 like, 6 things
- 2 1 time, 2 leave, 3 half, 4 these, 5 tickets, 6 euros
- 3 1 Could, 2 please, 3 course, 4 cheese, 5 can, 6 these
- 4 1 past, 2 sorry, 3 how, 4 about, 5 busy, 6 free

GΔ

Picture E

B

Vincenzo Moretti
 3 03837 4025
 4 wallet
 5 100
 credit
 7 photo of (his) wife
 9th/9 April

CHECK 1

 1 a
 2 c
 3 b
 4 b
 5 c
 6 a
 7 b

 8 a
 9 a
 10 c
 11 b
 12 b
 13 c

 14 a
 15 a
 16 a
 17 c
 18 b

 19 a
 20 a
 21 c
 22 b
 23 b

 24 c
 25 c
 26 c
 27 a
 28 b

 29 a
 30 c

UNIT 4

4.1

14

	1	٧	Ι	N	G	R	0	0	M	Z
0	\otimes	L	N	0	1	N	Α	G	Е	R
U	Α	K	1	Т	C	Н	Ε	N) M	I
Р	R	Q	U	G	B	Α	Т	Ε	R	0
В	D	Ĩ	S	Н	Ε	L	٧	Ε	S)⊤
0	R	Ε	Υ	В	D	Ε	Α	T	0	Н
Α	0	Z	R	М	R	U	K	Р	F	Е
R	В	Α	L	C	0	Ν	Υ	Q		٧
	ш	Α	T	C	0	Ы	Ε	S	K	Т
Р	0	Ε	A	R	М	C	Н	Α	I	R

B

Places in a house: kitchen, balcony, bedroom

Furniture: shelves, desk, armchair, cupboard, wardrobe, sofa

24

2 there isn't 3 there's 4 is there 5 there's 6 are there 7 There are 8 Is there 9 there are 10 there's

B

- 2 There's a big kitchen.
- 3 Is there a television?
- 4 How many people are there?
- 5 There are two of us.
- 6 There's a large shopping centre.

3

2 in front of 3 above 4 between 5 on 6 behind 7 next to 8 under

44

2 picture 3 lamp 4 curtain 5 sofa

B/C

1 don't have 2 use 3 don't have 4 put 5 open 6 don't paint

D

2 There's 3 There are 4 There's5 There's 6 There's 7 There's8 There are 9 There are 10 There's

5A

A man lives on the twelfth floor of a tall building. Every morning he leaves home, locks the door, takes the lift down to the lobby, opens the front door and leaves the building. In the evening he gets into the lift, presses a button, goes to the tenth floor, opens the lift doors and walks up the stairs to his flat. Sometimes there's someone else in the lift and he goes up to the twelfth floor.

B

The man is very short. In the morning he pushes the button for the ground floor but in the evening he can't reach the button for the twelfth floor. When there's someone else in the lift, he/she pushes the button for the twelfth floor for the short man.

4.2

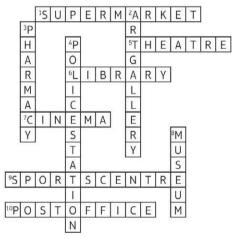
1A

2 g 3 a 4 e 5 j 6 h 7 l 8 b not mentioned: d, f, i, k

B

1e 2c 3d 4b, a

2



3

- 2 you can
- 3 you can't send
- 4 Can my son play
- **5** he can't
- 6 he can play
- 7 can we find
- 8 You can go9 Can we get
- 10 you can
- 11 can we pay
- 12 you can't

44

- 2 Where can you speak
- 3 Where can you see
- 4 Where can you travel
- **5** Where can you watch

В

1b 2a 3c 4a 5b

D

2 In Canada you can hear two languages

- 3 You can visit it in Florence.
- 4 ... in Russia you can go through eleven time zones.
- 5 ... but in London you **can** choose between sixteen ...

54

B Eduardo C Theo D Steve E Jorge F Andrei G Tony H Neně

В

2 in front of 3 opposite 4 next to 5 on the left of 6 near

4.3

14

- 2 hairdresser's
- 3 newsagent's
- 4 clothes shop
- 5 music shop
- 6 butcher's
- 7 electronics shop
- 8 shoe shop
- 9 pharmacy/chemist's
- 10 internet café

B

- 1 swimming costume
- 2 newspapers, magazines
- 3 jeans, jacket
- 4 CD, DVD
- 5 shampoo, medicine
- 6 SIM card, headphones, memory stick

2

- 1 A: Can you help me?
 - A: Have you got these jeans in black?
 - **A:** Oh, they aren't big **enough**. Have you got **them** in size 16?
 - **A:** Great, I'll take them. How much are they?
 - B: They're €39.99.
- 2 A: Can I help you?
 - **B:** No, it's **too** big. Have you **got** it in small?
 - B: Thanks. That's great. How much is it?
 - **B:** What? £60! That's too **expensive**.
 - A: Fine. No problem.

3

- 2 I'm just looking, thanks.
- 3 Have you got this T-shirt in small?
- 4 No, sorry. Only in medium.
- 5 No, it isn't right. Thanks anyway.
- 6 We've got it in red.
- 7 Mmm, I'm not sure. I need to think about it.

5.1

14

Fruit: banana, apple, strawberry, pear **Vegetables**: broccoli, potato, garlic, pepper

Meat and fish: chicken, salmon Drink: fruit juice, milk Other: bread, cheese, butter

В

Message: Don't eat too much!

24

25 35 4D 5D 6D 7D 85

34

2 fruit 3 eggs 4 peas 5 meat 6 rice 7 beans 8 pasta

4

- 2 Is coffee good for you?
- 3 There's a lot of sugar in the cupboard.
- There are a lot of tomatoes in the fridge.
- 5 Does he like grapes?
- 6 I don't like butter.
- 7 Do you eat a lot of biscuits?
- 8 We don't eat a lot of ice cream.

54

1 B 2 A 3 C

B

B pepper C an onion

6

1 some 2 any, an, a 3 any, some

4 some, any 5 any, some 6 a

7

- 2 There's some bread, but there isn't any butter.
- 3 There isn't any fruit juice, but there's
- 4 There aren't any bananas, but there are some apples.
- 5 There are some grapes, but there isn't any cheese.
- 6 There's some pasta, but there isn't any
- rice.
- 7 There aren't any onions, but there are some carrots.
- 8 There's some salt, but there isn't any pepper.

5.2

1

2 bowls 3 bottles 4 cartons 5 packet 6 jar 7 bags

24

- 2 How many letters are there in the English alphabet?
- 3 How much beef is there in a hamburger?
- 4 How many vowels are there in English?
- 5 How many cents are there in a euro?
- **6** How much water is there in a 25-metre swimming pool?

- 7 How much juice is there in ten kilos of oranges?
- 8 How much sugar is there in one can of cola?

B

b6 c1 d8 e2 f4 g7 h3

3

2 many 3 much 4 a lot of 5 no 6 none

4

- **2 A:** Is there any orange juice in the fridge?
 - **B:** No, not **much** just one carton.
- **3 A:** How **many** biscuits do you eat in a week?
 - B: Quite a lot. I love biscuits!
- **4 A:** There's **no** water in this bottle. It's empty.
 - **B:** That's OK. There's another bottle in my bag.
- **5 A:** Are there any tomatoes in the fridge?
 - B: Not many two or three.
- 6 A: How much money have you got?
 - B: Quite a lot!
- **7 A:** How many bananas are there in that bowl?
 - B: None it's empty.
- 8 A: Have we got much ice cream?
 - B: Yes, we've got quite a lot.

5A

b

В

- 2 How much 3 How many
- 4 How many 5 How much
- 6 How much

C

- 2 three glasses
- 3 seven
- 4 two
- 5 one small bowl
- 6 one can

6A

2 e 3 g 4 a 5 f not mentioned: b, c

5.3

4

2 menu
 3 dishes
 4 chef
 5 dishes
 6 menu
 7 order
 8 waiter
 9 chef
 10 bill
 11 bill
 12 tip
 13 tip
 14 waiter

24

- 1 Are you ready to order?
- 2 I'd like some onion soup, please.
- 3 Would you like a main course?
- 4 Could I have some roast lamb?5 What vegetables would you like?
- 6 Can I have potatoes and peas, please?
- 7 Something to drink?
- 8 Could I have some mineral water?

B

2e 3d 4f 5a 6b

34

Customer 1: onion, tomato, salad Customer 2: chicken sandwich, fries, onion, corn on the cob

Customer 3: hamburger, lettuce, onion, salad

B

- 2 could_I have_a chicken sandwich
- 3 corn on the cob
- 4 onions on the sandwich
- 5 lettuce and onion
- 6 and a salad too, please

UNIT 6

6.1

1

- 2 weren't/were not, were
- 3 was, wasn't/was not
- 4 was, weren't/were not
- 5 were, were
- 6 wasn't/was not, was

2

- 2 a) Was Beatrix Potter a writer? Yes, she was
 - **b)** Was she English? Yes, she was.
- 3 a) Were Beethoven and Wagner dancers? No, they weren't.
 - b) Were they German? Yes, they were.
- **4 a)** Was Confucius a doctor? No, he wasn't.
 - b) Was he Chinese? Yes, he was.
- **5** a) Were Che Guevara and Eva Perón singers? No, they weren't.
 - **b)** Were they Argentinian? Yes, they were

3

- 2 were, 's/is
- 3 wasn't/was not, 's/is
- 4 is, was
- 5 weren't/were not, 're/are
- 6 was, isn't/is not
- 7 wasn't/was not, 'm/am not
- 8 was, 's/is
- 9 were, aren't/are not
- 10 aren't/are not, were

44

- 2 May the first, two thousand and ten/ the first of May, two thousand and ten
- 3 March the thirty-first, two thousand and two/the thirty-first of March, two thousand and two
- 4 October the thirtieth, nineteen ninetyfive/the thirtieth of October, nineteen ninety-five
- 5 January the twenty-sixth, two thousand and five/the twenty-sixth of January, two thousand and five
- 6 October the thirteenth, nineteen fifty-seven/the thirteenth of October, nineteen fifty seven

- 7 May the twenty-first, nineteen ten/the twenty-first of May, nineteen ten
- 8 January the sixth, eighteen oh five/the sixth of January, eighteen oh five

B

2 1/5/2010

5

- 2 I was at university in 1995.
- 3 He wasn't at home a week ago.
- 4 We were at the party last weekend.
- 5 Were you at work on/last Wednesday?
- **6** My parents were both eighty years old **last** year.
- 7 The children were tired yesterday morning, and today, too.
- 8 It was cold in/last July.
- **9** We were in the café **yesterday** afternoon.
- 10 Simon was here ten minutes ago, but he isn't here now.

6A

3

В

Justin and Britney: C, W George and Brad: W Kate and Leonardo: ?

C

2T 3F 4T 5F 6F

D

2 for 3 together 4 in 5 in 6 in, for 7 with 8 on, away

6.2

14

2 came 3 had 4 left 5 went
6 studied 7 travelled 8 met 9 got
10 opened 11 worked 12 opened
13 sold 14 died

В

- 2 She didn't go to Bath University.
- 3 She didn't become a teacher.
- 4 She didn't stay at home.
- 5 They didn't start a café.
- **6** She didn't have a son.

24

- 1 finished, stopped, helped
- 2 changed, loved, played, tried, enjoyed, travelled
- 3 started, wanted, hated

C

2 met 3 spoke 4 grew 5 woke 6 taught 7 knew 8 drew 9 wrote 10 slept 11 left 12 bought D

- 1 taught, bought
- 2 met, slept, left
- 3 spoke, woke, wrote
- 4 grew, knew, drew

3

- 2 Where did she grow up?
- **3** How many brothers and sisters did she have?
- 4 What did she do after school?
- 5 When did she get married?
- **6** Where did she open the first Body Shop?
- 7 When did she die?

44

1T 2? 3T 4?

B

yes

C

2 unhappy 3 Zsilan's photo

4 the same 5 didn't live 6 one year

5

2 became 3 worked 4 met 5 got 6 started

6

Kasia didn't study last night because she felt too tired. She needed some fresh air, so she went out for a walk. It was a warm evening, so there were a lot of people in the street. She met an old friend and they wanted to talk about old times, so they went to a café. They stayed there for hours because they had a lot to talk about. Then they went to a restaurant because they were both very hungry. Kasia's friend had a car, so he drove her home at the end of the evening.

They wanted to meet again, **so** he gave her his phone number. Kasia tried the number, but it didn't work, **so** she isn't very happy now!

6.3

1

1 did, wrote 2 went 3 went, saw 4 stayed, read

24

- 2 What did you do?
- 3 What film did you see?
- 4 Was it good?
- **5** Who did you go with?
- 6 What did you do on Sunday?
- 7 Where did you go?
- 8 How was the music?
- **9** What time did you get back?
- **10** Are you tired now?

В

b8 **c**2 **d**1 **e**3 **f**7 **g**6 **h**4 i10 **j**9

34

2b 3a 4a 5b

4

2g 3e 4c 5a 6b 7f 8d 9i

REVIEW 2

10

2 weren't 3 had 4 were 5 bought 6 didn't buy 7 brought 8 went 9 ate 10 were 11 didn't have 12 was 13 did 14 played 15 went 16 saw

B

- 2 When did her family buy their first colour TV?
- **3** Did Terry's family go shopping for food at the supermarket?
- **4** Where did they buy milk, bread and eggs?
- **5** How much chocolate did John and his friends get for ten pence?
- **6** Did Winston go out with friends at the weekend?

C

- 2 In 1968.
- 3 No, they didn't.
- 4 A man brought them to their house.
- 5 Five big bars.
- 6 No, he didn't.

24

- 1 kitchen
- 2 armchairs, sofa
- 3 television, mobile phone(s), laptop(s), tablet(s)
- 4 play football, play (other) games, go for walks, go to the theatre (and see a play)
- 5 supermarket, post office, theatre

B

- b) cupboard c) police station
- d) memory stick e) headphones
- f) stay in bed g) wardrobe
- h) go shopping i) museum
- i) bathroom

C

1 a, j 2 b, g 3 d, e 4 f, h 5 c, i

3

0	Н	0	С	0	L	Α	Т	E
Н	B	٧	U	L	\vdash	E	A	B
1	Ī	L	G	R	Α	Р	\mathbb{H}	U
С	S	Y	0	G	Н	U	R	
К	С	M	Х	C	R	B	B	Т
Е	U	1	٧	D	Υ	R	Е	Е
	I	L	٧	Z	L	Е	А	R
Q	T	K	В	Α	N	А	$ \mathbf{z} $	A
H	0	N	Е	Y	М		Ν	Ν

40

- 1 kilo of apples
- 1 tin of beans
- 1 kilo of carrots

B

2 None 3 How many 4 are 5 any 6 some 7 ls 8 any 9 a 10 any

54

- 1 🗸
- 2 The cheese is between the beans and the pasta.
- 3 The pasta is under the rice.

4 /

- **5** The grapes are behind the carrots.
- 6 4

7 /

8 The beans are on the left of the carrots.

6

2 got 3 went 4 became

5 met 6 worked 7 got 8 started

7A

1

- b) Can I help you?
- c) No, it's too small.
- d) Have you got this in large?

2

- a) Yes, I'd like the chicken with potatoes and rice/rice and potatoes.
- b) And would you like something to drink?
- c) Are you ready to order?
- d) Can I have a glass of mineral water, please?

E

- 1 d, a, c
- **2** c, a, b, d

CHECK 2

1 b 2 c 3 a 4 a 5 c 6 a 7 b 8 b 9 c 10 a 11 c 12 b 13 b 14 b 15 c 16 b 17 a 18 a 19 c 20 c 21 a 22 b 23 a 24 a 25 c 26 a 27 b 28 a 29 b 30 b

HINIT 7

7.1

LA

2 uncomfortable 3 fast 4 crowded5 interesting 6 quiet 7 expensive8 boring 9 cheap 10 noisy

C

- 1 slow, fast
- 2 noisy, boring, quiet, crowded
- 3 comfortable, interesting
- 4 expensive
- 5 uncomfortable

2

- 2 South Africa's hotter than Italy.
- 3 I'm older than my brother.
- 4 Indian food is spicier than English food.
- 5 Lena's more intelligent than me.
- 6 Cola is sweeter than lemonade.
- 7 Chinese is more difficult **than** English.
- 8 Crisps are worse for you than chips.

3

2 better 3 more interesting

4 more romantic 5 closer 6 colder

7 bigger 8 friendlier

44

no

В

2T 3T 4TM 5T 6M 7M 8TM

C

2 the apartment 3 the apartment

4 the hotel 5 Mike 6 Tim 7 Tim

8 Mike

7.2

1

1 lake 2 village 3 forest 4 mountain 5 desert 6 market 7 hill 8 famous building 9 river hidden words: a good time

24

1 C 2 A 3 B

B

- 2 The cheapest is Family fun.
- 3 The most comfortable is Luxury weekend.
- 4 The noisiest is Family fun.
- 5 The longest is Mountain adventure.
- **6** The easiest is Luxury weekend.
- **7** The most difficult is Mountain adventure.
- 8 The shortest is Luxury weekend.
- **9** The most uncomfortable is Mountain adventure.
- 10 The coldest is Mountain adventure.

34

- 2 What's the shortest word on this
- **3** Which is the most interesting text in units 1–6 of this book?
- 4 Which is the best exercise on this page?
- 5 What's the most difficult grammar point in English?
- **6** Who's the happiest person in your family?
- 7 Who's the friendliest person in your English class?
- 8 Which is the worst restaurant in your town?

B

1 sentence

2 a

3-8 Students' own answers

40

His train goes from Moscow.

C

2T 3T 4F 5F 6F 7T 8T

D

- 4 Nick can see snow, forests and villages out of the window. (He can't see lakes.)
- 5 Nick and Anton buy food from women at stations.
- 6 They drink a lot of tea on the train.

54

Hi, it's Nick again. We started the day with a surprise – but not a good one. Anton and I went to the dining car for breakfast and there wasn't any food. That wasn't a big problem because I had some biscuits and we drank some tea, but then we went back for lunch and it was the same situation. The waiter told us that there's a station where they usually get food, but the food truck wasn't there.

Nobody on the train was worried about this **because** almost everybody **brought** their own food. A guy called Egor **gave** us half of his roast chicken and a Chinese couple gave us some bread. **People** were so kind. Anton and I talked about how to thank them, so I **taught** them some English songs and it **was** really just a big party. My best day on the train!

7.3

1

2 car park3 crossroads4 traffic lights5 corner6 pedestrian street7 park8 road

2

2 on 3 right 4 straight 5 past 6 Go 7 left 8 miss

3

2 2c 3 3a 4 4b

44

- 2 the cinema and the post office
- 3 the third building on the left
- 4 the fourth building on the right
- 5 the museum
- 6 next to

B

- 2 No, it's between the cinema and the post office.
- 3 No, it's the third building on the left.
- 4 No, it's the fourth building on the right.
- 5 No, it's opposite the museum.
- 6 No, it's next to the bank.

UNIT 8

8.1

1

2 having 3 running 4 staying5 swimming 6 sleeping 7 writing8 trying 9 beginning 10 giving

24

- 2 's/is taking
- 3 are standing, 're/are listening
- 4 's/is walking, isn't listening
- 5 's/is sitting, 's/is reading
- 6 are chatting, aren't watching
- 7 's/is looking, 's/is waiting

В

A Jake B Megan C Paolo D Philip E Wesley F Jo G Dave H Roger I Zoe J Lisa K Kalila

C

- 2 Who is Zoe talking to?
- 3 Where are Zoe and Paolo sitting?
- 4 How many bags are Jo and Dave carrying?
- **5** Who is Wesley taking a photo of?
- 6 Who is talking on the phone?
- 7 What is Megan reading?
- 8 Who is buying a bag?

D

- 2 She's talking to Paolo.
- 3 They're sitting at a café/at a table/ near Megan/next to Megan.
- 4 They're carrying three bags.
- 5 He's taking a photo of Jake.
- 6 Roger is talking on the/his phone.
- 7 She's reading a newspaper.
- 8 Kalila's buying a bag.

3

- 2 Is your phone ringing? Yes, it is./No, it isn't
- 3 Are you doing this exercise with a pen? Yes, I am./No, I'm not.
- 4 Are any other people sitting in the room? Yes, they are./No, they aren't.
- 5 Is music playing in the room? Yes, it is./No, it isn't.
- 6 Are you enjoying this exercise? Yes, I am./No, I'm not.
- 7 Is your teacher writing on the board? Yes, he/she is./No, he/she isn't.
- 8 Are your classmates drinking coffee? Yes, they are./No, they aren't.

4

2 for 3 of 4 to 5 about 6 on 7 about 8 about

5A

2e 3d 4a 5b

B

2 wants 3 going into 4 wants

5 Some of

GA

David

B

2 them 3 we 4 she 5 it 6 her 7 we 8 her 9 he 10 his 11 it 12 her 13 him 14 his 15 it 16 they

8.2

14

A Will B Mike C Tom D Sam E Rob F Bruce

B

(Possible answers)

- 2 Belinda's got short, dark hair and she's a little overweight. She's wearing glasses.
- 3 Jay's got long, blonde curly hair. She's very slim and she's wearing glasses.
- 4 Keira's very slim. She's got short, dark straight hair.

2

Across: 1 skirt 3 shoes 5 dress 6 jeans 8 tie 9 socks 10 shirt Down: 2 trousers 3 sweater 4 coat 6 jacket 7 suit 8 top

3

- 2 'm having
- 3 'm sitting
- 4 aren't working
- 5 don't usually start
- 6 doesn't like
- 7 works
- 8 Is she looking
- 9 looks
- 10 'm phoning

4

- 2 's/is cooking
- 3 's/is helping
- 4 are (you) doing5 'm/am watching
- 5 'm/am watching6 are you wearing
- 7 don't usually wear
- 8 wear
- 9 'm/am standing
- 10 don't usually stand
- **11** get
- 12 'm/am waiting

54

2T 3F 4F 5F 6T

n

2f 3a 4c 5e 6b

8.3

14

2 horror film 3 sci-fi film 4 musical 5 romantic film 6 comedy 7 drama

B

B5 C4 D1 E6 F3 G7

2

2 What kind of films do you like?

3 How about The Hunger Games?

4 What's it about?

5 Who's in it?

6 I think you'd like it.

34

2 Is_it_an_action film?

3 Is anyone famous in it?

4 Do you want to watch a film?

5 I haven't got a DVD player.

6 I've got_it_on my computer.

40

1 b 2 a 3 b 4 b 5 a

UNIT 9

9.1

14

2 healthy 3 dangerous 4 inconvenient

5 difficult **6** convenient **7** safe

8 easy 9 comfortable 10 polluting

C

1 safe 2 healthy, easy

3 dangerous, difficult, comfortable

4 polluting 5 convenient

6 inconvenient

24

angry

В

2F 3T 4T 5F 6T

3A

1 you can't

2 You can't ride

3 Can people smoke, they can't

4 Can we walk, we can

5 Taxis can drive

B

1 can't 2 don't have to 3 can't

4 don't have to

4

2 can't 3 have to 4 can we

5 can't 6 can 7 can 8 Do we have to

9 can we **10** don't have to **11** can't **12** can

5A

1F 2F 3T 4T

C

2 By bike or (sometimes) by bus.

3 About two hours.

4 Twenty-five kilometres an hour.

5 Yes, she does.

6 Near her desk.

7 She feels stupid.

8 No, she doesn't.

9.2

1A

B ferry C bike D horse E taxi F plane G train H motorbike I boat

B

2F 3E 4D 5H 6G 7B 8I 9A

2

2 came by 3 rides 4 take 5 go on 6 goes by 7 'm/am getting on 8 went by

34

1 b 2 c

B

2 c line 22 **3** b line 23 **4** a line 25 **5** e line 28 **6** d line 32

4

2 - 3 a 4 - 5 the 6 a 7 an 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 a 12 the

5

2 Rajiv is an actor in Mumbai.

3 I haven't got a car, but I've got a motorbike.

4 The Town Hall opens at 9.30 in the morning.

5 I love planes and flying. I always ask for a window seat.

6 Keith often works at home in the evening.

7 Is Manchester in the UK?

8 🗸

9.3

1

1 alarm clock2 lost, keys3 broke down4 traffic5 missed

24

2 I don't believe you.

3 The traffic was terrible.

4 my car broke down.

5 I left my wallet at home.

6 I feel terrible about this.

7 don't worry about it.

8 I'm so sorry.

9 No, really, it's fine.

10 But don't let it happen again.

34

2 because 3 because 4 Then 5 so 6 and 7 Finally 8 but

B

First of all, I left the house late because I lost my keys. Then I missed the bus, so I phoned a taxi but the taxi broke down and I waited thirty minutes for another taxi. After that, I got to the restaurant an hour late, but I left your present in the taxi. I phoned the taxi company, but they didn't answer, so I went into the restaurant, but you weren't there. Finally, I went home and tried to phone you, but you didn't answer.

REVIEW 3

14

2 plays 3 'm writing 4 're having 5 arrive 6 came 7 don't have to 8 can 9 can't 10 have to 11 walk 12 's talking 13 is practising 14 is calling 15 have to

B

2 are you enjoying

3 Does Jesse write

4 do you write

5 sing

6 say

7 is Danny wearing

8 'm/am wearing

2

C convenient D dangerous E empty
F famous G get H horror
I interesting J junk K know L lake
M missed N noisy O on P polluting
Q quiet R recommend S street
T traffic U uncomfortable V village
W worse X (e)xpensive Y you
Z (ama)zing

3

2 the hottest 3 the coldest 4 slower

5 faster **6** most convenient

7 the tallest 8 quieter

9 the most interesting **10** cheaper

4A

b

2T 3F 4T 5F 6F

0

2 would like it 3 me the way

4 and turn left 5 on for about 6 sorry 7 about this 8 about it, really

E

2 - 3 a 4 the 5 a 6 a 7 - 8 the 9 - 10 a 11 - 12 the

CHECK 3

1 b 2 b 3 c 4 a 5 c 6 c 7 b 8 b 9 a 10 a 11 c 12 b 13 b 14 a 15 b 16 b 17 a 18 c 19 a 20 a 21 c 22 c 23 b 24 a 25 a 26 b 27 c 28 c 29 c 30 a

UNIT 10

10.1

14

- 2 's/is going to look for
- 3 isn't going to stay
- 4 would like to be
- 's/is going to have
- 6 's/is going (to go)
- 7 would like to work
- 8 are going to visit
- 9 aren't going to have
- 10 would like to move

R

- 2 Where are you going to look for a new flat, Jim?
- 3 When are you going to go to university,
- Why would you like to work in TV, Hiro?
- How are you going to travel, Tom and
- Why would you like to move nearer your daughter, Tom and Kim?

C

b5 c2 d6 e3 f1

2

- 2 Would you like to work in TV? Yes, I would./No, I wouldn't.
- 3 Are you going to see your family next weekend?
- Yes, I am./No, I'm not.
- 4 Is English going to be useful for you? Yes, it is./No, it isn't.
- 5 Would you like to buy a new mobile phone?
 - Yes, I would./No, I wouldn't.
- 6 Are you and your classmates going to study English next year? Yes, we are./No, we aren't.
- 7 Would you like to live in another country? Yes, I would./No, I wouldn't.
- 8 Would your classmates like to go home now? Yes, they would./No, they wouldn't.

34

b

R

- 3 £1.2 million
- 4 his children (Carla and Paolo)
- 5 no
- their children
- 7 people without jobs/jobless people

40

2 go for 3 some work 4 a holiday 5 clubbing 6 move 7 married 8 start 9 learn 10 stay Message: Life's a lottery!

B

2 drink 3 married 4 move 5 get 6 family 7 friends 8 course 9 learn **10** job **11** take **12** have **13** stay 14 party 15 shopping

10.2

14

2 thirsty 3 tired 4 wet 5 hungry 6 hot 7 lost 8 cold 9 stung **10** warm

a7 b9 c5 d3 e4 f10 g2 h8 i1 j6

C

1 stung, hungry 2 hot, lost 3 wet 4 thirsty 5 warm 6 cold

2

- 1 lost, tired
- to school, to work, home
- a new computer, a present for a friend, a new car
- 4 some help, a glass of water, a job

34

- Speaker 1: d
- Speaker 2: c
- Speaker 3: b
- Speaker 4: a

В

2 a 3 c 4 b 5 b 6 a 7 c 8 b

4

2 will win 3 won't be 4 won't know 5 'll/will miss 6 'll/will love 7 won't be 8 won't come

- 2 will 3 will 4 might 5 will 6 might 7 won't 8 might not
- 9 might 10 won't

6

- 2 a) 1, b) 2
- **3** a) 1, b) 2
- a) 2, b) 1
- 5 a) 2, b) 1
- a) 1, b) 2 6

7

- 2 /
- 1 3
- It's generally a safe city, but it can also be dangerous to walk alone late at night in some areas.
- It isn't a good idea to carry a lot of money, and leave your expensive watch at home, too.
- 6 You can get delicious food in cafés and in street markets as well.
- 1 7
- 8 At night taxis are convenient, but they're expensive as well.

10.3

Across

1 drawing 3 exhibition 4 statue 6 photograph 8 concert

Down

1 dance performance 2 painting 7 play

2

2 about 3 Shall 4 don't 5 stay 6 let's

3A

- How about going for a bike ride?
- Why don't we go to an art gallery?
- What about staying at home and cooking something?
- What/How about making spaghetti and meatballs?
- a) It's not for me. Looking at paintings is boring!
- b) I don't really feel like doing that. I'm too tired.
- c) That's a good idea. You make the meatballs, I can make the pasta.
- d) Brilliant! What shall we eat?
- e) That isn't a very good idea. I haven't got much money.

R

2b 3a 4d 5c

UNIT 11

11.1

14

N	М	0	E	L	В	0	W
0	Œ	Н	U	М	В	1	٧
S		E	G	U	T	M	B
E	K	N	Е	E	0	0	А
Р	H	Е	Α		E	U	С
E	Е		Е	С	K	Т	K
S	Т	0	М	Α	С		С
W	Е	\blacksquare	Α	N		1	N

C

- 1 leg, head, neck
- hand, back 2
- knee 3
- elbow, nose, toe 4
- 5 thumb, stomach
- 6 mouth

2

- 2 hurts
- 3 headache
- 4 sore throat
- 5 runny nose
- 6 stomachache 7 temperature
- 8 cough

3

2 you should speak

3 Should I get

4 You shouldn't have

5 should I do

6 You should visit

7 You should take

8 you shouldn't open

9 you shouldn't travel

10 you shouldn't drink

4

2 should I do

3 you shouldn't eat

4 you should change

5 should I sleep

6 you shouldn't watch

7 you shouldn't go

8 you should do

54

b3 **c**4 **d**2

B

3, 5, 7, 8

 \mathbb{C}

2g 3a 4c 5f 6b 7e

D

1 to 2 have 3 have 4 with 5 from 6 too 7 in 8 at 9 take 10 all 11 meet 12 make

11.2

14

1 have

2 get, send, answer

3 forget, exchange, remember

4 answer, turn on, turn off

В

2 send 3 remember 4 turn off
5 answer 6 exchange 7 have
8 answer 9 forget 10 start
11 turn on 12 get

2A/B

multi-tasking 5, b forgetting things you have to do 2, a staying late to finish work 6, c doing what you like doing first 4, f keeping two or three lists of things to do 3, e

C

2 use 3 improve 4 time management 5 multi-task 6 same

3

1 A: slowly B: slow
2 A: lazy B: lazily
3 A: quietly B: quiet
4 A: easily B: easy
5 A: badly B: bad

6 A: energetic B: energetically

7 A: noisily B: noisy

8 A: hard

B: hard

40

1 safely, dangerously, fast

2 hard, late, loudly

3 healthily, early, fast, clearly

4 perfectly, well, loudly

B

2 a teacher 3 a golfer 4 a jazz singer

E

1 tired, terribly

2 comfortable, noisy, hungry, cheaply, expensive

3 badly, beautifully, kind

6A

2 quickly

3 angrily

4 nervously

5 carefully

B

2 carefully **3** quickly **4** angrily **5** slowly

11.3

1

1 drop 2 cross 3 push 4 lift, pick, up 5 lie 6 stand

24

2 That was my favourite vase.

3 I'm really tired.

4 It's cold in here.

a) Let me make you a coffee.

b) Let me look.

c) I'll buy you another one.

d) Shall I close the window?

В

1 b 2 c 3 a 4 d

24

2 Shall I phone 3 'll email 4 'll get 5 Let, give 6 'll do

4

2 a 3 c 4 b 5 a 6 c

UNIT 12

12.1

14

2 ride 3 climb 4 do 5 met 6 go to 7 Sleeping 8 watch

B

1 sleep outside

2 meet a new friend, go to a match

3 climb Mount Bromo, watch the sun rise

4 ride an elephant, do a bungee jump

2

2 and 3 too/as well 4 because

5 but 6 First 7 then 8 Finally

9 too/as well 10 or

3

2 climbed 3 done 4 travelled

5 had 6 ridden 7 drunk 8 played

9 met 10 flown

40

2 hasn't been 3 have seen

4 hasn't seen 5 has eaten

6 haven't eaten 7 have visited

8 hasn't swum

B

2 Have, visited 3 Has, eaten

4 Has, seen 5 Have, been

6 Has, swum

C

2 No, they haven't. 3 No, she hasn't.

4 Yes, she has. 5 Yes, they have.

6 No, he hasn't.

54

B Day 3 C Day 2 D Day 5 E Day 4

R

2F 3T 4F 5T 6F 7T 8F

C

2 Jim has eaten Greek food (many times) (in New Zealand).

4 They watched the sunset near the Temple of Poseidon/in Cape Sounion.

6 Jim didn't ride the donkey (he walked behind it and it kicked him in the stomach).

8 He isn't back home, he's in hospital in Athens.

6A

2 Yes, he has. 3 No, he hasn't.

4 Yes, they have. 5 No, he hasn't.

B

2 Yes, he has. 3 Yes, he has.

4 Yes, they have. **5** No, he hasn't.

12.2

1 1

2F 3C 4E 5A 6D 7H 8G

B

2 got 3 been 4 sung 5 been 6 flown 7 swum 8 driven

C

Conversation 2: 4 Conversation 3: 8 Conversation 4: 1

D

Conversation 2: two years ago Conversation 3: 2007

Conversation 4: when he was about nineteen

2

2 haven't 3 Have 4 have 5 went
6 Have you ever sung 7 've sung
8 was 9 did you sing
10 Have you ever driven 11 drove
12 snowed

9

2 rode 3 Did you like 4 was
5 didn't go 6 Has he ever hurt
7 's broken 8 did he do 9 was 10 fell

4

2 down 3 across 4 towards 5 over 6 under 7 through 8 away from 9 into 10 up

12.3

1

1 phone 2 ring 3 take 4 call 5 phoning 6 Answer

2

2 Could you tell me the number?

3 OK, I'll ring you back.

4 Could I leave a message for her?

5 /

6 Hi, Frank. It's Sally.

7 Good morning. Could I talk/speak to Mr Suriano, please?

8 /

3

A: Could you ring me back, please?

B: Of course. Can you give me your number?

A: Yes, it's 0141 6493861.

B: Let me check that. 0141 6493861.

A: That's right.

2

A: Hi, Xavier. This is Bea.

B: Hi, Bea. How are you?

A: I'm OK. Is Michelle there?

B: Yes, but she's sleeping.

A: Could/Can I leave a message for her?

B: Of course.

A: Just ask her to call me.

B: OK. Bye.

3

A: Hello. Can/Could I speak to the manager, please?

B: Just a moment. I'm sorry, he's busy at the moment. Could you call back later?

A: It's very important.

B: Can I take a message?

A: No thanks. I'll phone back later.

44

2 six double eight, two nine seven five

3 oh seven five, seven two eight one

4 six two three, two double eight nine

5 nine eight nine, double seven double

6 oh eight seven oh, five double three, eight double nine two

REVIEW 4

14

2 decided 3 joined

4 've/have been 5 've/have met

6 met 7 returned 8 is going to speak

9 're/are going to have

10 'd/would like to open

B

2 Have you been to a lot of different countries?

3 When did you meet your husband?

Where is Jacques going to speak next week?

5 What would you like to do next?

C

2 Yes, I have. 3 Four years ago.

4 At a big MSF meeting.

5 We'd like to open a hospital.

24

1 finally, as well, because, also

2 headache, sore throat, temperature, cough

3 through, towards, away from, out of

4 hungry, thirsty, sunburnt, lost

5 drawing, concert, exhibition, statue

6 carry, drop, lift, pick up

7 shoulder, knee, finger, elbow

В

b7 **c**2 **d**5 **e**3 **f**6 **g**4

C

2 runny nose 3 into 4 stung

5 dance performance 6 push 7 neck

34

2 DR 3 D 4 D 5 R 6 R

В

2 should 3 'll 4 should 5 should 6 'll 7 might 8 shouldn't 9 should 10 'll 11 shouldn't 12 might not

13 should 14 won't

4

_	_			_					_
W	Т	R	G	R	W	Υ	Н	\cap	Н
H	0	٧	Е	А	В	Н	1	А	9
Α	1	S	Т	Α	Υ	1	Z	K	0
٧	U	G	М	٧	G	P	M	Е	S
Е	G	0	А	N	0	0	0	А	0
А	0	S	R	G	J	А	٧	В	М
В	F	Н	R	G	0	С	Е	R	Е
А	0	0	Ĩ	G	G	0	Н	Е	W
R	R	Р	Е	1	G	U	0	Α	0
В	А	Р	D	C	1	R	М	K	R
Е	W	1	L	R	N	S	E	٧	K
C	А	Ν	Α	Z	G	E	В	Е	T
U	L	G	Ε	Т	Α	J	0	В	В
E	K	Q	S	С	K	Χ	L	L	Χ
G	0	F	0	R	Α	М	Е	Α	

5A

2 home 3 phone 4 leave 5 moment 6 number 7 Let 8 call 9 would 10 don't 11 feel 12 about 13 Sounds 14 let's

CHECK 4

1 c 2 a 3 b 4 b 5 c 6 b 7 c 8 a 9 b 10 c 11 b 12 c 13 b 14 b 15 a 16 a 17 b 18 b 19 c 20 c 21 a 22 b 23 c 24 a 25 b 26 b 27 a 28 b 29 c 30 a

Pearson Education Limited

Edinburgh Gate
Harlow
Essex CM20 2JE
England
and Associated Companies throughout the world.

www.pearsonelt.com

© Pearson Education Limited 2015

The right of Frances Eales, Steve Oakes and Louis Harrison to be identified as authors of this Work has been asserted by them in accordance with the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

All rights reserved; no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise without the prior written permission of the Publishers.

First published 2015 ISBN: 978-1-4479-7676-9

Set in Aptifer sans 10/12 pt Printed in Slovakia by Neografia

Photo acknowledgements

The publisher would like to thank the following for their kind permission to reproduce their photographs:

(Key: b-bottom; c-centre; l-left; r-right; t-top)

123RF.com: Graça Victoria 53 (E), 27/3, 27/8, 28 (Apple), 28 (Cheese), 28 (Chicken), 28 (Milk), 28 (Orange Juice), 28 (Pear), 43/1, 43/2, 43/3, Stefano Cavoretto 27/4, djem 53 (H), Jennifer Keddie de Cojon 10, Maksym Yemelyanov 27/7; Alamy Images: Robert Fried 32t, Hangon Media Works Private limited 18b, Horizons WWP 74, International Photobank 42, Natalie Jezzard 56, MBI 60, Rory Buckland L 24, Robin Weaver 52; Fotolia.com: cristi I 80884 48/3, eugenesergeev 53 (B), fotomatrix 48/8 (Blouse), Brent Hofacker 31, julialine802 43/7, Alexandra Karamyshev 48/1, 48/4, 48/5, larisa 13 6b, OlegDoroshin 48/9, Popova Olga 48/10, Kimberly Reinick 27/1, sugar 0607 6tl, Martin Turzak 6tc, underworld 53 (C), Lilyana Vynogradova 6tr, WavebreakMediaMicro 16, zakaz 48/7; Getty Images: Ghislain & Marie David de Lossy / The Image Bank 54, Ian Cook / The LIFE Images Collection 35, Jupiterimages 65, Mark Bowden / Vetta 15, SD Productions / Photodisc 36, Stephen Mallon / The Image Bank 12, Stone / Michelle Pedone 41; Pearson Education Ltd: Gareth Boden 32b, MindStudio 44; Rex Features: Action Press 34t, Erik C. Pendzich 34b; Shutterstock.com: 6493866629 28 (Bread), Andresr 19t, bikeriderlondon 63, Binkski 53 (F), BlueOrange Studio 43/6, Bola_BR 28 (Garlic), chikapylka 28 (Pepper), Djomas 48 (E), Elena Elisseeva 53 (I), Freer 28 (Potato), Goodluz 59r, Peter Gudella 27/10, Anton Gvozdikov 66b, Jiri Hera 27/6, Hogan Imaging 48 (J), terekhov igor 48/8, IR Stone 25, Juniart 48 (D), Kaarsten 48 (G), Karkas 48/2, 48/6, 48/6 (Jacket), KKulikov 27/2, Robert Kneschke 66t, Kuzma 28 (Strawberry), wong yu liang 48 (I), Oleksiy Mark 53 (G), Maxriesgo 48 (B), 48 (C), michaeljung 48 (A), motorolka 28 (Broccoli), Maks Narodenko 28 (Banana), nickichen 43/4, Pablo Eder 27/5, Pkchai 59c, Elena Schweitzer 28 (Butter), Shebeko 48/3 (Jumper), Shout It Out Design 53 (D), Somchai Som 43/8, Alex Staroseltsev 28 (Salmon), Alexey Stiop 43/9, Stockyimages 48 (H), Studioloco 48 (F), Surrphoto 49, Thaagoon 27/9, Vibrant Image Studio 53 (A), violetblue 591, Vladimir Wrangel 43/5; SuperStock: Blend Images 20, Radius 62

All other images @ Pearson Education

Every effort has been made to trace the copyright holders and we apologise in advance for any unintentional omissions. We would be pleased to insert the appropriate acknowledgement in any subsequent edition of this publication.