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Complete the conversation with your own answers. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

New teacher: Hi! What's your first name?

You: _____

New teacher: And what's your last name?

You:

New teacher: What's your middle name?

You:

New teacher: Great. Thanks. It's nice to meet you.

Part 2

Choose the best word or phrase to complete each conversation. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1.

Yuko: (Hi, Mao. / How are you doing, Mao?)

Mao: Fine, thanks.

Yuko: Oh, my train is here.

Mao: (Fine, thanks. / OK. Good night.)

2.

Ms. Anders: (Hey / Hello), Ms. Kim.

Ms. Kim: How is everything?

Ms. Anders: Everything is great, thank you. How are you?

Ms. Kim: (Good. / I'm fine, thank you.)

3.

Francis: Hi, Andy. How are things?

Andy: I'm all right. You?

Francis: (Not bad. / I'm fine, thank you.)

4.

Melissa: (Good night / Goodbye), Professor Ramos.

Ms. Ramos: Goodbye, Melissa.

Read the letter below.

University of America Where every student is special.

3256 22nd Street Minneapolis, Minnesota 55416 800-852-7946

Ms. Renee Maria Smith 254 Larry Lane St. Petersburg, Florida 33701-4313 April 29, 2013

Dear Ms. Smith,

Congratulations! It is my pleasure to tell you that you have been accepted to University of America. To keep your place in the University of America's class entering August 2013 and graduating May 2017, please fill in the form and send it to us.

Again, let me say congratulations. I wish you the best in your studies at University of America.

Sincerely,

Mr. Andre Fiori

Director of Admissions

-		•	
Comp	lete t	he sen	tences.

- Her first name is ______.
- 2. Her middle name is ______.
- 3. Her last name is _______
- 4. This is a formal _____
- 5. The last name of the Director of Admissions is ______

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

In your country, is it difficult to get into university? Do most people want to go to university? Give reasons for your answers.

Part 2

Write a short, formal letter to Mr. Fiori. Tell him you are happy you can go to his university.

Part 3

In a group, share what you have written to Mr. Fiori. What are some different reasons why your classmates are happy about attending his university?



Match the words from the box to their definitions.

classmate	teacher	friend	neighbor	relative	colleague	boss	stranger
1. A person yo	n work with is				University	41	
2. Someone yo				The second second	Aleke ekety		
3. Someone w			CLASS BARE				
4. One of the p			THE GAS O'AL				
5. The person	- 10 m				The same		
6. The person	Ment Treatment						
7. A person su							
8. Someone yo	u like to spend	time with is	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	on that you no	plasure to vertin		
Part 2			STREET, STREET	obligation A The Color	ce in the Univ.		
Part 3 Write the words second person s	s from Part 1 to	o complete the	ne first sentence	e in each conv	ersation. Then w	rite what th	Manager And Manage
1. Yukiko: Excuse Ralph:		his is my _			rk together at Ox	ford Univer	rsity Press.
2. YeQuing: Hi, I	3ak. I'd like you	ı to meet my		. We fi	irst met 10 years	ago.	
Bak:				will spread on	and the second	A	
3. Inger: Hi. I'm David:	Inger, and this	is my		, I live in 4.	A, and he lives ir	5B.	

Read the application.

Homestay Application



YOU First Name: Qing Middle Name: (none) Last name: Zhao
Birthday: January 15, 1993 Age: 20 Gender: MF
Grade in school: 3rd year of university

Where are you from? ____ China

I went to Australia. How long? I went for one week. Who with?

I went with my family.

Your English Where do you study English? _my university When did you start to study English? _elementary school

Do you like English? Yes, I love it.

Homestay Alone? No Other students in the house? Yes

I want to live in London or Yorkshire in the U.K.

Program: 3 months

I heard about this program from a teacher and my friend.

Mark the statements T	(True) or F	(False).
-----------------------	-------------	----------

- _____ 1. His name is Qing Zhao.
 - 2. Qing is from Yorkshire.
- Qing wants to live with other students.
 - 4. Qing loves English.
- _____ 5. Qing wants to go to Australia.
- _____ 6. Qing wants to go to another country for 13 months



PAIR WORK With a partner, correct the false statements.

Part 2

Imagine you want to have a homestay in an English-speaking country. Write sentences to introduce yourself. Include the same kind of information as the above application.

Part 3

In class, compare your reasons for wanting to participate in a homestay program with your classmates' reasons.

Write one or two words to complete each way of communicating. If a word is not needed, write an X.

___ an e-mail

__ video chat

social network

3. ______in person

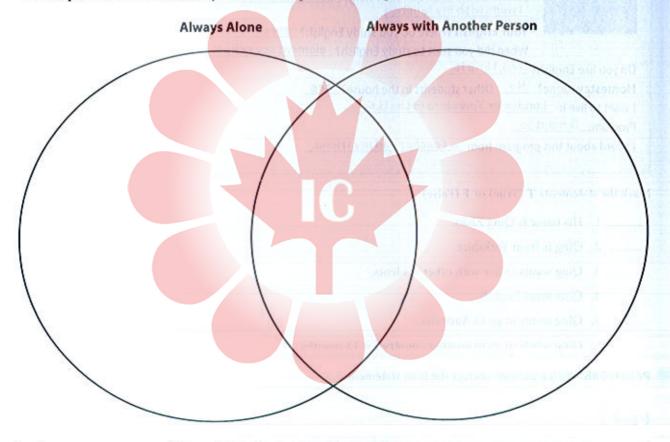
a letter

_____ instant message

on the phone

Part 2

Do you do each activity in Part 1 alone, with another person, or sometimes alone and sometimes with another person? Write each activity in the correct place in the diagram.



In class, compare answers with a partner.

A: I usually write an e-mail alone. How about you?

B: I do, too.

Read the class description below.

Communication 101

Professor Ahmad

Education Building, Room 423

Tuesdays and Thursdays 8:30-10 p.m.

Open to all students

How do you communicate with people? Do you write a letter or an e-mail? Do you send a text or talk on the phone? Do you like to meet in person or chat with video? Is there one way of communication that is better than another?

In this class, we will talk about how we communicate, and we will talk about how people of different ages and in different situations communicate in different ways. We will also look at how communication has changed in the last 100 years.

Answer the questions.

- 1. Who is teaching the class?
- 2. How many hours a week does the class meet?
- 3. What is the name of the class?
- 4. What changes will the students study?
- 5. Who can take this class?

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Do you want to take this class? Give reasons for your answer.
- 2. What classes are you taking now?
- 3. What kind of classes do you like to take?
- 4. Are classes a good way to meet new people? Why?

Part 2

Image you are going to make a weekly chat time so new students can meet each other. Will there be food? When and where will it meet? Who can come? Write a description like the one above.

Part 3

Share your weekly chat ideas with a partner. Talk about other ways new students can meet each other.





How often do you talk about these things? Put them never). Who do you talk with? Write your answer on	
In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.	
school	movies
family	hobbies hobbies
music	money ECA moon galblish nobecubl
sports	TV shows
Part 2	of communication that is better than accurate.
Check (✓) the sentences and questions you might use	to make small talk.
It's really beautiful today, isn't it?	off arent ages and in different situations computing from how community than has changed in the last 140 years.
It really is.	A Design of the Control of the Contr
This sunny weather is great, isn't it?	
How old are you?	
Yeah, this cloudy weather sure is terrible.	Who is teaching the losses
How's school/work?	
—— Hot/cold, huh?	fisher that a facely there the characteristic
What's your middle name?	Nhat, is the name of the closes.
I'm really busy these days. You?	what changes will the student and of
David 2	
Part 3	WERK Discussible of stone
Use some of the sentences and questions in Part 2 to r a partner in class.	make two short conversations. Practice them with
1.	No.412 of 1981) aloy (III alow and it of hours at a co
You:	
Partner:	
2.	
You:	Section 1 Part Company of the Comp
Partner:	

ding & Writing

7

Eric: Oh, welcome to the building

fill. I hate to a clear do you have abroam?

Part 1

Read the postcard.

Hello from Brazil!

April 5, 2013

Dear Sansfica,

I'm having a great time in São Paulo. It's really nice today—sunny and warm. But yesterday it was cloudy and a little cold.

I started staying with my host family last night. In total, I'll stay with them for three nights. They have a daughter, Manu, who is the same age as me. I was worried, but they all speak great English. We talked about music and movies, and we even like the same ones!

How are things at school? If you have time, we can video chat next weekend. I want to hear how everyone is.

The month will be over before I know it!

Leah

Sansfica Salazar

1785 Old Maple Lane Hollywood, CA 72013

AIR MAIL

Write the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.

- 1. ______ is in Brazil right now.
- 2. She's staying with her host family for ______ more nights.
- 3. Leah and ______ are the same age.
- 4. On April 4, the weather was
- 5. Leah is going to be gone for ______.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. When do most people write postcards, and to whom do they send them?
- 2. Do we need to make small talk when we write postcards? Give reasons for your answer.
- 3. What kinds of personal information should you not write on a postcard?

Part 2

Imagine you are Sansfica. Write a postcard to Leah. Talk about the weather and a new friend at school.

Part 3

Read your postcard to a partner without telling them where you are visiting. Have them guess where you are writing about.

Watch New Neighbors and fill in the blanks.

Eric:	Ні.
Jill:	Hello. Sorry to bother you. My friend and I are new to the building. We're in 3F.
Eric:	Oh, welcome to the building!
Jill:	I hate to ask, but do you have a broom?
Eric:	A broom? Oh, sure. Tom, where is our broom?
Tom:	Hold on.
Eric:	Please, please, come inside.
Jill:	Thanks. By the way, my
Eric:	I'm Eric. And this is my friend and roommate, Tom.
Tom:	Here you go.
Jill:	Thanks. Oh, are you new to the, too?
Tom:	Um, no. Why?
Jill:	Oh, never mind.
Maria:	Jill?
Jill:	I'm in here. Come and meet our
	is Eric. This is my
	Maria.
Maria:	How's it
Tom:	Not bad.
Eric:	good.

Tom: Excuse me for a minute.

Jill: That smells good. What's for Tom: I'm not sure yet. But right now, it's tomato Eric: It's pasta and tomato sauce. He always makes pasta! Tom: I do not! Hey, I have an idea. Stay and have some with us. Maria: Oh, um, but we need to clean our apartment. Tom: Come. in about 30 minutes. Jill: Are you sure? That's really of you. Maria: Yeah. Our refrigerator is empty. Eric: I'll text you when it's ready. Can I get your_ Jill: Sure. It's 555-3992. Eric: I'm sorry. Can you . that? (13) Jill: 555-3992. Eric: Got it. Maria: Thanks, guys. We'll see you Jill: Bye. Eric: See you _ Tom: Bye! I hope you're hungry! Tom: Hm...What should I make? Eric: Aha! Tom: What? I like pasta. Eric? Will you ask Jill to bring the broom?

Brammar B

Contractions

Full form	Contraction	
lam	l'm	
You are	You're	
He is	He's	
She is	She's	
lt is	lt's	
We are	We're	
My name is	My name's	
What is	What's	
Who is	Who's	
How is	How's	
ls not	lsn't	
Do not	Don't	
Does not	Doesn't	

Part 1

Circle the contractions in the sentence. Then write the full form.

- I (don't) like watching TV. do not
- 2. What's his name?
- 3. I'm a teacher. ____
- 4. We're in the same class.
- 5. Who's your teacher?
- 6. It's a beautiful day.

Part 2

Rewrite the sentences using contractions

- 1. How is it going? How's it going?
- 2. Mike does not like chocolate.
- 3. My name is Walter.
- 4. She is a teacher.
- 5. He is not a student.
- 6. We do not have a test today.

a rammar A

B: Yes, she is.

B: Yes, he does.

Tag questions

Tag questions...

are added at the end of a sentence.

turn statements into questions.

are usually used by speakers to check their information or to gain agreement.

Affirmative sentence + negative tag (affirmative answer expected)

Sarah: The weather's beautiful, isn't it?

Karina: Yes, it is.

Sarah: You have a lot of friends, don't you?

Karina: Yes, I do.

Negative sentence + affirmative tag (negative answer expected)

Mike: This movie isn't very good, is it?

Jim: No, it isn't.

Mike: You don't have any money, do you?

Jim: No, I don't.

Part 1

Complete the conversations. Write the tag questions.

- 1. A: This café is crowded, isn't it ? B: Yes, it is.
- 2. A: Lara doesn't live near the school, ______? B: No, she doesn't.
- 3. A: The teacher is nice, _____?
- 4. A: We don't have a lot of homework, _____? B: No, we don't.
- 5. A: Mike's brother studies hard, _____?
- 6. A: The bus wasn't crowded this morning, ______? B: No, it wasn't.

Part 2

Complete the conversations. Write the tag questions.

- 1. A: It's nice today, isn't it? B: Yes. it is.
- 2. A: The test wasn't easy, was it? B:
- 3. A: They like ice cream, don't they? B:
- 4. A: You walk to school, don't you? B:
- 5. A: Sara doesn't have a car, does she? B:
- 6. A: The homework isn't too hard, is it? B:

Polite requests

You can use I'd like + an infinitive to make a polite request:

I want a job application. -> I'd like to have a job application.

You can also use May I / Could I / Can I + a verb to make a polite request:

May I have a job application?

I want a job application. → Could I have a job application?

Can I have a job application?

Add please to make requests more polite:

With May I, Could I, and Can I, you can add please before the verb, or at the beginning or the end of the sentence. (Notice the comma.)

May I please have a job application?

Please may I have a job application?

May I have a job application, please?

With I'd like, you can only add please at the end. (Notice the comma.)

I'd like a job application, please.

Part 1

Complete the sentences. Write the correct form of the verb.

- 1. May I borrow a pen?
- 2. I'd like _____ here.
- 3. Could I ______ a window?
- 4. I'd like ______ a glass of water.
- 5. Can I ______ a question?
- 6. I'd like ______ now.

Part 2

Write please in the correct place, a or b. Add a comma, if necessary.

- 1. May _____ l ____ have a salad?
- 2. Can I come _____ with you _____
- 3. I'd _____ like to speak with you _____
- 4. Could I ______ use ______ your phone?
- 5. _____ I'd like to get some help _____.
- 6. I'd like ______ to make an appointment ______

irammar C

[the music] (🙁), or I don't like [the music]	
1. rock	I don't really like rock.
2. pop	oute alien of digit and the 5 Nithbull NI you any old manure.
3. country	May Lhave a job application?
4. hip-hop	I want a job application> Could thave a job application? Cart I have a job application?
5. classical	Asilico sion etagonetato do seguina.
6. jazz	Vinn way 1. Could 1, and Con I, you can add aleasts before the way or an I
- 411	The Color of the Settlement (Notice the command)
8. techno	Market Brook a John Strong Tv. M.
9. heavy metal	
10. reggae	Yay i have a job application pleasive
Part 2 In each of B's answers, one word is wrong practice the correct conversations with yo	Cross it out and write the correct word on the line. In class, ur partner.
1. A: I love techno.	4. A: I really like country.
B: Really? I dodon't	B: Neither do I.
2. A: I don't like jazz at all.	5. A: I don't really like hip-hop.
B: Either do I.	B: Oh, I don't.
3. A: I like reggae.	6. A: I really dislike heavy metal.
B: Me neither.	B: Really? I do.
Part 3	
Look at the conversations in Part 2. Do A	and B like the same (S) music or different (D) music?
1.	4
2	5

Read the newspaper article below.

Friday Night Concerts

Summer is almost here, and that means the start of the Friday Night Concerts in the Park series. Every Friday through August, you can hear a different group—for free. This year is the 21st year of the series, and the concerts are always popular.

- May 3 Smooth sounds with horns and piano.
- May 10 Beware! This band will get your heart pumping.
- May 17 An orchestra that people of all ages love.
- May 24 Dance your way through an evening of fun.
- May 31 This concert may not be for everyone. Loud, with a good beat.

All concerts start at 8 p.m. For more information and other schedules, contact Concerts in the Park at 308-712-9645 or ConcertsInPark.org.



Match the type of music to the date.

- _ 1. May 3
- _ 2. May 10
- _ 3. May 17
- _ 4. May 24
- _ 5. May 31

- a. classical
- b. techno
- c. heavy metal
- d. hip-hop
- e. jazz



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. What important information is missing from the newspaper article?
- 2. Which concerts are you interested in going to?
- 3. What kinds of people probably go to free concerts in the park?
- 4. What are some good and bad things about free concerts in the park?

Part 2

Write a newspaper article about an event taking place in your town.

Part 3

Share your event with a partner. Ask if they will attend and why.

Rank these interests from 1 (most interesting for you) to 8 (not at all interesting to you). Then write three words about that interest.

In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

1	movies
	actor, actress, Emma Watson
2	sports sports
3	Smooth sounds with hom book plane.
4	video games
5	start at 8 p.m. For more visic music music more removed at 11518.
6	books
7	shopping shape of a same o
8	travel (d) travel

Part 2

Use your ideas from Part 1 and other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, get into groups of three and practice it.

iou:	what's your lavorne movie:
Partner 1:	1. My favorite movie is
Partner 2:	I like 2.
Partner 1:	How about actors and actresses? Who's your favorite actress?
You:	I'm crazy about 3.
Partner 1:	Really? 4.
Partner 2:	And what about music? What's your favorite song?
	5
Partner 2:	So you like 6.
You:	7
Partner 1:	Well, what about video games? Do you like any games in particular?
You:	8

Lesson 6: Reading & Writing

INTERESTS

Part 1

Read the magazine article.

Most popular travel movie 2003-2013

Every ten years I have to decide on the top travel movie of the past decade. It's not easy to choose just one, so here are my top two.

Number 1: Peru Journey

This movie came out nine years ago, but every time I see it, it makes me want to go to Peru. The information is interesting, and the scenes of Peru are amazing. I particularly like the scenes of Machu Picchu. One of the bad things about the movie is that it is three hours long. Have some snacks before you start it!

Number 2: Across Africa

This movie came out last year, but it isn't your usual travel movie. It's the story about how one family traveled across Africa. It took them four years, and during that time, there were many problems. The music is amazing, but the acting could be better.

Complete the sentences.

- 1. In the first paragraph, the word decade means ______.
- 2. The movie about Peru came out in _____
- The good thing about the second movie is ______
- 4. The good points about the first movie are ______ and _____
- 5. The bad point about the second movie is

NEW PA

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Do you want to see the movies? Give reasons for your answer.
- 2. Is there any other information you want to know about each movie?
- 3. What was the best movie you saw last year? Give reasons for your answer.

Part 2

Write a review of a movie. Include what you liked and didn't like about the movie.

Part 3

In class, share your review and talk about what kinds of movies you like and don't like. Make a list of the top five movies you want to see that were reviewed by your classmates.

What time is it? Draw clocks.

It's half past eleven.



It's a quarter to nine.

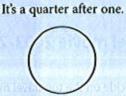




It's five to four.

It's noon.





It's midnight.



Part 2

What time is it? Write your answers in words. Use after and to.

	-	n	
- 1	0	u	

- 2. 3:10
- 3. 8:20
- 4. 6:25
- 5. 7:40
- 6. 5:50
- 7. 1:35
- Part 3

Look at your schedule. Answer the questions using words.

	Monday
10:30	English class
1:00	Work
7:30	Birthday party

- 1. What time is your English class?
- 2. What time is your job?
- 3. What time is the birthday party?

Read the timetables.

Train Service April-June							
Leave Barcelona	Arrive Madrid	Days of Service					
six thirty a.m.	nine fifteen a.m.	M-F					
six forty-five a.m.	nine thirty a.m.	Sat, Sun					
nine forty-five a.m.	twelve thirty p.m.	T, Th					

Flight Schedule April-June							
Leave Singapore	From	Arrive Bangkok	Flight Number				
seven thirty a.m.	Gate 44C	eight fifteen a.m.	482				
eight thirty a.m.	Gate 44B	nine fifteen a.m.	484				
nine forty-five a.m.	Gate 44A	ten fifteen a.m.	486				

	100		
Α,	0	m	-
ıv	ıe	m	u

Susan,

Please buy a train ticket for George Colbert to go to Madrid on Saturday. Please also get a ticket for me to fly to Bangkok. I need to get there between 9 and 10 in the morning. Thanks,

Greg

Complete the information about George and Gre	gst	travel.	
---	-----	---------	--

Georg	e: Day:	Leave:	Travel time:	
Greg:	Flight Number:	Gate:		
	Leave	Travel time:	Arrive:	

Part 2

Create a timetable for a train like the one above using two cities from your country. Include Leave times, Arrive times, and Days of Service.

Part 3

Show your timetable to a partner. Have them buy a ticket from you. Take turns asking and answering questions about the times and days of service.

Lesson 8: Vocabulary

paithW8 onil interests

Part 1

Which word is different? Circle it. In class, talk about why it is different with a partner.

1.	dangerous	hard	golf
2.	soccer	baseball	bungee jumping
3.	kayaking	interesting	challenging
4.	rock climbing	skydiving	wrestling
5.	exciting	boring	fun
6.	snowboarding	skateboarding	boxing
7.	surfing	jet skiing	soccer

Part 2

Complete the conversation with your own answers. Practice it with a partner in class.

Friend: What do you think about jet skiing?

You: I think it's _

Friend: Really? I think .

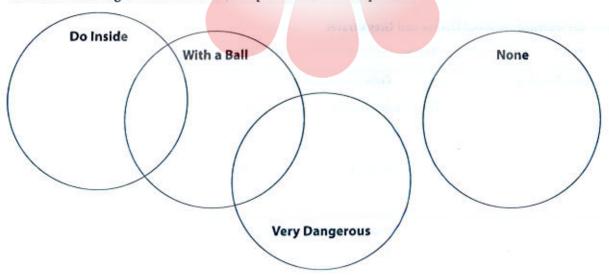
Part 3

Use the words from Part 1 to write the opposites.

exciting _____ safe _____ easy

Part 4

Do you use a ball to do the activities in Part 1? Do you do them inside? Are they dangerous? Write the activities in the diagram below. In class, compare answers with a partner.



Read the advertisement below.

Would you try jet skiing? Then take this safety course first.

There are safety courses throughout the country, for people of all ages and skills. This course is important because 10% of all boaters use jet skis. Each course includes topics like:

- Watching the weather
- The water and children
- In and out of the water safety
- Checking your jet ski before you use it

Most courses are six to ten lessons of two to three hours each.

Look for courses with a state approval because they met the standards of the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators.

Contact your state recreation department for more information.

California Safe Boating Department

Answer the questions.

- 1. Who is this advertisement for?
- 2. How long is the shortest course? .
- 3. Who put this advertisement in the magazine? .
- 4. According to the advertisement, do people who have jet skied need to take this course?
- 5. According to the advertisement, which safety courses are best to take?

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

Why is it important to take safety courses before trying adventure sports? What other sports probably have safety courses?

Part 2

Imagine you want to take a jet ski safety course with your friend. Write an e-mail telling him/her about the course and why you should take it.

Part 3

Get into pairs. Pretend you don't want to take the course and have your friend tell you why it's important.

Watch A Birthday Present and fill in the blanks.

Maria: I don't know what to get Jill for her birthday.

Tom: Hm... how about a ticket to a baseball game?

Maria: Jill doesn't like baseball at all. Actually, she

doesn't like any _______.

Tom: Really? I love sports! Well, what does she like?

Maria: She likes music.

Tom: What kind?

Maria: She loves hip-hop and _

Tom: Heavy metal?! Oh, I don't like heavy metal.

Maria: Me neither. I think it's too loud.

Tom: Who's her favorite

Maria: Well, her _____ hip-hop artist is Kanye West.

Tom: Me too! What about you?

Maria: I don't really like _______.

Maria: I like Coldplay.

Tom: So do I! I have all their CDs. Hey, what do

you think of getting her a CD?

Maria: Jill never buys CDs. She

all her music.

Tom: Why don't you get her tickets to a concert?

Maria: That's a good idea.

Tom: Let's look online.

Tom: Here's something. Susannah Mason. What do

you think of her?

Maria: The folk singer? I think she's great, but Jill

doesn't like _____ music.

Tom: How about this? Hip-Hop

Madness. It's tomorrow night.

_____ are \$35.

Maria: It doesn't sound interesting to me.

Tom: It sounds fun to me! It's at 8:00. Doors

open at _______seven.

Maria: Let's look for something else.

Maria: Hey, what about this? Tickets to the new

Dance City!

Tom: I heard it was really good!

Maria: Jill loves musicals!

Tom: Perfect! Buy four tickets. It starts at 7:30, so

we can meet at 7:00.

Maria: I'm buying them now.

Eric: Hi, guys.

Tom: Hi, Eric. How was

class?

Eric: It was great. Math is my favorite subject.

Tom: Is there any subject you don't like?

Eric: No, of course not. I love every subject.

Maria: Done!

Eric: What are you guys doing?

Maria: We just bought a birthday present for Jill.

Eric: Me too! Look guys! I got four tickets

for the new musical Dance City!

_____ night.

Present simple: do and does

Do I Does she						
Do you + main verb	Does he + main verb					
Do we Do they	Does it puld with about a more who will y					
Do you know the band Coldplay?	Does your roommate have a band?					
Yes, I know Coldplay.	Yes, he has a band.					
(shortened form) Yes, I do.	(shortened form) Yes, he does.					
Do you like snowboarding?	Does your girlfriend like snowboarding?					
No, I don't like snowboarding.	No, she doesn't like snowboarding.					
(shortened form) No, I don't.	(shortened form) No, she doesn't.					

Part 1

Complete the questions with Do or Does and the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

1.	A:	Do	you and your roommate _	watch reality	B:	Yes, we do.
		shows? (watch)				
2.	A:		this music	like hip-hop? (sound)	B:	No, it doesn't
3.	A:		Gong Li	a new movie out? (have)	B;	Yes, she does.
4.	A:		Lucas	_ to go to the movies? (like)	B:	Yes, he does.
5.	A:		your friends	sushi? (eat)	B:	Yes, they do.

Part 2

Complete the answers with do, don't, does, or doesn't.

1.	A:	Do you like to watch comedies?	B:	Yes, I
2.	A:	Does Marcus play the guitar?	B:	No, he
3.	A:	Do Lisa and Bob like pizza?	B:	Yes, they
4.	A:	Do you and your friends watch The Amazing Chase?	B:	No, we
5.	A:	Does your band have a name?	B:	Yes, we!
6.	A:	Does Sara listen to jazz?	B:	No, she
7.	A:	Does this concert end at midnight?	B:	Yes, it
8.	A:	Do you want to eat at a restaurant tonight?	B:	No, I

VIST RITE

te. I don like snowboard

Lessons 5-8: Grammar B

Compound nouns

A compound noun is a noun made up of two or more words. It acts as a single word.

A rammar A

skate + board → Is this your skateboard? swimming + pool → Where's the swimming pool?

rock + climbing → My favorite sport is rock climbing.

A compound noun can be made up of nouns, verbs, adjectives, and prepositions.

noun + verb

noun + noun

adjective + noun

haircut →

toothpaste →

blackboard →

skateboard →

mother-in-law →

swimming pool →

verb + noun noun + preposition + noun verb + noun

A compound noun can be

- open (space between words): tennis shoes, rock climbing
- hyphenated (hyphen between words): grown-ups, 18-year-olds
- closed (no space between words): breakfast, snowboarding

Part 1

Check the compound nouns in the sentences. (Use a dictionary to help you.)

- Does the ______big hotel have a ____ swimming pool?
- 2. It's a _____ long drive to the _____ skateboard park.
- 3. I have my _____ new boots, so let's go _____ rock climbing today.
- 4. Robbie and his <u>brother-in-law</u> went <u>swimming</u> today.
- 5. We went _____ skateboarding ____ last week.

Part 2

Complete the sentences with the correct form of a compound noun. (Use a dictionary to help you.)

- 1. A: Do you want to climb on the rocks today?
- B: No, I don't like ____rock climbing
- 2. A board for riding the surf is a _
- 3. If you jump with a bungee, you are ___
- 4. When you dive from the sky, you are ___
- 5. A: Do you like to ride a bike in the mountains? B: No, I don't like _
- 6. A: Do you want to ride on a raft down the river? B: Yes, I really enjoy __
- 7. A: What shoes do you wear when you play tennis? B: I wear ___

rbulary

Lessons 5-8: Grammar C

Prepositions in time expressions

at	a specific time	at 6:30 at night
Class starts at 9 a.m. I like to watch movies	at night.	
in	a specific month a specific year the morning the afternoon the evening	in February in 2009 in the morning in the afternoon in the evening
My birthday is in Febro I lived in the U.S. in 20 We eat breakfast in the	09. We don't have class in the evening.	s daughter is my
on	a specific day of the week a specific date	on Monday on Dec. 30th
Vacation starts on Mor The test is on Septemb		ner and father me im

Part 1

Circle the correct preposition.

- 1. The concert starts on/at 8 p.m.
- 2. Is your birthday on/in December?
- 3 Lara's graduation party is in/on June 3rd.
- 4. The movie starts at/on 9 p.m. tonight.
- 5. We don't have snowboarding classes in/at night.
- 6. Mollie doesn't eat breakfast in/at the morning.

Part 2

Write the correct preposition: at, in, or on.

- 1. Do you eat dinner ___at ___ 8:30 p.m.?
- 2. Milo visited Mexico ______ 2011.
- 3. The soccer game is _____ Saturday, April 26.
- 4. Kara likes to relax _____ the evening.
- Nick was born _____ January 25, 1990.
- I like to go for a walk _____ night.

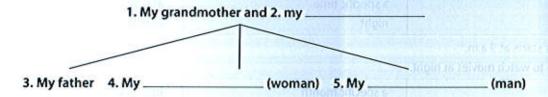
Lesson 9: Vocabulary

PEOPLE

arammar C

Part 1

A family tree shows all of the people in a family. Imagine this is part of your father's family tree. Write the words to finish the tree.



Part 2

Look at the family tree in Part 1. Complete the sentences.

- 1. Person 1 and person 2 are my
- 2. Person 4's daughter is my
- 3. Person 5's son is my
- 4. Person 5's son is my father's
- 5. Person 4's daughter is my father's
- 6. My mother and father are my

Part 3

Complete the sentences with true information about you. In class, take turns reading your sentences with a partner.

- 1. I _____ two sisters.
- 2. My _____ is single.
- 3. My _____ is married.
- 4. My ______ is _____ years old.
- 5. I _____ an only child.
- 6. My ______ is older than me, but my is younger than me.
- 7. I _____ children.
- 8. I _____ one brother.

Lesson 9: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the e-mail below from Cynthia.

000

From: Cynthia Watson

Subject: Welcome to our home!

Date: May 5, 2013 To: Yumiko Matsuo

Dear Yumiko,

My name is Cynthia Watson, and you are going to stay with us for three months while you study English in the United States.

There are four people in our family. My husband James is a teacher. He loves kayaking. Do you want to try it while you are here? We have two children, my seven-year-old daughter Kelly, and my four-year-old son Kyle. Kelly loves to play outside with her cousin, Beka. She lives down the street with her parents, Frank and Sandy. They have a boat and want to take you for a ride in June. My parents, Austin and Nadine, live near us, too. They are going to have you over to swim in their pool during the summer.

We are so excited to meet you! See you next week!

Cynthia "Mom"

Complete the sentences.

- Cynthia's niece's name is
- 2. Nadine is Kyle's _____
- 3. Beka's cousins are _____ and ____
- 4. _____ is an only child.
- 5. Beka's uncle is ______, and her aunt is _____

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Would you like to stay with the Watson family? Give reasons for your answers.
- 2. What kind of interests would your perfect host family have?
- 3. Where would you like to go to study English? How long would you stay? Why?

Part 2

Write an e-mail to Cynthia to tell her about you and your family members. Finish by telling her you are also excited to meet her family.

Part 3

Share your e-mail with your partner. What are the most important things for schools to think about when they put host students with host families?



Lesson 10: Vocabulary

PEOPLE

Part 1

Are these personalities positive, negative, or both? In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

Positive Negative	
May 5, 20	
×	
	\
all trains of the control of the con	
you study English in the United St.	1
ing. Do you want to my n while ye ratcherd. We have every whiteen my year old dhoghter Kelix, and ty have every with towns and the second security in the rest old security is second security.	Soxod
in vight their cousin. Sum Sine work from the street was full become	okava /
andly They have a Load and warms. Sake you for a rive in him of the	/
sool during the cur when	

Part 2

Use the words from Part 1 to complete each sentence. You won't use one word.

- 2. While you waited in line, your friend talked to many people. She is also ______.
- 3. It was fun waiting with your friend, but you can't talk to other people very easily. You are kind of quiet and _______.
- 4. Your friend is good at studying English. He is very ______ and got an A on his last English test.
- 5. Your friend always thinks he will do well. People think he is ______.
- 6. Many people smile when your friend says interesting things. He is
- 7. You always think a lot before you do things. You are _____

Part 3

- 1. Think about you and your friend. Which sentences in Part 2 are true?
- 2. Which sentences aren't true?

Read the e-mail from David.

000

From: David Lopez

Subject: Portuguese tutor Date: Friday, August 25, 2013

To: Jose Silva, Exchange Student Director

Dear Mr. Silva,

My name is David Lopez. I heard that you are looking for conversation partners to help American students who are coming here to learn Portuguese. I want to be a partner. I speak good English, and I know it is important to speak slowly when you help someone learn another language. At first, when the students don't know very much Portuguese, I can use English to help them, too.

I am friendly and patient, and I don't mind repeating myself. My friends say I am funny, so I think I can help the students relax when they first get here. I can also help them meet other people quickly.

I am looking forward to meeting the new students at the first meeting next Thursday.

Sincerely,

David

Complete the sentences.

- David will help ______ learn a new language.
- 2. David speaks _____ and ____
- 3. David and Mr. Silva ______ met before.
- 4. David ______ shy.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Do you think David will be a good conversation partner? Give reasons for your answer.
- 2. What other types of personalities are good for conversation partners?
- 3. Should David correct all of the mistakes his partner makes? Why or why not?

Part 2

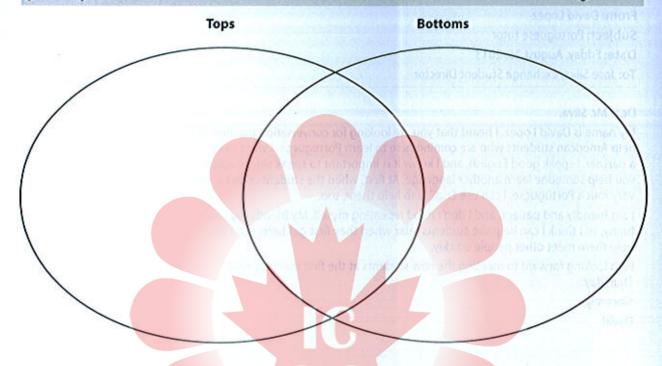
Imagine some Americans are visiting your school and you want to be a conversation partner. Write a short e-mail. Describe your personality and say why you will be a good partner.

Part 3

In class, compare your e-mails. What different types of personalities do your classmates have? Which is the best type to be a conversation partner.

Are these clothes tops (things you wear on the top part of your body), bottoms, or both? Write them in the correct place in the diagram.

jackets Jeans shirts T-shirts shorts skirts sweaters dresses watches bracelets rings



Part 2

Add three more kinds of clothes to the diagram in Part 1. In class, compare your ideas with a partner.

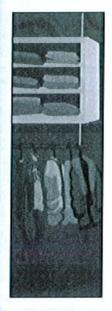
Part 3

Complete the sentences with words from Part 1. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

- 1. People wear _____ and _ when it's cold.
- 2. People wear ______ and _ when it's hot.
- _____ so they know what time it is. 3. People wear _
- 4. People often wear ______ when they are married.
- 5. People often wear ______ to keep their jeans up.
- 6. Usually only women wear _____ and .

Read the poster.

Clothing Forever Where Fashion is Fun



Sale! Sale! Sale!
All summer clothes* on sale to make space for fall fashions!
Summer dresses 40% off

Save 10-60% on shirts and T-shirts

Summer skirts only \$10 each

Hurry now. The sale ends Friday!

Be sure to stop by to see our new fall and winter clothes!

Boys' and girls' jeans and jean jackets

Women's jackets

Men's sweaters

Store hours: M-Th 10-9, F & Sat 10-10, Sun 10-5

7400 Galleria Drive

*No discount on designer clothes. Summer accessories not included in the sale. All sales final.

Mark the statements T (True) or F (False).

1.	In the	United	States,	you	would	probably	y see this	poster in	Ma	y.
1.	m the	Omtea	States,	you	would.	probabi	y see tills	poster in	TA	La

- ___ 2. Shorts are probably on sale, too.
- ___ 3. This store only has clothing for children.
- ___ 4. The store opens every day at 10 a.m.
- A watch with summer flowers is also on sale.

PAIR WORK Correct the false sentences with a partner.

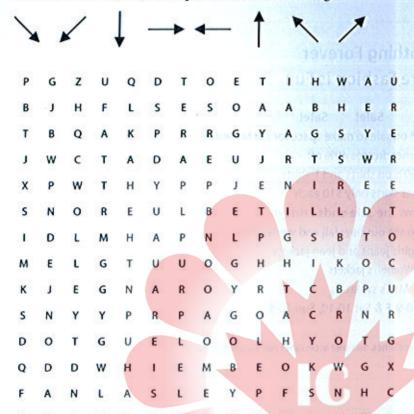
Part 2

Think of your favorite store. Make a poster telling people about a sale at the store.

Part 3

Share your poster with a partner. Ask them what they want to buy and why. Write a list of the things you want from your partner's favorite store. What day is the best to go shopping there?

Find the 11 color words in the puzzle below. The words go



Part 2

Look at the letters you didn't circle. Write every 6th letter below to find the hidden message.

TH	N-			
			multi- sol ye	
			en e la la la la	10000

Part 3

Write sentences with three of the colors. In class, take turns reading them with a partner.

1				
I		3.		
2				

2	
Э.	

Read the page from the catalog below.

The Perfect Look

This jacket makes it easy to look great everywhere. Wear it with pants at the office, or for more informal situations, wear it with jeans. It comes in brown and black. \$89.99

These shoes say, "I know who I am!" They feel great and have a unique look that will make people ask, "Where did you get those shoes?" \$59



This shirt looks as good at 7 p.m. as it does at 7 a.m., so you can look your best all day long. In blue, green, pink, yellow, white, and black. \$39.95

When you wear these jeans, all of your friends will say, "I love your jeans!" Perfect for day or night. \$50

Circle the correct word to complete the sentence.

- 1. The shirt probably looks very good unless/even after you wear it many hours.
- 2. The shoes are unusual/usual.
- The shirt/jeans comes in many colors.
- 4. You can wear the shirt/jacket in formal situations.
- 5. The shoes can/cannot talk.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Do you want to wear the clothes in the catalog picture? Why or why not?
- 2. How often do you go shopping for clothes?
- 3. What is your favorite color? How often do you wear it?

Part 2

Choose three of your favorite pieces of clothing. What do you like about them? Write short descriptions like those you would find in a catalog.

Part 3

In class, read the descriptions you wrote, but don't say the type of clothing. Have your partner guess what kind of clothing you wrote about.

Watch Meet the Family and fill in the blanks.

- Tom: What time does your birthday party start tonight?
 - Jill: At 7:00. Maria is cleaning our apartment now.
- Tom: No work for you on your birthday, huh?
- Jill: That's right! That's a nice
- Tom: Thanks! You look nice. Is that
- new?
- Jill: Yes, I got it for tonight. Is it OK?
- Tom: It's cool. I like it a lot.
 - Jill: Eric is here.
- Eric: Hi, guys. Sorry I'm late. I wanted to get something new for your party tonight. What do you think?
- Jill: It's an ______ shirt.
- Eric: So, we're going to get to meet your
- Jill: Yes. They're arriving later this afternoon.
- Eric: That's nice. But I'm always a little
- _____ around new people.
- Tom: Not me! Tell us about them!

- Jill: Well, my ______ is ______ is ______ . And shy. Dad doesn't say much at first.
- Tom: And your _____?
 - Jill: Mom is easy going and _______, like me.
- Tom: Do you have any _____?
 - Jill: Yes, I have two _______. As you can see, they love to play video games. Their names are Brent and David.
- Tom: What is Brent _____?
- Jill: Brent is wearing the

 T-shirt. And David is wearing the gray
- Jill: Brent will be there, but David doesn't live around here. He lives in Chicago. You can meet him another time.
- Eric: How old are they?
- Jill: Brent is 23 years old and David is 22. You'll also meet my
- Eric: What's she like?
- Jill: Grandma is great. She's 75 but she doesn't act or dress her age. Her style is very... different. But we love her!

This/That/These/Those

This/These refer to people or things that are near.

A: Who is this, Lisa? B: This is my brother, Mark.

A: Whose shoes are you wearing? B: These are my shoes.

That/Those refer to people or things that are not near.

A: Who was that person in the car? B: That was my cousin.

B: How much are those shoes in the window? B: Those shoes are \$150.

	Singular	Plural
Near	this	these
Not near	that	those

Part 1

Circle the correct word.

- 1. (These) This socks are purple.
- 2. Those/That T-shirt is nice. I'll take it, please.
- 3. Excuse me, how much are those/that pants?
- 4. These/This ring isn't new. It's my mother's.
- 5. Those/That shoes are black, not brown.
- 6. Where did you get that/those beautiful earrings?
- 7. I like to wear this/these sweater in the winter.

Part 2

Write the correct word: this, that, these, those.

1.	A: I love your shirt. Where did you get	it? B:	I got	_ shirt at The Shirt Shop.	
2.	Are jeans over the	ere blue	or black?		
3.	A: I lost my earrings!	B:	Wait! Here they are. Are	your earring	gs
4.	A: I like your hat. Is it new?	B:	No,	hat is old.	
5.	A: You left a jacket at my house.	B:	OK, I'll come over and ge	t jacket tonigh	nt.
6.	The shoes in the closet are Dave's, but _		shoes here are	e mine.	
7.	I have two jackets.	one is	red, and the other one is bl	lack.	

Adjectives and adverbs

Adjectives describe nouns or pronouns.

a red shirt my older sister and would be stated as tell pretty shoes a funny guy me seemen a funny guy

Adjectives often follow a form of be (am, is, are). Adjectives come after the verb be and before the noun.

I am single.

She is a smart student.

His jacket is blue.

My neighbors are nice people.

Adverbs can describe the action of a verb.

You speak English well.

I don't usually wear pink.

I really like your sweater. He often wears shorts.

Adverbs can be used to give information about adjectives.

This TV show is pretty funny.

Your watch is really nice.

That dress is incredibly beautiful.

I'm very impatient.

Adverbs can be used to modify other adverbs. They come before the adverb they modify.

She dresses really well.

You speak very confidently.

Part 1

Read the sentence. Decide if the word in bold is an adjective or an adverb. Circle your choice.

1. My older brother sings really well.

Adjective

Adverb

2. Jason's sister is a pretty good student.

Adjective

Adverb

3. Mara is a little shy, like me.

Adjective

Adverb

4. The Smith family often eats dinner together.5. Your younger brother is incredibly funny!

Adjective Adjective Adverb Adverb

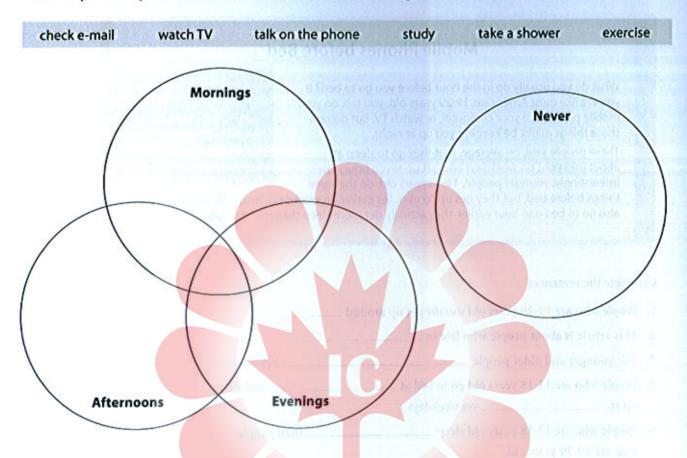
Part 2

Write the adjective or adverb in parentheses in the correct place in the sentence.

- 1. My cousin is a very funny guy. (very)
- 2. Oscar is wearing his _______ today. (favorite)
- 3. Dani speaks Spanish ______ pretty ______. (well)
- 4. Mike's friends _______ are _______. (creative)
- 5. Your grandparents are _______ nice ______! (incredibly)
- 6. Sam doesn't usually wear ______ shorts ______. (pink

Part 1

When do you usually do these activities? Write them in the correct place in the diagram.



Part 2

Add three more activities to the diagram in Part 1. In class, compare your ideas with a partner.

Part 3

Answer the questions so they are true for you. In class, take turns asking and answering the questions with a partner.

- 1. On the days when you get up early, what time do you wake up?
- 2. When do you usually have lunch?
- 3. What time do you usually get home on Wednesdays?
- 4. What time do you usually eat dinner on Fridays?
- 5. When do you usually go to bed?
- 6. What time do you get to class on Thursday?
- 7. Do you usually talk on the phone every day?

Read the journal article.

Mobile Phones before Bed

What do you usually do in the hour before you go to bed? If you are like most Americans 19-29 years old, you talk on your mobile phone, use your computer, or watch TV. But doing those things might be keeping you up at night.

These people said, on average, that they go to sleep at about midnight on weekdays and get up seven hours later. Interestingly, younger people, 13-18 years old, do the same



things before bed, but they get up 40 minutes earlier on weekdays. However, because they also go to bed one hour earlier, they actually get more sleep than the older people.

-				
Com	plete	the	sen	tences.

1	People who are 19-29	veare old usuall	v got un arou	nd
١.	reopte who are 19-25	vears old usuali	y get up arou	nd

- 2. This article is about people who live in
- 3. The younger and older people.
- 4. People who are 13-18 years old go to bed at and get on weekdays.
- 5. People who are 13-18 years old sleep than people who are 19-29 years old.



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

How would the students in your country answer the question in the article? How would you answer? What are the main reasons people stay up late instead of going to bed early?

Part 2

Write an article about the eating routines of young people in your country. What time and where do they eat? Who do they eat with? Imagine students in another country will read it.

Part 3

As a class, think about your Pair work answers and Part 2 articles. Do sleep routines change eating routines?

Lesson 14: Vocabulary paid pribe DAILY LIFE

	-tt			
	shopping		to eat	
	work out		to the library	
	the mall		sports	
	movies	8. Zan einet	walk	study of
2			studiests should study at least 25 hours a	
	u do the activities in Part		in order from most often to least often.	
	ut your ideas with a partn		in order from most often to least often.	10 (1153) 5
		7 2 (6/17 doi:	real country and 25 miles are sent the country of t	
		n tant l	of to the day and a serve work fix hid as to to	2.5 per
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3		Hazasbi	carefully about strate to vesit some of	
3		Heatiphi	n do that my e quickly then others.	
he activitie			each conversation. Write a follow-	
he activition stion for the			n do that my e quickly then others.	
he activitie			each conversation. Write a follow-	
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he activition stion for the	he second person in each		each conversation. Write a follow- s, practice the conversations with a	
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Read the magazine article below.

Students Don't Study as Much as "Should"

A study of 472 university professors and 163,000 students has some people surprised. According to the study, the professors think their students should study at least 25 hours a week, but only 11 percent of the students said they study that much. 44 percent of the students study ten hours or less. About 35 percent of students who study less than ten hours a week get good grades.

Some students said that 25 hours a week is too much. That's 12.5 percent of each day! However, a professor said that it isn't just about reading. "Students have to remember details and think carefully about what they read." Some students, it seems, can do that more quickly than others.



Write the correct percentages next to each sentence.

11% 12.5% about 35% 44%

Students who study no more than ten hours a week.

2. Students who study as much as the professors want.

Percent of each day professors want students to study.

Students who study less than ten hours a week but get good grades.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. How many hours a week do you study?
- 2. How many hours a week do you think your teachers want you to study?
- 3. Do students who study some subjects have to study more than other students? Which subjects? Why?

Part 2

Think about your daily activities in the past. Write an e-mail to a friend. Talk about how your activities today are the same as or different than three years ago.

Part 3

With a partner, talk about your e-mail and how your activities will be the same or different three years from now.

When do you do these activities? Put the words into the best column for you. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

go out with friends feel my best	sleep in late stay up late	don't do much feel my worst	get up early
Saturday-Sunday	Monday-Friday	Never	Subjects What is your fourline at Dates Monday, November 25, 26
	s section w		To: All employees
			Dear Colleagous,
	re o estions	of surgest and surgest the	We would like to help you bette you do and how you soerld you a reply e-mail.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	What is the first thing you
Part 2		tine you leave work?	What is the last thing you do be
Write each of the activities	from Part 1 once to comp	lete the story.	How often do you cherk your en
	The second secon	The state of the s	p at 5:30. I don't usually
		The state of the s	Inantryou for you help.
		ome until after midnight. I o	
			up. Because we stay out late,
I usually (4)	on Sun	day. Sometimes I get up at 1	1:00! When I do that, I
	the state of the s		atch TV and go shopping. My
			e the weekend is about to start."
I (7)	on Sunday. I lik	ke to get up and go to bed at	the same time every day.
Part 3			
Answer the questions. In cl	ass, compare answers with	a partner.	
1. When you sleep in late,	what time do you get up?	Management of the state of the	read of miles of the later by
		? <u>True mathematical manage</u>	
		?	
		y do?	
5. What do you do first aft	er you get up?		
6. What do you usually do	after lunch?		
7. What do you usually do	after dinner?		
8. What time do you usual	ly have breakfast?	L 100 -	

Lesson 15: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the business e-mail below.

000 From: Employment Department, Big Bend Electronics Subject: What is your routine at work? Date: Monday, November 25, 2013 To: All employees Dear Colleagues, We would like to help you better use your time at work. To understand what you do and how you spend your work time, please answer these questions in a reply e-mail. What time do you usually get to and leave work? What is the first thing you do when you get to work? What is the last thing you do before you leave work? How often do you check your e-mail? Would you pay \$10 a month to have coffee and donuts in the office every morning? Is there anything we can do to make your first hour at work better? Thank you for your help. Sincerely, Rika Kobayashi **Employment Department**

Answer	the quest	tions
--------	-----------	-------

1.	What does Rika ask the other employees to do?		
----	---	--	--

2.	Who is getting this e-mail?	
	The is getting time a main	

3	What company does Rika work for?	a Natura meti	EN END COMME
	Triac company does raise work for	-	

5	Which parts	of the work	day seem to	o be importa	nt to Rika?	COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PART	and the females are also as a second

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

4. Why are they sending this e-mail?

Do you think most people are happy at their jobs? Talk about why it's important for employees to be happy and what companies can do to help them be happy.

Part 2

Send Rika an e-mail and answer her questions. (Change work to school if you don't have a job.)

Part 3

As a class, take turns saying your answers and find out which answers were the most popular.



Lesson 16: Vocabulary paid & paids DAILY LIFE

Part 1		
Complete the sentences with class names.		
1. Young children study 1+1=2 in	classes.	
2 is the study of how people th	ink.	
3. You study how to run companies when you study _		
4. People who like to read sometimes study	in college.	
5 is the study of how groups of	people act together.	
6. People who like numbers and think about what the	y mean like	
7. If you know a lot about what happened 200 years a	go, you know a lot about	rnico
8. You have to know to sell thin	gs.	
o includes things related to mo	ney, including how to make, buy, and sell things.	
10. Around the world, is a popul	ar language to study.	
	are you doing these days? Are you doing anythin in	
Part 2	elyone hi and I miss thurn!	
Answer the questions. In class, compare your answers w		
. Which of the classes in Part 1 are you taking these de	ays?	-
2. Which of those classes do you love?	0	-
3. Which do you not really like?	Statement (First or F (First) .	
2	1. Daniel is in New sealand now.	
Part 3	estemped when the class and	
What kind of people like taking the classes in Part 1? Clone or two characteristics for each person. In class, talk	about your ideas with a partite.	
English: like to talk with people from other countries	Support of Annual 1st Hell Headnes	
English. like to talk High people from	Adjurt borten) nu inessa llan destart 🕏	
	AK Correct the take statem us with voter partner	OVv. S
		C 12
and the first the second substitution of the	is not the teath to and conserved or questions. Will be	Hi
	Three-	

Read the e-mail below.

000

From: Isabeli Riccelli

Subject: Greetings from New Zealand!

Date: March 28, 2013 To: Daniel Rodriguez

Hi Daniel,

I can't believe it's already the end of March and I have been here for six weeks. Everything is great. I'm reading some cool books in my English class. On the weekends I'm learning some traditional dances, and on Friday after classes I practice rugby. At first I didn't understand it, but now it's really fun.

Next month we have a day off, and some of us are going to try bungee jumping. Cool, right?

What are you doing these days? Are you doing anything interesting in class? Tell everyone hi and I miss them!

Isabeli

Mark the statements T (True) or F (False).

	Daniel			2.7	-	1 1	
	Liantel	1.0	110	PARTET	100	1000	TO COTAT

- Daniel and Isabeli are probably classmates.
- 3. Isabeli went bungee jumping and thought it was cool.
- Isabeli left her country in February.
- _____ 5. Isabeli still doesn't understand rugby.



PAIR WORK Correct the false statements with your partner.

Part 2

Write an e-mail to Isabeli and answer her questions. Tell her something cool you have done this month.

Part 3

In class, share your answers to Isabeli. What is the interesting thing you've done in class? What is the cool thing you've done this month?

Lessons 13-16: Video Cloze

Watch Jill's Sunday and fill in the blanks.

Jill:	What are you doing, Eric?
Eric:	Oh, I'm just for my history exam.
Jill:	Your exam? That doesn't sound fun. You know, you look a littl Are you OK?
	Yeah, I'm just really busy right now. Do you go to bed?
Eric:	I go to bed around 11:30. What time do you
Eric:	I usually get up at 7:00. But I have a lot of and I'm working
Jill:	on at that new supermarket. I'm trying to save money. You need to go out and get some I exercise every day.
	What kind of exercise do you do? Just light exercise. Why don't you come out with me next?

Eric: What do you do on Sundays?

Jill:	Well, first I do some exercises at that
	really large park nearby. I get there at
	. I exercise for about
	fifteen minutes. Then I run on a trail for
	about an hour. It's beautiful in the
	(12)
Eric:	I know what you mean. I like that park too!
Jill:	Next, I eat a delicious breakfast.
Eric:	I really enjoy!
Jill:	After that, I go for a swim nearby.
Eric:	In the park?
Jill:	No, there's a really great place to swim near
	the park.
Eric:	That sounds nice.
Jill:	After that I play volleyball. I play with the
an lo	same team every Sunday. You can join us.
Eric:	How long do you play?
Jill:	About minutes. Later I
	eat a big
Union	Description of the Control of the Co

for lunch?

Information questions

Question Word	BE	Subject	
Where When What time How	is is is are	the gym? the concert? the game? you?	Succession You know to the you of the your of th
In information quest	ions with DO, the	subject comes between	en DO and the main verb
Question Word	DO	Subject	Main verb
	do	you	study?

Part 1

Use the words to write information	questions	with	the correct	form	of BE.
------------------------------------	-----------	------	-------------	------	--------

1.	where/the library Where is the library?	
2.	what time/dinner today	-?
3.	when/the soccer game	_?
4.	how/your parents today	?
5.	where/my English books	?
6.	how/the weather in Miami today	?
7.	what time/your dance lesson	?
8.	where/the bus stop	

Part 2

Use the words to write information questions with the correct form of DO.

1.	when/you/wake up when do you wake upf			
2.	what time/Karl/eat breakfast		?	
3.	where/Anna/work	?		
4.	how/Josh and Lisa/get to school everyday			?
5.	when/we/have lunch today		_?	
6.	what/Mike/do after class every day		?	
	what time/you/go to work today			
	what/you and your sister/do on Sundays			2

E-715

Mecabulary

Lessons 13-16: Grammar B

Present continuous

Use the simple present for habits, facts that are always true, or facts that are true for a long time.

We usually eat lunch together in the cafeteria. (habit)

Jill has two brothers. (a fact that is always true)

We live in Miami. (a fact that is true for a long time)

Use the present continuous (be + verb + -ing) for activities that are happening now, are true temporarily, or are going to happen in the near future.

	Someone is knocking on the door! Go see who it is!
Happening now:	I'm eating lunch now. Can I call you back later?
True temporarily:	Alphonse is working at a restaurant these days. Theresa is living with her parents for the summer.
Going to happen in the near future:	You're studying in France next semester, right? I'm getting up early tomorrow.

Use the simple present for non-action verbs that are not usually used in the present continuous: believe, need, dislike, see, hate, smell, hear, taste, know, think (meaning "to believe"), like, understand, love, want

I **love** my history class. Ben **hates** getting up early. I think history is interesting.

Dinner smells great!

Circle the correct verb to complete the sentence.

- 1. Julie is eating/eats lunch at noon every day.
- 2. Today, Julie and Fred are having/have lunch at 11:30 a.m.
- 3. Lisa takes/is taking a Spanish class next semester.
- Alex is sleeping/sleeps late on Saturday mornings.
- 5. Tina stays/is staying home from school this week.
- 6. I am going/go to work early tomorrow morning.
- 7. Sara studies/is studying marketing this semester.
- 8. Mario leaves/is leaving for school at 8 a.m. every day.
- 9. Ryan is understanding/understands the math lesson.
- I love/am loving living in Miami!
- The twins have/are having two older brothers.
- 12. The Martins are owning/own a house in Chicago.
- 13. Henry is hating/hates to do homework right after school.
- 14. Chloe is checking/checks her e-mail almost every day.
- 15. My classmates want/are wanting to have a party at the end of the semester.



Lesson 17: Vocabulary

MY HOMETOWN

			-	-
ш		-	•	7
_	•			

ou wash your clothes ple usually sleep often with grass, trees, and ou can take a shower you cook	or flowers
eat ou wash your clothes ople usually sleep often with grass, trees, and ou can take a shower you cook	of done its clause ex-
ou wash your clothes ple usually sleep often with grass, trees, and ou can take a shower you cook	or flowers
ou wash your clothes ple usually sleep often with grass, trees, and ou can take a shower you cook	or flowers
often with grass, trees, and, ou can take a shower you cook	or flowers
ou can take a shower you cook	is ppening over
you cook	
anny (A	
A STATE OF THE REAL PROPERTY.	
LOTION	art of nagger to the
I'm getti	
er revige sevenon to the	and along street as 15 continues of the continue of the contin
em in order from the most	time to the
Unlink	love my history r loss.
uly Dinner's	uray phillips asted uso
miplete the sentence,	of diev testion sair als
h classroom. In class, takes	
noisy quie	t small
ercault to that most brook	durante es soles e
function: weavened April 2	most or obtaining and
	th classroom. In class, takes

Read the advertisement for an apartment.

Vista Bay at the Commons



Vista Bay at the Commons is the newest group of apartments in the southwest part of the city. It's just minutes from the train station and also near shopping and the best schools. Even though it's convenient, it's also quiet. No more sleepless nights because of noisy cars! You won't hear anything in our wonderful bedrooms.

You'll enter your new home through the living room, and once inside, you'll forget about everything else! You can relax as you cook in the huge, sunny kitchen or talk with friends in the cute dining room. Everyone will love the views out the windows of the living room, and you'll love the convenience of a laundry room, which is right next to the bathroom. No more taking your dirty clothes down the street to get them cleaned.

Call today to see these new apartments before they are gone. 800-741-9635.

Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

- 1. The dining room/kitchen is big.
- You probably don't see a wall/park through the living room windows.
- The apartment has five/six rooms.
- 4. The writer wants us to think Vista Bay is louder/quieter than many other apartments.
- In the last line of this ad, "they are gone" means the apartments will be rented/moved.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. What important information is missing from the advertisement?
- 2. In your country, how many people would probably live in this apartment? Why?
- 3. Do you think you would you like to live in this apartment? Why?

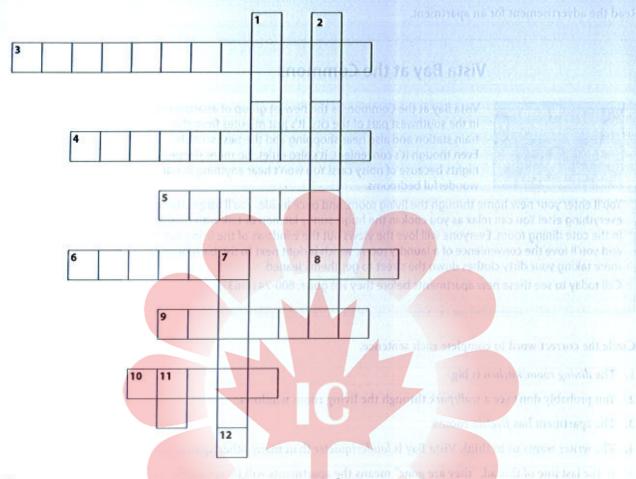
Part 2

Write an advertisement about the perfect apartment. Describe it and include the good things about it.

Part 3

Share your advertisement with a partner. Does he/she agree that it is the perfect apartment? Compare your advertisements. How similar or different are they?

Read the hints and write the words to complete the crossword puzzle.



Across

- 3. It keeps food cold in the summer,
- 4. It washes the dishes.
- 5. You open the door and put things in it.
- 6. You sit on them.
- 8. You sleep on it.
- 9. You put clothes in it.
- 10. You cook on it.
- 12. Two or three people can sit on it in the living room.

Down

- 1. They help you see at night. Taxward MAG
- 2. A short table, usually in the living room.
- 7. You put things on them. They're on walls.
- 11. You can watch the news on it.

Read the page from a brochure.

Students' Suggestions

We know you have a lot of things to buy for your new life here at the school. On this page, we've included students' ideas about the best places to buy them.

Coffee tables, Dressers

Why don't you buy them used? They are much cheaper than new ones, and they usually still look good. New Homes is the best place to buy them, and they will bring the furniture to your apartment for free.

TVs

This is one thing you should buy new. You'll use it a lot, and you don't know how long used ones will last. The Best TVs on Orchard Road has the most choices, and their prices are pretty good.

Beds, Sofas

Almost every student we talked to said Sleep World is the only place to get beds and sofas, but a few students said World of Sleep isn't bad.

Good luck shopping!

ALL DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF

Answer	the c	uest	ions.
--------	-------	------	-------

1. Who is this article for?

What should they buy new?

3. Is there only one place that sells beds and sofas?

4. Where is the TV store that students suggested?

5. Why do students suggest New Homes?

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. In your country, what things are usually in apartments that you rent?
- 2. In your country, where do students usually live during university?
- 3. Look at the suggestions in the article. What things do you have to have in an apartment? What things could you live without?

Part 2

Imagine a new student is moving to your area. List one or more good places for them to buy used or new furniture for an apartment.

Part 3

In class, agree on the best places to buy used and new furniture in the area. Do you prefer new or used furniture? Why?

Match the places on the left with their definitions on the right.

- 1. bank
- 2. drugstore
- 3. hair salon
- 4. movie theater
- 5. department store
- 6. mall
- 7. library
- 8. post office

- A. a place where you can buy many different things
 - B. a place where you go to watch films
- C. a big building with many small stores inside
- D. a place where you get and keep your money
- E. a place where you buy things to help you when you are sick
- F. a place where you can send a letter was like
- G. a place women go to get their hair cut
- H. a place where you can read books and magazines

Part 2

Complete the sentences with information that is true for you. In class, take turns reading your sentences with a partner.

1.	is the be	est movie theater for seeing movies.
2. A department store	the best place to shop for clothes.	leniqqodici) bulboo
3. The nearest library is		
4. At the mall, I like to hang o	out with friends at	
5. There is a good hair salon		saonson agranting
6. The		is near the bank.
7. Many people go to		two reproducted bloods for a large
because it's the	drugstore.	
8. The nearest post office is _	Children	Comment of the state of the sta

Read the notice below.

Lost cat \$\$\$ REWARD \$\$\$

Have you seen this cat?



Her name is Kitty. She is friendly and loves people.

I lost her on Friday, March 7, between 7:20 p.m. and 7:50 p.m.

We were near the post office on King Street. It's across from the City Park, the one with the City Library. I saw Kitty going toward the bus stop that is next to the supermarket on Third Avenue. My apartment is near Forty-Third Avenue, so I don't think she will walk home.

Maybe you thought she didn't have a family so you took her home, but I miss her. Please call with any information. Sally 555-028-7469.

Mark the statements	T	(True)	or F	(False).
---------------------	---	--------	------	----------

- _____ 1. Kitty lost Sally.
- The bus stop is near Second Avenue.
- 3. The City Library is in the City Park.
- The supermarket is on Forty-Third Avenue.
- ____ 5. Sally's apartment is too far for Kitty to walk.
- ____ 6. Sally lives near King Street.

try to

PAIR WORK Correct the false statements with your partner. Then talk about what else she could do to try to find her cat.

Part 2

Imagine you found Kitty. Write Sally an e-mail. In it, decide when and where you will meet to give the cat back. How much of a reward do you want from Sally?

Part 3

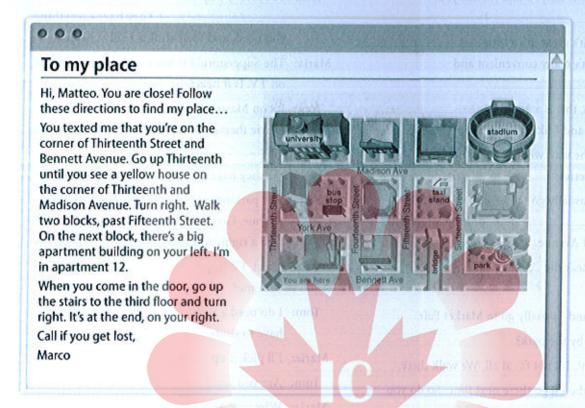
A reward is money you get for doing something good. Are rewards popular in your country? In class, talk about how much reward you would want to return Sally's cat. Also talk about how much reward you would give if you lost something important.

Lesson 20: Vocabulary Onlin W. 8 Dailor MY HOMETOWN

Read the conversations. What place are they talking about? Write your answer on the line. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1.	
A: Hi. Do you want to go to a baseball game on Sunday?	
B: Sounds great!	
2. REWARD \$55	35
Mom: It's a beautiful day. Why don't you go out to play?	
Son: There's a soccer game on the field, and I'm too old for the other things there.	We you seen mis ear. Met name
3	
Driver: Where to?	
A: The Carlton Hotel, please.	J DISWO)
4.	
A: Excuse me. Does this one go to Pennsylvania Avenue?	nybe you thought she didn't have
B: No, but the next bus does. It's number 17A.	ease call with any intervention. Sall
5.	
Announcement: Next stop, Diamond Hill. Change here for the East Kowloon Line.	TI To (one) Tateomore on LIT
6.	
Radio announcer: The cars on I-105 aren't moving at all. You	2. The bus sixp is near Seco
should take another road unless you like sitting in your car and listening to the radio	E. Thereing Library and the
for a long time!	A real for a present of the or the
200 SERVICE SE	
7. Slow of the state of the sta	
A: Do you want to go fishing at 2:00? B: Sure. I'll meet you there.	
b. oute. In meet you there.	
8.	
News reporter: Last night, some trees fell over it, so cars on	

Read the text messages.



Answer the questions.

- Who is giving directions?
- 2. Does Matteo have to go under a bridge to get to the apartment?
- 3. What street is Matteo on when he sends the text?
- 4. What happened before Marco wrote the text?
- 5. From Thirteenth Street, how many blocks is it to the apartment?



PAIR WORK Using the map, practice giving directions. Use other ways to get to Marco's house.

Part 2

Write a short text to your mom. Explain how to get from your school to your favorite café or restaurant.

Part 3

In class, compare the directions you wrote. Does your partner understand them? Could they meet you at your favorite café or restaurant using your directions?



Lessons 17-20: Video Cloze

Watch Maria Goes Shopping and fill in the blanks.

Tom:	So, how do you and Jill like your	Tom:	You know, why don't you check out the? They have everything
Maria:	Oh, it's great. It's a little, but it's really convenient and	Maria:	you need, and their stuff is really cheap. The Superstore! I think I saw an ad for them
	Yeah, this is a good Eric and I like living here. By the way, where do you buy your	Tom:	on TV. Is it near? It's on Mason Street. You know, just after the movie theater. It's from Pace
	groceries?	Maria:	Do they have parking?
Tom:	We usually go to Larson's. It's on the of Pine Street and First Avenue.	Tom:	The parking lot is around the corner on West Avenue. Go the store, take a right, and you come to the parking lot.
Maria: Tom:	It's near the, right? Yep.	Maria:	Great. I'll stop by today. Say, want to come with me?
	Jill and I usually go to Market Fair. Is it by the park?	Tom:	I do need a new lamp, but I can't go today. I have to study.
Maria:	Right. It's not far at all. We walk there.		I'll pick it up for you. Are you sure?
Tom:	Maybe I'll go there next time. So do you have everything you need for your apartment now?		Why not? What kind of
Maria:	I'm sleeping on the at the moment. Do you know where I could get	Tom:	I just need a lamp that works. My is too dark.
	a? Also, I want to get some chairs and a bookcase.	51-7	OK, I think I know just what you need to brighten your room.
	Do you need a? I have one I'm not using.		Come in!
	No, I have a desk, but thank you.	Maria:	I found the perfect lamp for your room! Isn't it bright?
		Tom:	It definitely is. Thanks, Maria.

Lessons 17-20: Grammar A

Prepositions of location

We usually use							
at for a point	Let's eat at my place.						
in for an enclose	d space I live in Chicago.						
on for a surface My apartment is on Green Street							
at the door	in Athens	on the floor					
at the entrance	in the drawer	on the table					
at my place	in the building	on the desk					
at the mall	in the living room	on the page					
at the store	in a car	on the board					
at the bus stop	in the yard	on Oak Street					

Part 1

Circle the correct preposition to complete the sentence.

- 1. Evan lives at (in) on Chicago.
- 2. Rachel's apartment is at/in/on Fourth Street.
- 3. The laundry room is at/in/on the 3rd floor of my building.
- 4. I'll meet you at/in/on the entrance to the mall at 10 a.m.
- There are some pretty trees at/in/on the yard.
- 6. Allison put a lamp at/in/on the desk.
- 7. Let's have dinner at/in/on my place this weekend.
- 8. I keep my keys at/in/on the desk drawer.

Part 2

Complete the sentences with at, in, or on.

1.	Jason liveson	the 5th floor of my apartment building
2.	The bookshelves are	the living room.
3.	I get the bus	_ this bus stop every morning.
4.	How many bedrooms are there _	the apartment?
5.	Eric bought a TV	Electric City.
6.	There's a movie theater	Green Street.
7.	I hear a knock. I think someone's	the door.
8.	Is there a laundry room	the building?

There is/There are

Affirmative						
There is are		a school on the corner. three bedrooms in my apartment.				
	traction for there is is there's. ross the street from my house.	There is no contraction for there are.				
Negative	stell with no	deribitie selt mi				
There	isn't is no aren't are no	a lamp in the living room. mall in my town. any good supermarkets near here. chairs at this table.				
Yes/No Questio	ns					
ls Are	there	a good place to buy furniture around here? any good restaurants near here?				
Short Answers		de la				
Yes, there is. Yes, there are.		No, there isn't. No, there aren't.				

Part 1

Circle the correct form of there is/there are.

- 1. There's There are a new sofa in the living room.
- 2. Is there/Are there a dining room in your new apartment?
- 3. There is no/There aren't any bus stops near my place.
- 4. Is there/Are there any trees in the yard?
- 5. There's/There are a small bedroom next to the living room.

Part 2

Complete the conversations with the correct form of there is/there are.

1.	A:	Is there	a library near here?	B: No,there isn't
2.	A:		any nice parks in your hometown?	B: Yes,
3.	A:		a Chinese restaurant on your street?	B: Yes,
4.	A:		any chairs in the dining room?	B: Yes,
5.	A:		a lamp in the bedroom?	B: No,
6.	A:		any furniture stores at the mall?	B: No,

Where can I...?

9. We need stuff for the kitchen. (get)

Use Where can I? with a verb to ask about locations.						
Where	can	Subject	Main Verb			
Where can			get a new cell phone?			
		we	find a used sofa?			
Where	can	1	buy a new lamp?			

Part 1	
Unscramble the sentences.	
buy a TV/can/I/where Where can I buy a TV? can/find some chairs/we/where	The use of the wildess of the total design of
3. I/buy a refrigerator/can/where	2. ohe libbs occumusiones of the today of
4. where/I/get some bookshelves/can	A Vec 7 seeks to allow your cities wolf
5. see some modern art/we/can/where	A - How is your new Menth
6. where/I/can/buy some cool used clothes	to Shes noting well she'll are out of the his off
Part 2	Etro
Write the questions. Use Where can I? with the verb in parenthe	eses.
1. I need a used lamp. (get)	V et Whate before the
2. I like foreign movies. (see)	22 1/Outstan Janders West
3. We want some Chinese food. (eat)	and a such that
4. I want some comic books. (buy)	Total and Citien I was a smill of
5. I like live music. (hear)	The state of the s
6. We need cheap furniture. (get)	100
7. I want a used sofa. (find)	*
8. I need a dresser (buy)	S. A.

What is...like?

What is...like? means "Describe somebody or something. Tell me about it or them." Use the verb is. Like is used as a preposition.

- A: What is your new friend like?
- B: She's really nice. She's funny and smart.
- A: What is your apartment like?
- B: It's small, but convenient.

We don't use like in the answer.

- A: What is your new friend like?
- B: She's like really nice.

The use of like with does or do means preference. In this case, like is used as a verb.

- A: What does your new friend like? (What does your new friend prefer?)
- B: She likes rock music. She also likes to dance.

How asks about health. It doesn't ask for a description.

- A: How is your new friend?
- B: She's doing well. She'll get out of the hospital next week.

Part 1

Match the questions and the answers.

- __f__ 1. What is Jessica like?
- _____ 2. What does Jessica like?
- _____ 3. How is Jessica?
- _____ 4. What is your English class like?
- _____ 5. How are you today?
- _____ 6. What is your new apartment like?

- a. She's not well. She has a cold.
- b. I'm fine. Thanks for asking.
- c. She likes pizza and sushi.
- d. It's small, but it has a nice yard.
- e. It's fun and interesting.
- f. She's really nice.

Part 2

Write answers about you.

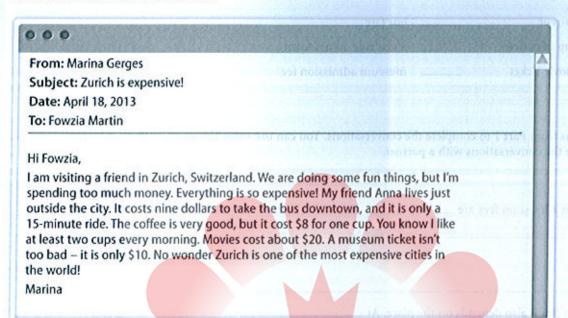
- 1. A: What is your English class like? B: <u>It's easy. We don't have a lot of homework</u>.
- 2. A: What is your teacher like? B:
- 3. A: What do you like? B:
- 4. A: What does your friend like? B: _____
- 5. A: How is your friend today? B: ______.
- 6. A: What is your friend like B: ______.
- 7. A: What is your place like? B:

Lesson 21: Vocabulary

SHOPPING

Part 1		
Rank these things from 1 (the mos	st expensive) to 6 (the least expensive).	
a haircut	bus fare	
a cup of coffee	a taxi ride across town	
a movie ticket	museum admission fee	
Part 2		
Use your ideas from Part 1 to comp class, practice the conversations wi	plete the conversations. You can use some th a partner.	things more than once. In
1.	Cind.W. an and me ununus.	
A: Museum admission fees are _	Long Colombia	than movie tickets.
B: I know.	cit boths of States one of You wanter	are too expensive for me.
2.		Ols the difference
A: I think		is reasonable.
B: Me, too. But it also depends o	n the place At	costs
b: Me, too. But it also depends o	it costs	COSIS
	W 1030	the data of rout of parties after the
3.		nishin —
A:		can cost
B: Yeah, but the cost depends on	where you go.	
1.		
A: I think		
costs the least, and	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	costs the most.
3: I think it depends.	DAILY DELL VEHICLE	is
usually more expensive than _		telline and telline legislation,
but sometimes		is even more expensive!
Part 3	pour time. What are the percentage of	
How often do you pay for the things often (never). In class, talk about yo	s in Part 1? Write them in order from the our ideas with a partner.	most often to the least
		51-
	contract service must be since or	
		8

Read the e-mail below from Marina.



Write the correct price next to each item.

1.	bus fare	\$8
2.	a cup of coffee	\$9
3.	a movie ticket	\$10
4.	museum admission	\$20



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Do you think Marina is having a good or a bad visit? Why?
- 2. What prices are important to visitors and tourists? Which are more important for people who live in a city?

Part 2

Write an e-mail to a friend about a city you know. What are the prices like? What do different things cost?

Part 3

Share your e-mail with a partner. Did you write about the same city? What prices were the same/different?

Lesson 22: Vocabulary

SHOPPING

Part 1

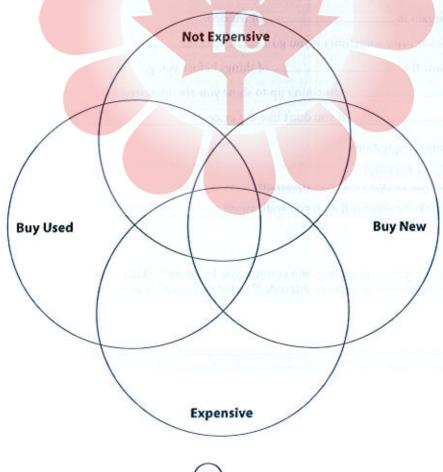
For each thing, write three examples.

1. clothes		pants, shorts, a sweater
-		

- 2. makeup
- 3. toys
- 4. sports equipment ______
- 5. electronics
- 6. furniture _____
- 7. CDs _____
- 8. video games
- In class, compare answers with a partner.
- A: Pants, shorts, and a sweater are examples of clothes.
- B: Yeah. And so are jeans, a jacket, and a T-shirt.

Part 2

What do you think about each of the things in Part 1? Put them in the diagram. In class, with your partner talk about why you put each one where you did.



(62)

Read the article below about bargaining in Mexico.

Bargaining tips

You can find great bargains in Mexico if you know what you are doing. Most people bargain in markets. Follow the tips below and save money.

- Go early in the morning. You can get a better price.
- · Bring your money in small bills and change.
- · Be friendly. Say nice things about the items. Smile and ask questions.
- . Know the prices ahead of time. You shouldn't start off with too low a price.
- Pick the item up and look at it. Show you are interested, but not too interested. The owner will say a price. You can offer a lower price.
- Don't get mad. If you don't like the price, walk away. You can look around and come back later.

Complete the sentences.

1	Most people bare	ain in	in Mexico.
	MOST Deodle Dark	am m	III IVIEXICO.

- 2. You can get a lower price sometimes if you go
- It is good to know the ______ of things before you go.
- 4. You can _____ something up to show you are interested.
- 5. You can ______ if you don't like the price.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Why should you be friendly?
- 2. What are some ways to show you are interested?
- 3. What do you think the seller will do if you walk away?

Part 2

Write tips for bargaining in your country or a country you know well. When do people go? How do they bargain? How do they show they are interested? What can people bargain for?

Part 3

Share your tips with a partner. Do you have any different tips?

How do you buy these things? Put them in the diagram. In class, with your partner talk about why you put each one where you did.

energy drinks magazines vitamins candy flowers phone cards gum newspapers **Never Buy** Online In Stores

Part 2

Answer the questions, giving reasons when you can. In class, take turns asking and answering the questions with a partner.

- 1. How often do you shop for clothes?
- When do you get flowers?
- 3. What kind of magazines do you read?
- 4. When do you buy used comic books?
- 5. How often do you buy gum?
- 6. Do you ever use a phone card?
- 7. How often do you read newspapers on the Internet?
- 8. Do you often buy candy?

Read the article below.

Media Habits in Americans between 8 and 18

American children and teenagers spend almost 11 hours every day on media. They usually do more than one thing at a time. For example, they listen to music and work on their computers. They read a book for school while they are watching TV. American kids watch TV about 4.5 hours every day. For most families, the TV is usually on during meals.

Something is always on. Children and teenagers listen to music 2.5 hours every day. They use computers about 1.5 hours each day. They only read books, newspapers, and magazines about 4 hours each week. In fact, most young people almost never read newspapers or magazines. If they need news, they read it online. Young people don't read often just because they don't like it. In fact, 20% said they never read for fun.

Mark the statements T (True) or F (False).

	1.	Young people	in	the	United	States	watch	TV	often.
--	----	--------------	----	-----	--------	--------	-------	----	--------

- Families often watch TV during dinner.
- Children and teenagers usually do one thing at a time.
- They listen to music about 1.5 hours a day.
- They also read newspapers and magazines often.
- 6. Young people read more than they watch TV.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- How often do you watch TV?
- 2. How often do you read? What is your favorite thing to read (books, websites, magazines)?
- 3. Are young people in your country different from Americans? How?

Part 2

Write sentences about your own media use. Use expressions of frequency. Say something about each:

- · TV use
- · computer use
- · listening to music
- · the different things you read

Part 3

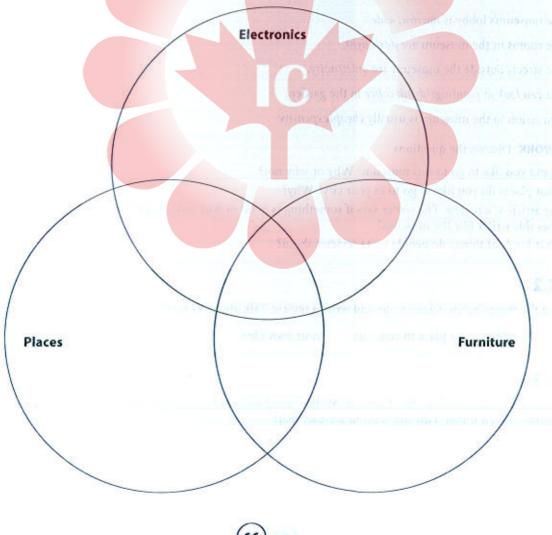
Share your sentences with a classmate. What is similar? What is different?

Which word is different? Circle it. In class, with a partner talk about why it is different.

1.	heavy	thick	light
2.	fast	slow	thin
3.	quiet	cheap	expensive
4.	noisy	quiet	wide
5.	dark	narrow .	wide
6.	thin	thick	bright
7.	small	noisy	large
8.	dark	narrow	bright

Part 2

What can you describe with the words in Part 1? Put them in the diagram. In class, with your partner talk about why you put each one where you did.



Lesson 24: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the review from a student newspaper. a mode all a supply and the against a latent and the state of the supply and the state of the supply and the state of the supply and the supply

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Your City Beat

New Art Museum a Must-See

The Adams Modern Art Museum opens this weekend. Don't miss it. The building has a cool design with an open lobby. There are many windows so all the rooms are light. Most of the paintings are bright and colorful. The garden outside blocks the noisy city streets. It is very quiet in the museum. You can walk around and look at the paintings. Or, you can drink a cup of coffee in the garden café. This weekend, they will have music from 7 p.m. to 9 p.m. on Friday night and again from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. on Saturday afternoon. Admission is not expensive - only \$5 - but this weekend it is free!

Circle the correct word to complete the sentence.

- 1. The museum's lobby is narrow/wide.
- 2. The rooms in the museum are dark/light.
- The streets outside the museum are quiet/noisy.
- 4. You can look at paintings/drink coffee in the garden.
- 5. Admission to the museum is usually cheap/expensive.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Would you like to go to this museum? Why or why not?
- 2. What places do you like to go to in your city? Why?
- 3. The article is a review. The writer says if something is good or bad and gives reasons. Does this writer like the museum?
- 4. What kinds of things do people write reviews about?

Part 2

Look at the things below. Choose one and write a review. Talk about its qualities.

your own idea a tablet a place in your city a car

Part 3

Post your review on a wall in the classroom. Walk around and read the reviews by your classmates. Which thing(s) do you want to see/use/visit?



Watch Eric's Lucky Chair and fill in the blanks.

Tom: Your phone has a really cool design.

Jill: I really like it. It's light and thin. I can even video chat with my friends! I also buy tons of apps.

Tom: How ______ do you buy apps?

Jill: I buy them every day.

Tom: Wow! That's a lot of money.

Jill: No, sometimes they're

Tom: I need a new phone.

Jill: What's yours like? Wow. That is really big.

Tom: Yes, but I can hear the other person really well.

Eric: Hi, guys!

Jill: What are you doing, Eric?

Eric: Oh. I'm going to ______ this chair online.

Jill: I'll take it! Give it to me! I need a desk chair.

Eric: Hm....I can give it to you for \$40.

Jill: \$40! That's expensive. A new chair

\$40 at the Superstore.

How ______\$20?

Eric: \$20? I ______\$50 for it.

Jill: How long have you had it for?

Eric: I've had it for two years, but it is in condition.

And it's a very lucky chair.

Tom: How is it ______?

Eric: I've studied for all my tests sitting in this chair. I always get A's on all my tests.

Tom: That is lucky. Would you

Jill: Tom! I want the chair. I'll give you \$35.

Eric: Wait. So Tom, you'll buy it for \$30? And Jill, you want it for \$35?

Tom: I'll give you \$40!

Jill: I'll take it for

Tom: \$41

Jill: \$42.50.

offer!

Jill: Wow, that's ______ for a used

chair! Eric paid \$50 for it.

Tom: Hm...You're right.

Eric: ______to Tom for \$55! Take care of my lucky chair, Tom.

care of my lucky chair, 10m.

Jill: Wait. Why are you ______ it in the first place, if it's lucky?

Eric: My friend has a chair and he's always gotten

A pluses. I'm ______ his lucky

chair.

Lessons 21-24: Grammar A

Adverbs of frequency

rarely	buy news	papers. \	We often buy	magazines.			75 100 100	e te do code
100% always	usually	often	50% sometimes	not often	hardly ever	rarely	0% never	
Adverb	s of fred	quency	go before t	he main v	erb but after	the BE	verb.	Mary's man
50	ely go ou run after		t.	hall-intol	They <u>are</u> rare	1000		ol samel
Negativerb.	ve adver	bs (sel	dom, rarely	hardly ev	er, never) ar	e not u	sed with a n	egative
TCI D.			11000	STATE OF THE PARTY.		1000		
de la laterate	ople don	t never	buy books.	→ So	me people ne	ver buy b	oooks.	W/1,7/20.3
Some pe	LABORATE DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRACT			DOMESTIC BOOK	me people ne	entinotes:	wer de communication de	
Some pe	s of free	quency	usually con	ne directly	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	bject in	wer de communication de	
Some pe Adverb Do you o	s of freq	flowers	usually con	ne directly e sometime	after the su	bject in	questions.	
Some pe Adverb Do you d Ever is	s of freq	flowers questic	usually con here? Does sh ons about fr	ne directly e sometime	after the su es read newspa	bject in opers? 'at any	questions.	vall, water to the state of the
Some pe Adverb Do you o Ever Is Does Mil	of frequently often buy used in a	flowers question y books	usually con here? Does sh ons about fr	ne directly e sometime equency. E	after the su es read newspa Ever means	bject in opers? 'at any	questions.	Ulay Market

Part 1

Write C if th	ne sentence is correct. Write I if the sentence is incorrect. Rewrite the incorrect sentences.
1	I ever buy newspapers. I never buy newspapers
2	We don't rarely buy comic books.
3	Jason doesn't ever shop at the mall.
4	We don't never visit the museum.
5	Lena doesn't seldom go to the outdoor market.

Part 2

Write the word in parentheses in the correct location.

1.	Janet somet	mes reads	magazines. (sometimes)
2.	Mark	is	at the café. (rarely)
3.	Do you	buy	flowers here? (often)
4.	Does Gina	read	things online? (ever)
5.	It	is	quiet at the library. (usually)
6.	We	buy	used things. (hardly ever)



Vielude

Modal auxiliaries

Modal auxiliaries go with another verb and add to the meaning of the verb.

- She goes to the store.
- · She can't go to the store now.
- · She will go to the store later.

Can: ability/requests

- · Can you ski? (ability)
 - Yes, I can.

No, I can't (cannot).

- · Where can I get a cheap computer?
- · You can go to the mall.
- Can you drive me to the mall? (request)

Will: future events/requests/expressions of willingness or refusal

- We will go to England someday./We'll go to England someday. (future)
- · We won't (will not) go to New York next year.
- · Will you take \$50 for the sofa? (requests)
- I'll give it to you for \$75. (expression of willingness)
- I won't give it to you for \$50. (refusal)

Part 1

Complete the sentences. Circle can or will.

- 1. I like your new mobile phone (Can) Will I hold it for a minute?
- 2. I'm interested in this sofa. Can/Will you take \$65 for it?
- 3. Yes, I'd like to go to the concert, but tickets can/will cost \$100.
- 4. Is there a place where we can/will buy flowers around here?
- 5. I can't/won't drive to the mall because I don't have a car.
- 6. Mary is a vegetarian, so she can't/won't eat any meat at the party.

Part 2

Use the modal meanings and the verbs in parentheses to complete the sentences.

Nick loves fashion. He ________ a fashion designer someday. (future, be)
 A: Nice phone! B: Yes, and I ________ great pictures with it, too. (ability, take)
 No, I ________ you to the mall. Take the bus instead. (refusal, not drive)
 I ________ if we have any more cameras in the back of the shop. (willingness, see)
 You _______ this online for a lower price. (ability, buy)
 Dani _______ her camera to the class party next week. (future, bring)

Rodel auxilianes

Part 1

How often do you eat these foods? Put the words into the best column for you. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

A lot	Not many/r	nuch			Never			
	<u> </u>							
						lyn	ids) (ids)	Can you
							כפח ל (כמח	
					STUGIO.		an Leet a	
				TEOU	pan filom	-		
	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	- tenonill		in old E	N V A ST	Romonios	. Inove	
					Marin Control	The same of		
rt 2		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	W ov				a liney) the	
	Curana Curan	it out and a	urito ti	o corr	act word	on the l	ine In cl	ace Hery
ach conversation, one word i			vrite th	ne corre				MASE III
ach conversation, one word in ctice the correct conversation	s with your par			(la)			ol a svig	MASE III
ach conversation, one word in ctice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken	s with your par		4. A	: Do y	ou eat m		ol a svig	MASE III
ach conversation, one word intice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it.	s with your par		4. A	(la)	ou eat m	uch rice	sylo	r'now!
ach conversation, one word is ctice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it. much	s with your par		4. A	: Do y	ou eat m	uch rice	s? sylo	r'now!
ach conversation, one word intice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it. much A: Do you eat a lot of carrots	s with your par		4. A B	: Do y	ou eat modon't.	ot of bre	s?	r'now!
ach conversation, one word is ctice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it. much	s with your par		4. A B	: Do y	ou eat m	ot of bro	s?	r'now !
ach conversation, one word intice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it. much A: Do you eat a lot of carrots B: No, I don't eat a lots of car	s with your par		4. A B 5. A B	: Do yo	ou eat modon't. ou eat a l	ot of bro	s? ead?	r'now!
ach conversation, one word intice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it.	s with your par		4. A B 5. A B 6. A	: Do yo : No, I : Do yo : No, I	ou eat modon't. ou eat a l	ot of bro	s? ead? eread.	r'now!
ach conversation, one word intice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it. much A: Do you eat a lot of carrots B: No, I don't eat a lots of car	s with your par	ther.	4. A B 5. A B 6. A	: Do yo : No, I : Do yo : No, I	ou eat modon't. ou eat a l	ot of bro	s? ead? eread.	r'now!
ach conversation, one word intice the correct conversation A: Do you eat many chicken B: Yes, I love it.	s with your par	ther.	4. A B B 6. A B B	: Do yo : No, I : Do yo : No, I : Do yo : Chees	ou eat modon't. ou eat a l don't eat ou eat a l	ot of bro	s? ead? eread. eese? times.	racodi : m chos m cho m chos m

Read the leaflet below.

Do you eat enough vegetables?

Now there is a new, easy way to make sure you are eating enough of all the right foods. It's called MyPlate because it looks like a plate and cup. The plate has four colors: red for fruits, green for vegetables, orange for grains, and purple for proteins. The cup is blue, for dairy. The size of the color piece helps people quickly understand how much of each kind of food they should eat. For example, together the red and green pieces fill half of the plate, but the vegetable piece is bigger. Also, the orange piece is bigger than the purple piece, but together they fill the other half of the plate. Dairy is a cup, not a plate, because milk is one of the main sources of dairy.

Complete the sentences.

- 1. MyPlate is a chart to help people eat
- 2. According to the new chart, we should eat more than fruits
- 3. Dairy is a cup because
- 4. According to the new chart, we should eat more than protein.
- 5. Half of our food should be _ and

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

Compare what you eat with MyPlate. Are there foods you need to eat more often? Do you think the new chart is easy to understand?

Part 2

Imagine your class is going to teach other people about MyPlate. Make a chart that talks about what kinds of food are in each group.

Part 3

Share your chart with a partner. Did you write about the same foods for each category?



Lesson 26: Vocabulary

FOOD

Part 1

Look at the first part of the recipes for two dishes. Put the words below into the correct column.

butter salt	oil	tomatoes	flour	onions	pepper	eggs	olives
In neither		In both		In o	nly one		
	13		Nacional Editor	NUMBER OF STREET	TO CHARLES		Do yo
		and the second flow		to (sum wo	d brainingthou	del	
		State operation and	SIA 1000	d all application	THE WEB TOOL	ples?	stoppev
-		State of the state	E PLOT	or ton one	Man teepun		
				N. Committee	sources of de-		

Chocolate Chip Cookies

1 C. butter

1 1/2 C. sugar

2 eggs

2 t. vanilla

2 C. flour

2/3 C. cocoa powder

3/4 t. baking soda

1/4 t. salt

2 C. chocolate chips

Spanish Potato Omelet
1/2 C. oil
4 potatoes
Little salt
Little pepper
1 large onion
4 eggs
2 tomatoes

Part 2

- 1. Think about one of your favorite dishes. What is it?
- 2. Write the ingredients from Part 1 that are probably in it. In class, tell your partner about the dish.

Part 3

Imagine you want to make the dish in Part 2. Which ingredients do you need to buy?

Read the note and order form.

Fresh from the Farmer

Name: The Jones Family ORDER FORM

Quantity	Item	Price per item	Total price for item
4	onions	\$.50 each	2.00
2	potatoes	\$5/bag	10.00
3	tomatoes	\$1.50 each	4.50
1	eggs	\$3/pack of 12	3.00
1	apples	\$4/bag	4.00
	n lan anna dh	shipping	15.00
		Total	all of vivera of the

Rich,

This weekend I want to make fish with a tomato salad and baked potatoes. I have the fish, but I think we need onions. I also want to make an apple pie. Can you send the order to the store?

Sue

Complete the sentences.

- 1. The Jones family needs some onions/fish.
- 2. Sue/Rich probably filled in the order form.
- 3. The store doesn't sell grains/fruits.
- 4. The total is \$21.50/\$38.50.
- 5. This store probably doesn't sell salt/carrots.

PAIR WORK Talk about why people order food instead of going to the store to buy it.

Part 2

Imagine you want to cook your favorite food but you need some things. Write a text asking your friend to buy them for you.

Part 3

With a partner, talk about what you decided to cook. Do you prefer to eat at home or in a restaurant? Which one is cheaper?

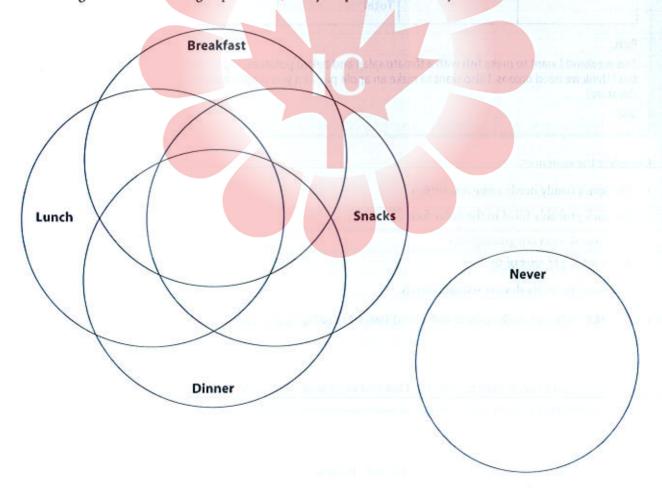


Unscramble each of the things people eat and drink.

1	ecaerl	10	
2	aydnc	ne tarmer .m	hknecic
3	aotpto ihspc	12	astot
4	eadrb	13	effoec
5	ecir	14.	ebaeletgvs
6	hteccaloo	15data 0d.a	uecij dela
7	rtuif	16.	akec akec
8	saod	17.	ntus
9	ajm	18.	iedc eta

Part 2

Do you eat the foods in Part 1? When do you eat them? Put them in the diagram. Add one or two more things to each one of the groups. In class, with your partner talk about your answers.



Look at Carrie's Café menu.

Carrie's Café

Breakfast

- · toast with jam
- · 2 eggs, cooked any way you like
- · hot cereal with dried fruit and nuts
- cold cereal

Meals

- · grilled cheese sandwich with potato chips
- · chicken with baked potato
- paella

Dessert

- · chocolate, apple, or honey cake
- · strawberry, vanilla, or chocolate ice cream
- · yogurt with fruit

Drinks

- · soda
- · coffee
- · apple, orange, or grape juice

Breakfast served all day.

All meals come with hot bread and butter and a choice of soup or salad.

Mark the statements T (True) or F (False).

1. At Carrie's Café, you can	only eat breakfast in the morning.
------------------------------	------------------------------------

- _____ 2. The healthiest dessert is the apple cake.
 - 3. Carrie's Café has lemon juice.
 - 4. You get a soup and salad with each meal.
- 5. There are more breakfast choices than dessert choices.

PAIR WORK Correct the false statements with your partner.

Part 2

Imagine you are going to open a new restaurant. Make a menu using the categories above.

Part 3

Show the menu for your new restaurant to a partner. Take your partner's order. Make suggestions.



Lesson 28: Vocabulary

FOOD

Part 1

Put the words into the correct place in the puzzle.

3 SHOOLEW YES DAKED SHOW SO	spicy
3 Superior of the second of th	
3 cooked any way you like	Brankfatt
4	Ments
Chreste sandwich with preso dillo	
otatog basis ditiw.ng	
and a year of a construction of the constructi	
berry, variilla en chocollate ree cream	
Than You're	

Part 2

Write a clue for each word. In class, compare answers with a partner.

Across	
1.	vitio (iip tower)
3	TO BE TO BE SOLD TO WHAT THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE WASHINGTON
4.	
5	Careents 1.11 (1990). (41:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:15-14:
Down	is Catagoria Catagorian color and the calchest on the information for the tenter of the calchest of the calche
1	
2	ASSOCIATION TO THE PROPERTY OF
4	

Part 3

Which tastes do you like? Write them in order from like the most to like the least. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

Lesson 28: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the fax below.

Pizza Pizza

Subject: Your recent visit Date: Friday, November 15, 2013
To: Kit Cambridge From: Claire Yoo, General Manager

Fax: 781-452-6032 Fax: 781-452-8000

Dear Ms. Cambridge,

Thank you for eating at Pizza Pizza two days ago. The evening manager said you thought the food wasn't very good. I am very sorry to hear this. Could you please take a few minutes to answer the questions below and tell us what the problems were?

How did the hot bread taste?

What adjectives would you use to describe the pizza you ate?

What ingredients would you like on a pizza?

Would you eat spaghetti the next time you visit us?

Was any of your food bland?

Please fax your answer to me at the above fax number. We would like to give you a free dinner the next time you visit us.

Thank you for your time,

Claire Yoo

Circle the correct word to complete the sentence.

- 1. Kit ate pizza on Wednesday/Friday.
- 2. Claire works/ate at Pizza Pizza.
- 3. Kit thought the food was good/bad.
- 4. Kit ate bread/spaghetti.
- 5. Claire wants Kit to fax/e-mail her answers.

PAIR WORK Talk about a time when you went to a restaurant and there was a problem (or imagine a situation). What did you do? Would you try the restaurant again?

Part 2

Imagine you are Kit. Write a fax to answer the questions.

Part 3

In pairs, role-play the situation. Student A reads the answers to Claire's questions. Student B is the Pizza Pizza General Manager and replies to each response.



Watch Tom Cooks Dinner and fill in the blanks.

Eric:	What time are Maria and Jill coming over?	Eric/Tom:	Hello. Hi!
Tom:	I told them to come by around 7:00.	Maria:	Thank you so much for
Eric:	It's almost 7:00. Do you want me to		us to dinner!
	help cook?	Tom:	No problem.
Tom:	No, it's OK. You know I love to cook.	Maria:	What are you guys cooking for dinner?
Eric:	OK. What are you	Tom:	We're not sure. Do you guys eat many
	to make?		(9)
Tom:	I'm not sure.	Jill:	Yes, I eat vegetables
Eric:	No, right? We had	ago, line out	day.
	pasta every day for the past few weeks.	Maria:	Actually, I never eat vegetables. I don't
Tom:	OK, no pasta.		like them. 15721 hand 30/15/11 bib word
Eric:	What about and	Tom:	Hm. OK. What about
	rice?	Tour Hall	(11) San Paragraph and Washington an
Tom:	What are the ingredients?	Maria:	Ieat chicken.
Eric:	Hm. Potatoes,	W Jill:	I try not to eat a lot of the above and assort
	carrots, coconut milk, and rice. Oh, and		dinner the next time var winner
	lots of spices. It's spicy, but it's	Tom:	What about potatoes?
	(5)	Jill/Maria:	We both don't eat potatoes.
Tom:	OK, let's see what we have.	Tom:	Hm OK, I think I know what to make.
Eric:	What do we need to buy?	(30)	We have everything we need and I know
Tom:	We need some onions		everyone's going to like it.
Eric:	Do we need to get any	Jill:	What is it?
	?	Tom:	I can't tell you. It's a surprise.
Tom:	No, we have some potatoes. But we need	Maria:	What's it taste like?
	, coconut milk, rice,	Tom:	Not too and not too
	and lots of spices.		It's delicious.
Eric:	We don't have time to go to the	Eric:	11-21
	supermarket.		Tomatoes, cheese, noodles
Гот:	We can make something with what	Eric/Jill/:	
	we have.	Maria	
Eric:	That must be them. Come in!	Tom:	That's right! How did you guys know?
Jill:	Hi Eric! Hi Tom!	Eric:	Pasta.

Count and noncount nouns

Count nouns can be s	ingular or plural.	Noncount nouns can only be singular.		
an apple	a few apples	cheese	water	
a cup	some cups	some broccoli	some coffee	
one potato chip	two potato chips	a little salt	a lot of pepper	
one person	a lot of people	a bowl of rice	two cups of flour	
Court (tours)				
Count (item)	Noncount (category)	Count (item)	Noncount (category	
Count (item) banana	Noncount (category)	Count (item)	Noncount (category	
	*861	and the second second second	Noncount (category	
banana oranges →	fruit	table chairs desks	→ furniture * trail visus	

Part 1

Complete the shopping list with a few or a little.

We need

1	a few oranges	5.	coffee
2	rice	6.	eggs
3	bottles of water	which 7.	onions
4	flour	8.	milk

Part 2

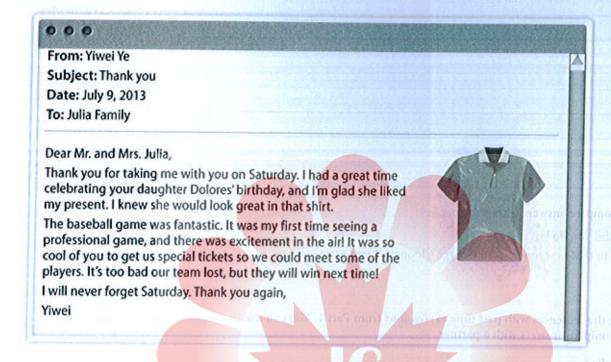
Complete the sentences. Circle the best word.

- 1. Do you eat much/many protein?
- 2. How much/many carrots do you want?
- 3. I eat a lot of nut/nuts.
- 4. Do you drink a lot of water/waters?
- 5. We don't have much/many coffee left.
- 6. The soup needs a little/a few salt.
- 7. Do you need much/many eggs for this recipe?
- 8. How much/many slices of cake do you want?

s Grammar

Part 1	
Use the words in parentheses to write sentences w	
I nome can only the terminal	last weekend (study)
2	all day yesterday. (stay home)
3.	last night. (meet friends)
4	last weekend. (go shopping)
5	last Saturday. (see a movie)
6	the day before yesterday. (get a haircut)
In class, compare answers with a partner. Ask follo	au un questione
A: Did you study last weekend?	anglestions.
B: No, I didn't. I went shopping and had dinner w	
A: Where did you eat?	Use many and how many in quer form with
Part 2	Do you bat many yage failles?
n each conversation, there is a mistake. Cross it of practice the correct conversations with your partners.	ut and write the correct word on the line. In class,
1. A: How did your weekend?	4. A: My weekend was OK.
B: It was great.	B: What did you doing?
2. A: Did you went shopping?	5. A: What about you? What did you do?
B: No, I didn't.	B: I was watching a movie.
0.0000-000 (1.4000000000000000000000000000000000000	950
3. A: How about you?	6. A: Did you do anything special on Friday?
B: I did stay home all day on Saturday.	B: Not really. I didn't go shopping, and I didn't watched any movies.

Read the e-mail below.



Complete the sentences.

- 1. Yiwei gave Dolores a present for her .
- 2. Dolores' last name is .
- 3. Yiwei's present was a .
- 4. The team Mr. and Mrs. Julia like . the game.
- 5. They got to meet .
- 6. It was the first time Yiwei saw.



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- How would you feel if you were Yiwei?
- 2. What do people usually do to celebrate birthdays in your country?
- 3. What sports and events are popular to watch in your country?
- 4. In your country, when do people usually write thank you letters?

Part 2

Imagine someone took you to a special event. Write an e-mail to thank the person.

Part 3

Share your thank you e-mail with your classmates. Is there a special event someone wrote about that you want to go to? As a class, pick the top five special events.



last month.

Part 1

Complete the sentences with information that is true for you.

7. ______last night.

this morning.

In class, compare answers with a partner.

A: What did you do last month?

B: I went to that new movie with George Clooney. It was great.

Part 2

Complete the sentences with past time expressions from Part 1. You can use the expressions more than once. In class, compare answers with a partner.

 I studied _ 				
2. I	friends		the westeries	Salara.
3. I	a movie	- Int		
4. I	a haircut			
5. I	shopping			
6. I	out to eat		eliteriali ere bii areniti	
7. I	a walk		H-PC+V-FI	
8. I	a shower		- 74 July - 71 U - 71 U	
9. 1	e-mail		Sometime 135	
10. I	to bed		The barrier of the	
1. I	up early	my up a distance of	AND TO THE THE PARTY OF	
2 1	dinner	Complete State Complete Comple		

Read the memo.

While you were out	tiday 4
To: Professor Julie Davis	more than the second
Date: July 15, 2013 Time: 8:30 a.m.	Valdo III III III III III III III III III I
Mr./Ms. Judy Birch of Birmingham Language Schools	
Phone: 402-485-0123 ext: 7982	10.2
telephoned urgenturgent	Little State State of the Part L
will call again please call	mantir sidire anomary
wants to see you returned your call	
Message: She said she called yesterday afternoon, too, between	
4 p.m. and 5 p.m. I didn't talk to her. Did you get the message?	low was the test?
She wants to talk to you about next year's classes. She said she	
received the class schedule that you sent but there are some problems.	
She wants you to call today, and she wants to meet you tomorrow.	Assor ballons not had to
Sally	lenow, but it was
mplete the sentences.	I Spailmedwons sew woll
	b bnobasse in distri
called yesterday and today.	
Ms. Birch works at	
Professor Davis sentto Ms. Birch.	
wrote the memo.	
Professor Davis and Ms. Birch will probably meet	
R WORK Discuss the questions.	

Part 2

not calling back after the first call?

Imagine Ms. Birch sent an e-mail instead of calling on July 15. Use the information from the memo to write the e-mail.

Do you think Ms. Birch called too soon after the first call? What do you think about Professor Davis

Part 3

In pairs, compare your e-mail with a partner's. Do you ask why Professor Davis did not return your call? How do you think Professor Davis will respond to this e-mail?

great!

B: It sounds

Part 1				
Unscramble ea	ch of the words used to re	act to news.		
1	cyras	5	dbielcreni	
2	waluf	6	gxiintce gray gr	While you we
3	nsattafci	7	nusoregad	
4	beleirrt	8	zaimgna	
Part 2	1			
Use each of the conversations v	e words in Part 1 once and with a partner.	complete the conver	sations. In class, practice the	
1.			you you all the first the first to th	Ser of states of Sec.
A: How was th	ne test?		and the second of the second of the second	is Liming 7 bins image
В:		- CANADA	2 march sheet was the	
A: Why? You s	studied all week.	melion and the	s your and row you sunt shares	
B: I know, but	it was	It was really hard	11	
2.				
	nowboarding? Did you like	e it?		
	kind of			
	. I don't think I'		abot how volutions, todays	
3.				
A: How was yo				
	. The foo			
	, and the pe <mark>ople</mark> They helped n		st.	
	back again!	ic citry time 1 gove	part out and and the	
4.		- 0		
A: You won't b	elieve this! I just went bur	ngee jumping! It was		

to me. I don't think I'll try!

Lesson 31: Reading & Writing

PAST & FUTURE

Part 1

Read the magazine article.

Twice in the same day

Winning the lottery is amazingly lucky. But winning the lottery two times in the same day? Very few people can tell you what that feels like, but A.V. in the United States can.

She was in the hospital taking care of her mother when she saw the winning numbers on a TV news show. She looked at her mom and said, "You won't believe this! I won! Twice!" All she could say was, "Incredible!"

"When A.V. called me, she said, 'Listen to this. I won the lottery—twice!' But I thought she was joking," her friend, S.J., said.

She had chosen numbers related to her parents' ages and the year they were married. When asked what she was going to do with the money, she said she was looking forward to taking care of her parents.

Answer the questions.

- Who is the she that says "Incredible"?
- 2. Why is A.V. unusual?
- 3. How is A.V. going to use the money?
- 4. Where was A.V. when she heard she won?
- 5. Who thought A.V. didn't really win the lottery?

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. What would you do if you won a lot of money?
- 2. Would you rather win money or a trip? Why?
- 3. What are some other experiences that make people say, "You won't believe this"?

Part 2

Imagine that something exciting happened to you. Write a short magazine article talking about your experience.

Part 3

In groups of four, take turns reading your magazine articles. For which stories would you say, "I thought she/he was joking," because it's so incredible?

Write one or two words to complete each activity. If a word is not needed, write an X. Then match each activity to its meaning.

1. _____ for a test

A. go see people who are your family

2. _____ up late

B. go to a place outside to play

3. _____ the mall

C. watch people play games

4. _____ out of town

D. go to a place to see beautiful pictures

5. _____ watch sports

E. go to a place where you can shop

6. _____ to a park

F. go to another city

7. _____ relatives

G. not go to bed early

8. ______ a museum

H. study before a test

Part 2

How often do you do the activities in Part 1? Write the six activities you do the most often. Put them in order from most often to least often. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

Part 3

Complete the conversations with your own plans. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1.

Mo Lin: What are your plans for tonight?

You:

2.

Massimo: What are you going to do after class?

You:

3.

Collin: What are you doing tomorrow night?

You:

4.

Max:

Are you doing anything fun this weekend?

You:

Read the notice below.

Summer classes

Summer vacation starts May 24. What are your plans? Why not use your summer to learn something exciting? You will get school credit to have fun.

Summer is the perfect time to learn golf, and golf is a skill that can help you in business in

\$230 for class and all golf games. Class meets every weekday morning, 8 a.m., at the Field Crest Golf Club on Irving Drive during the month of June.

Rock Climbing

Learn how to enjoy this challenging sport while staying safe.

\$100. All students must have a helmet, which is not included in the fee. Class meets at the rock climbing wall in the school gym every Saturday in August, 8 a.m. to 11 a.m.

Contact Mr. Price if you want to take either of these classes.

Answer	the	questions.
MIISWCI	tile	questions.

		The second secon
1	Could a student tal	ce both classes?

2.	For w	hich	class	do	students	need	to	buy a	helmet?
----	-------	------	-------	----	----------	------	----	-------	---------

				A SECURITY OF THE PROPERTY OF	TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF
2	TC - student	lineas mout to the	university which	class would be clo	seer to go to?

				The state of the s		53
A seculiar to the noti	a which	coart might	he good	for marketing	r students to learn	?

				10 1	-
Which starte fire	temmana	rvacation	or the	golf classe	120



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. If you had to take one of the classes, which one would you choose? Why?
- 2. What do you think about taking classes during the summer vacation?

Part 2

Imagine you are going to take one of the classes. Write an e-mail telling your friend about the class and how you feel before the class starts.

Part 3

Share your feelings and the e-mail with a partner Why do you feel this way? If you could take any kind of adventure or sports class, what would it be? Share your answers.

Watch Jill's Trip and fill in the blanks.

Eric	: Hi, Jill.
Jill	: Hi, Eric.
Eric	: How's it going? How was your in Washington, D.C.?
Jill	(1) ! It was really a
Eric:	Oh yeah? What did you do there?
Jill:	Well, first, I a bus tour of the city. It really is such a beautiful place - so many buildings and monuments. I love the Washington Monument.
Eric:	Yeah. The monument is
Jill:	
Eric:	Yeah, I a great dinosaur exhibition the last time I was there. It was fantastic.
Jill:	Wow! After that I decided to walk to the Lincoln Memorial, but then it started to rain and I got completely wet.
Eric:	How!
Jill:	No, it was OK. I went back to my hotel, changed my clothes, and went out again later, this time with an umbrella!
Eric:	Good thinking.
	That night, I went to a classical concert. How about you? What you

do last weekend?

Eric	: Not much really. I worked all day on
	Saturday. On Sunday, Tom and I
	tennis.
Jill:	
Eric:	Yep. After that we to
	movie. We saw the new James Bond film.
Jill:	You did? How was it?
Eric:	It was great! Then we went shopping.
Jill:	Did you buy anything?
Eric:	Yeah, I this video
polyste	camera. It was \$500, but I got it on sale for
	only \$175. You won't
	what I got on this video camera.
Jill:	What?
Eric:	I was at the park, and I saw an elephant!
Jill:	No way! Why was the elephant in the park?
Eric:	It had from the zoo! It
	wasn't dangerous. I even gave it my sandwich
	It was incredible, and I have it all on video.
200	I'm going to put it on YouTube.
Jill:	Oh! I want to see!
Eric:	Hold on
Tom:	Hello? Hellooooo?
Tom:	Hello! Hi Eric! This is a really nice camera. I
11 19 11	just to tell you that. I
	hope I didn't erase anything important.

Simple past tense

The simple past tense expresses a past action that is finished. There is only one form of the past tense for all persons.

Last night we went to the movies. Marie came with us. I stayed up pretty late.

Spelling Rules

For regular verbs, the simple past tense is formed by adding -d or -ed.

like → liked name → named pass → passed want → wanted

If a verb has only one syllable and ends in one vowel + one consonant, double the consonant and add -ed.

plan → planned stop → stopped

If a verb ends in a consonant + -y, drop the y and add -ied.

study → studied carry → carried

Some Irregular Past Tense Verbs

buy bought get got see saw take took come came go went pay paid think thought

drink drank have had say said wear wore

eat ate make made sit sat write wrote

Complete the sentences with the simple past forms of the verbs in parentheses.

- 1. Last weekend, I stayed home. (stay)
- 2. Rob and Mary ______ at the library last night. (study)
- 3. Mike's tired! He ______ all day yesterday. (work)
- 4. We ______ to a great concert last weekend! (go)
- 5. Peter _____ the new Johnny Depp movie yesterday. (see)
- 6. Rick _____ his friends to the beach last Sunday. (take)
- 7. I ______ to visit to my family last week, but I'm going this week instead. (plan)
- 8. We were going to go hiking last Saturday, but it ______. (rain)
- 9. We _____ a lot of popcorn during the movie! (eat)
- 10. We _____ in the front row at the movie last night. (sit)
- 11. It ______ hot yesterday! (be)
- 12. We ______ a lot of water during the soccer game. (drink)
- 13. Sandy ______ her homework just before class. (finish)
- 14. Alan looks great! He ______ a haircut yesterday. (get)
- 15. Jason _____ a lot of new clothes at the mall last night. (buy)

Lessons 29-32: Grammar B

Future time

Future time of	an be expresse	d by using <i>goir</i>	ig to with a	verb.	STATE STATE OF STATE	
	going to have my see a movie this w				Prior pay his not senul t	
Affirmative		THE ADDRESS OF THE	CIE (Chipse)			
L	am	50.001	eat	at 7 p.m.		
He/She/It	is .	going to				
We/You/They	are	The tour design				
Negative						
L	am			8	ms ← msn bannis	
He/She/It	is	not	going to	watch	the game this weeken	
We/You/They	are		100	old w	gnt get got	
Yes/No Questio	ons					
Am	1		970 W		make made til st	
ls	he/she/it	going to	see	a movie tomorrow?		
Are	we/you/they	Harm also my				
Information Q	uestions					
How	am	1 10000		get	home?	
What	is	he/she/it	going to	do	next?	
When	are	we/you/they	ALL DAY THE	eat	lunch?	

Complete the sentences with the BE verb, going to, and the verb in parentheses.

1. What Rex and Amy	going to do this weekend! (do)
2 Max	a movie with us tonight? (see)
3. Alan	
4. Sylvia	home next Saturday. (not stay)
5. We	the game on TV this weekend. (not watch)
6. Where you	after school today? (go)
	to dinner tomorrow night? (go out)
8. When Julie	
	at the library after class. (not study)
	to the game this weekend? (get)
	a picnic in the park this weekend. (have)
	with us tonight? (come)

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