



PREPARE

STUDENT'S BOOK







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	C0V-19 202	U	
UNIT	VOCABULARY	GRAMMAR	READING
O IN THE CLASSROOM page 10	The alphabet Numbers Days The classroom Colours Months	a / an this, that, these, those	
1 ALL ABOUT ME page 14	Objects and people Countries and nationalities	Determiners be singular	Tell us about you Ə from
2 MY FAMILY page 18	Families Adjectives: feelings	Determiners Possessive 's be ② and short answers	Read about a family and
Culture The United Kingdom	page 22		
3 MY HOME page 24	Rooms Things in my room	there is / there are; in / on have got 🕤	Your Rooms!
4 MY THINGS page 28	Things in my school bag Adjectives: things	have got 😉	What have you got in your school bag today? 3 Syllables
Life Skills Creativity & innovat	cion: Being creative and being you	u page 32	
Review 1 Units 1-4 page 34			
5 WHAT CAN YOU DO? page 36	Activities and skills Parts of the body	can / can't Ə can / can't Prepositions: in, on, behind, under	Rubberboy
6 PARTY TIME! page 40	Food and drinks Telling the time (1)	Countable and uncountable nouns some, any, lots of a some Prepositions: on, at, from, until	Party invitations
Culture Holidays in the USA	page 44		
7 MY DAY page 46	Daily activities Telling the time (2)	Present simple Present simple endings Present simple	My Brazil blog
8 AT SCHOOL page 50	School subjects Words with two meanings	Present simple Wh- questions 3 Wh- questions	School of the Air
Life Skills Study skills: Learnin	ng English page 54		
Review 2 Units 5-8 page 56			
9 FEELING GOOD page 58	Sports and activities Health	like 🕶 🖨 Pronouns	Ask the doctor
10 THINGS WE DO page 62	After-school activities Jobs around the house	Present continuous ① ① Present continuous ② O Yes / No questions	What are you doing?
Culture Youth clubs in the UK	page 66		

4

Key to symbols:

▶ Video

Ə Pronunciation

LIS	TENING	SPEAKING	WRITING	VIDEO
		Asking and answering questions about personal details		
abo	nversation ut making oductions	Telling your friend about you		
	nversation ut feelings		A web page to describe a person in your family	Me and you
				▶ Wales
abo	nversation ut the rooms in use and a flat	Ə Lists Giving a list of what you have in your bedroom		
Desc thin	criptions of gs		A questionnaire asking have you got questions	Things in your bag
	eeting of the to club	Asking and answering can you questions		▶ What can you do?
	ing about the s party		An invitation to a party	
				Fourth of July in the USA
abo	nversation ut the photo 's day	Telling a partner about your daily routine	AN	Daily routine
char	ing about nges in the ool timetable		Interview questions about school life	School subjects
and	ing about sports activities ord stress	Discussing five things you like doing at the weekend		Feeling good
	ing about r-school clubs		Writing a blog about yourself	

UNIT	VOCABULARY	GRAMMAR	READING
11 MY DIGITAL LIFE page 68	Entertainment Technology	Adverbs of frequency: always, often, sometimes, never How much? / How many? \ni /w/ and /v/	Conversations about digital devices
12 WORKING LIFE page 72	Jobs In a café	Present simple and present continuous can: requests and permission \ni Intonation	A story about working in a café
Life Skills ICT literacy: Being c	areful on the internet page 76		
Review 3 Units 9–12 page 78			
13 PLACES page 80	Places in a town Adjectives: places	Is there a? / Are there any? Prepositions: inside, outside, above, below, near	My favourite place
14 OUT AND ABOUT page 84	Transport Phrases: going out	because, and, but, or Ə Final /m/ and /n/ sounds Let's, Shall we?	Getting around London
Culture Museums around the	world page 88		
15 WHAT SHALL I WEAR? page 90	Clothes Phrases: people	Plurals: spelling Ə Plurals Describing people	Describing people and their clothes
16 BUY IT! page 94	Shopping Money and prices	need, want too	Conversations about buying things $\partial / J / and / s /$
Life Skills Social responsibility	y: Looking after our world page	98	
Review 4 Units 13-16 page 1	00		
17 DIFFERENT PLACES page 102	The natural world Adjectives: opinions	Comparatives: short adjectives a than Comparatives: long adjectives	Great days out
18 THE WEATHER page 106	Weather Holidays	it Prepositions: with, for, until	What do you think about the weather? 9 Vowel sounds
Culture Beach culture in Austr	alia and New Zealand page 110		
19 A FANTASTIC CONCERT page 112	Adjectives (1) Adjectives (2)	Past simple: be ∂ was Wh- questions in the present and past	An article about a sound engineer
20 ANIMALS page 116	Wild animals Pets and farm animals	Past simple ⊕ ∂ Extra syllable Past simple ⊕	Read about Alessandro's summer holiday
Life Skills Collaboration: Decid	ding things together page 120		
Review 5 Units 17–20 page 1	22 Extra activities page 1	24 Vocabulary list page 12	

Key to symbols: \Im Pronunciation

LISTENING	SPEAKING	WRITING	VIDEO
An interview with a famous person	Telling people about your friends		
A talk about what jobs people in someone's family do		Preparing a menu and ordering in a café	
Talking about places in a town or city θ /s/ and /k/	Asking and answering questions about where you live		▶ Favourite places
Conversations about meeting friends at the weekend		Writing an email to your friend and giving ideas for things to do	
			Famous museums around the world
A conversation about wearing clothes	Describing your carnival clothes		(Example 2) Clothes
A conversation about going shopping		Writing a shopping conversation	
A conversation about a house	Asking and answering questions about which places you want to visit		▶ Great places
Phone messages about people's holidays	TAC	Writing a postcard about your holiday	The weather
			A Trip to New Zealand
A story about going out with friends	Asking and answering questions about the past and present		
A radio interview about animals		Writing a review of your school year	
	nd practice page 136		

WELCOME TO PREPARE

LEARN ABOUT THE FEATURES IN YOUR NEW STUDENT'S BOOK!

PRONUNCIATION

Practise and improve your pronunciation





ADA

TALKING POINTS

Say what you think about the topic in the unit

VIDEO

Watch interviews with teenagers like you



CULTURE

Learn about the culture of English-speaking countries and the wider world

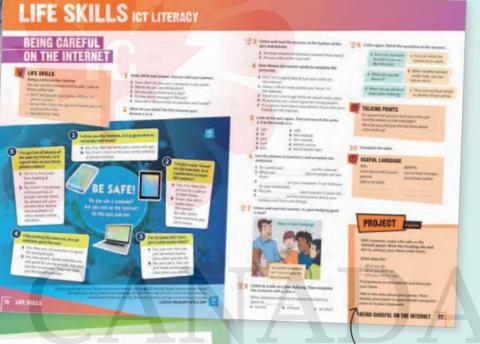
VIDEO

Watch interesting documentaries about the culture topics



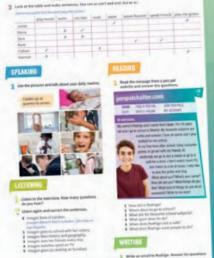
LIFE SKILLS

Develop important skills that you can use in your daily life



UNITS 5-8





PROJECT

Work together to create something fun and expand your learning

REVIEW

Check your progress



IN THE CLASSIN 2020 M

VOCABULARY

The alphabet

Listen and repeat the letters.

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

2 Listen and write the names.













Listen and repeat. Then ask and answer with your partner.





What's your name?

William

How do you spell it?

W-I-double L-I-A-M



Numbers



Listen and repeat the numbers.





































5 How many candles? Write the number in words.

nine





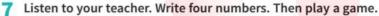




Look at the cakes in Exercise 5. Listen and match the people to the cakes.

How old are you?

- 1 Ryan: cake D
- 2 Penny: cake
- 3 Jack: cake
- 4 David: cake
- 5 Anna: cake
- 6 Lara: cake













Days

S Listen and repeat. Then write the days in the right order on the calendar.

3

10

Wednesday

Monday

1

8

Saturday

2

9

Thursday

4

1

Tuesday

Friday

Sunday Monday

,			
	5	6	7
1	12	13	14

Listen and check. Then practise with your partner.



Friday

Wednesday, Thursday



SPEAKING

 Make three questions. Then walk around the class and ask and answer.

How	What	How
1	is your	name?
2	do you	spell it?
3	old are	you?

VOCABULARY

The classroom

VOCABULARY C

Colours

(h)

Listen and repeat.





1 Match the colours to the words.



1 orange





- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- 2 Say the colour, not the word!



- 5 orange
- 1 blue
- 6 red
- 2 brown
- 7 white

1

- 3 green
- 8 Mellow
- 4 grey

GRAMMAR

pencils

a / an

pencil case

boy

books

a ruler a book an apple an orange two rulers three books

3 Write sentences.

0

The pencil is yellow.



Point to things in the book and in your classroom and say what you can see.









GRAMMAR

this, that, these, those

1 Read the sentences. Match them to the pictures.

- 1 This pencil is red.
- 2 These pencils are orange.
- 3 That book is green.
- 4 Those books are blue.









>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 136

2 Complete the sentences with this, that, these, those and a colour word.



O This desk is brown.



3 pens are



1 _____desk is _____



4 ruler is



2 _____pens are _____



5 ruler is

- 3 Ask and answer about things in your classroom.
 - A: What colour are these books?

A: What colour is that desk?

B: Blue.

B: Brown.

VOCABULARY

Months

1 Put the months in the correct order.

May

January

June

November

August

April

December

July

September

March February

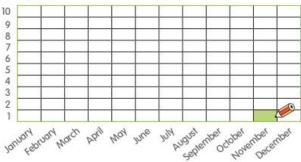
October

Listen and check. Then repeat.

Listen and repeat. Then walk around the class.
Ask and answer the question.



3 Complete the table for the class.



ALL ABOUT ME 2020



ABOUT YOU

What's your name? Where are you from?

VOCABULARY

AND

LISTENING

Objects and people

Match the things A-I in the photos to the words in the box.

E

phone chair dad bag camera photo students and friends table watch

- Listen, check and repeat.
- Look at the photos again. Listen to the conversation and find Rosa, Joelle and Paolo.
- Listen to the conversation again. Tick (✓) the right answer.



- 1 Rosa
 - a I'm 11 today.
 - **b** I'm 12 today.
 - c I'm 13 today.



- 2 Paolo
 - a He's my dad.
 - **b** He's my teacher.
 - c He's my friend.

- 3 Joelle
 - a My number's 046 311 392.
 - **b** My number's 056 312 392.
 - My number's 056 123 923.



Listen and repeat.

Hi. I'm Clara.

Hi. I'm Joelle.

. and his phone's red!

See you later.

See you Saturday.

Hi, Joelle. My

this is Paolo.

name's Rosa. And

Hello, Joelle.

Look, Rosa! Her

Goodbye, Joelle.

Bye, Rosa.

phone's red ...

Hi, Clara. My name's Nick. And this is Maya.

Hello, Clara.

See you later.

Yes. See you Monday.

Goodbye, Nick. Bye, Clara.

Practise the conversation in groups of three. Use your names.



GRAMMAR

Determiners

1 Look at the words and complete the table.

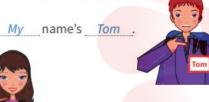
His bag's blue. This is my watch. Her bag's red. What's your phone number?

pronoun	determiner
I	my
you	1
he	2
she	3

>>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 137

Complete the sentences.





name's Jo.

name's



name's

be singular O

Look at the letters in the sentences. Complete the table with the words in the box.

	100000			27.40.00
is	are	is	am	is

I'm Joelle.	1	1	Joelle.
You're funny!	2	You	funny.
She's my teacher.	3	She	my teacher.
He's my dad.	4	He	my dad.
It's new.	5	It	new.

>>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 137

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Complete the sentences.

0 1'm Lyra.





2 She my friend.



3 He my teacher.





5 And you a student.



Work in pairs. Ask and answer about your phone numbers.

A: What's your phone number?

B: It's ... What's your phone number?

A: It's ...

Now tell the class about your friend's phone number.

His/Her phone number's ...

Draw a picture. Talk to your partner about it.

My name's Monika. I'm 13. This is my new school bag. It's red.

Play a game in groups of four. Put your pictures on the table. Take turns to speak.





(1) 14

VOCABULARY



READING

Countries and nationalities

- Read about the students from different countries and answer the questions.
 - 1 Where is Irina from?
 - 2 How old is Martina?
 - 3 What's the name of the boy from Mexico?
 - 4 How old are the twins from Brazil?
 - 5 Where is Matteo from?
 - 6 Is one of the students from your country?
- Read about the students again and complete the table.

country	nationality
0 Italy	Italian
1 Turkey	·
2	Mexican
3	Brazilian
4	Russian
5 China	· ammunia · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6	Argentinian
7 Spain	

- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- 3 Match the flags to the countries in Exercise 2.













Hi. I'm Italian and I'm 16. My name's

Matteo.

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PRONUNCIATION

Listen and repeat.

A: Where are you from?

B: I'm from China.

Then ask and answer with your partner.



TALKING POINTS

What's your name? How old are you? Where are you from? What's your nationality?



Listen and complete the chant.

Hi! Hello! Where are you from? What's your nationality?

I'm Mexican.

He's Mexican! He isn't 0 Italian . He's Mexican!



Hi! Hello! Where are you from? What's your nationality?

I'm Turkish.

She's Turkish! She isn't 1 She's Turkish!



Hi! Hello! Where are you from? What's your nationality?

We're Brazilian.

They're Brazilian. They aren't 2 They're Brazilian!



Hi! Hello! Where are you from? What's your nationality?

We're Argentinian.

You're Argentinian. You aren't 3 You're Argentinian!



Cov-19 2020

GRAMMAR

1 Read the chant again and complete the tables.

be plural 🗪

We are	We're	Brazilian.
You are	1	Argentinian.
They are	2	Brazilian.

be singular and plural 👄

I am not	I'm not	
You are not	3	
He is not	4	
She is not	5	Chinese.
We are not	6	
You are not	7	
They are not	8	

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 137

Look at the sentences in Exercise 1 and complete the table.

0	0			
Germany	Egypt	O He's from Germany.		
		He <u>isn't</u> from <u>Egypt</u> .		
Greece	Colombia	00 They're Greek .		
		They <u>aren't Colombian</u> .		
Brazil	Turkey	1from		
		Wefrom		
Argentina	Russia	2		
		They from		
Italy	China	3 from		
		Youfrom		
Spain	Mexico	4		
		She		
	England	5from		
		I from .		

(1) 3 Listen again. Then do the chant in groups.

Write your country here.

SPEAKING

Work in pairs. Tell your friend about you.

My name's ... I'm ... I'm from ...

My phone number's ... This is my ...

Hi. I'm David. This is my wife. Her name's Helena. These are our two daughters. Their names are Isabel and Ruby. Our son's name is Oscar.

> Hi. My name's Ruby. I'm 11 and my sister Isabel is 14.

Our baby brother is one. This is my mother and father. Their names are

Helena and David, but we call them Mum and Dad!



Where is your family from? How old are the people in your family?

Hello. I'm Isabel and I'm 14. My sister's name is Ruby. These are my parents and this is my baby brother. He's called Oscar.

Hello. My name's Helena. This is my family - my husband and my three children. We're from Manchester.

VOCABULARY

READING

Families

- Read and answer the questions.
 - 1 Where is the family from?
- 3 How old is Isabel?
- 2 How old is Ruby?
- 4 How old is Oscar?

Read again and complete the table.

	Ruby	Helena and David	Isabel and Ruby	Oscar	Ruby and Oscar
mum and dad		1			
brother and sister					
parents					
daughter					
husband and wife					
son			,		
children					
mother and father					
child					
baby					

Listen to the family words and repeat them.



PRONUNCIATION



Listen and repeat.

- 1 mum and dad
- 2 brother and sister
- 3 husband and wife
- 4 family and friends
- 5 mother and father
- 6 Spanish and German

GRAMMAR

Determiners

Find and <u>underline</u> their and our in the speech bubbles on page 18. Then match the pronouns to the determiners.

pronoun	determiner
l	her
you	our
he	my
she	their
we	your
they	his

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 138

2 Complete the sentences with their or our.



This is _____ mother.



These are my brothers. ____names are Tom and Harry.



children are 12, 10 and 7.
names are Lily, Riley and Ollie.

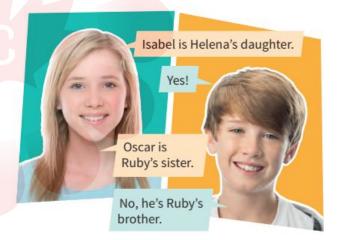
Possessive 's

3 Match the two parts of the sentences.

Oscar is Ruby's daughter.
 Ruby is Oscar's brother.
 Ruby is David and Helena's sister.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 138

- Complete the sentences about the family.
 - O Oscar is David's son .
 - 1 David is Oscar's
 - 2 Ruby is Helena's _____
 - 3 Helena is David's _____.4 David and Helena are Ruby's
 - 5 Isabel, Ruby and Oscar are David and Helena's
- 5 Look at the picture of the family for two minutes. Then close the book and talk about the family with your partner.



TALKING POINTS

Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

What's your name?
Where are you from?
How old are you?
Tell me about your family.

VOCABULARY

AND

LISTENING

Adjectives: feelings

1 Look at the photos. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

bored clever funny happy hot hungry nice sad tired

- **0** l'm <u>happy</u> . **1** l'm ____.
- 2 l'm ____.
- 3 l'm ____.
- 4 l'm____.
- 5 She's ____.
- **6** You're _____. **7** They're _____.
- 8 She's ____.





0













2 Play a game with your partner. Decide who is Student A and who is Student B.

Student A, think of an adjective. Make a noise or do an action. Student B, Guess the adjective.

3 Look at the picture story. Listen and number the pictures in the right order.





Listen again. Write yes or no.

Conversation 1 Bella is Spanish. no
Conversation 2 Bella is hungry.
Conversation 3 Sue is hot.

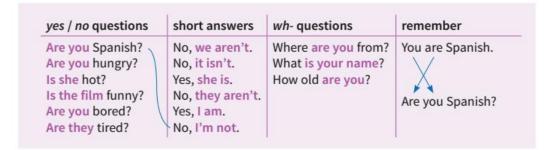
Conversation 4 The film is funny.
Conversation 5 Sue and Bella are bored.

Conversation 6 Bella is happy.

GRAMMAR

be @ and short answers

1 Look at the picture story again. Match the Yes / No questions to the short answers.



>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 138

- Put the words in order and make questions.
 - **0** is / How / old / friend / your /? How old is your friend?
 - 1 they / Are / tired / very /?
 - 2 happy/she/ls/?
 - 3 is / What / phone / number / your /?
 - 4 Where / they / from / are /?
 - 5 your / When / is / birthday /?
 - 6 name / is / What / your /?
- 3 Complete the conversations.
 - O Are your friends hot?

No, they aren't . They're fine!

- you tired?
- No, we
- 2 your parents Russian?

Yes, they

Tom sad?

No, he _____. He's bored.

you bored?

No, I _____. I'm tired.

your teacher clever?

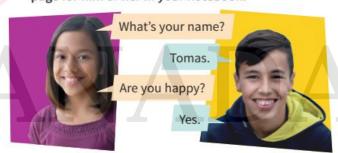
Yes, she

- 6 your brothers hungry?
 - No, they
- Work in pairs. Practise the conversations in Exercise 3.

- 5 >> Work with a partner. Go to page 124.
- 6 Complete the web page about you.



7 Ask your partner questions and write a new web page for him or her in your notebook.



WRITING

Make a new web page for a person in your family in your notebook. Use the web page in Exercise 6 to help you.

Use full sentences. Begin your sentences with a capital letter and end them with a full stop \bullet

Cov-19 2020 FACTFILE The United Kingdom

CULTURE

THE UNITED KINGDOM

1 Discuss the questions with your partner.

- 1 Where are you from?
- 2 Where are people in your family from?
- 3 Do you know any places in the United Kingdom? Which ones?
- 2 Look at the map and the photos on the web page. Guess the answers.
 - · Where is Ross from?
- · Where is Owen from?
- · Where is Emily from?
- · Where is Poppy from?
- Read the web page quickly. Were your answers in Exercise 2 correct?

There are three countries in Great Britain. They are England, Scotland and Wales.

The United Kingdom is different. It is Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales) and Northern Ireland.

The United Kingdom is a good place for young people to visit. There's lots to see and do.





Hi. I'm Ross and I'm Scottish. Loch Ness is in Scotland. It's a famous lake. 'Loch' is a Scottish word that means 'lake'. The thistle is a symbol of Scotland.







nbridge University Press 2015, 2019

4 Read the web page again. Write the countries.

- 1 Loch Ness is in _____.2 Caernarfon Castle is in
- 3 The Shambles is in .
- 4 The Giant's Causeway is in
- 5 The shamrock is a symbol of
- 6 The lion is a symbol of
- 7 Rugby is an important sport in

Match the countries to the nationalities.

Country	Nationality	
England	Welsh	
Scotland	Northern Irish	
Wales	British	
Northern Ireland	Scottish	
Britain	English	

- Listen, check and repeat.
- 6 Complete the sentences with the highlighted words from the text.
 - 1 Ross is from Scotland. He's
 - 2 Poppy is from England. She's
 - 3 Owen is from Wales. He's
 - 4 Emily is from Northern Ireland. She's

Look at the web page again to check.

- 7 Look at the map. Write the capital cities.
 - 1 Scotland →
 - 2 England →
 - 3 Wales →
 - 4 Northern Ireland →





Listen to the interview with two young people from the United Kingdom. Which capital cities from Exercise 7 do they talk about?



TALKING POINTS

Where are your mum and dad from? What is the capital city of your country?

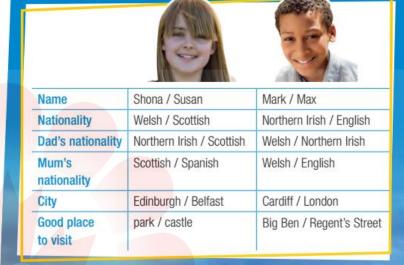
INTERESTING FACT!

The name of the money in the UK is pounds (\mathfrak{L}) and pence (\mathfrak{p}) .

For '£2.00' we say two pounds, and for '10p' we say ten pence or 'ten p'.



Listen again. Choose the correct words in the table.





PROJECT

A poster

In small groups or pairs, make a poster about your country or another country. On your poster, put:

- · a map of the country
- · the names of big cities
- · names and pictures of places to visit
- · pictures of the country's symbols
- · pictures of popular sports
- · information about the country's money

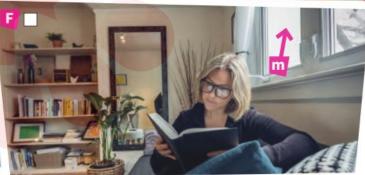
Finally, present your poster to the class.











VOCABULARY

AND

LISTENING

Rooms

1 Match the rooms A-G in the photos to the words in the box.

bathroom bedroom dining room hall kitchen living room toilet

C hall

2 Match the things h-m in the photos to the words in the box.

bath door floor shower wall window

Listen and check. Then repeat the words.



- Joelle and Rosa are at Paolo's house. Listen and number the rooms A-G in the right order.
 - 5 Look at the photos again. Student A, make a sentence. Student B, guess the room.

The walls are blue and white.

Yes!

The bathroom?

GRAMMAR

there is / there are; in / on

1 Look at the examples in the table. Use these examples to talk about the photos on page 24.

There's (There is)	There are	in / on
There's a table in the kitchen. There's a toilet here. There's a shower and a bath.	There are four doors. There are three bedrooms. There are two windows.	Mum's in the kitchen. The bags are on the table.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 139

Complete the sentences with is / are and in / on.



1 There one phone the box.



2 There _____ two phones _____ the box.

Look at the photos on page 24 again and listen to the sentences. Write Y (yes) or N (no).

0 <u>Y</u>

2

4 ____

- 3 Listen again and repeat.
 - 4 Complete the sentences with *There's* or *There are*. Then match them to the pictures.

There's a boy in the kitchen.
four people in the kitchen.
a shower in the bathroom.
a table in the kitchen.
two windows in the living room.
six books on the floor in the blue bedroom.
five pictures on the walls in the living room.
a baby in the bath.
two girls in the pink bedroom.

5 Tell your partner five things about your home.

I live in a flat. There are six rooms.

6 Write about your partner's home.

Luigi's home is a flat. There are two toilets and ...





VOCABULARY



READING

Things in my room





bed board game bookcase chair clock computer clothes guitar poster pet fish television (TV) toys

























Read the magazine article. Match the people to the rooms 1–3.

Your Rooms!



Luisa

This is my room. It's got blue walls and a light brown floor. There's a bed and a chair in here, and a TV. I've got lots of clothes. They're all on the bed and the floor. There are also lots of toys on the floor. They're my little brother's!

Jozef

This is my room. I've got a computer and lots of board games. My brothers have got a computer in their room too. I've also got a guitar in here. I've got lots of posters of my favourite bands on the walls.

Agata

This is my room and my sister's. There are two beds and a chair. There's a clock on the wall. We've got lots of books on the bookcase. My sister's got two pet fish, called Nemo and Dory. They've got a little house and lots of green plants in their aquarium!



- 3 Read the article again. Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (X)?
 - 1 The walls in Luisa's room are brown.
 - 2 There are clothes on the bed in Luisa's room.
 - 3 Jozef's got brothers.
 - 4 There are posters on the walls in Jozef's room.
 - 5 Agata has got three fish.



TALKING POINTS

What is your favourite colour?
What is your favourite computer game or board game?

Who is your favourite person? What is your favourite thing?

GRAMMAR

have got O

1 Read the magazine article on page 26 again.

<u>Underline</u> all the examples of 've got, 's got and have got.

I / you / we / they 've got (have got)
he / she / it 's got (has got)

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 139

Complete the sentences from the article.

0	l 've got	a computer.
1	My sister	two pet fish.
2	It	blue walls.
3	We	lots of books.
4	They	a little house.
5	My brothe	ers a computer too.
		lots of clothes.

3 Complete the sentences with 've got, 's got and have got.

1	My dad	a nice phone.
2	My parents	a television in their
	bedroom.	
3	1tv	vo brothers and a sister.
	Your brothe	lots of friends.
5	Rosa and Da	new cameras.
6	You	my dictionary!

4 Read the sentences about Sara's room. <u>Underline</u> examples of also.

I've got a bed and a chair in my room. I've also got a desk. On my desk, I've got a book and two pens. I've also got a computer.

5 Think about your room and draw it. Write about it. Use also in one or two of your sentences.

SPEAKING



PRONUNCIATION

Lists

1 Listen and repeat.

- 1 I've got a chair, a table and a desk.
- 2 I've got a guitar, a pet fish and a TV.
- 3 My brother's got a camera, a phone and a computer.
- 4 In our flat, there's a kitchen, a living room and two bedrooms.
- **5** The teacher's got a book, a pen, a ruler and a dictionary.

Play this game in small groups. What have you got in your bedroom / kitchen / living room / flat?

In our bedroom, we've got a bed.

In our bedroom, we've got a bed and a chair.



4

MY THINGS



ABOUT YOU

Talk about things in your bedroom. I've got a clock. I've got ...



















VOCABULARY

AND

READING

Things in my school bag

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-J.



banana chocolate coat gloves hat keys scarf wallet water bottle

- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- Read the blog and match the bags to the students.









WHAT HAVE YOU GOT IN YOUR SCHOOL BAG TODAY?

Tell us here:

I've got all my school books and my pencil case, of course! And I've got my water bottle, some chocolate and my hat. I haven't got my gloves. They're at home. Oh, and yes, I've got my wallet and my phone.

Sylvain

OK, I've got my school books and ... I've got my keys, my phone and my water bottle. I've got a banana and an orange, too. I've got my gloves and I've got my coat — look! I haven't got my scarf or my hat.

Jana

Well, I've got my school books and all my school things. And I've got my watch, my wallet, my keys and a football. I haven't got my phone. It's at home. And I've got a banana and some chocolate. I'm always hungry!

Nicolas

In my bag today, I've got my school books, of course, and my new pencil case. And I've got my sister's water bottle because I haven't got one and she's got two! I haven't got my gloves, but I've got my scarf and hat. I've got my keys and an orange, too.

Pia

UNIT 4

28

3 Look at the photos in Exercise 2. Say and answer.

This student's got a water bottle, a hat and a phone.

Sylvain.



GRAMMAR

have got

Listen and check. Then repeat.

1 Read the blog in Exercise 2 again and complete the table.

1	haven't got	my scarf.	
You	haven't got	your water bottle.	
Nicolas	hasn't got	1phone.	
Pia	2	her water bottle or her gloves.	
We	haven't got	3phones.	
You	haven't got	your hats.	
Sylvain and Pia	4	their gloves.	

>>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 140

- 2 Listen to the sentences. Choose the words you hear.
 - O [haven't got] I've got my things.
 - 1 He hasn't got / He's got a coat.
 - 2 You've got / You haven't got a sister.
 - 3 They haven't got / They've got a TV in the kitchen.
 - 4 She's got / She hasn't got a new bag.
 - 5 I haven't got / I've got my banana.
 - 6 We've got / We haven't got a clock in the classroom.

- Complete the sentences.
 - My little brother <u>hasn't got</u> a hat. He 's got a coat.



1 My sister _____ a football. She a guitar.



2 We ____ a bath in our house. We ____ a shower.



3 They pet fish.
They a television.



4 My sister a banana.
She some chocolate.



5 You a key. You a phone.



a hat in my bag.

some books.



What have the students in the blog on page 28 got in their bags? Write down all the things you can remember.

You've got one minute!

Work with a partner. Compare and talk about your lists.

I've got 'phone' on my list. You haven't got it. You've got 'drink'. I haven't.

Now work in small groups. Compare and talk about your lists.

You've got 'pencil case'. We haven't got it. We've got 'keys'. You've got 'keys', too.

VOCABULARY



LISTENING

Adjectives: things



1 Look at the picture and find these things.

(F)	
	a long pallow ruler
	a big red bag
	Dag
	a new green coat
	a dark red coat
	a black and white hat
	white has
	football
	a dirty red and yellow roots

2 Look at the picture and find these things.

a short red	ruler
	a small brown bas
	coat coat
an old g	a light grey coat
a clean blac	ck and white football

(I) 3	Listen and n	umber the	sentences

It's a dirty dark brown bag.	
It's a clean light blue bag.	
It's a long new ruler.	
It's a short red ruler.	1
It's a dark blue coat.	
It's an old grey coat.	

- Listen again and check. Then repeat.
- 4 Work in pairs. Talk about the picture in Exercise 1.

There are four bags in the picture. This bag is light brown and it's small and dirty.

There's one black and white hat. Look, here it is.

5 Talk about your things. Use the picture in Exercise 1 to help you. Think about things in your bedroom and things in your classroom.

I've got a new school bag. It's dark green and yellow. It's big. I've also got a new coat. It's ...

What hasn't Emma got? Listen and tick (✓).

She hasn't got her	
coat.	
pencil.	
bag.	
ruler.	1
football things.	
hat.	Г



- Listen again and check.
- 7 Now look at the picture in Exercise 1 and find Emma's things.

GRAMMAR

have got @

- 1 Read the examples. Choose the correct words to complete the two sentences.
 - 1 In questions, the pronoun (he, she, we, etc.) is before / after the words have or has.
 - 2 The word got is / is not in the short answers.





Short answers

Yes, I have. / No, I haven't. Yes, you have. / No, you haven't. Yes, he/she/it has. / No, he/she/it hasn't. Yes, we have. / No, we haven't.

SGRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 140

Complete the sentences.

0	A:	Has	he got a pet fish?
		No, he	
1	A:		Emma got her bag?
	B:	No, she	·
2	A:		Sylvain and Pia got their hats?
3			I got your phone?
	B:	Yes, you	
4	A:		you got your water bottle?
	B:	No, I	
5	A:		your bag got my football things in it?
	B:	Yes, it	**************************************

Listen and check. Then repeat.

3 Ask and answer with your partner.

A: Have you got a clock on your kitchen wall?

B: Yes, I have.

- ... a clock on your kitchen wall?
- ... a shower in your house?
- ... your keys in your bag?
- ... a chair in your bedroom?
- ... your English books on your desk?
- ... photos on your bedroom wall?

Now make some more *have got* questions to ask your partner.



TALKING POINTS

Watch the video. Ask and answer the question with a partner.

What have you got in your bag?

WRITING

Do a questionnaire.

Write six have you got questions using ideas from Grammar Exercise 3.



Ask four students your six questions. Write their short answers.

Now write about the students.

Georgia has got two brothers and one sister. She's got a new red school bag and she's got a pet fish. She hasn't got a chair in her bedroom.

LIFE SKILLS CREATIVITY & INNOVATION

BEING CREATIVE AND BEING YOU

- 1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with a partner.
 - 1 What's your favourite room at home? Describe it.
 - 2 What's your favourite colour?
 - 3 What colour are the walls in your bedroom?
 - 4 What things have you got in your bedroom?
- Read the title and look at the pictures in the interview below. Guess the answers.
 - 1 What room is the interview about?
 - 2 What is Tristan Deever's hobby?
- Read the interview. Were your answers in Exercise 2 correct?



LIFE SKILLS

Being creative and being you

We are all different. We can be creative and tell others about us. For example, we can plan a nice room. Think about:

- · your hobbies
- · your things (table, chair, etc.)
- · the things you do



Interview with pop star

TRISTAN DEEVER

Look inside Tristan Deever's musical home!

Tristan: Welcome to my home!

Interviewer: Thank you. So, what's your favourite room?

Tristan: The living room is my favourite room. Look!

There's a long sofa for me and for my friends.

The sofa is colourful – it's lots of different colours.

The sola is colouriul - it's lots of different colours.

There's a TV and there are music posters on the walls.

Interviewer: And the sofa is on a rug.

Tristan: Yes. It's my favourite rug. The rug looks like a guitar. It's cool!

Interviewer: Music is everywhere in your living room.

Tristan: Yes. I love music. Music is my hobby. I've got three guitars.

And I've got books about music, too. The books are on a blue shelf. I've got a pet fish. His name's Fran. He's in his

fishbowl, on the table.

Interviewer: Hello Fran!

Tristan: There's a big light in my living room.

Interviewer: Your living room is a happy room with lots of colours in it.

Tristan: Yes, it's a happy room and I'm a happy person.

And it's a musical room and I'm a musical person.



fishbowl

- 4 Read the interview again. <u>Underline</u> the wrong word in each sentence. Write the correct words.
 - 1 Tristan Deever is a teacher.
 - 2 The kitchen is his favourite room.
 - **3** His music posters are on the table.
 - 4 He's got six guitars.
 - 5 The fish's name is Frank.
 - 6 Tristan Deever is a sad person.
- 5 Label the photos. Look at the highlighted words in the interview again and check.

fishbowl light rug shelf sofa











6 Write true sentences about your living room.
Use all the words from Exercise 5.

In my living room, there's a sofa. There isn't a rug.



Listen to Anna on TV. Answer the questions (choose a or b).

- 1 What room is Anna talking about?
 - a a new bedroom
- b a new living room
- 2 Is Daisy happy with her new room?
 - a yes
- **b** no



8 Listen again. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

bed board games books clock computer posters

- 1 There are football ______on the wall.
- 2 There are _____ on the bookcase.
- **3** There's a _____ on the table.
- 4 There are ____ on the shelf.
- 5 There's a ____ on the shelf.
- 6 There's a _____ in the bedroom.



TALKING POINTS

What is your favourite hobby?
What do you think is good about Daisy's new bedroom?

Match the sentences 1-3 to the pictures A-C.



USEFUL LANGUAGE

- 1 I love football.
- 2 The clock looks like a football.
- 3 It's cool.







10

Look at the interview on page 32 again. Use the underlined words in Exercise 9 and answer.

- 1 What does Tristan Deever say about music?
- 2 What thing looks like a guitar?
- 3 What does Tristan Deever say is cool?

PROJECT

A plan for a new bedroom

Draw a picture of your new bedroom and write about it. Think about these questions:

- · What's your favourite colour?
- · What colour are the walls in your new bedroom?
- · What's your favourite hobby?
- Are there things from your hobby in your room?
- · Where is your bed and other things in your room?

Tell your partner about your new bedroom.

REVIEW 1 UNITS 1-4

VOCABULARY

1 Match the words to the photos A-J.

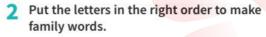
bag camera chair clock gloves guitar hat keys phone watch











- O tressi sister
- 1 bhsunda
- 2 uhtdraeg
- 3 fwei
- 4 nos
- 4 1105

- 6 torbrhe
- 7 drnhicle
- 8 hrtemo
- 9 frheta
- 10 ybba
- 5 rtnepas
- 3 Match the adjectives to the people. Close your book and ask and answer with a partner.

bored	funny	hanny	hot
Dored	lullily	happy	HOL
hungry	sad	tired	

A: Is Joe funny?

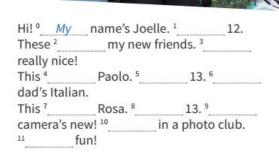
B: Yes, he is.



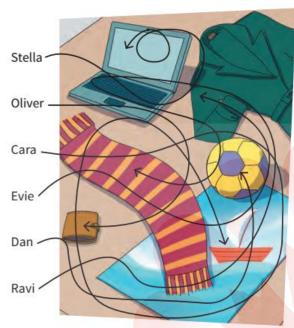
1 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

l'm It's He's She's We're They're My is (x2) are His Her





2 Look at the picture and complete the sentences.



0 The <i>computer</i> is	Stel	la's
---------------------------------	------	------

1	The	is	

- 2 The
- 3 The
- 4 The
- 5 The

SPEAKING

1 Play this game. Write six things in your bag. Ask and answer with your partner.



Count your points. Who is the winner?

LISTENING

Listen and complete the boxes about the two students.

Name:	Tabitha	Darcy
Surname:	***************************************	***************************************
Age:		
Nationality:	4	***************************************
Phone number:		

READING

Read about Keira's home. Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (X)?



My name's Keira and I live in a flat with my mum and dad. We've got five rooms - a kitchen, a living room, a bathroom, two bedrooms - and a small hall. We haven't got a dining room. In the kitchen, there's a table with six chairs. There's also a TV and a clock. In the living room, there's a desk and a computer. There are three pictures on the walls. In the bathroom, there's a shower. We haven't got a bath. My favourite room is my bedroom. I've got a desk, a chair and a small table in here.

- O There are five rooms in the flat.
- 1 There's a dining room.
- 2 There's a table in the kitchen.
- 3 There's a computer in the kitchen.
- 4 There are four pictures in the living room.
- 5 There's a bath in the bathroom.

WRITING

- Write these sentences with capital letters and full stops.
 - 0 my name's gabby and i'm 14 My name's Gabby and I'm 14.
 - 1 my mum's from brazil and my dad's from mexico
 - 2 my friend ling is chinese
 - 3 they aren't from turkey
 - 4 he isn't spanish, he's argentinian
 - 5 my teacher's called mr brown

WHAT CAN YOU'D 2020?

















the guitar

spaghetti

a boat

special dates

ice



Listen and check. Then repeat.



- 2 Look at the big photo at the top of the page and listen. Write yes or no.
 - O The friends are in the park. yes
 - 1 This week's photo club project is called 'Every day'.
 - 2 Rosa's camera is old.
 - 3 The new boy is called José.
 - 4 He's got a very nice camera.

GRAMMAR

can / can't

- (I)) 1
- Read the Grammar box. Then listen again. What can Joelle, Rosa and Paolo do? Look at Exercise 1 on page 36 and write J (Joelle), R (Rosa) or P (Paolo) on some of the photos.
- 0

I / You / He / She / It / We / They can swim.

0

I / You / He / She / It / We / They can't (cannot) swim.

0

What can you do?

Short answers

Can you swim?

Yes, I can.

No, I can't.

>>

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 141

- 2 Complete the sentences with can or can't.
 - O Joelle can ride a horse.
 - 1 Rosa _____swim underwater.
 - 2 Paolo sing or ride a horse.
 - No, he Paolo paint a picture?
 - 4 Paolo speak Italian?
 Yes, he

	_		
	-	١	
	_	۸.	п
	_		
w	_	,	5

PRONUNCIATION can

can/can't

3 Listen and repeat.

What can you do? Can you ride a horse?

No, I can't.

Can you play the guitar?

No, I can't.

Well, can you take photos?

Yes, I can. And I can speak Italian.

Oh, good!

- (I)) A
 - 4 Listen and choose the word you hear.
 - 0 Ican / can't take good photos.
 - 1 We can / can't see the TV.
 - 2 | can | can't remember her name.
 - 3 My sister can / can't play the guitar.
 - 4 Can / Can't your little brother read?
 - 5 My mother can / can't speak Chinese.

- 5 Put the words in order and make questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.
 - 1 dictionary / you / Can / use / a /?
 - 2 good / you / photos / take / Can /?
 - 3 draw / Can / a / you / horse /?
 - 4 dad / Can / sing / your /?
 - 5 swim / you / 25 metres / Can /?
 - 6 Can / remember / name / your / teacher / your /?
- 6 What can you do? Put a ✓ (yes) or a ✗ (no) in the me column of the table in Exercise 7.
- 7 Ask and answer with your partner. Use can and can't. Complete the table for your partner.

Can you	me	my partner
play the guitar?		
ride a bike?		
cook spaghetti?		
ice skate?		
remember your friends' birthdays?		
speak Spanish?		



Can you play the guitar?

No, I can't.



8 Read the sentences in the table. Then write three sentences about you and three sentences about your partner. Use and, but and or in your sentences.

	sing	play the guitar
I can sing <i>and</i> play the guitar.	1	/
I can't sing <i>or</i> play the guitar.	×	×
I can sing, but I can't play the guitar.	1	×

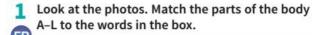
I can take photos and paint a picture. Luigi can't speak Chinese or swim underwater.

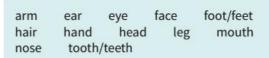
VOCABULARY



READING

Parts of the body





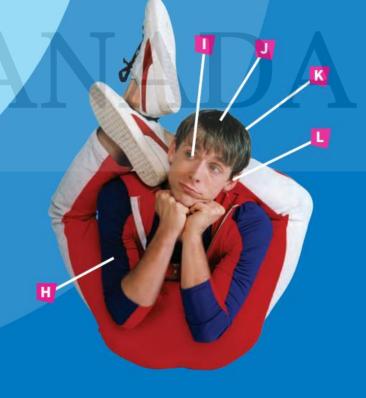
Listen and check. Then repeat.

- Listen. Point to the parts of your body when you hear them.
 - Play the game in Exercise 2 with your partner.
 - Read the article and answer the questions.
 - 1 What is Rubberboy's real name?
 - 2 Where is he from?
 - 3 What is he famous for?
 - 4 Where can you see Rubberboy?

RUBBERBOY

This is Rubberboy! Of course, that's not his real name. His real name is Daniel Browning Smith and he comes from the USA. He is famous for the things he can do with his body. For example, he can stand on his hands and put his feet behind his head. Can you do that? It's really difficult! He can also get into a very small box - only 34 cm × 40 cm × 50 cm. You can read about Daniel in a book called Guinness World Records and you can also see him on TV or on your laptop.





38

Prepositions: in, on, behind, under









S GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 142

- 1 Match the sentences to the pictures A-G. Then complete the sentences with in, on, behind or under.
 - O His hands are behind his head.
 - the door. 1 The guitar is _____
 - 2 There are lots of books the table.
 - the table. 3 She is
 - 4 His head is the desk.
 - 5 The dog isn't her bed!
 - **6** The ruler is _____ the pencil case.
- 2 Choose the correct words.
 - 1 There are some nice pictures behind / on the wall.
 - 2 My bag is in / on the chair in my bedroom.
 - 3 I can't open my eyes under / behind the water.
 - 4 Look! The dog is on / behind the door.
 - 5 Is that chocolate you've got in / under your mouth?



10 04 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

Can you ...

get into a small box?

head a ball?

do a cartwheel?

stand on your head?











Walk around the class. Ask and answer questions. Use the phrases in the box.

> move your ears paint with your toes put your toes in your mouth

Hi, Sonia. Can you paint with your toes?

No. I can't.

walk on your hands

Yes, I can. What about you?

write with your feet



PARTY TIME! Cov-19 2020

? ABOUT YOU

Write down all the food words you can in two minutes. How many words have you got?



D

E





LISTENING

Food and drinks

1 Match the photos A-P to the words in the box.



biscuits bread butter cakes cheese chicken chips eggs juice lemonade milk pasta potatoes rice soup tomatoes

- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- Put the food in Exercise 1 in the right columns. Then work with your partner and put more food words in the columns.

vegetables	meat
sweet snacks	other

3 Talk to your partner about the food and drinks you like and don't like.

I like vegetables. I don't like eggs.

Look at the table and listen to the teacher talking about the class party. Match the names of the students to the food.



GRAMMAR

Countable and uncountable nouns

Read the sentences about countable and uncountable nouns.

There are things you can count (countable): an apple ten apples

There are things you can't count (uncountable):

You can add s to countable nouns, but you can't add s to uncountable nouns:

apples rices

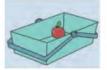
(Be careful: potato - potatoes tomato - tomatoes)

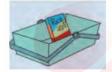
Which of the food and drinks words on page 40 are countable and which are uncountable?

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 143

Write the words in the box under the correct shopping basket. For countable words, add a or an.

chip fruit apple banana egg milk rice meat pasta potato soup vegetable





countable an apple

uncountable rice

some, any, lots of

- Read the sentences from Listening Exercise 4. Then match them to the rules in the box.
 - a We haven't got any food for the class party tomorrow.
 - b I can bring some bread and butter.
 - c I can bring some biscuits. We've got lots of biscuits at home.
 - d Can you bring some tomatoes?
 - e I haven't got any fruit at home.
 - f We need some fruit.
 - g We haven't got any tomatoes at home.
 - h Have you got any tomatoes at home?
 - 1 We use some and lots of in positive sentences. b
 - 2 We use any in negative sentences.
 - 3 We can use some or any in questions.

- Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - O Have you got any / a soup?
 - 1 I've got any / some biscuits in my bag.
 - 2 There isn't a / any milk in the kitchen.
 - 3 There are lots of / an eggs here.
 - 4 I've got some / a bananas and oranges for the party.
 - **5** There's *lots of / an* orange under the table.
 - 6 James can't bring any / some cheese.
 - 7 There's any / lots of food for the party.



some

5 Listen to five sentences with some. Then listen again and repeat.

Look at the picture of the party food and write sentences. Use a / an, some, any or lots of.

They've got some oranges. They haven't got any bread. There's ...



- Write a shopping list for your party.
- Tell the people in your class about the food at your party.

I've got lots of fruit. I haven't got any chocolate. I've got some cakes.







READING

Telling the time (1)









Read the invitations and	find	□ 2	Listen to the conversations 1–4 and match
1 two different days.	Saturday	56	them to the invitations A-D.
2 four different months.			Conversation 1
3 three different places.			Conversation 2
4 four different times.			Conversation 3
5 two email addresses.			Conversation 4
6 two phone numbers.			

1

3 Look at the pictures A-G. Match the times to the clocks.

- 0 It's six twenty.
- 1 It's 9 am.
- 2 It's one ten.
- 3 It's three thirty.
- 4 It's two fifty.
- 5 It's four o'clock.
- 6 It's 7 pm.

























2



TALKING POINTS

Do you like parties? How often do you go to parties? What is your favourite party food? What are your favourite party activities?

GRAMMAR

Prepositions: on, at, from, until

1 Read the invitations again. <u>Underline</u> on, at, from and until. Then complete the table with on, at, from and until.

Days	on Wednesda	ay
	Saturday	
Times	3.30	5.30
	2.15	
Dates	1st Augus	t
	2nd Marcl	h
Places	Rebecca's	house
	the park	

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 143

2 Complete the sentences with on, at, from and until.

0	Tom's party is	on Tuesday	at 4.30.
1	Is your party	1st July?	
2	The party is	my house,	2 pm
	5 pm.	150 Aug	
3	See you	the park	Sunday!
	My party is	the swimmin	g pool. It's
	3 pm.		500

3 Practise the conversations about parties from Vocabulary Exercise 2 with your partner. You can find them on page 124. Change the days, times and places.

WRITING

1 Look at the invitations on page 42 again. Now write an invitation to your party. Put

- · the day
- the date
- · the time
- · the place
- · your phone number and email address

Invite people to come to your party.

Would you like to ...? Where ...?

What time ...? I'd love to ...

It's on ... Oh, I'm sorry, I can't.

When ...? It's at ...

CULTURE

HOLIDAYS IN

1 Look at the photos 1–4. Listen and repeat the words.









- In pairs, talk about the questions.
 - 1 What colours is the American flag?
 - 2 Are there parades where you live? When?
 - 3 Are there fireworks where you live? When?
 - 4 Do you have barbecues? When?
- Read the web page and look at the calendar. For this calendar, what date is:

Martin Luther King Day? Thanksgiving?

What day is: Independence Day?



			JULY			
M	T	W	Т	F	S	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11

On public holidays, schools and offices close. There are about ten public holidays in the United States of America (the USA). People do different things to celebrate these holidays. People also eat different food on different holidays.

Some public holidays in the USA are:

- * Thanksgiving
- Independence Day
- * Labor Day
- * Martin Luther King Day

Hi, everyone.

Can you help me with my school project on American holidays? What are your favourite holidays?



Hi, I'm Megan. My favourite holiday is Thanksgiving. It's on



the fourth Thursday in November. On Thanksgiving, we say thank you for the things we've got. We have a big family meal. We eat lots of food together. We eat turkey, potatoes and vegetables. And we eat pumpkin pie for dessert.

turkey



4	Read the web page again. What happens on these days? Tick (✓) columns 1–3 of the table.

	1 Martin Luther King Day	2 Independence Day	3 Thanksgiving	4 Labor Day
a family meal				
a barbecue				
a parade				
fireworks				

Hello, I'm Jake. My favourite holiday is Independence Day. It's on 4th July. On Independence Day, we celebrate the birthday of the USA - the declaration of independence on 4th July, 1776. Some people go and see parades and hold American flags. In my family, we have a barbecue with friends. We eat burgers and corn on the cob. At night, there are fireworks.



Hi, I'm Sandra. My favourite holiday is Martin Luther King Day (MLK Day). It's on the third Monday in January. On MLK Day, we celebrate Martin



sweet potatoes

Luther King's birthday and we remember his ideas. We sometimes help other people on this day. For example, we visit and talk to old people. In my family, we have a family meal. We eat chicken and sweet potatoes. And we





TALKING POINTS

Do you have a holiday for workers in your country? When is it? What are your favourite holidays in your country? When are they?

Put the letters in the correct order and write the food words.

1	oncr	on the col
2	ipe	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
3	twsee	potatoes
4	tkyeru	
5	gurbres	

Look at the highlighted words on the web page and check your answers.

What food do Americans eat on holidays? Write three sentences.

On Martin Luther King Day, they eat chicken and ...

7)7	Listen to Ava talking about her favourite
61	holiday, Labor Day. Answer a or b.

- 1 What month is Labor Day?
 - a August
- **b** September
- 2 Who does Labor Day celebrate?
 - a workers
- **b** children

Listen again. What happens on Labor Day?

Tick (✓) column 4 of the table on page 44.

- 3 What does Ava's family have?
 - a a family meal
- **b** a barbecue



A web page

In small groups, write a web page about a holiday in your country. Use the questions as headings. Answer the questions on the web page. Find photos or draw pictures for your web page.

- When is the holiday?
- What is the holiday for?
- What special things do people do?
- What special food do people eat?

Present the web page to the class.

MY DAY



ABOUT YOU

What is your favourite food in the morning? What can you eat for lunch at school? What food can't you take to school?

















Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Then listen again and check.

> can can't clothes different every day shower

- O José's clothes are new.
- 1 The next photo club project is 'Things we do
- 2 You have a in the morning.
- go to the next photo club with 3 José his friends.
- go for a drink. 4 José
- 5 José's day is from Rosa's day.

VOCABULARY

LISTENING

Daily activities

Look at the things you do every day. Match the photos A-J to the words in the box.



catch the bus to school get dressed go to bed have a shower get up have lunch have breakfast have dinner walk to school wash your face



Work with a partner. Talk about the photos. Take turns.

Picture F

catch the bus to school

- 3 Who can you see in the big photo? Where are they? Who has got a camera in their hand?
- 4 Listen and answer these questions.
 - 1 Is Rosa happy?
 - 2 Is José good at taking photos?
 - 3 What day is the photo club?
 - 4 What has José got at five o'clock?



Listen to Rosa and José and read. Two things are different from the recording. What are they?

Rosa: On Mondays, I get up, wash my face and have a shower. Then I have breakfast with my dad. Then I put my things in my school bag and catch the bus to school. I go to school at eight thirty.

José: On Mondays, I get up and wash my face.
I have a drink in my room and then I have
a shower. At two o'clock, I put my things in
my bag and leave the hotel. I go to school
at five o'clock.

GRAMMAR

Present simple ①

 Read about the friends and then choose the correct answer to complete the sentence.







We use the present simple to talk about things we do *one time / every day*.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 144

Make sentences. Use the words in the box.

I walk to school.

You go to bed in the evening.
He gets up at seven o'clock.
She has lunch at one o'clock.
We get dressed in the morning.
You walk to school.
They wash my face.

9

PRONUNCIATION

Present simple endings

Listen to the -s and -es sounds. Sometimes we add another syllable when we say the -s or -es. Sometimes we don't.

goes leaves paints plays rides swims walks watches

Then put the verbs in the box in the correct column.

gets: -s is NOT an extra syllable

washes: -es IS an extra syllable

Listen and check. Then repeat.

Talk to your partner about things you do in your day.

I get up and have a shower. Then I get dressed.
I catch the bus to school and at twelve o'clock I have lunch at school.

Now tell the class about your partner.

Carolina gets up and washes her face.

Miguel has a shower and then he goes to bed.

5 Write about what your partner does every day.

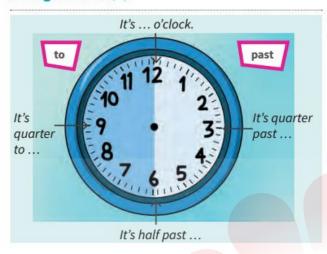
Laura gets up at eight o'clock. Then she washes her face and gets dressed. She has lunch at one o'clock.

VOCABULARY

AND

READING

Telling the time (2)











It's half past nine.









- 1 Look at the clocks 1–7. What's the time?
- [P] It's half past nine.
- Listen, check and repeat.
- 2 Draw six clocks in your notebook. Listen and draw the time on the clocks.
 - 3 Read Christine's blog and answer the questions.

What does Christine do at ...

- 1 ten past four in the afternoon?
- 2 half past five in the afternoon?
- 3 half past nine in the evening?
- 4 quarter past five in the morning?
- 5 quarter to six in the morning?

A Read the blog again and complete the sentences.

Use the words in the box.

at night	Brazil	goes	in th	e evening
looks for	names	Scotla	and	sleeps
tired	to bed			

O Christine is from <u>Scotland</u>, but now she is in Brazil .

1 She studies _____ and _____, and she in the day.

2 She into the forest and birds and night animals.

3 She writes the _____ of the birds and the night animals in her notebook.

4 After dinner she goes _____. She is very

MY BRAZIL BLOG

Hi. My name's Christine and I'm from Scotland. But I'm not in Scotland now. I'm in Brazil and I study animals. My life here is very different from my life in Scotland!

Here in Brazil, I study in the evening and at night, and I sleep in the day! I get up at about 4 pm and at 4.10, I have a shower and then have a drink and have breakfast with the other students. At about 5.30 in the afternoon, we put our things into our bags.

At 6 pm, we go into the forest and look for birds.

We write their names in our notebooks. We don't talk because we don't want the birds to hear us. At 9.30 in the evening, we stop and eat sandwiches, and drink water or juice. It's our lunch! We don't stop for a long time. At about 10.15, we look for night animals.

We finish at about 3 am. Before we eat our dinner, we write the names of all the birds and animals on the computer. We have dinner at 5.15. At 5.45 in the morning, I'm very tired. I'm ready for bed!

I don't see the sun because I sleep all day! But I'm very happy.

GRAMMAR

Present simple 👄

 Read about Christine and then complete the sentences.

In Brazil, Christine sleeps in the day. She doesn't sleep at night. The students don't see the sun.

Here in Brazil, I study in the evening. I don't study in the evening in Scotland.

We don't stop for a long time to eat our lunch.



- 1 We use don't / doesn't to make the present simple negative for I, you, we, they.
- 2 We use don't | doesn't to make the present simple negative for he, she, it.
- 3 We add / don't add 's' or 'es' to the main verb to make the present simple negative for he, she, it.

2 Listen and repeat.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 144

- 3 Talk about things Christine does in Brazil and doesn't do in Scotland.
 - O have a shower In Brazil, Christine has a shower at ten past four. She doesn't have a shower at ten past four in Scotland.
 - 1 get up
 - 2 have lunch
 - 3 have dinner
 - 4 go to bed
- 4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets ().

0	You	don't live	(not live) in Scotland.
			(not wash) her hair in
	the m	orning.	
2	My m	um and dad	(not make)
		viches for lune	
3	1	(not do) my homework in the
		ing before sch	
4	Jame	s	(not get) the bus to
	schoo	ol.	
5	We		_ (not go) to school on
	Sunda	ays.	T
6	My tea	acher	(not work) at night.

SPEAKING

- 1 Read about Lesedi's day. Tell your partner what Lesedi does at:
 - 1 quarter past six in the morning.
 - 2 quarter past ten in the evening.
 - 3 quarter to ten in the morning.
 - 4 quarter past four in the afternoon.
 - 5 half past seven in the evening.



2 How is your day different to Lesedi's? Tell your partner what you do and don't do.

I don't get up at quarter past six in the morning. I get up at seven o'clock. I have lunch at ... I do homework at ...



TALKING POINTS

№ 06 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with your partner.

What time do you get up? What do you do in the morning? What do you have for breakfast? How do you get to school?



School subjects

1 Match the school subjects to the objects in the picture A-J.

art English French geography history IT maths music PE science

- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- What subjects are in your school timetable? What time are they? Ask and answer.

When is maths?

At 10 o'clock.

Listen to the teacher talking about changes in the school timetable. Write the subjects you hear.



Listen again to the teacher talking about the timetable changes and complete the table.

	no change	new subject
Monday: double maths	1	Х
Tuesday: art		
Tuesday: IT		
Wednesday: maths		
Wednesday: PE		
Thursday: geography		

5 What are your favourite school subjects? Tell your partner.

Present simple @

1 Look at the table and then choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

Do we have double maths in the morning?	Yes, you do.	
Do we have PE in the afternoon?	No, you don't.	
Does he teach art on another day? Does she teach music after school?	Yes, he does. No, she doesn't.	
Do you play an instrument?	Yes, I/we do.	
Do they have English on Tuesday?	No, they don't.	

- 1 We use do / does to make questions and short answers with he and she.
- 2 We use do / does to make questions and short answers with I, you, we, and they.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 145

- 2 Look at Lara's school timetable. Complete questions and answers 1–3.
 - **0** A: <u>Does Lara have</u> geography on Tuesdays?
 - B: Yes, she does .
 - 1 A: science on Wednesdays?
 B:
 - 2 A: art on Fridays?

 - B: ...

Now answer questions 4–5 with information about you.

- 4 A: Do you have English on Thursdays?
- 5 A: Do you have maths on Wednesdays?
 B:
- Listen and check. Then repeat.

- 3 Make questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.
 - you / go to school / on Saturdays /?
 A: Do you go to school on Saturdays?
 B: Yes, I do.
 - 1 you / do homework / in the morning /?
 - 2 you / understand / your maths lesson /?
 - 3 you / use IT / in English lessons /?
 - 4 your dad / help you / with homework /?
 - 5 your school / have / a photo club /?
 - 6 your teacher / walk / to school /?
 - 7 your friend / like / PE /?
 - 8 your mum and dad / speak / English /?

NAME	:: LARA				
[]	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
09.15	science	art	IT	geography	PE
10.05	art	music	English	maths	science
BREAK					
11.20	history	PE	history	science	maths
LUNCH					
13.30	English	geography	maths	music	IT
14.20	French	history	maths	PE	science

VOCABULARY



READING

Words with two meanings

1 Read the interview with Lowanna. Where is her school? Does she have lessons every day?

Interviewer: What's your name?

Lowanna: My name's Lowanna.

Interviewer: Where do you come from?

Lowanna: I come from Australia.

Interviewer: Where do you go to school? Do you

catch the bus?

Lowanna: I don't catch the bus to school.

School comes to me.

Interviewer: Why does school come to you?

Lowanna: Because there isn't a town or a

school near my house. I learn with

School of the Air.

Interviewer: What's School of the Air?

Lowanna: It's learning on the internet.

Interviewer: When do you start your lessons in the

morning?

Lowanna: Well, my first lesson starts at

eight o'clock.

Interviewer: Tell me more about your lessons.

Lowanna: I can see my teacher on my computer

screen. I can hear and see her, and she can hear and see me. There are other students, too. I can see

and hear them.

Read the interview again. Then read the sentences and write yes or no. Correct the no sentences.

0 Lowanna is Australian. yes

1 Lowanna starts her lessons at six o'clock.

2 Lowanna's teacher talks to her on her phone.

3 Lowanna can see the other students.

4 Lowanna has homework to do after the lessons.

5 Lowanna's mum and dad help her with homework.

6 Lowanna meets the other students at weekends.

3 Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

What do you think of the School of the Air? Do you want to learn at home like Lowanna or do you like learning at school with your friends?

Interviewer: How often do you

have lessons?

Lowanna: I have them

five days a week. I don't have them in the holidays.

Interviewer: Do you get

homework? Who helps you

with it?

Lowanna: Yes, I do! My mum and dad don't help

me, but I can ask the other students from School of the Air for help.

Interviewer: Do you ever meet the other students?

Lowanna: Yes, I do.

Interviewer: When do you meet them?

Lowanna: We meet in the summer. We go to

camp for a week.

Interviewer: So, do you like your school?

Lowanna: Yes, I think it's great.

School of the Air



TALKING POINTS

ambridge University Press 20

What's your favourite subject?
What subjects are you good at?
Do you go to school on a Saturday?

4 Some words in English have more than one meaning. Look at the example catch.

I catch the bus to school at 7.30 every morning. In PE, can you catch the ball?

How do you say these sentences in your language? Do you use the same word for both sentences?

5 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

₽	C	atch	come	get	meet	see	thin
	1		anna and	l her fam	ily	from	
		b My i	friends so	metimes	;	to my h	ouse.
			at do you				
			the				
	3	a I	my	friends	at school	every da	ay.
			use me. I				
		a Myl	brother ar				hool
			dogs		ball whe	n we pla	ау
	5	a loft	en	my fri	ends in to	own.	
			o, Sam. N				
			at time do				
			lot				lay.

6 Now find the words from Exercise 5 in the interview. Do the words have meaning a or meaning b?

GRAMMAR

Wh- questions

Match the question words to the answers.

question words	answers
Who?	A thing
What?	A place
Where?	A person
When?	A reason
How often?	Every day / every week, etc.
Why?	A time / a day, etc.

>>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 145

- Now find the question words from Exercise 1 in the interview. <u>Underline</u> the questions and answers.
- 3 Complete the questions. Use all the question words.

1	do you live?
2	's your best friend?
3	do you have breakfast?
4	do you clean your bedroom?
5	's your favourite subject?
6	do you like football?

4	Read the answers and then write the questions.
	Use a different question word for each question

1	
	I like history because it's interesting.
2	
	I have guitar lessons one day a week.
3	
	I come from Madrid.
4	
	Oh, that's my dad.
5	
	It's one o'clock.
6	-1 1 1
	The bus leaves at quarter to five.

9

PRONUNCIATION

Wh- questions

- Listen to the Wh- questions from Exercise 3. Which words are stressed? Underline them.
 - 1 Where do you live?
 - 2 Who's your best friend?
 - 3 When do you have breakfast?
 - 4 How often do you clean your bedroom?
 - 5 What's your favourite subject?
 - 6 Why do you like football?
- Listen again and repeat. Then ask and answer the questions with your partner.

WRITING

Write some questions to ask your friend about school. Use the questions in the interview with Lowanna to help you.

Write one question for each of the question words.

Who ...? What ...? Where ...? When ...? How often ...? Why ...?

What's your name? My name's Klas.
Where do you go to school? I go to school in my town.
When do you start lessons? I start lessons at 8.30.
Why ...?
How often ...?
Who ...?

Ask your friend the questions and write the answers.

Now use the answers and write about your friend.

Viktor comes from Sweden. He doesn't go to school at home. He goes to school in his town. He gets the bus to school and starts his lessons at 8.30.

LIFE SKILLS STUDY SKILLS



LIFE SKILLS

Learning English We can all be good learners of English. There are lots of different ways to learn English at school and at home.

- 1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with a partner.
 - 1 What's your favourite school subject? Why?

(J))

- 2 What languages can you speak?
- 3 Who's your English teacher?
- 4 Where do you do your English homework?
- 5 What is your favourite part of an English lesson: reading, listening, writing or speaking?
- Tick (✓) the things you do.

read in English listen to English write in English speak English learn and remember new vocabulary

Read the messages on the online forum. Which of the ideas from Exercise 2 can you see?



FORUM FOR STUDENTS Where students share ideas!

We learn English at school. This can help us speak to other people in English. How can we be GOOD learners of English? Here are five top tips!

> I read in English. I read comics in English. Comics are good because they are short and they've got pictures. I think reading helps me learn new words and phrases.

I watch TV in English. When I watch TV in English, I can also put on English subtitles so I can read what they say, too. This helps me understand more.

I've got an English pen pal, a friend I write to. Every month I write letters to him in English and he writes letters to me. He's a friend of my family. He lives in England.

I listen to music in English. There is lots of pop music in English and I like pop music. I listen to music when I walk to school. I listen and learn the words. Sometimes, I read the words and listen, too. Sometimes I sing in English, but only in the shower!

At home, I do my English homework in my bedroom. My brothers and sisters speak and watch TV in the living room, so I can't work in the living room. When I do homework,

I stop and take a break every 15 minutes.









Read the messages again. Read the sentences below and tick (\checkmark) or cross (X).

To be a good English learner, you can ...

- 1 ... read in English.
- 2 ... listen to your own language.
- 3 ... write to an English friend.
- 4 ... dance to English pop music.
- 5 ... learn the words to English pop music.
- 6 ... watch TV when you do your homework.
- Make phrases. Match the verbs 1-5 to the words a-e. Look at the messages again to check.
 - 1 read
- a homework
- 2 watch
- **b** letters
- 3 write
- c TV
- 4 listen to d comics
- **5** do
- e music
- Label the picture. Use the phrases from Exercise 5.

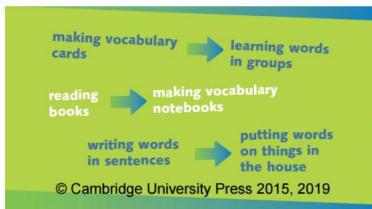


Listen to people talking about learning English. Answer a, b or c.

What does Pablo want help with?

- a reading in English
- b learning vocabulary in English
- c doing English homework
- (1) R Listen again. <u>Underline</u> the suggestions you hear.







TALKING POINTS

How do you remember new vocabulary in English?

What's your favourite idea from the listening?

Complete the sentences in the Useful Language box. Use the phrases below. Listen again and check.

- put words on things
- learning words in groups is
- making vocabulary cards

USEFUL LANGUAGE

Suggestions

- 1 What about ?
- 2 You can
- a good idea.
- Put the words in order. Use the Useful Language box above.
 - 1 vocabulary / having / notebook / What / a / about /?
 - 2 dictionary / good / a / is / Using / idea / a
 - 3 word / You / a / sentence / in / write / the / can

PROJECT

A plan for learning English

Help a friend learn more English. Make a plan. Write four top tips!

Give an idea for:

- · reading in English
- · listening in English
- writing in English
- · learning vocabulary in English

Speak to your friend. Take turns and say your ideas.

Have you got a favourite idea? What is it? Tell the class.

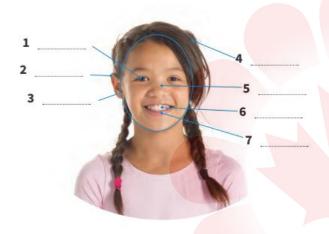
REVIEW 2 UNITS 5-8

VOCABULARY

1 Circle the odd word out.

o cakes	pasta	(juice)	rice	4 geography	sing	history	science
1 apple	banana	potato	orange	5 tomatoes	milk	cheese	butter
2 ride	sail	swim	stand	6 foot	mouth	teeth	hair
3 biscuits	chocolate	chicken	cakes				

2 Label the pictures with the parts of the body.





GRAMMAR

- 1 Put the words in order and make questions. Then ask and answer.
 - your / English / dad / speak / Does /? Does your dad speak English?
 - 1 go / Do / an / you / club / Tuesdays / on / after-school / to?
 - 2 teacher / Does / your / school / to / walk?
 - 3 phone / you / a / have / in / bag / your / Do?
 - 4 Do / parents / your / the / guitar / play?
 - 5 Do / get / parents / you / up / your / before / seven / o'clock?
- 2 Look at the shopping and correct the sentences. Use some, any or lots of.
 - They've got lots of potatoes. They haven't got any potatoes.
 - 1 They've got some chocolate biscuits.
 - 2 They haven't got any fruit.
 - 3 They haven't got any drinks.
 - 4 They haven't got any bread.
 - 5 They haven't got any meat.
 - 6 They haven't got any tomatoes.
 - 7 They've got lots of cheese.



Look at the table and make sentences. Use can or can't and and, but or or.

Jamie can paint, but he can't play the guitar.

	play tennis	swim	run fast	cook	paint	speak Russian	speak French	play the guitar
Jamie					/			×
Maria		×	1					
Sara		×	×					
Rose						1	1	
Callum	1			X				
Hannah	X							×

SPEAKING

Use the pictures to talk about your daily routine.

I wake up at quarter to seven.















LISTENING

- Listen to the interview. How many questions do you hear?
- Listen again and correct the sentences.
 - 0 Imogen lives in London. Imogen doesn't live in London. She lives in Los Angeles.
 - 1 Imogen goes to school with her sisters.
 - 2 Imogen likes history and geography.
 - 3 Imogen sees her friends every day.
 - 4 Imogen watches sport on TV.
 - 5 Imogen goes ice skating on Sundays.

READING

Read the message from a pen pal website and answer the questions.

penpalchatter.com

HOME FIND A PEN PAL CHAT WHO'S ONLINE

JOIN PEN PALS MY ACCOUNT

Hi everyone

My name's Rodrigo and I come from Spain. I'm 14 years old and I go to school in Madrid. My favourite subjects are maths and science. I love all sports and I play

football for my school. In my free time after school, I play computer games or go out with my friends. At weekends, we go to see a movie or go to a

> café for a drink. I don't watch much TV, but I listen to a lot of music. I also like to play the guitar and sing. What about you? What's your name?

How old are you? What things do you like? What kind of things do you do at weekends? Write to me soon!

- 1 How old is Rodrigo?
- 2 Where does he go to school?
- 3 What are his favourite school subjects?
- 4 What sport does he do?
- 5 When does Rodrigo visit a café?
- 6 What does Rodrigo want people to do?

WRITING

Write an email to Rodrigo. Answer his questions and tell him all about you.

FEELING GOUD 19 2020



? ABOUT YOU

What activities do you like? What activities do you do with your friends?





















VOCABULARY

AND

LISTENING

Sports and activities

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-J.



badminton basketball baseball dancing football hockey running swimming table tennis tennis

- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- We use 'play' with some of the activities in Exercise 1. Which ones?

We play badminton.

Listen and check. Then repeat.



Listen to Joelle, Paolo and Rosa talking about their sport project photos 1-3. Write the names.

's photo 3 's photo



Listen again and complete the sentences. Then match the sentences to the pictures.





1 Joelle: I'm not very good at

2 Rosa: I'm good at __



PRONUNCIATION Word stress

5 Underline the stress in the words.

0 basketball 1 computer

6 badminton

7 bedroom

2 address

8 vegetables

3 television

9 tennis

4 potatoes

10 nationality

5 guitar

口))

Listen and check. Then repeat.







GRAMMAR



1 Read the sentences.

I like your photo.
I don't like your computer.
I like swimming.
I don't like playing tennis.

Now choose the correct words to complete the sentence.

After	and		we
use a	noun or the	ing form	of the verb.

2 Complete the table with the -ing form of the verbs in the box.

clean take	play walk	ride wato	
catch – catching	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		

Now match the two parts of the sentences to make the rules.

- When verbs end in two or more consonants,
- 2 When verbs end in an e,
- 3 When short verbs end in a vowel and a consonant,
- a we double the consonant and add ing.
- **b** we add ing.
- c we cut the vowel and add ing.

SRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 146

3 Complete the sentences with the -ing form of the verbs in brackets ().

0	=	like	1	===	= not	like

- O Ben <u>likes running in the park</u> (run) in the park.
- 1 Mary _____(so dance).
- 2 I (play badminton).
- 3 Alison and Gemma (

 eat potatoes or bread).
- 4 You (stand on your head).
- 5 Paul (se swim).
- 6 We _____ (illustrates learn English).

TALKING POINTS

Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

What activities do you like doing? What activities are you good at? What activities are you not so good at?

4 Do you like doing these sports and activities? Tick (✓) the table for you. Then add two more activities.

		I like	I don't like	I'm good at	I'm not very good at
		C	33	8	튁
0	playing tennis	1			1
1	playing hockey				
2	running				
3	playing basketball				
4	playing football				
5	dancing				
6	watching sport				
7	table tennis				
8	swimming				
9					
10					



5 Talk to two friends about the table in Exercise 4. Remember to use the -ing form.

I like playing tennis, but I'm not very good at it. I don't like running.
I like watching football, but I don't like playing it. I'm good

at dancing.

6 Now write about your friends.

Franka likes playing tennis, but she doesn't like running. She isn't very good at computer games. George doesn't like running and he isn't very good at it. He likes playing basketball.





READING

Health

1 Read the letters to the doctor 1-2. Match them to the doctor's answers A-B.

V-RSK THE DECTOR

Dear Doctor

I'm 15 years old. My friends like going to the park and playing football. I'm always tired. I like watching sport on TV and I like playing computer games, too. Is it good for me to stay at home?

Can you help me? Tom A

Lots of sweet things aren't good for us. They aren't good for our teeth!

Eat more fruit and vegetables.

You'll feel fine.

DR SMART

2

Dear Doctor

I'm 13 years old and I like eating chocolates and cakes. My mum isn't happy and gives me lots of fruit and vegetables, but I don't like them. Lots of my activities are good for me. I like playing football and I'm very good at it. Is it OK for me to eat lots of sweet things?

B

It isn't good for you to stay at home all day. Go to the park with your friends and play football with them. It's good to be outside. You'll feel better.

DR SMART













© Cambridge University Press 2015, 2019

- Read the letters and answers again. Now look at the sentences. Write yes or no.
 - O Tom likes playing football. no
 - 1 Sophie likes eating apples.
 - 2 Sophie likes doing sport.
 - 3 Tom likes going to the park.
 - 4 Tom is very tired.
 - 5 The doctor thinks it's good for Tom to stay at home.
 - 6 The doctor thinks it's good for Sophie to eat sweet things.
- 3 Read Dr Smart's 'Tip of the week'. Look at the five breakfasts. Tick (✓) three breakfasts which are good for you. Check your answers on page 124.
- 4 Complete the sentences with the words from

- u	ie texts.	
1	It	people to eat a lot of biscuits
2	Eat fresh frui	it and vegetables and you'll
3	Spend time v	with your friends and you'll
4	I like doing s	port and it's me

Work in pairs. Complete the table with the words and phrases in the box. Add four of your ideas.

5 Eat a good breakfast and you'll

biscuits bread butter cake chocolate dancing oranges playing computer games vegetables walking to school water



What do you eat for breakfast? Tell your partner.

GRAMMAR

Pronouns

1 Read the letters and answers on page 60 again. How many of the phrases in the box can you find?

at it	for her	for him	for me
for us	for you	with the	em

2 Complete the table with the pronouns in Exercise 1.

		/	
			N.A.
1	me	we	5
you	1	you	6
he	2	they	7
she	3		40
it	1		

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 146

- 3 Complete the sentences.
 - O Eat a good breakfast. It's better for you .
 - 1 They like playing basketball. It's good for
 - 2 I like drinking milk. It's good for
 - 3 She doesn't like eating ice cream. It isn't good for
 - 4 We don't like eating a lot of chocolate. It isn't good for
 - 5 He likes walking to school. It's good for
 - 6 I don't like playing table tennis. I'm not very good at .
- Write a letter to Dr Smart. Use Tom's and Sophie's letters to help you.
- 5 Read your partner's letter and answer it. Use Dr Smart's answers to help you.

SPEAKING

Think of five things you like doing at the weekend. Discuss them with your partner. Are all these things good for you? Why? / Why not?

10

THINGS WE DU 19 2020



ABOUT YOU

Do you have any after-school clubs at your school? What are they? Which ones do you go to?

















VOCABULARY

Name:

AND







After-school activities

- Match the pictures A–J to the after-school clubs on the form below.
 - Listen and check. Then repeat.

2 Look at the after-school clubs at Park Academy and choose (✓) three clubs for the week.

Then work in groups of three. Talk about your after-school clubs. Take turns.

I've got board games club on Wednesday. What have you got? I've got Italian. I haven't got anything on Wednesday. I've got drama on Tuesday.

PARK ACADEMY

AFTER-SCHOOL CLUBS: February-June

Please choose the After-School Clubs you want to do and tick () the boxes. You can choose one for each day.

Hand the form to your teacher. Don't forget to write your name and your class.

137/17/20		7.0	21.5.5	
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
athletics club	yoga club 🗌	board games club	coding club	horse riding club
cookery club	drama club	Italian club	judo club 🗌	film club

Class

- Listen to Freya telling Mike about her after-school clubs. What day is her favourite club?
- Listen again and match the photos 1–5 to the days.

Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday
Thursday
Friday

5 When do you go to after-school clubs? Tell your partner.











GRAMMAR

Present continuous O 🗢

- 1 Look at the examples from the listening. Match examples a-b to sentences 1-2.
 - a I'm looking at some photos.
 - **b** I'm making a cake for my mum.
 - c I'm not making a pizza.
 - d We're practising on the running track.
 - e We aren't running a race.

- 1 This describes something in a picture.
- 2 This is happening now.
- Now look at examples a-e and choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
- 1 To make the present continuous, we use the verb be plus the 'ing' form / infinitive form of the main verb
- 2 We use the present continuous when something is happening now / happens every day.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 147

Make sentences from the words in the circles. Compare your sentences with your partner.

I'm you're we're they're he's she's it's I'm not you aren't
we aren't they aren't
he isn't she isn't
it isn't

painting a picture

writing a letter swimming

kicking a ball cooking a pizza

riding a horse

Look at the picture and listen to the sentences.

Say yes or no for each sentence.

- 0 <u>yes</u>
- 2 _____
- 4
- 5
- 6 ____

Now talk to your partner about what's happening in the picture.



Work in groups of three. Look at the activities in the box. Student A mimes an activity. Students B and C ask questions to guess the activity.

You're w	vriting.		You're o	Irawing.		
	No			Yes!		
draw	open the window	sit	stand	stand on one leg	touch your toes	write

VOCABULARY



READING

Jobs around the house

Match the words in the box to the photos A-H.



carry the shopping clean the bath cook dinner do the washing-up feed the cat make your bed tidy your room walk the dog













Read the story. What kind of shopping has Maria got?

What are you doing?



Maria: Tomás? Can you help me carry the shopping? Tomás: Sorry, Mum, I can't. I'm in my bedroom.

Maria: Are you tidying your room?

Tomás: Yes, I am.

Maria: Don't forget to make your bed.

Tomás: OK!



Maria: Lyra? Can you help me carry the shopping?

Lyra: Sorry, Mum, I can't.

Maria: Are you in your bedroom, too? Are you doing your

homework?

Lyra: No, I'm not. I'm in the bathroom. I'm cleaning the bath.

Maria: OK. Well, don't forget to feed the cat. He's hungry.

Lyra: He's always hungry. He can wait a minute!





Jason: Sorry, Maria, I can't. I'm in the kitchen.

Maria: What are you doing? Are you doing the washing-up?

Jason: No, I'm not. I'm cooking the dinner. I can help you in a minute.

Maria: OK. Thanks. I've got a lot of shopping. Oh, where's Esther?

Is she doing her homework?

Jason: No, she isn't. She's walking the dog.



Esther: Hi, Mum. What are you doing?

Maria: I'm carrying the food shopping into the

house. But I can't carry the big box. Can you carry it into the house for me?

Esther: Sure. What's in it? Maria: A new television.

Esther: Wow!

- Read the story again. Are the sentences right () or wrong (X)? Correct the wrong sentences.
 - 1 Tomás is making his bed.
 - 2 Lyra is in her bedroom.
 - 3 She's feeding the cat.
 - 4 Jason is in the kitchen.
 - 5 He's doing the washing-up.
 - 6 Esther is carrying the shopping.
- Complete the table with the words in the box.

breakfast	a cake	the cleaning
homework	lunch	the washing

make	do		
your bed	the washing-up		



TALKING POINTS

Which things do you help with at home? Which things don't you help with?

Present continuous @

1 Look at examples from the story.

	©	53
Are you tidying your room?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
Is she doing her homework?	Yes, she is.	No, she isn't.

Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences about the present continuous.

- 1 We use do and does + a pronoun / be + a pronoun for questions.
- 2 We use a pronoun + do and does / a pronoun + be for short answers. (Remember that pronouns are words like he,

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 147

Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets ().

she, I and you.)

0	Are	you helpi	ng (help) your sister?
	No,	I'm not	
1		Lucy	(clean) her bedroom?
	Yes,		
2		_you	(cook) pasta?
	No,		
3		they	(eat) lunch?
	No,		
4		Ollie	(feed) the cat?
	Yes.		



PRONUNCIATION Yes / No questions

Listen and repeat the questions.

A: Are you cleaning the bath?

B: No, we aren't.

B: Is she helping in the kitchen?

A: Yes, she is.

Look at the story again for one minute. Then close your book. Ask and answer with your partner.

A: Is Tomás doing his homework?

B: Yes, he is.

A: No, he isn't. He's tidying his room.

B: Is Jason cooking the dinner?

A: Yes, he is.

B: Right!

Role play the story in small groups.

WRITING

Read Matt's blog for the week. What's he doing now?

Day: Friday 14 October Time: 18:43



I've got new activities after school this term. I like film club. It's really cool. It's my favourite club. I don't like swimming club. I want to change to cooking. Then I can eat lots! I'm always hungry.

Send me an email. I'm at home and I'm bored. Are you doing your homework? I'm not. I'm sitting on my bed and I'm writing to you!

Matt

Write a blog about you. Use Matt's blog to help you.

Spelling

cook + -ing = cooking → He's cooking. $sit + t + -ing = sitting \rightarrow He's sitting on his bed.$ make + -ing = making → He's making a film.

Cov-19 2020 FACTFILE Youth clubs in the UK

CULTURE

YOUTH CLUBS IN THE UK

- 1 Work in pairs. Talk about the questions.
 - 1 What do you do after school?
 - 2 Where do you go after school?
 - 3 What do you like doing with your friends?

Some young people go to youth clubs after school or at the weekend.

Youth clubs are places where all young people can go. They don't cost a lot of money and some youth clubs are free (you pay no money). At a youth club you can:

- ★ plan the things you want to do
- * meet other young people

A place for all

- ★ learn new things
- * do fun activities

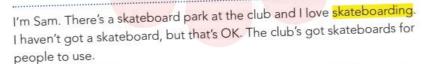
CITY YOUTH CLUB

young people! Are you 10-18 years old? Open Monday to Friday, 5 pm-8 pm. Only £5 a year.



WELCOME TO THE CYC BLOG. FIND OUT WHAT'S GOING ON!

I'm Tom. There's a living room area at the club. I like sitting on the sofas and talking to friends. I've got lots of friends at the club. I'm happy here.



I'm Lily. I like doing arts and crafts. We can paint pictures and make things, too. Mark is a helper in the arts and crafts room. He's really nice. People talk to him about their problems.

I'm Kate. There's a coffee shop and you can buy food and drink there. I help in the coffee shop on Fridays.

I'm Rose. I like rock climbing and there's a big climbing wall at the club. You can do rock climbing on Mondays and Wednesdays.

I'm Mark. I work at the club on Tuesdays and Thursdays. I'm a volunteer – I don't get money for my work. I like helping people.











2	Read the City Youth Club blog. Are the sentences
-	right (✓) or wrong (X)?

- The City Youth Club is for young and old people.
- 2 There are lots of different things you can do at the youth club.
- 3 You have to pay money for every activity.

Read the blog again. Write the names.

- 1 Who works at City Youth Club on Tuesdays and Thursdays?
- 2 Who feels happy at City Youth Club?
- 3 Who is at the club on Mondays and Wednesdays?
- 4 Who hasn't got a skateboard?
- 5 Who likes painting pictures?
- 6 Who helps in the coffee shop on Fridays?

Match the highlighted activities in the blog to the sentences.

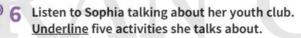
- 1 I like being creative and making things.
- 2 I do this on a special wall.
- 3 Teachers are good at this when students have got problems.
- 4 Some people can jump when they do this.
- 5 I like doing this on the phone, or when I meet people.
- 5 Write true sentences about you. Use the activities in Exercise 4.

Start with:

I like ... I don't

I don't like ...

I don't know if I like ...



basketball board games coding football music running table tennis



TALKING POINTS

Which youth club do you prefer, City Youth Club or Fun Zone Youth Club? Why?
What activities are good to do at a youth club?
What do you like about them?



7 Listen again. Choose the correct words and phrases.

- What do some people like doing in the living room area?
 - a playing board games b painting pictures
- 2 What does Jack like playing at the club?
 - **a** tennis **b** table tennis
- 3 What sport can you do on Mondays and Wednesdays?
 - a basketball
- **b** badminton
- 4 What sport can you do on Tuesdays and Thursdays?
 - a football
- **b** baseball
- 5 What is Sophia's favourite room at the club?
 - a art room
- **b** music room
- 6 What can Sophia do?
 - a sing

b play the guitar

PROJECT

A blog page

Imagine there's a youth club near your school. Work in small groups and write a blog page about the youth club. You can use the colourful headings and questions below. Then find some photos or pictures for your blog.

Information

- · What's the name of your youth club?
- · When is it open?
- Who can go there?

Things you can do

 What different activities can people do there?

Places at the club

· What different rooms/areas are there?

Present your blog to the class. Take turns to talk. One person says the name of the club, when it's open and who can go. Another person talks about something you can do there and the room. Another person talks about another thing you can do.



- Look at the photo and answer the questions.
 - 1 Who can you see in the photo?
 - 2 What's happening?
- Read the sentences about José. Then listen to José answering questions on TV. Write yes or no.
 - 1 José is watching TV.
 - 2 José is famous in Brazil.
 - 3 José is living in Britain now.
 - 4 José plays tennis every day.
- 5 José often uses the internet.
- 6 José likes watching movies.
- 7 José watches a lot of TV.
- 8 José answers all the emails from his fans.
- Match the words to the meanings. You can use a dictionary to help you.
- 1 fans
 - 2 band
 - 3 TV show
 - 4 newspaper
 - 5 famous (person)
 - 6 songs
 - 7 movies
 - 8 concert

- a you can watch this every week
- b some people read this every day
- c lots of people know about (him or her)
- d these people make music together
- e another word for films
- f you go to this and see people making music
- g these people like a person or a sport a lot
- h music and words
- Listen and repeat.
- Listen to the conversation with José again. Tick (✓) the words in Exercise 3 when you hear them. Which word don't you hear?

Ask and answer with your partner.



What's your favourite band / song?

What's your favourite movie / TV show?

I love ...

Really? I don't!



Adverbs of frequency: always, often, sometimes, never

Read the examples from the recording. Complete the table with the words.

I like watching tennis and football, but I don't play them. I never do any sports.

I like ...

Me too!

I love taking photographs. I always have my camera with me.

I like using my computer. I often go on the internet.

I don't watch much TV. But I sometimes watch a music show.

000	99	0	×
a	b	c	d

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 148

Now choose the correct word to complete the sentence.

We put always, often, sometimes and never before / after most verbs.

- Write the adverbs of frequency in the correct places. Use the symbols.
 - 0 My brother sleeps until half past eleven. My brother always sleeps until half past eleven.
 - 1 My dad helps me with my science homework.
 - 2 I play board games after school.
 - 3 My friend sends me very long text messages.
 - 4 I take my phone to school.
 - 5 I go to judo club at the weekend.





Complete the sentences with always, often, sometimes or never. Compare your answers with your partner.

- help my mum in the kitchen.
- listen to music in the morning. 2 |
- get up before 7 o'clock.
- do the washing-up at the weekend.
- remember my friends' birthdays.
- ___do my homework in bed.
- ___clean the bathroom.
- forget to clean my teeth at night.



(A)

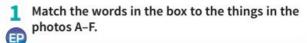
A

VOCABULARY



READING

Technology







Match the activities to the things in the photos. Some things have more than one answer.

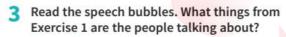
1 play music

2 look at websites

3 read and send emails

4 watch films

- 5 read and send texts
- 6 take photos
- 7 play games
- 8 count your steps



Tia - tablet



Tia: I love this! I take it to my friend's house and we watch films on it, and I put all my photos from my phone on it. Everyone in my family has one now. We all like them.













Daniela: I take photos and send texts with this and I use it to talk to my friends, too. I like it because it's small and I can carry it in my bag. My parents don't like me using it a lot.



Victor: We've got one of these in our kitchen. It's really fun. You ask it questions and it can tell you the answer. Well, sometimes it can. It doesn't always know the right answers. It also plays music and helps you remember things.

Read the speech bubbles in Exercise 3 again and complete the table.

	Tia	Bruno	Daniela	Victor
plays music				
looks at websites				
sends emails				
watches films	/			
sends texts				
takes photos				
gets information				
plays games				

5 Tell your partner about your things. What do you use them for?

I've got a smartphone. I send texts to my friends. I sometimes phone my family.

GRAMMAR

How much ...? / How many ...?

- 1 Read the questions. Are the words countable or uncountable? Then complete the sentences below with how much or how many.
 - 1 How many texts do you get in a day?
 - 2 How much TV do you watch in a week?
 - 1 We use _____ with countable nouns.
 - 2 We use _____ with uncountable nouns.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 148

2 >>> Go to page 125.



TALKING POINTS

How much TV do you watch?
How many TVs are there in your house?



PRONUNCIATION

/w/ and /v/

3 Listen and repeat.

/w/ website watch week
well weekend wait
want
/v/ yery never love

/v/ very never love TV visit have movie favourite

Now make sentences using the words. Practise saying them with your partner.

I watch my favourite movie every week.

SPEAKING

1 Look at the table below. Make a table for you and three friends. Make six questions from the words in the boxes and write them in the table.

computer emails games photos texts websites

do get have listen to play send take visit watch write

homework music television

in a day? at the weekend? in a week? in a month? on your phone?

	questions	me	Juan	George	Tatiana
0	How many emails do you send in a week?	0	lots	4	some
1					
2					
3					

2 Complete the me column of the table in Exercise 1 for you. Then ask your three friends your questions. Put their names at the top of the table and write short answers.

You: Juan, how many emails do you send in a week?

Juan: I'm not sure. I send lots of emails.

You: OK. How many emails do you send, George?

George: I send about four emails in a week.

You: Right. How many emails do you send, Tatiana?

Tatiana: I don't know. I send some.

3 Tell the class about your friends.

Juan sends lots of emails in a week, but he doesn't visit any websites. George sends about four emails in a week and plays some computer

games at the weekend.

Tatiana sends some emails and she

also takes lots of photos.

WORKING LIFE 2020



? ABOUT YOU

What jobs do people in your family do? What jobs are you interested in?





















VOCABULARY

AND

LISTENING

Jobs

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-J.



doctor farmer firefighter footballer journalist lorry driver musician nurse photographer waiter / waitress



Make ten true sentences. Compare with your partner.

A lorry driver sits a lot. A footballer runs food. A firefighter news stories. wears A journalist writes music. special clothes. A musician makes pictures. A photographer takes A waiter / waitress in a café or works A doctor helps restaurant. A farmer grows people feel better. walks around the world. A nurse travels

drives

3 Which jobs look interesting to you? Which look boring?

100 4

Look at the picture and listen to Megan talking about her family. Complete the 'picture' column in the table in Exercise 5, page 73.



(1)

Listen again and complete the table with the people's jobs.

	picture	job
Megan's dad	4	
Megan's mum		
Tony		
Amanda		
Jamie		

GRAMMAR

Present simple and present continuous

- 1 Look at sentences A and B.
 - A He helps people at work every day. (present simple)
 - B She's eating a big ice cream now. (present continuous)

Read the sentences from the listening. Match sentences 1–8 to sentences A and B.

- 1 He's teaching her how to swim.
- 2 She isn't playing her guitar now.
- 3 He drives all over Europe.
- 4 He sometimes goes to Africa.
- 5 Today he's trying to catch a fish!
- 6 She works in a restaurant every evening.
- 7 She isn't working now.
- 8 She's taking a photo of Tony.

- 2 Complete the sentences with present simple or present continuous.
 - 1 We use the ______ to talk about what we do every day.
 - 2 We use the ______ to talk about what we always/sometimes/never do.
 - 3 We use the ______ to talk about what we are doing now.



3 Complete the conversations with the verbs (in brackets). Use the present simple or present continuous.





Amy: Has your brother got a job?

Dan: Yes, he has. He 1 (drive) a taxi.

Amy: Really? 2 he

(drive) you to school

every day?

Dan: No, of course not!





Tom: What does your dad do?

Lee: He ³ (work) in a restaurant.

Tom: That's interesting.

Lee: But he 4 (not work) now.

He 5 (cook) our dinner.

Tom: Oh, good!





Jess: Hi, Millie. It's Jess here. I'm in

Jamaica. What ⁶ you (do)?

Millie: I'm in bed!

Jess: Oh, sorry! I 7______ (sit) on the

beach and I 8 _____ (eat) a big

ice cream.

Millie: Lovely!

Listen and check.

- 4 Practise the conversations in Exercise 3 with your partner.
- 5 What jobs do people in your family do? What do you think they are doing now?





READING

In a café



74

3 Who has a dirty table?

c Table 3

3 Match the words in the box to the photos A-K.

bottle bowl cup fork glass knife pepper plate salt spoon sugar



- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- 4 Look at the pictures on page 74 again. Then close your books. Now work in pairs and talk about the pictures.

There's a cup in picture 1.

Yes, that's right.

There's a spoon in picture 1.

No, I don't think so.



TALKING POINTS

What do you like on the menu in picture 1? What's your favourite café called? What do you have when you go to a café?

GRAMMAR

can: requests and permission

Match questions 1-3 to sentences a-c.

- 1 Can I have some coffee, please?
- 2 Can I go home now, please?
- 3 Can you clean this table, please?
- **a** She wants to do something.
- b He's asking for something.
- He's asking a person to do something.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 149

2	Complete A's questions with Can I or Can you.
	Then write B's answers. Use Sure, no problem. /
	OK. / Yes, of course.

0	A:	Can you	buy me a new football,
		please?	
	B:	OK	
1	A:		watch TV, please, Dad?
	B:		00000 00000 00000 000
2	A:		use your digital camera? I
			photo of your baby brother.
	B:		
3	A:		put these books on the
		table, please?	*
	B:		
4	A:	***************************************	help me with my
		homework?	
	B:		
5	A:	***************************************	have an egg for breakfast
		Mum?	
	R:	N. C.	
6	Δ.		meet me in the park after
-		school?	
	р.		

PRONUNCIATION

Intonation

Listen and repeat. Then practise with your partner.

Yes, of course.
Yes, please.

Sure, no problem.
OK.

Choose the correct answers to complete the conversation.

Waiter: Good afternoon.

Woman: Oh, hello. Can I have a cup of coffee,

please?

Waiter: 1Yes, of course. / Yes, please. Would you

like some sugar with that?

Woman: 2 Yes, please. / OK.

Waiter: And would you like anything to eat?

Woman: ³ Yes, please. | Sure, no problem.

Can I have an egg sandwich?

Waiter: 4 Yes, please. / Yes, of course.

Now practise the conversation in pairs.

WRITING

- Work with a partner. Write a new menu for your own café.
- Now write a conversation in the café with your partner. Use your menu and ask for food and drink. Learn your conversation and then say it for the class.

LIFE SKILLS ICT LITERACY

BEING CAREFUL ON THE INTERNET



LIFE SKILLS

Being careful on the internet

We can use the internet and be safe. Look at these safety tips:

- Don't tell people your name, address or phone number.
- Remember there are age limits when you use social media sites.
- · Ask adults for help.

- 1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with your partner.
 - 1 How often do you use a computer each week?
 - 2 Where do you use computers?
 - 3 Do you use a phone every day?
 - 4 Do you send messages? Who to?
 - 5 How often do you look at websites each week?
- What do you think? Do this internet quiz.

 Answer a or b.



- 1've got lots of photos of me and my friends. Is it a good idea to put these photos online?
 - a Yes, it is. Everyone likes looking at photos.
 - b No, it isn't. Put photos online and lots of people can see them. So, always ask your parents first. Before you put photos of other people online, ask them.

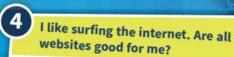
I often use the internet. Is it a good idea to write my real name?

- a Yes, it is. You can write your name and age.
- **b** No, it isn't. Don't write your name, address or phone number.



Do you use a computer?
Are you safe on the internet?
Do this quiz and see.

- l've got a new 'friend' on the internet. Is it a good idea to meet this person?
 - a Yes, it is. Meet this person in a café or at their home.
 - b Never. You don't really know this person. Be safe. Don't meet someone you don't know.



- Yes, they are. All websites are good for young people.
- b No, they aren't. Some websites are not good for young people. Ask your teacher or parents. They can help you find good websites.



- 3 I'm 12 years old. Can I join social media sites?
 - a Yes, you can. You can join all social media sites when you are 10.
 - b No, you can't. You can join most social media sites when you are 13.

ARE YOUR ANSWERS KICH IS YOU'S answers are wrong. You are not safe on the internet. You have some a answers and some **b** answers only your **b** answers are correct. You are safe on the internet, on the internet, but be careful. You have five **b** answers: All your answers are correct. You are safe on the internet.



- Listen and read the answers at the bottom of the quiz and answer the questions.
 - 1 Are your answers in Exercise 2 correct? How many?
 - 2 Are you safe on the internet?
- Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 It is / isn't a good idea to use your name on the internet.
 - 2 Always / Never meet people you 'know' on the internet.
 - 3 There are | aren't age limits on social media sites.
 - 4 All websites are / aren't good for young people.
 - 5 It's a good / bad idea to put photos of you and your friends on the internet.
- Look at the quiz again. Find and match the verbs 1-5 to the words a-e.
 - 1 use
- a safe
- **2** be
- **b** the internet
- 3 join
- c the internet
- 4 surf
- d photos online
- 5 put
- e social media sites
- Use the phrases in Exercise 5 to complete the sentences.

1	Be careful and	on the internet!
2	When you	, lots of people can see
	them.	
3		on your computer. It can help you
	do your homewo	rk.
4	You can	when you are 13 years old
5		to find information about your

hobbies and learn new things. Listen and read the cartoon. Is cyber bullying good



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Listen to a talk on cyber bullying. Then complete the sentence with a, b or c.

When someone isn't nice to you on the internet, speak to **b** a friend a no one c an adult

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Listen again. Match the questions to the answers.

- 1 How can someone be bad to you on the internet?
- a You can show the emails to an adult.
- 2 What can you do about it?
- b When another person needs help, you can tell an adult.
- 3 What can we all do to stop cyber bullying?
- c They can put bad emails or photos of you online.



TALKING POINTS

Do people feel good or bad when they get horrible emails or text messages? What do you and your friends think about cyber bullying?

Complete the table.



USEFUL LANGUAGE

DO

DON'T

- show bad emails to your answer bad
- messages
- · talk to an adult
- put photos online

With a partner, make a Be safe on the internet poster. Write the headings dos and don'ts, and put your ideas under them.

Write ideas for:

- what you do
- what you don't do
- who you ask for help

Find pictures on the internet and illustrate your ideas.

Talk to the class about your poster. Then display your poster in your school's computer room or in your classroom.

BEING CAREFUL ON THE INTERNET

REVIEW 3 UNITS 9–12

VOCABULARY

Match the verbs to the nouns and make phrases for jobs around the house. Some verbs have more than one answer.







verbs	nouns
carry	the bath
clean	the cat
cook	the dog
do	the lunch
feed	the shopping
tidy	the washing-up
walk	your bedroom

2 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

		better newspaper			fan
1	Can I hav soup, ple	e aase?	of	vegetable	е
2		every conce		t singer. I	try
		ts buy a to read abou I.			
4	Please ca my apple	n I have a?		to cu	ıt
5	Eat more	vegetables.	You'll feel		
6	We can jo	in the		_club. I lo	ve
7		your something o			need
8		ake a			with

3 Put the letters in the right order and make job words.

me when I go running.

- 1 rroly rierdy
- 5 wiatre
- 2 ujlosaritn
- 6 egrteirihff
- 3 nesur
- 7 htaroogphrep
- 4 ocodtr
- 8 ismcunai

GRAMMAR

- 1 Complete the sentences. Use the present simple or the present continuous.
 - O Say cheese! They <u>'re taking</u> (take) our photo!
 - 1 Hey! You _____ (sit) on my bag.
 - 2 She _____ (do) her homework in the evenings. She _____ (not watch) TV.
 - 3 he (help) his
 - dad? No, he _____.

 4 What _____ they ____.
 - (eat) for breakfast at the weekend?

 5 We _____ (not play) now. We
 - (make) a film.

 6 Listen! My brother (practise)
 - the piano.

 you (wear)
 - your new T-shirt?

 8 They ____ (not ride) their bikes at the moment. They ____ (walk).
- In pairs, play O and X. Make a correct question and put O (Player 1) or X (Player 2) in the box. Try to make a line of three Os or three Xs.

How much?	Who?	What kind of?
Where?	How many?	What time?
When?	What?	How often?

- 3 Ask and answer with a partner. Ask with How often and answer with always, often, sometimes or never.
 - 0 play board games?
 - A: How often do you play board games?
 - B: I never play board games.
 - 1 go to drama club?
 - 2 clean the bathroom?
 - 3 eat biscuits in bed?
 - 4 help your friends with their homework?
 - 5 make cakes in cookery club?
 - 6 watch a movie with your parents?

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LISTENING

(1)

Listen to Daniel's phone calls. Where's Daniel? What's he doing?



Listen again and complete the table.

	Can he/she talk to Daniel?	What is he/she doing?	Is Daniel happy?
1 Jane			
2 Jim			
3 Paul			
4 Isabella			

READING

Read about Lucas. Then read sentences 1–8 and write yes or no.

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Lucas is fifteen. He's got one brother and one sister. Lucas's brother is seventeen and his name's Sam. His sister is ten and her name's Jess. Lucas's sister likes reading and doesn't like using smartphones. His brother doesn't like reading, but he likes using smartphones. He likes cooking and playing the guitar. Lucas isn't very good at cooking, but he likes playing tennis.

- O Lucas is ten. no
- 1 There are three children in Lucas's family.
- 2 Sam is seventeen.
- 3 Lucas's sister is called Jess.
- 4 Jess and Sam are brothers.
- 5 Jess likes using smartphones.
- 6 Sam doesn't like reading.
- 7 Sam likes cooking.
- 8 Lucas doesn't like playing sport.

SPEAKING

Look at the pictures in a café and the words in the box. Something is missing from each picture. Ask the waiter for it. Take turns to be the waiter or waitress.

> bottle bowl cup fork glass knife pepper plate salt spoon sugar



WRITING

Look at the Speaking exercise again. Write a short conversation between a customer and a waitress. The customer asks for things. They are not there.



ABOUT YOU

Where do you go at the weekend in your town or city?

Our town

by Rosa



















VOCABULARY

Places in a town

Look at Rosa's photos for a project called 'Our town'. Match the places in the photos A-J to the words on the word map.

cinema hospital bank museum Places in a hotel university town or city park station supermarket restaurant

- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- Work in pairs. Take turns to ask and answer.

Photo C.

It's a bank.



PRONUNCIATION /s/ and /k/

Look at the words beginning with the letter c. How do you say them?

> café cinema camera city coffee colour computer cup

Listen, check and repeat.

- Complete the sentences with the places in a town or city.
 - O You stay in a hotel on holiday.
 - 1 You go to _____ to study science.
 - 2 You go to a _____ to play sports outside.
 - 3 You visit a _____ to learn about the history of a town.
 - 4 You go to a ______ to get some money.
 - 5 You wait at the for a train.
 - to buy food and things. 6 You go to a
 - 7 You meet at the _____ and see a film.
 - 8 You go to a _____ to have a meal.
 - 9 You stay in _____ to get better.

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What other places can you think of in a town or city? Make a list with your partner.

Then make a word map of your town like the one in Exercise 1. Talk to your partner about your town.

There's a swimming pool and a station in our town. There are also some cafés, but there aren't any cinemas!

- Cook at the photos and answer the questions.
 - 1 Do you remember the TV interview with José? What do Rosa and her friends learn about José from the interview?
 - 2 Who can you see in the photos?
 - 3 Where are they?
 - 4 Why do you think the photographers are there?







Cov-19 2020

- - Listen. What do the photographers want to do?
- Listen again. Who says these sentences?
 - We've got lots of questions for him.
 - 2 We're waiting to take pictures of you.
 - 3 Are there any photographers in the park?
 - 4 I don't want to go back there now.

there are

museums

- 5 Come with us.
- 6 This way, José. RUN!

GRAMMAR

there is

Is there a ...? / Are there any ...?

there isn't

Look at the table and complete the sentences with words and phrases from the box.

there are	n't a any		
Is there	photographer cinema university	here?	Yes, ²
Are there	photographers banks	in the town? in this street?	Yes, ⁵

- Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 We use Is there a ...? to ask questions about singular / plural nouns.
 - 2 We use Are there any ...? to ask questions about singular / plural nouns.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 150

- Look at the Grammar box and complete the questions and short answers.
 - café in this street? Is there a No, there isn't .
 - cinema in the town?
 - No, restaurants in this street? 2
 - university here? 3

Yes,

- banks in the town? Yes,
- museum here? Yes,
- parks in the town? No,
- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- Work in pairs. Go to page 125.

AND

READING

Adjectives: places

- 1 Look at the photos. What can you see?
- Read the texts and match them to the photos.



3 Read the texts again and answer the questions.

- 1 Where does Kate live?
- 2 Where is the chocolate factory?
- 3 Which animals does Ruby like?
- 4 When does Arturo go to the restaurant?
- 5 Who wants to work in a factory?
- 6 Who likes the water?
- Find the adjectives in the texts.



Listen, check and repeat.

bavourite place

Tell us about your favourite place in 50 words.

Kate

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I live in Sydney, Australia and my favourite place is the swimming pool. It's really near the sea. It's big and it's always very clean. I often meet my friends there and we have a great time! It's a very safe place to swim. It's beautiful and it's cheap, too!

Ruby

I live in Bath, England and my favourite place is Longleat Safari Park. It's great to go there, but it's expensive! You can see lots of different animals. There are tall animals and very small animals. I like the giraffes best. They're very funny. You can see them from outside!

Arturo

I'm from Rosario, Argentina and my favourite place is a little restaurant below our flat. It's a great place to eat and it's famous for its fish. The food is always good and it's not expensive. I go with my family every weekend. I love living above a restaurant!

Jan

I'm from Bruges in Belgium and my favourite place is the chocolate factory. Belgium is famous for its chocolate! You can go inside the factory and watch people making the chocolate. It's really interesting. The factory is very important for our town. I want to work there one day.

5	Read the example and answer the	question.

The factory is very important for our town.
What is very important?

Now choose the correct word.

Adjectives tell us more about nouns / verbs.

6 Write the opposite of the adjectives.

big	little
cheap	
short	
boring	/

Now look at Exercise 4 and find them.

7 Read the four texts on page 82 again. Which place do you like best? Why? Tell your partner.

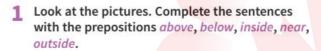
Now talk about your town. Use the adjectives in Exercises 4 and 6 to help you.

My town is called ... It's big / small ...

GRAMMAR

Prepositions: inside, outside, above, below, near





Α	The pet fish is	the house
В	The cat is	the house.
C	The dog is	the door.
D	The light is	the picture.
Е	The door is	the picture.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 150

2 Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the prepositions in Exercise 1.



0	The supermark	ket is	near Jack's flat.
1	Jack's flat is		the restaurant.
2	Jack is	his	lat.
3	The supermark	ket is	the café.
4	There's a car		_the supermarket. It's not
	in the superma	rket!	
5	The café is		the supermarket.



- 3 Write questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.
 - What / is / that box /? (inside)A: What is inside that box?B: A sandwich is inside it.
 - 1 What / is / the window / ? (outside)
 - 2 What / have / you / got / on / the wall / your bed / ? (above)
 - 3 Is / there / a cinema / your house / ? (near)
 - 4 Are / there / any exercises / this one / ? (below)



TALKING POINTS

What's your favourite there?
What's your favourite there?
What's your favourite there?

SPEAKING

1 Use a word map to make some notes about you.

Where do you live? What can you do there? Do you like it? Why? / Why not?

Ask and answer the questions with your partner.

Remember to use adjectives from the Vocabulary and Reading exercises, and prepositions from Grammar Exercise 1.

I live in Málaga. I meet my friends near the sea. It's near the school. I go every day. I like it there. We can swim, walk or talk, and it isn't expensive.

OUT AND ABOUT 19 2020



ABOUT YOU

How do you get to school? Do you walk with your friends?













VOCABULARY

AND

READING

Transport

Match the words in the box to the photos A-J.



bike boat hus coach plane car taxi train Underground tram



Listen, check and repeat.

- Match the transport words in Exercise 1 to the sentences.
 - 1 This can take a lot of people from one town to
 - another. It travels on the ground but not on roads. 2 This travels on roads in cities. A lot of people travel on this at the same time.
 - 3 This is in many big cities. It travels on and under the ground.
 - 4 This carries people in the air.
 - 5 This has two wheels and travels on and off roads.
 - 6 This often takes about four people. The passengers pay the driver.
 - 7 This carries people on water.
 - 8 This takes people from one city to another. It travels
 - 9 This carries people in big cities. It travels on the ground but not on roads.
 - 10 This can carry one or more people on the roads. No one pays the driver.
- Read the text about transport in London. Complete the sentences with the words from Exercise 1. Use each word once.
- ⚠ Read the text again. Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (X)?
 - 1 You can use a contactless card to pay on river boats.
 - 2 There are under 200 Tube stations.
 - 3 Buses with two floors are called double-decker buses.
 - 4 You can travel by noisy trams in London.
 - 5 Taxi drivers only know the streets in the centre of London.
 - 6 Cars can't use the cycle path by the River Thames.









Ask and answer with your partner.

Which kind of transport from Exercise 1 do you have in your town or city? Which kind of transport do you usually use? Which kind of transport do you never use?

GETTING AROUND

- The first thing you need when you get there is a contactless card. You can use the card to pay for journeys on buses, boats and the Underground in London.
- Everyone knows the London 1 never need to walk very far because there are 11 lines and over 200 Underground stations. Get a Tube map and plan your journey.
- Travel on a red, double-decker London 2 They're great because they have two floors and you can see famous buildings from the top floor.
- ____, too. There are five short You can travel by 3 journeys on the River Thames.



GRAMMAR

because, and, but, or

Look at the sentences from the text. The words join two ideas to make a sentence.

They're great because they have two floors.

Drivers know every part of London, but this transport can be expensive.

It's healthy and there are places to ride with no cars.

Information centres can tell you which station or airport is best for you.

Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 We use because / and / but / or to give a different, possible idea.
- 2 We use because / and / but / or to give a reason.
- 3 We use because / and / but / or to give more ideas and information.
- 4 We use because / and / but / or to add a different and opposite idea.

RAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE



- Some people want to get on a 4 They can go to south London. They are modern, fast and very quiet and carry a lot of people around that part of London.
- It's possible to drive your 5 in London. but it's very easy to use public transport.
- There are other ways to travel around London. You can get a 6 _____ on the street. Drivers know every part of London, but this transport can be expensive. People with more time can rent a 7 . It's healthy and there are places to ride with no cars. A great one is by the side of the River Thames and lots of people go there.
- Do you want to travel outside London? Then get a⁸ or a⁹ or a ¹⁰ Information centres can tell you which station or airport is best for you.

Cov-19 2020

Use the table to make sentences with because. Compare your sentences with your partner.

I always walk to school because it's good for me.

pecause

e	I like her.
	I like helping people.
	we don't have a car.
	I like it.
	it's good for me.
	I'm good at science.
	she asks me.
	I live in the same street.

- Complete the sentences with and, but or or.
 - We can get a double-decker bus in the morning and travel on the Tube in the afternoon. We have time to do both!
 - 1 Do you want to visit the Tower of London Buckingham Palace? We only have time to see one famous place today.
 - 2 I like visiting cities I try and see all the famous places.
 - 3 I love going out _____I don't have a bike. I use my sister's.
 - 4 We can go to the cinema _____ we can go shopping. Which would you like to do?
 - 5 You can ask Sara to come to the park ask her brother. He isn't nice to me.
 - 6 Can you get a Tube map, please? Oh, don't forget to bring your contactless cards.
 - 7 I've got your hat _____I haven't got your gloves. Sorry!
 - 8 I can come to your house now we can meet in the park later. I don't mind.
- Complete the sentences with your own ideas using because, and, but or or. Remember to add another phrase and use a verb. Compare your sentences with your partner.

0	I like	watching	films	and	TV shows	

- 1 Have you got a blue pen
- 2 London is an interesting city
- 3 I don't have a lot of time
- 4 I want to ask all my friends to my party
- 5 My mum helps me with my homework 6 Would you like to get a sandwich
- 7 There's a train at 5 o'clock

	1	•	
-	-	J	

Final /m/ and /n/ sounds

Say the words with your partner.

film London museum musician plane station train tram

Listen, check and repeat.

VOCABULARY

AND

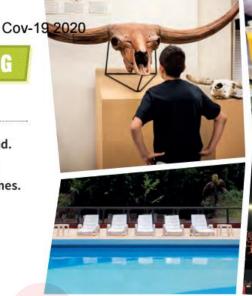
LISTENING

Phrases: going out

1 Anya wants to meet her friends at the weekend.

Listen to the four conversations and write the names in her diary. You don't need all the names.

Alex Ali Eva Clara Hugo Poppy Sara



evening

at the juice bar.

Meet

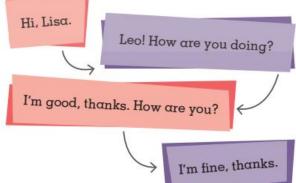




	morning	afternoon
SATURDAY		Meet at inside the cinema.
SUNDAY	Meetatat the swimming pool.	Meetoutside the science museum.

- 2 Listen again and write the times in Anya's diary.
 - 3 Talk to different people in your class. Use the conversations to help you.





- 4 Match the phrases 1-6 to the phrases a-k.

 There is more than one answer.
 - 1 go
 - 2 go out with
 - 3 go to
 - 4 meet
 5 see
 - 6 visit
- a a museum
- b at eight o'clock
- c running
- d a famous person
- e swimming
- **f** shopping
- **g** friends
- h the park
- i in the afternoon
- a restaurant
- k a film
- Listen, check and repeat.



TALKING POINTS

What do you like doing at weekends? Where do you like going?

GRAMMAR

Let's ..., Shall we ...?

1 Complete the table with Let's or Shall we.

1	meet on Saturday. go to the cinema.	Yes, that's a good idea. I'd love to. Sorry, I can't.
2	visit Bruno? go shopping?	

Now choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 3 We use a question mark after Let's / Shall we.
- 4 Let's and Shall we have different / similar meanings.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 151

2 Complete this part of Anya's conversation with Poppy. Use the Grammar box to help you.

Anya:

Saturday.

Poppy: Oh, sorry 2 go on Saturday but Sunday morning's OK.

Anya: That's OK for me, too.

Poppy: 3 meet at the swimming pool?

Anya: 4 . At quarter to ten?

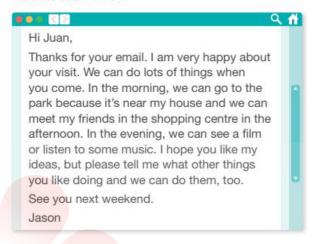
Listen and check.

- 3 Practise the conversation in Exercise 2 with your partner. Change the times and places.
- Make a diary like Anya's. Then look at the adverts and choose two activities. Write the activities and times in your diary.
- Talk to three friends. Make plans for Saturday and Sunday. See page 125 for an example conversation.



WRITING

Read the email from Jason to his new friend Juan. When is Juan's visit?



Read the email again and <u>underline</u> because, and, but and or.

Now write an email to your new friend and give ideas for things to do when he/she visits. Remember to use because, and, but or or in your email. Use the email from Jason and the phrases in the box to help you.

go go out with go to meet see visit



Museums around the world

CULTURE

MUSEUMS AROUND THE WORLD

- 1 Work in pairs. Discuss the questions.
 - 1 Which adjectives do you think of when you hear the word 'museum'? Tick (✓) them.

beautiful boring cheap exciting expensive interesting new old

- 2 Is there a museum near where you live? What type of museum is it?
- 3 How often do you visit museums? Often, sometimes or never?
- 4 Do you like visiting museums? Why / Why not?

We can find museums in countries all over the world. There are museums for all types of people: museums about animals, sport, art, culture, science, the past and lots more.

Here are four great museums, in four different English-speaking countries. Young people everywhere can enjoy them:

- ★ the Hockey Hall of Fame
- * Questacon
- * MOMA
- ★ the Natural History Museum
- 2 Look at the photos on the web page and the names of the museums in the Factfile. Which museums do you think are in the text? Tick (/) them.

A science museum	
A history museum	
An art museum	
A sports museum	
A toy museum	

Read the web page quickly. Were your answers in Exercise 2 correct?







I'm Karen. I'm from Canada.

My favourite museum in Canada is the Hockey Hall of Fame. It's a museum about ice hockey. Ice hockey is Canada's national winter sport!

The museum is in Toronto. I really like this museum because I love sport. My favourite thing is Shoot Out. You play ice hockey with a famous hockey player. It isn't a real person. It's the size of an adult and it's on a computer. It's cool!

. You play against a robot. It's awesome!

I'm Matt and I'm from the USA.

My favourite museum in the USA is MOMA (Museum of Modern Art).

That's right, it's a museum of art and it's in New York, the biggest city in the USA. I like this museum because I love modern art. My favourite activity is the Art Passport. You draw pictures and answer questions when you visit the museum. It's great!

Read the web page again. Complete the table for the first three museums.

Name of museum	Hockey Hall of Fame	Questacon	мома	Natural History Museum
Country	-	Australia		
City	Toronto			
Type of museum		***************************************	modern art	
Fun activity				the Dinosaur Trail

Complete the phrases with the verbs.

ans	wer do	draw	play	play	visit
1	ice ho	ockey	4	pic	ctures
2	exper	riments	5	qu	estions
3	air ho	ockey	6	the	e mus <mark>eum</mark>

Now check your answers. Look at highlighted words on the web page.

Listen to Beth. She is giving a presentation about her

favourite museum. Answer the questions.

口))

- 1 Why does she like this museum?
- 2 Why can anyone visit this museum?





Listen to Beth again. Complete the table in Exercise 4.



TALKING POINTS

Which museum in the table is your favourite?

Why do you like this museum?

PROJECT

A poster about a museum

In pairs or small groups, make a poster about a museum in your country. Use photos or draw pictures on your poster. Remember to write:

- the name of the museum
- where it is
- what it is
- why you like it
- · what you can do there

Finally, present your museum poster to the class. Take turns to talk. One person says the name of the museum, where it is and what type of museum it is. Another person says why they like the museum. Another person says what you can do there.

WHAT SHALL COV-19 2020 AR?







VOCABULARY



LISTENING

Clothes

- Look at the photos 1-3. What do you think is happening?
- Listen and check.
- 2 Listen again and choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 There are some photographers outside the house / at José's hotel.
 - 2 Paolo knows / doesn't know how to help José.
 - 3 Joelle can find some / can't find any clean clothes in Paolo's bedroom.
 - 4 Paolo likes / doesn't like wearing José's clothes.
 - 5 José likes / doesn't like wearing Paolo's clothes.
- $\stackrel{\triangleleft}{\searrow}$ 3 Look at the photos A–J. Listen and repeat.
- Look at the photos 1-3 again. What are Paolo, José, Rosa and Joelle wearing?
 - What are you wearing today? What's your friend wearing?



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Plurals: spelling

watch → watches	party → parties
dress → dresses box → boxes	factory → factories

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 152

 Look at the table in the Grammar box. Write the plural of the words.

0 shirt <i>shirts</i>	6 house	12 sandwich
1 body	7 museum	13 university
2 dictionary	8 doctor	14 shop
3 skirt	9 drink	15 movie
4 waiter	10 cinema	
5 address	11 sentence	



PRONUNCIATION

Plurals

2 Listen to the words in the table and repeat.

/s/	/z/	/IZ/
coats	shoes	watches
cakes	jeans	dresses

Now listen and write the words in the table.

addresses cinemas doctors drinks houses museums sandwiches sentences shirts shops skirts waiters

Listen and check. Then repeat.

- 4 Talk about the differences between pictures A and B with your partner.
 - **A:** In picture A, there's one laptop and in picture B, there are two laptops.
 - B: Oh yes! You're right!
- Write six sentences about the differences in the pictures.







TALKING POINTS

№ 12 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

What are you wearing? What do you wear to school? What do you wear when it rains? What do you wear when it's hot? What do you wear to a party?



VOCABULARY



READING

Phrases: people

Look at the picture. The people are going to a carnival. What are they wearing? Use the words in the boxes to make sentences.

Adjectives	Colours		Nouns	
little long	blue yellow white	red	coat hat skirt	dress shirt trousers

Person A is wearing a long blue skirt and a white shirt.

Match the words and phrases to the people in the picture. EP

beautifu	l eyes	big ears	a brov	wn beard
dark hai	r fat	long h	air ol	d
a red no	se sh	ort sh	ort hair	slim
tall	voung			

Read the messages about the picture. Complete the sentences.

Mike's mum is person	
Mike's dad is person	
Mike's uncle is person	
Mike's aunt is person	

Complete the sentences with words from the conversation.

1	Mike's mum is wearing a long ba white	olue	and
2	She's got long dark		
	She's		
4	Mike's dad's got a big red	and red	
5	Mike's uncle is wearing a red	•	
6	He's got a big		

Freddie, look at this photo of me and my family! We're at the bus stop on our way to the carnival. Mike That's so funny! What great costumes you're all wearing. Are your parents there? Freddie Yes, of course! Can't you see them? Mike I'm not sure. No, wait! Don't tell me. I know your mum's tall and slim. Is she the one wearing the red dress? Freddie No, that's my aunt. Mike Ahh ... is she wearing a long blue skirt and a white shirt? And has she got long dark hair? Freddie That's right. Mike Yeah, I can see her! And what about your dad?

92 **UNIT 15**

Don't ask! He's got a big red nose and red hair. He always chooses a terrible costume.

jacket? He looks great.

Has he got big ears or a big beard?

A big beard.

Oh dear! Yes, it's not good, is it? And who's the one wearing the red

> That's my uncle. I don't know who the other one is!

Mike

Mike

Mike

Freddie

Freddie

Freddie

GRAMMAR

Describing people

1 Copy the table into your notebook. Then complete it with the words and phrases from Vocabulary Exercises 1 and 2.

He/She's (has) got	He/She's (is)	He/She's (is) wearing
long hair	tall	big shoes

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 152

- 2 Look at the 's in these sentences. Write is or has.
 - O She's tall and beautiful.
 - 1 He's wearing my new jeans!
 - 2 She's got lots of shoes.
- 3
- 3 He's very old and he's got grey hair.
 - 4 She's got blue eyes and a small nose.
 - 5 He's wearing a beautiful new digital watch.
- Work in pairs. Look at the photos A-D and describe a person. Your partner says the person.

A: She's got long hair and she's wearing jeans.

B: Is it person A?









Write three sentences about a person in your class. Read your sentences to the class. The class says the person's name.

This person has got short brown hair. She's tall and slim. She's wearing jeans.

SPEAKING

- 1 You're going to a carnival. Draw a picture of you. You're wearing carnival clothes.
- Work in pairs. Student A, describe your picture to your partner. Student B, listen to your partner and draw the picture.

Don't look at each other's pictures!

Compare your pictures. Are they the same or different?



16 BUY IT!



Shopping

- 1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-L.
- birthday card diary paint paper perfume plant scissors stamps sweets rucksack toothbrush umbrella
- Listen and check. Then repeat.
- Listen to the conversation. Why is Dad going shopping? Who is going with him: Ryan or Ava?
- Listen again. Tick (/) the things in Exercise 1 that are on Dad's shopping list.



GRAMMAR

need, want

 Look at the example sentences from the conversation. Think about the difference between need and want.

I want to do a picture for Mum, but I need some blue paint.

I want to go to a party tonight and I need some new clothes.

She wants a plant for the living room.

I need to write a list.

- 2 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 I've got nothing to wear! I need / want some new clothes.
 - 2 I like having lots of clothes. I need / want some new clothes.
- 3 Complete the sentences with need, needs, want or wants.
 - O This football is old. I need a new ball.
 - 1 My friends are outside. They to play football with me.
 - 2 We _____ to watch TV. Our favourite film is on tonight.
 - 3 I haven't got any money. I to go to the bank.
 - 4 A: Can I go out with my friends?
 - **B:** No, you _____ to do your homework.
 - 5 My tooth hurts! I to go to the dentist.
 - 6 It's hot today! My little brother to go for a swim.
 - 7 My friend to finish her homework today.
- Match sentences 1-4 to sentences a-d.
 - I want to go to the cinema.
 - 2 I want to do my homework.
 - 3 I want to play tennis.
 - 4 I want some new jeans.
- a I need some new balls.
- **b** I need to go shopping.
- c I need my books.
- **d** I need to buy a ticket.
- 5 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 We always / never use to with a verb after need and want.
 - 2 You can / can't use a noun after need and want.
- > GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 153

- 6 Complete the sentences with to, some or a.
 - 1 I want _____ get my sister a nice present.
 - 2 I'm thirsty! I need _____ drink of water.
 3 I need ____ finish my homework.
 - 4 My sister wants ____sweets.
 - 5 Dad needs new umbrella.
 - 6 I want _____ go to my friend's house today.
- Listen to the conversations. Which shops do the speakers need?



- Conversation 1
 Conversation 2
 Conversation 3
 Conversation 4

 a toy shop
 b music shop
 c supermarket
 d clothes shop
- Conversation 5 e bookshop
- In pairs, choose an activity.
 - · have a party for your friends
 - · go to the park
 - · go to a football match

Talk about what you need.

What do you want to do?

Let's have a party!



OK. What do we need?

We need to get some cakes and ...

VOCABULARY



READING

Money and prices

Read the conversations 1-4 and match them to the pictures A-D.





Good morning. Can I help you?

Oh, hello. Yes, how much are these pens, please?

They're £5.25. They're very nice, aren't they.

Yes, they are. Can I have a blue one and a green one, please?

Of course. That's £10.50. Can I pay with my credit card?

Yes, no problem.



Hi. Can I have a chocolate ice cream, please?

Sure. What size do you want? The large one?

Oh no! That's too big. Medium, please.

Sure. That's \$2.30.

Thanks.



Excuse me. I really like this hat. How much is it, please?

It's €24. Would you like to buy it?

No thanks! It's too expensive!

OK. I'm sorry about that. Well, goodbye.





So, how are the jeans? Do you like them?

Well, these ones are too long.

Oh, I'm sorry.

But these are perfect.

Er. They're your old ones.

Oh, good! I don't need to buy any jeans today.

Oh, right! OK, goodbye then.

See you.



- 1 This person doesn't buy anything. Conversation ____ and Conversation ____
- 2 This person pays with a card. Conversation
- 3 This person buys two things. Conversation
- 4 This person buys something to eat. Conversation ____











Listen and repeat the prices.













Match the words to the symbols.

(II)	cent	dollar	euro	pence	pound
	€ :	£ p	\$ c		

Work in pairs. Write prices for the things in the box. Ask your partner to guess them.

dress	footl	oall	jeans	rucksack
smartph	none	wat	tch	

Find and underline buy and pay in the conversations in Exercise 1. Then complete the sentences with buy or pay.

1	These	trousers	are	nice,	but I	don't	want	to
		£50 fo	rth	em				

- 2 Come shopping with me. I need to a present for Sophie.
- 3 Wait here a moment. I need to my drink.
- 4 How much money have you got? Shall we some flowers for Mum?
- 5 I need to _____a new rucksack for school.
- 6 Let's the waitress and go home. I'm tired.



TALKING POINTS

How often do you go shopping? What do you usually buy? Who do you go shopping with? Where do you go shopping? What's your favourite shop?



PRONUNCIATION

see

/[/ and /s/

shop

Listen to the words and complete the

cinema	place	sho	pping
stamp sweets	conversation toothbrush		sugar
/s/		/ʃ/	

GRAMMAR

Look at the conversations on page 96. Match the questions to the answers.

- 1 Why doesn't the woman want the hat?
- 2 Why doesn't the boy want the jeans?
- 3 Why doesn't the girl want the ice cream?
- a It's too expensive.
- b It's too big.
- c They're too long.

2 Look at the answers a-c in Exercise 1. Then choose the correct word(s).

We use too + adjective when something is correct / not correct.

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 153

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

too cold too dirty too hot too short	oo hard	
--------------------------------------	---------	--

- O He can't go on the ride. He's too short
- 1 He can't talk. He's
- 2 He can't walk on the beach. It's
- 3 She can't do the test. It's .
- 4 He can't see out of the bus. The window is
- Practise the conversations on page 96 with a partner.



WRITING

Work in pairs and write a shopping conversation. Use these ideas or your own. Practise the conversation and then read it to another pair.

A: Can I help you?	
B: I need some / a .	
A: Yes, of course.	
B: Sorry. This is / These are too	
A: OK. Do you like this / these?	
B: How much?	
A: It's / They're	
B: Here you are.	
A: Thank you.	
A: Would you like?	
B: Yes, please.	

LIFE SKILLS SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

LOOKING AFTER OUR WORLD

LIFE SKILLS

Looking after our world

Lots of people put old clothes in the rubbish. This makes our world dirty.

You can help our world and other people. You can think about your clothes. It's good to be responsible and:

- · give some clothes to other people
- make something new with old clothes
- · not buy too many clothes
- 1 Read, think and answer. Discuss with your partner.
 - 1 Do you wear all your clothes?
 - 2 Do you need or want to keep all your clothes?
 - 3 Are some of your clothes too small?
 - 4 What do you do with your old clothes?
- Write three things you can do with your old clothes.

1

2



Read the article. Which of your ideas in Exercise 2 are in it?

Are you responsible with your clothes?

Do you throw away your clothes?

Do you put old clothes in the rubbish?

These clothes go into landfills.

This is bad for our world.

Here is how YOU can help!



STOP AND THINK!

- Don't buy lots of clothes.
 You don't need five jackets!
- Keep your clothes a long time.
 Don't wash them in very hot water.

REUSE YOUR CLOTHES!

- Give your short trousers or jeans to a young person. They can use your clothes again.
- Exchange clothes with friends. For example, you give a friend a hat and they give you a T-shirt.
- Make your clothes good again.
 Repair your favourite shirt or jeans!



repair clothes

TAKE YOUR CLOTHES TO BIG SHOPS

Some big shops help:

- give old clothes to other people who need them.
- make old clothes into other things.



DO YOU KNOW?

- We can make playground floors with old shoes.
- We can make paper with old T-shirts.

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FUN IDEA!

- We can make new things from old clothes!
- Make something different and cool.
- How about a bag from old jeans?



LIFE SKILLS

4	Look at the article again. Read the sentences and				
	write right (✓) or wrong (✗).				

Ways to help look after our world

- 1 You can buy lots of new clothes.
- 2 Other people can wear your old clothes.
- 3 You can put your old clothes in the rubbish.
- 4 Shops can help make old clothes into other things.
- 5 You can make something new from old clothes.
- 5 Look at the highlighted words in the article. Label the photos.













Complete the sentences. Use the words in Exercise 5.

- 1 I help look after our world. I don't clothes.
- **2** I _____ my small clothes to my little sister.
- 3 I old clothes to a big shop in my town.
- 4 Do you want to _____your blue T-shirt for my red T-shirt? my water bottle. I put new water in it
- every day.
- 6 I can this shirt and wear it again.



Listen to Megan and Jack. What is their plan?

- a Take clothes to a shop
- **b** Exchange clothes with friends
- c Throw clothes away



137 8 Listen again. Choose a or b.

- 1 What does Megan want to give Jack?
 - a a shirt
- b a T-shirt
- 2 What does Jack want to give Megan?
 - a a shirt
- b a T-shirt
- 3 Who do they decide to invite?
 - a friends
- **b** parents
- 4 When do they decide to invite them?
 - a on Tuesday
 - b on Thursday
- 5 Where do they decide to invite them?
 - a to Jack's house b to Megan's house



TALKING POINTS

Do you like Megan and Jack's plan? Why /

Can you think of clothes to give to a friend?



Match the two parts of the sentences. Listen and check.



USEFUL LANGUAGE

- 1 We can exchange a tell our friends.
- 2 Let's
- **b** idea!
- 3 What a great
- c clothes with our friends.
- 10 Look at the Useful Language box and then put the words in order.
 - 1 water / can / bottles / reuse / We / .
 - 2 give / clothes / Let's / people / to / .
 - 3 great / a / What / idea / !

PROJECT

A presentation

In small groups, plan a presentation called 'Look after our world'.

Think about:

- · old things at home and at school
- · what we can do with these things. We don't want to throw them away!

Write your ideas and add pictures. Then give your presentation to the class.

REVIEW 4 UNITS 13–16

VOCABULARY

- What can you see in the picture? Talk about it with your partner. How many sentences can you make?
 - A: There is a bank and a cinema.
 - **B:** Yes, and there are some tall buildings.
- 2 Label the things in the bedroom.





3 What are you wearing? Stand with your back to your partner. Say what he or she is wearing. Then describe your partner. Use 'is' and 'has got'.

> glasses blue/green/brown eyes dark/long/short hair tall/short



GRAMMAR

Write the plurals of the words. Then tick (✓) the correct spelling rules.

		plural	-5	-es	-ies
0	dollar	dollars	1		
1	city				
2	watch				
3	shoe				
4	dress				
5	sandwich				
6	taxi				
7	nationality				

Choose the correct words.

- 0 I haven't got a coat. Ineed) / want to buy one.
- 1 That film is interesting and / but I don't want to go and see it today.
- 2 I want to wash my hands and / because they are dirty.
- 3 We can go to the park but / or we can go swimming.
- 4 The new swimming pool is great. I need / want to go swimming.
- 5 José is a famous singer and / but I would like to meet him.
- 6 We've got a test tomorrow. I need / want to do my homework now.

LISTENING

Listen to the conversations. Write the prices next to the pictures.



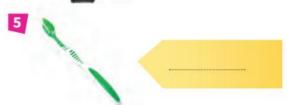












SPEAKING

You are going with your friends to the cinema. Talk to your partner about things you want to buy.

Let's get some chocolate.

Good idea. Shall we buy some water, too?

READING

Read the messages. Complete them with the words in the box.



shopping later? Wait for me!

Read the sentences. Write yes or no.

- O Louis is at the shops now. no
- 1 The fish need some food.
- 2 There's some food for Georgia.
- 3 Louis wants Sasha to wait for him.
- 4 Mike can send Lizzie a text.
- 5 Georgia's dad is in hospital.
- 6 Daniela's dad wants her to buy something.

WRITING

Write a note for your mum or dad. You can choose what to write about.

DIFFERENT PLACES

A

ABOUT YOU

Do you live in a town or a city, or do you live in a village? What is your home like?







VOCABULARY

The natural world

Match the words in the box to the things 1-9 in the photos. æ

> beach flowers forest countryside garden tree grass river sea

- Listen, check and repeat.
- Write the words in Exercise 1 next to the meanings.
 - 1 You can swim in this. It's salty.
 - 2 You can see lots of trees here.
 - 3 You can walk here because there are no towns.
 - 4 You can play football on this.
 - 5 You can sit under this to keep out of
 - 6 You can grow these. They are very pretty.
 - 7 You can find this around a house.
 - 8 You can sit on this. Sometimes it is sand, sometimes it is small stones.
 - 9 You can swim in this. It is water and it moves.



Listen to Part 1 of the conversation and answer the questions.

- 1 Where's José?
- 2 Where are the photographers? Why?
- 3 What does José invite Paolo to do?





- - Listen to Part 2. Write yes or no. Then change the no sentences and make them true.
 - O The friends are in José's house. No. The friends are in José's hotel room.
 - 1 Rosa wants to look at photos of José's family.
 - 2 José's house is in the city.
 - 3 José gives the friends some tickets for his concert.
 - 4 The concert is tomorrow evening.
 - 5 Paolo needs to wash some clothes.
- Look at photos A-D. Tick (✓) José's house.
- Listen to Part 2 again and check.
- Look at photos A-D again. Where would you like to live? Why? Tell your partner.

GRAMMAR

Comparatives: short adjectives

Complete Rosa's sentences with the words in the box.

newer older





My house is José's house.

Now complete the sentences.

- 3 We add -er to short adjectives / nouns to make the comparative form.
- 4 We write than / that after the comparative.

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 154

Look at the examples.

adjective	comparative	spelling
big	bigger than	double letter + er
dirty	dirtier than	y → i + er
new	newer than	+ er
nice	nicer than	+ r
old	older than	+ er
small	smaller than	+ er

Now complete the table below. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

И					
I	clean	fat	happy	hot	hungry
1	long	sad	safe	tall	young

+ er	+ r	double letter + er	y → i + e
		fatter	

>>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 154

Complete the sentences. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

hard hot long nice old young O Lisa's hair is longer than Mia's hair. 1 I love apples. They're ____ 2 English is French. I'm not very good at English. 3 l'm my sister. She's 15 and I'm 12. 4 But I'm my brother. He's only two. Canada. 5 India is

PRONUNCIATION than

.......

Listen and repeat.

- 1 Rosa's house is older than José's house.
- 2 The sea in Brazil is bluer than the sea in England.
- 5 Compare your home with the photos of houses on page 102. Make sentences and then tell your partner.
- 6 Look at the photos A-F. Talk about them with your partner. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

big	clean	dirty	happy	hot
long	new	nice	old	sad
short	slow	small	tall	young

The beach in picture A is cleaner than the beach in

The cars in picture C are older than the cars in picture D.













VOCABULARY

AND

READING

Adjectives: opinions

1 c

Complete the words 1–7 in the text using the adjectives in the box.

amazing popular attractive unusual

exciting wonderful

fantastic

Listen, check and repeat.

GREAT DAYS OUT

145

The Eden Project

Come and have a great family day out.



See our:

- * huge biomes
- * wonderful flowers from around the world
- * 2 w _____buildings
- * a real rainforest ... and more.

There's always lots to do and see. We're open all year round. Look at the website for prices and times.

ALTON TOWERS

We are the best place for an ³ am family day out.

We've got:

- · a theme park
- · a water park
- new rides
- · lots of different things to do.

There are always new activities to try. We're open from March to November. Look at the website for prices and times.



2 Read about the four days out and answer the questions.

Where can you ...

- 1 go on a road safari?
- 3 go on rides?
- 2 listen to stories?
- 4 see a rainforest?

Cov-19 2020Woburn Safari Park

Come and have a 4 f

family day out with us.

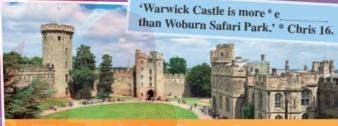
You can:

- help at feeding time
- go on a road safari around the park
- learn about all the wild animals
- climb the trees ... and more.

There are always new animals to see. We're open every day March to October and at weekends in the other months. Look at the website for prices and times. We're very

⁵ p , so phone before you come.





Warwick Castle

Visit a very old English castle.

Come and:

- · walk around the outside
- visit the ⁷ at rooms inside the castle
- · learn about the history of the castle
- · listen to scary stories ... and more.

There are always new things to do. You won't be bored at Warwick Castle!

We're open every day except on 25th December.

Look at the website for prices and times.

- 3 Read about the days out again and answer the questions.
 - 1 Which places can you visit in December?
 - 2 Where can you feed animals?
 - 3 Where can you visit a water park?
 - 4 Where can you find wonderful gardens?
 - 5 Where can you learn some history?
- 4 Do you like visiting different places? Do you visit places like these in your country? Tell your partner.



TALKING POINTS

13 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

Which of the four places would you like to visit? Why? What places in your country do you want to visit? Why? What places outside your country do you want to visit? Why?

Are there any places you don't want to visit? Why not?

GRAMMAR

Comparatives: long adjectives

1 Look at the examples from page 104 and then complete the sentences.

The Eden Project is more unusual than Alton Towers.

Warwick Castle is more exciting than Woburn Safari Park.

- 1 We add more / -er to long adjectives when we compare things.
- 2 We write 'more' before / after a long comparative adjective.
- 3 We write 'than' before | after a comparative adjective.

>>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 154

- Write sentences. Use the Grammar box in Exercise 1 to help you.
 - O Houses / expensive / cars. Houses are more expensive than cars.
 - 1 The president of the USA / famous / my mum!
 - 2 Science / interesting / maths.
 - 3 The school garden / popular / the park.
 - 4 Tennis / exciting / football.
 - 5 This idea / unusual / that one.
 - 6 Some animals / attractive / others.
- Make sentences with nouns from Box A and adjectives from Box B, or use your own ideas. Make some sentences true and some false.

Box A: nouns Edinburgh English computers London maths history geography my dad my sister my teacher New York school smartphones Sydney the beach the park

Box B: adjectives

exciting expensive famous fantastic important interesting popular unusual

I think maths is more interesting than English.

Work in pairs. Read your partner's sentences. Which sentences do you think are true? Tick (✓) them and then compare answers with your partner. Read about four families and then read the texts on page 104 again. With your partner, compare the days out for the different families and give reasons. Use the adjectives on pages 104-105.

I think the Eden Project is more interesting than Alton Towers for the Patel family because ...

Manesh Patel is a doctor and his wife, Jameela, is a teacher. They haven't got any children. Manesh likes animals and history, but Jameela thinks flowers are more interesting than animals.

The Edwards family are from a small village in Wales. Caroline works in a hospital and the twins, Clara and Jack, are ten. They think history is boring, but Caroline loves it. She also likes gardens.

The Baluchi family live in Harrogate, a town in the north of England. Jamal works in a bank and Naima works in a shop. Their son Rafi is six. He loves animals and thinks safaris are very exciting.

The Nowak family are on holiday in the UK. Jacek is a bus driver and he's got three children: Dobry, age 8, Lech, age 12, and Ewa, age 15. Jacek likes visiting old castles. The children want to do something more exciting and to have a good time.

SPEAKING

In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

Which places in your country do you want to visit for a family day out? Why? Which places outside your country do you want to visit to do family activities? Why? Are there any places you don't want to visit? Why?

- Together, choose one place you both want to visit. Tell the class about it and say:
 - · where it is
 - what kind of place it is
 - what you can do there
 - what you can see there
 - · when the best time to visit is
 - what is unusual/attractive/exciting about it.

THE WEATHER 2020



ABOUT YOU

What's your favourite time of year? Why?

What do you think about the weather?



Some people love talking about the weather. What about you? Send us a message. Answer one of these questions.

- How do you feel when it's raining?
- What sports do you do in the winter?
- Bo you like summer more than winter?



Messages



I play football every autumn and winter in the rain, wind and snow. The cold weather doesn't stop me!

Kellie, 13, Southampton

I feel bad when it rains in the holidays. I like doing things outside. I don't want to stay inside reading or watching TV. And you can't go to the cinema every day - it's too expensive.

Libby, 12, Newport

I love sports, but it's harder to do them outside in winter. I play tennis in the summer and spring, but not in winter. I often go swimming with my friends on Saturdays in winter

Josh, 12, Aberdeen

Rain is just water - it's not a problem. I put on a coat and I go outside. It's fun!

David, 13, Suffolk

I have a horse and I ride it every day - in the winter and in the summer. Cold weather's not a problem, but we don't like the wind! It's not nice!

Ethan, 11, London

No, I don't like hot sun at all - my favourite kind of weather is snow. It's much better to play in.

Finn, 10, Hull

Sad! I want to go on a day out with my parents and my brother, but we can't go because it's raining.

Sarah, 14, Derby

Of course! I love the sun. It's my favourite kind of weather. I feel happier when it's warm. I love going to the pool with my friends. When I'm on holiday, I spend time at the beach and swim in the sea.



autumn



READING

Weather

Match the pictures A-K to the words.

cold







hot



rain



snow



spring



summer



sun



warm



wind



winter

- Listen, check and repeat.
- Look at the web page. Read the three questions and answer them with a partner.
- Now read the messages. Match the messages to the questions.

Read the messages again. Who says this?

- 1 I like the snow more than the sun.
- 2 It's not easy to do sports in winter.
- 3 I don't stay inside when it's raining.
- 4 I can't go out today because of the weather.
- 5 I like being outside, but not in the rain.
- 6 Warm weather is better than cold weather.

PRONUNCIATION **Vowel sounds** Match the words with the same vowel sound. snow stay wind sport rain love warm where fun ride find coat watch wear live Listen, check and repeat.

TALKING POINTS

(D) 14 Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

What do you eat when it's hot? Do you like summer or winter? What do you do when it's raining?

GRAMMA

Look at the examples from page 106 and complete the sentences.

I feel bad when it rains in the holidays. I have a horse and I ride it every day.



Read the messages on page 106 again and find more sentences with it.

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 155

Put the	words in	order a	nd compl	ete the	sentences
---------	----------	---------	----------	---------	-----------

0 really / It's / outside / hot It's really hot outside - let's go to the beach.

1 play / It's / to / fun in the snow. 2 hot/when/good/it's I don't feel 3 it's / but / really / hard I like maths

4 wear/it/you/can That's my hat but

5 but / it / I / play / can't I've got a guitar

Look at the questionnaire. Complete questions 5, 6 and 7 with your own ideas. Then ask and answer with your partner.



Tell the class about your partner.

Eva stays at home when it rains. She loves it when it's hot. She likes eating soup and bread when it's cold.

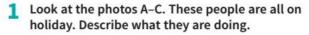
Choose a question from the web page and write a message about you.

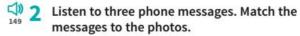
VOCABULARY

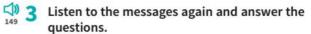


LISTENING

Holidays







Message 1

- 1 What country is the girl in?
- 2 What does she say about the weather?

Message 2

- 3 Who is the boy camping with?
- 4 What day is he coming home?

Message 3

- 5 What kind of sports does the boy do every day?
- 6 What day is he coming home?
- 7 Who do you think is having the best holiday?







- Complete the sentences with information about you. Then compare your answers with your partner.
 - 1 The best place for a holiday in my country is
 - 2 The best time to go on holiday in my country is
 - 3 The best people to go on holiday with are
 - 4 Exciting things to do on holiday are
- Complete the table with the words in the box.



catch	come	drive	fly
get	hotel	leave	stay
tent	travel	visit	

places to stay	travel verbs
hotel	catch

- Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Hurry! The bus is leaving / catching in a minute.
 - 2 Let's come / get the train to the city centre.
 - 3 We're staying / visiting at a really nice hotel this week.
 - 4 Dad doesn't like flying so we travel / drive by train when we go on holiday.
 - 5 My brother and I catch / go the bus to school every morning.
 - 6 Come / Visit to my house in the morning, and then we'll go out.
- Look at the different meanings of get. Match them to the sentences.
 - a bring **b** buy c arrive d catch
 - 1 What time do you get home every evening?
 - 2 I need to get some new tennis shoes.
 - 3 Let's get the bus. I don't want to walk.
 - 4 I'm thirsty. Can you get me a drink?

Prepositions: with, for, until

I'm with Sofia.

We're staying here for three days.

We're here until Friday.





Complete the postcard. Choose the correct prepositions.

Hi Lara

We're staying on a farm 1 for / with some friends of my parents. The weather's great. It's warm, but it's not too hot. We're here 2 until / for Sunday. Every day we walk in the countryside 5 for / until three or four hours. I'm always hungry!

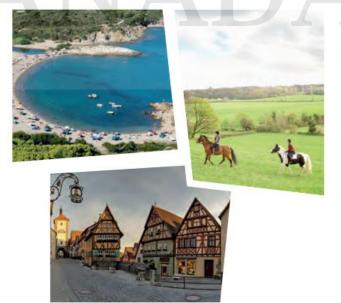
See you soon

Chris

- Complete the sentences with for, with and until.
 - 1 Sam and I are going to Tom's party. Do you want to come us?
 - about two hours every 2 I play football Saturday.
 - 3 My music lesson doesn't finish three o'clock.
 - 4 I can come to the park an hour this afternoon.
 - 5 I want to go on holiday my friend this year.
 - 6 You can stay at my house Saturday.

WRITING

- You are on holiday in one of the places in the photos. Write a postcard to your friend. Then read your postcard to the class.
 - Say where you are and who you're with.
 - Say what the weather is like.
 - Say what you do every day.
 - Say how long you are staying.



Cov-19 2020 FACTFILE

CULTURE

BEACH CULTURE IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

- 1 Work in pairs. Discuss the questions.
 - 1 How often do you go to the beach?
 - 2 When do you go to the beach?
 - 3 What do you like doing at the beach?

Beach culture in Australia and New Zealand

Beach culture is very important in Australia and New Zealand. When it's sunny and hot, people go to the beach at the weekend and for holidays.

There are lots of summer camps in Australia and New Zealand. Young people stay at the beach with their friends and do fun activities. They can:

- * do activities in the water
- * do activities on the beach
- * have barbecues and eat on the beach
- ★ learn about safety in the water and on the beach
- Read the web page quickly. Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (X)?
 - 1 The Kiwi Summer camp is in Australia.
 - 2 The Kiwi Summer camp is on the beach.



Welcome to KIWI SUMMER CAMP!

Do you know? People from New Zealand are called 'New Zealanders'.

Some people call them 'Kiwis'. A kiwi is also a bird, and a fruit.



Spend a week with other young people.

Do exciting activities at the beach.

Enjoy campfires every night.



GO SANDBOARDING ON THE BEACH!

You need a special board. You can stand, sit or lie on the board. Climb to the top of the sand dune , and go down. It's fast and exciting!

Be safe. Put on a sun hat

GO SNORKELLING IN THE SEA!

You need a snorkel mask. Some people also wear special swimming shoes called 'fins'

You can go on a boat and jump into the sea or you can snorkel near the beach. Swim under water and see fantastic fish.

a mask



GO KAYAKING IN THE SEA!

You need a boat called a 'kayak', and you need a paddle. When we go in the sea, we use a special kayak called a 'sit on top' kayak. It's amazing!



Cambridge University

110 **CULTURE** Read the web page again. Complete the sentences.

> hats jackets night one swimming young

- ____people. 1 The Kiwi Summer Camp is for
- 2 People go to the camp for _____week.
- 3 At the summer camp, there are campfires every
- 4 For activities on the beach, people wear sun
- 5 People who are good at snorkelling in the sea.
- 6 For activities on boats, people wear life
- Read the sentences and write the words. Use the highlighted words on the web page.
 - 1 You do this under the water.
 - 2 You do this on the water.
 - 3 You do this on the beach.
 - 4 You stand or sit on this.
 - 5 You wear this on your face. It helps you see fish.
 - 6 You use this to move through the water.
- 5 Complete the table. Use the words in Exercise 4.

Things we do			
Places	under the water	on the beach	on the sea
	***	18 × 3	*
Things we use			

Write the countries.



I'm from I'm a New Zealander.



I'm from I'm an Australian. Listen to Shane talking about a surfing camp. Which activities does he talk about? Underline them.

> sandboarding kayaking snorkelling surfing swimming



Listen again. Choose the correct words.

- 1 Where is this summer camp?
 - a Australia
- **b** New Zealand
- 2 What activity do they do in the morning?
 - a snorkelling
- **b** surfing
- 3 What equipment do they need to do this activity?
 - a a paddle
- **b** a board
- 4 What other activities can they do in the afternoon?
 - a snorkelling and swimming
 - b snorkelling and kayaking
- 5 What do they wear to be safe in the sun?
 - a trousers and a shirt
- **b** a hat and a shirt
- 6 What do they have in the evening?
 - a a barbecue
- **b** a party



TALKING POINTS

Do you like the idea of staying at a summer camp on the beach?

Which is your favourite summer activity?



In small groups, write a leaflet for a summer camp at the beach. Find photos or draw pictures to put on your leaflet. Make it look fun. Remember to write:

- · the name of the summer camp
- where it is
- how long young people can stay there
- · what activities you can do in the morning, afternoon and evening

Present your summer camp leaflet to the class.

A FANTASTIC COVE 192020 CERT



ABOUT YOU

What do you like to do when you go out with your friends? Where do you like to go?









Meeting the band.

VOCABULARY

AND

LISTENING

Adjectives (1)

- Look at the photos A-F. They tell a story.
 Try to put them in the right order with your partner.
- 2 Listen and check your ideas.
 - 3 Match some of the adjectives in the box to things in the photos. Make sentences with your partner.

difficult easy excited fast friendly late loud slow

The music's loud. Picture C
Paolo's a bit late. Picture F

Listen to the story again and check.



Past simple: be

1 Look at the examples from the recording.

0		0	Short answers
I was late. It was fantastic! We were really excited. They were really friendly.	Paolo wasn't there. We weren't late.	Were you tired? Was the music good? Where were you?	Yes, we were. Yes, it was.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 156

Now answer the questions.

Are Paolo, Rosa and Joelle talking about *last night* or *every night*?

Do we use *was* and *were* to talk about *now* or *the past*?

2 Look at the examples. Complete the table with was, wasn't, were and weren't.

	I / he / she / it was / wasn'	t	you / we / they were / weren't	
0	1 I happy. 2 She tall.		10 You late. 11 They good.	
0	3 I tired. 4 It in my bag.		12 You at school. 13 We cold.	
0	5 she nice? 6 it interesting? 7 Where it?	8 Yes, she 9 No, it	they good? you bored? Where your friends?	17 Yes, they

- 3 Correct the sentences. Use was, wasn't, were and weren't.
 - Paolo, Joelle and Rosa were at the concert last week.

They weren't at the concert last week. They were at the concert last night.

- 1 Rosa was late for the bus.
- 2 The bus was very fast.
- 3 The concert was at nine o'clock.
- 4 It was easy to take a photo of the band.
- 5 Paolo, Joelle and Rosa were tired before the concert.



Write five questions. Begin Where were you ...?
Use the words below or your ideas. Then ask and answer with your partner.

Where were you on Monday evening?
I was at my dance class. It was a lot of fun.

yesterday / last night / last week / last Sunday in the morning / on Monday on Friday afternoon / on 1st June

> picnic dance class tennis lesson a maths test at home

boring difficult easy exciting fantastic fun interesting loud

VOCABULARY



READING

Adjectives (2)

2 11 / m	C)) 154
SANDY BERRY has an exciting job. She's a sound engineer, and she travels around the world with bands on tour. Here, she tells us about her life, and why she loves her job so much.	
It's difficult to choose. I work with my favourite thing in the world – music. I travel all over the world. I was in Europe last month, and in the USA the month before that. I'm always meeting new people and learning new things. And I see brilliant shows every night. It's great fun.	
His name was Mr Royce and he was my music teacher when I was 11. His lessons were great. He was a sound engineer before he was a teacher. He was so pleased to help me make my dream come true.	
By bus! After each show, we pack all the equipment up and then drive to the next place. When we arrive, we get the stage ready for the show that night. We need to be quick, because often there isn't much time.	
Not much! There is only space for each of us to have a very small bag. I take good shoes, because I'm on my feet a lot. And one set of nice clothes for going out on our day off. I don't take a book because there's no time to read.	
Well, the days are very long and I get tired sometimes. I work 16 hours some days. And you need to be strong because the equipment is heavy. It's not an easy life. But I have no plans to change it!	
	- 1111

- Read the other parts of the article paragraphs A-E. Answer the questions.
 - 1 How do you think Sandy travels when she is working?
 - 2 What do you think Sandy puts in her bag when she travels?
- 3 Match the questions 1–5 to the paragraphs A–E in the interview.
 - 1 Who was your favourite teacher?
 - 2 What do you always take with you when you travel?
 - 3 How do you travel?
 - 4 What's the best thing about your job?
 - 5 How difficult is your job?
- Find these words in the article and underline them. Then complete the sentences with the correct words.

	brilliant quick		heavy strong	new	please
1	These ba		ally y / strong	. I can't	carry
2	The conc pleased /		. I v	vas sad a	t the end
3			ar is / ready / fu		ally
4			big pieces strong /		
5		oving into	our		
6	I'm really pleased /		_you can c	ome to n	ny party.
7	I'm so tir		to g	go to slee	ep.



GRAMMAR

Wh- questions in the present and past

- 1 Match the questions to the answers.
 - 1 Where was Sandy last month?
 - 2 Why does Sandy need good shoes?
 - 3 How long are Sandy's work days?
 - 4 How many bags does Sandy take with her on tour?
 - 5 Who was Mr Royce?
 - 6 What does Sandy like about her job?
 - A Sandy's music teacher.
 - B 16 hours.
 - C Working with music.
 - **D** She's on her feet a lot.
 - F One
 - F She was in Europe.
- 2 Read the questions in Exercise 1 again. Complete the list of question words.

3 Now read the questions again. Complete the sentence with can or can't.

You	answ	er	Wh-	q	uestion	S	with	Yes	or	No

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 156

- 4 Put the words in order and make questions.
 Start the questions with question words.
 - O How / in / old / were / 2016 / you /? How old were you in 2016?
 - 1 What / your / is / English / name / teacher's /?
 - 2 Who / was / student / best / the / today /?
 - 3 How/your/last/long/was/holiday/?
 - 4 Where / Saturday / were / you / on /?
 - 5 What / you / do / school / after / do /?
 - 6 How / this / was / difficult / exercise / ?

SPEAKING

- Ask and answer the questions in Grammar Exercise 4 with your partner.
- Work in pairs. Write five questions in the present or past. Use the prompts to help you. Then ask your teacher the questions.
 - · What colour / first car?
 - What / put in your bag when you travel?
 - Where / you in 2016?
 - · What / favourite book when you / young?
 - How / travel to school every day?

Now write two more questions to ask your partner.





















VOCABULARY



READING

Wild animals

1 Match the animals to the photos



bear crocodile elephant giraffe kangaroo leopard monkey snake tiger zebra



Listen and check. Then repeat.

Work with your partner. Describe an animal. Ask your partner to guess what it is.

It's got a very long neck.

A giraffe.

- Read about Alessandro's summer holiday and choose the best title.
 - a Weekend work
 - **b** Helping my aunt
 - c My fantastic summer!

Now you're back at school, write about your summer for the school website. Were you at the beach? Were you at home?



First, I carried food to the different animal houses. I waited outside and watched the workers feed the animals. The tigers and the bears were very hungry and finished all their food quickly. The monkeys played a noisy game with their food. They weren't hungry! Next, I cleaned some of the animal houses. I even cleaned the snake house!

After lunch, the safari park opened for visitors. I worked at the ticket office - I took money from the visitors and gave them information about the safari park. Most people wanted to know the crocodile feeding time because that's fun to watch. The safari park closed at 5 pm. I really enjoyed my day and Jess asked me to go back and help the next day. In the end, I helped in the safari park for two weeks and it was fantastic.









- 4 Read Alessandro's text again. Are the sentences right (√) or wrong (X)? Correct the wrong sentences.
 - 1 Alessandro's dad's friend wanted help at the beginning of the holidays.
 - 2 Parts of the giraffes' bodies were blue.
 - 3 There were several animal houses at the safari park.
 - 4 The monkeys were hungry.
 - 5 There weren't any snakes in the safari park.
 - 6 Alessandro was busy with the animals all day.
 - 7 The crocodiles were very popular with the visitors.
 - 8 Alessandro was very happy working at the safari park.
- 5 What do you think was Alessandro's favourite part of the day? Discuss with your partner. Which jobs would you like to do? Can you think of any other jobs at a safari park?

GRAMMAR

Past simple O

1 Look at the examples. Choose the correct words to complete sentences 1, 2 and 3.

After that, I started work.
I worked at the ticket office.
After lunch, the safari park opened for visitors.
We liked the giraffes best.
You all helped a lot today.
The monkeys played a noisy game.

- 1 We add -ing / -ed to the verb to make the past simple.
- 2 The verb ending for the past simple is the same / not the same for I, you, he, she, it, we and they.
- **3** We use the past simple to talk about actions at a point of time in the past / present.

>> GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE PAGE 157

2 Look at Alessandro's text on the web page. Find the past simple of the verbs.

ask	carry	clean	close	enjoy
finish	help	like	need	open
phone	play	show	start	wait
walk	want	watch	work	

3 Now put the verbs into the correct columns in the table.

+ed	+d	y = ied	
started	phoned	carried	

4	Complete the sentences with one of the verbs
-	from Exercise 2

1	Last summer, I	with my dad in his shop
2	Shew	vith toy animals when she was
	a child.	
3	Ito so	chool with my friends yesterday
	morning.	
4		their homework and then they
	some	TV.
5		one of my bags of shopping
	for me.	
6	Our teacher	the window because it wa
	hot in the roor	n.
7	We a	long time for the bus. It was
	very late!	
8	l to go	shopping because there wasn't
	any broad in th	

PRONUNCIATION Extra syllable

Listen and repeat the verbs. Which ones have an extra syllable when we add -ed?
Complete the table.

	carry	like	need	paint
	start	show	talk	visit
	wait	want	wash	
,				

extra syllable	no extra syllable		
need - needed	carry - carried		

What do you notice about the verbs with an extra syllable when we add -ed?

6 Work with a partner. Talk about last weekend using the verbs in box A and the time phrases in box B.

Box A

carry	clean	cook	dance
enjoy	kick	like	listen
paint	play	practise	study
travel	visit	walk	wash

Box B

On Saturday morning, ...
On Sunday evening, ... Last weekend, ...
Last Saturday morning, / Last Sunday afternoon, ...

On Saturday, I watched a film with my friend. I liked it a lot.

VOCABULARY

AND

LISTENING

Pets and farm animals

1 Match the words in the box to the photos A-H.



bird cat cow dog donkey kitten mouse puppy rabbit sheep



Write the plural form of the animals in Exercise 1.

Listen and check.

3 Put the animals from Exercise 1 into the right columns. Some animals can go in both columns. You can add other animals.

pets

animals on a farm















ADA



Listen to part of a radio interview. Zara is talking to Jim Clark, the host, about her and her family's animals. How many animals does Zara have? What members of her family does she talk about?







Listen to the interview again and answer the questions.

Which animal(s):

- 1 is / are three years old?
- 2 lives / live in her bedroom?
- 3 was / were a present?
- 4 is / are better than watching television?
- 5 is / are white?
- 6 looks / look sad.
- 7 lives / live in the fields?
- 8 likes / like the sheep now?



TALKING POINTS

Have you or your family got any pets? What are they? Do you live on a farm? What farm animals have you got?

GRAMMAR

Past simple •

Look at the examples. Choose the correct words to complete sentences 1 and 2.

No, I didn't ask you - sorry. You didn't ask me. The dog didn't like the sheep at first. We didn't talk about farm animals. My friend didn't want them.

- 1 We use didn't / don't and a verb to make the past simple negative for I, you, he, she, it, we and they.
- 2 We add / don't add -ed to the main verb to make the past simple negative.

>>> GRAN

IMAD I	DEEEDEN	OF AND	PRACTICE	DACE 1ET
IIMAN	MEFEMEN	IUC AND	PRAGRICE	PAUL 13/

2	Write	the	nast	simpl	e nega	tive	of t	he	verhs	
/	Mille	the	past	SIIIIDU	e nega	uve	OI I	.iie	AGI D2	٠

1 practised 5 changed 2 stopped 6 used 3 loved 7 remembered 4 studied 8 carried

Listen and check. Then repeat.

Complete the sentences with the past simple negative of the verbs in brackets ().

1	You	(not show) me your new				
		y. Can I see it now?				
2	I'm unhappy be	ecause Felix				
		to his party last week.				
3	We	(not visit) the safari park				
		use it was closed.				
4	Last summer, t	he Jones family				
	(not travel) by	train. They used their car.				
5	The school bus	(not wait) for				
	me yesterday s	o I was late for school.				
6	My dad	(not cook) pizza last				
	night. He cooked fish and chips.					
7	We	(not stay) with our friends				
	last weekend.					
8	I was very tired	last night and I				
		my homework.				

Read the story and underline all the verbs. Then write the story in the past tense.

Liam lives with his parents in the city. He doesn't enjoy living in the city. Once a month, Liam visits his parents' friends in the country. They don't live in a village; they live on a farm by a river. Liam always enjoys his time there and never wants to come home.

Liam talks to his parents. There is a good school near their friends' house. He wants to go to that school and to live with his parents' friends and to help them on the farm.

So Liam changes schools and helps his parents' friends on the farm every day. His parents decide to move to the country, too. Now Liam, his parents and their friends all live together on the farm.

WRITING

Write a review of your school year for the school website.

Think about the school year and write about:

- · school trips you enjoyed
- · your favourite subjects and why you liked them
- the best after-school clubs and what you did there
- your favourite topics in Prepare Level 1
- your favourite units in Prepare Level 1
- what happened at the end of the photo story to Joelle, Rosa, Paolo and José.

LIFE SKILLS COLLABORATION



ilms at your **CINEMA THIS WEEK!**



LIFE SKILLS

Deciding things together It can be difficult to make decisions as a group. Friends want to do different things.

- So, we need to:
- · tell friends what we think
- · listen to friends. What do they want to do?
- · use their ideas and our ideas
- find answers together

Read, think and answer. Discuss with a partner.

- 1 Where do you like going with friends?
- 2 What food do you like eating with
- 3 What is your favourite film? Why?
- 4 What is a film you don't like? Why don't vou like it?
- 5 Do you find it difficult to choose a film with friends? Why / Why not?

Read the film posters. Answer the auestions.

- 1 What film do you want to see?
- 2 What other films do you know that look like these three films?

Read the conversation. Answer the questions.

- 1 What film do Clare, Tom and Beth decide to see together?
- 2 Why do they choose this film?

Read the film posters again. Match the films 1-3 to the words a-c.

- 1 Looking for Gold
- a funny
- 2 Wizard Academy 3
- **b** exciting
- 3 Planet Aliens
- c magic



LOOKING **FOR GOLD**

An exciting film about explorers





I WIZARD AC

Did you like Wizard Academy 1 and 2? Then here's film number 3, full of magic!





PLANET ALIENS

A very interesting film, and funny too!

Movie News

Let's choose a film we all want to see. I really like films about superheroes or films about wizards. They're exciting. Look, there's a new Wizard Academy film. I want to see that. What do you think?

I think films about wizards are OK. I really don't like films about aliens. I don't want to see Planet Aliens. I like films about real people, but there isn't one. I also like films about explorers, so how about Looking for Gold?

Oh, I really don't like films about explorers. I like films about animals, but there isn't one. I also like films about aliens, but you don't like them, Tom, so that's no good. I like films about wizards too. We all like films about wizards, so let's see Wizard Academy 3.

- Read the messages again. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What film does Clare want to see?
 - 2 Why does Clare want to see that film?
 - 3 What film doesn't Tom want to see?
 - What film does Tom want to see?
 - 5 Does Beth want to see the same film as Tom?
 - 6 What film does Beth want to see?
- Label the pictures 1-6 with the highlighted words in the messages. Then, match the words to the meanings a-f.





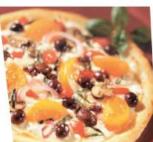




- a They can do magic.
- b They go on adventures and find things.
- c They don't live on our planet.
- d They are like you and me.
- e Crocodiles and kangaroos are other examples.
- f They can do special things and they stop bad people.
- Listen to Clare, Tom and Beth. Answer the question.

What three things do they have on their pizza?

Listen again and complete the table. Tick (✓) for likes and cross (X) for doesn't like.



	Clare	Tom	Beth
tomato			
cheese			
egg			
tuna (fish)			
vegetables			



TALKING POINTS

What do you like on your pizza? What don't you like on pizza?

Match the phrases 1-3 to the pictures a-c.



USEFUL LANGUAGE

- 1 | really like vegetables.
- 2 I really don't like fish.
- 3 I think egg is OK.











Look at the pictures and write three sentences. Use the phrases in Exercise 9.



















A plan for a Saturday afternoon with friends

Imagine you are going to the cinema and then for a pizza with your friends. In groups, decide what film to see and what to have on one big pizza. Talk about:

- · the films you can see at the cinema at the moment
- the films you and your friends like / don't like

Choose a film together and then talk

- · the things you can put on a pizza
- the things you and your friends like / don't like on pizza

Tell the class what you decide and why.

UNITS 17-20

VOCABULARY

1 Complete the sentences with the words in



		uees			garden
I love lyir					
There are		of fish in	the	b	ehind
		beautifu	l flowe	rs in yo	our
		a lot of ta	all	in	it.
My dog le I love it v	oves ru vhen t	unning in	the		
ead the se	entenc	es and c	omplet	e the v	vords.
	I love lyin holiday. There are my hous You have. The forest My dog le I love it win summ	I love swimming I love lying on the holiday. There are lots of my house. You have some The forest has My dog loves rull love it when the in summer.	I love lying on the holiday. There are lots of fish in my house. You have some beautifut. The forest has a lot of ta My dog loves running in I love it when there are in summer.	I love swimming in thesea I love lying on thewho holiday. There are lots of fish in thewho house. You have some beautiful flowe The forest has a lot of tall My dog loves running in theI love it when there are lots of in summer.	I love swimming in thesea on he I love lying on the when I go holiday. There are lots of fish in the bmy house. You have some beautiful flowers in you The forest has a lot of tall in My dog loves running in the I love it when there are lots of

	holiday.
	There are lots of fish in the behind
	my house.
3	You have some beautiful flowers in your
	······································
	The forest has a lot of tall in it.
	My dog loves running in the
5	I love it when there are lots of
	in summer.
26	ead the sentences and complete the words.
)	This is a very young dog. p u p p y
	These animals are often white and live on a
	farm. s
2	This animal often carries things for people.
	d
3	This animal lives in water and has a lot of teeth.
	C
1	You can get milk from this animal. c
5	This kind of animal can fly. b
	This animal is a kind of cat and comes from

GRAMMAR

Make sentences with the adjectives in the box. There is more than one answer.

big	clean	cold	dirty	easy
excitir	ng e	expensive	famous	
impor	tant	interesting	nice	
old	youn	g		

- o apples / chocolate Apples are nicer than chocolate.
- 1 your school bag / my school bag
- 2 José da Silva / our teacher
- 3 a visit to the safari park / a trip to a museum
- 4 writing English / speaking English
- 5 films / books

B: I stayed

simple.

for

- 6 going on holiday / staying at home
- Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

	for in on with	on un	til
1	A: Did you go to Same evening?	's party	on Saturday
	B: Yes. I went	Paulina.	
2	A: I waited for you _ were you?	two	o'clock! Where
	B: I was in my guitar	lesson. I al	ways have a
	guitar lesson	Monda	ıy.
3	A: Were you at this s		
	B: No, I wasn't. I star	ted here	
	Santambar		

two weeks. Read and complete the story. Use the past

4 A: Where did you go on holiday last year?

my friend in Spain

Logan 0	lived	(live) in a flat i	n New York. Every
day he 1		(travel) to sch	ool by bus. He
			because the school
			his house. One day,
			o school before
			to walk because it
			bus. He ⁷
(walk) ar	nd ⁸	(walk) for	an hour. Where
9	(be) t	he school? He 1	(ask) a
			vhere Main Street
School is	s?' 'Yes	,' the man 11	(answer).
		inutes from her	
12	(arri	ve) at school he	¹³ (be) very
happy be			not be) late for class.

LISTENING

Gavin travelled to a lot of places this year. What was the weather like? Listen and draw a line.

January	February	March	April	May	June
wind 👙	cold 🏶	rain 🥋	hot 🌞 🌣	warm 🌞	wind 👙
rain 🤤	warm 🔅	hot 🌣 🌣	wind 👙	rain 🤿	cold 🕸
warm 🌞	hot 🌞 🌣	cold 🕸	warm 🔅	wind 👙	rain 🥋
hot 🌣 🌣	wind 🚔	warm 🌞	rain 🥋	cold 🕸	hot 🌣 🌣
cold 🕸	rain 🤿	wind 👙	cold 🕸	hot 🌞 🌣	warm 🔅
warm 🌞	hot 🌣 🌣	wind 👙	cold 🌸	snow 😞	rain 😭



SPEAKING

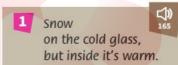
1 Do an interview with an explorer. Write questions in the past and the present. Ask and answer with your partner.

Where ... What kind of clothes/food ... How long/cold ... Why ...



READING

A haiku is a short poem with three lines. Haikus are often about the weather. Read the haikus 1-5 and match them to the pictures A-E.





Summer night in bed but not sleeping, listening to the rain.



Long summer days, there's no school for months. Why am I sad?



The beach in winter, cold wind in my face, water in my shoes.



5 First snow of winter, all the trees have new clothes.



WRITING

Choose one of the haiku pictures and write your own haiku.



EXTRA ACTIVOV-19 2020

UNIT 2

GRAMMAR, PAGE 21

- Write short answers to these questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.
 - Are you bored today?
 - · Is your teacher nice?
 - Is the classroom hot today?
 - · Are your parents funny?
 - Are you Brazilian?
 - Is your friend sad today?

UNIT 6

GRAMMAR, PAGE 43



Conversation 1

Pedro, can you come to my swimming Daniel:

pool party?

Pedro: Yes! When is it?

Daniel: It's at 2.15, and it's at the big swimming pool.

Pedro: Great. Thanks!

Conversation 2

Hannah: Would you like to come to my party, Melissa?

Melissa: I'd love to! When is it? Hannah: It's on August 1st*. Melissa: What time?

Hannah: From eight until late.

Melissa: Cool!

Conversation 3

Andrew: Sam, would you like to come to my

sports party?

Sam: I'd love to. Is it at the park?

Andrew: Yes, it is. It's on Saturday at 10 o'clock.

Sam: I can't wait!

Conversation 4

Rebecca: Can you come to my birthday party, Ella?

It's on Wednesday, at my house.

I'd love to, but what time is it?

Rebecca: It's from 3.30 until 5.30.

Ella: Oh, I'm sorry, I can't. I've got a guitar exam

on Wednesday afternoon.

*August the first

UNIT 9

VOCABULARY AND READING, PAGES 60-61



Answers:

1, 3 and 5 are good breakfasts.

2 and 4 aren't good breakfasts. It isn't good for you to eat chocolate, cake, chips or ice cream for breakfast.











UNIT 11

GRAMMAR, PAGE 71

- Choose the correct words to complete the questions. Then tick (✓) the answers for you.
 - 1 How many / How much fruit do you eat in a week?
 - 1 leat lots.
 - 2 leat some.
 - 3 I don't eat any.
 - 2 How many / How much books have you got in your bag?
 - 1 I've got lots.
 - 2 I haven't got any.
 - 3 I've got some.
 - 3 How many / How much bread do you eat in a day?
 - 1 I don't eat any.
 - 2 leat some.
 - 3 leat lots.

- 4 How many / How much tennis do you play in a week?
 - 1 I play some.
 - 2 I play lots.
 - 3 I don't play any.
- 5 How many / How much board games have you got?
 - 1 I've got lots.
 - 2 I haven't got any.
 - 3 I've got some.
- 6 How many / How much cooking do you do at home?
 - 1 I do lots.
 - 2 I do some.
 - 3 I don't do any.

UNIT 13

GRAMMAR, PAGE 81

Look at the picture of the town. Decide what the buildings are.

Building 1 is a supermarket.

Now work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about your town. Take turns.

Is there a museum in your town?

Yes, there is.

Where is it?

It's number four. Is your number four a museum?

No, it isn't. It's a bank.

GRAMMAR, PAGE 87

Danni: Hi, Suzie.

Suzie: Hi, Danni. How are you doing? Danni: Fine, thanks. And you?

Suzie: I'm great!

Danni: Can you meet me this weekend?

Suzie: I'd love to.

Danni: Let's go shopping. There's a sale on at the

shopping centre.

Suzie: Good idea! Shall we go on Saturday at

10 o'clock?

Danni: Yes, that's great. See you then.

Suzie: And do you want to go swimming with me on

Sunday morning?

Danni: Sorry, I can't.

FP VOCABULARY LIST

UNIT 1

OBJECTS AND PEOPLE

bag /bæg/ noun
camera /'kæmrə/ noun
chair /tʃeə/ noun
dad /dæd/ noun
friends /frendz/ noun
phone /fəʊn/ noun
photo /'fəʊtəʊ/ noun
students /'stju:dənts/ noun
table /'teɪbl/ noun

watch /wpt[/ noun

COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES

Argentina / a:dʒən'ti:nə/ noun Argentinian / a:dʒən'tiniən/ adjective Brazil /brə'zɪl/ noun Brazilian /brəˈzɪljən/ adjective China /'tʃaɪnə/ noun Chinese /tfar'ni:z/ adjective Italy /'ɪtəli/ noun Italian /r'tæljən/ adjective Mexico /'meksikəu/ noun Mexican / meksikən/ adjective Russia /'rnfə/ noun Russian /'rʌ[ən/ adjective Spain /'spein/ noun Spanish /'spænɪ[/ adjective Turkey /'t3:ki/ noun Turkish /'t3:k1 // adjective

UNIT 2

FAMILIES

baby /'beɪbi/ noun
brother /'brʌðə/ noun
brothers /'brʌðə/ noun
child /tʃaɪld/ noun
children /'tʃɪldrən/ noun
dad /dæd/ noun
daughter /'dɔːtə/ noun
father /'fɑːðə/ noun
husband /'hʌzbənd/ noun
mother /'mʌðə/ noun
parents /'peərənts/ noun
sister /'sɪstə/ noun
wife /waɪf/ noun

ADJECTIVES: FEELINGS

bored /bɔːd/ adjective
clever /ˈklevə/ adjective
funny /ˈfʌni/ adjective
happy /ˈhæpi/ adjective
hot /hɒt/ adjective
hungry /ˈhʌŋgri/ adjective
nice /naɪs/ adjective
sad /sæd/ adjective

tired /taɪəd/ adjective

UNIT 3

ROOMS

bath /bα:θ/ noun

bathroom /'ba:θru:m/ noun

bedroom /'bedru:m/ noun

dining room /'daɪnɪŋ ruːm/ noun

door /do:/ noun

floor /flo:/ noun

hall /hɔːl/ noun

kitchen /'kɪtʃɪn/ noun

living room /'livin ru:m/ noun

shower /'savə/ noun

toilet /'toɪlət/ noun

wall /wo:l/ noun

window /'wɪndəʊ/ noun

THINGS IN MY ROOM

bed /bed/ noun

board games /boid ,geimz/ noun

bookcase /'bokkeis/ noun

clock /klpk/ noun

computer /kəm'pju:tə/ noun

clothes /kləʊðz/ noun

guitar /gɪˈtɑː/ noun

poster /'pəʊstə/ noun

pet fish /pet fis/ noun

television /'telɪvɪʒən/ noun

TV / ti:'vi:/ noun

toys /toiz/ noun

UNIT 4

THINGS IN MY SCHOOL BAG

banana /bəˈnɑːnə/ noun

chocolate /'t[pklət/ noun

coat /kəʊt/ noun

football /'fotbo:l/ noun

gloves /glnvz/ noun

hat /hæt/ noun

keys /ki:z/ noun

scarf /ska:f/ noun

wallet /'wplrt/ noun

water bottle /'wo:tə 'botəl/ noun

ADJECTIVES: THINGS

big /big/ adjective

blue /blu:/ adjective

clean /klin/ adjective

dark /da:k/ adjective

dirty /'d3:ti/ adjective

light blue /lart blu:/ adjective

long /lpn/ adjective

new /nju:/ adjective

old /əʊld/ adjective

short /so:t/ adjective

small /smoxl/ adjective

EP VOCABULARY LIST

UNIT 5

ACTIVITIES AND SKILLS

cook /kuk/ verb

paint / peint / verb

play /plei/ verb

remember /rɪˈmembə/ verb

ride /raid/ verb

sail /seil/ verb

sing /sɪŋ/ verb

skate /skeɪt/ verb

speak /spi:k/ verb

swim /swim/ verb

PARTS OF THE BODY

arm /q:m/ noun

ear /1ə/ noun

eye /aɪ/ noun

face /feis/ noun

feet /fi:t/ noun

foot /fot/ noun

hair /heə/ noun

hand /hænd/ noun

head /hed/ noun

leg /leg/ noun

mouth /mavθ/ noun

nose /nəʊz/ noun

teeth /ti:θ/ noun

tooth /tu:0/ noun

UNIT 6

FOOD

biscuits /'biskits/ noun

bread /bred/ noun

butter /'bʌtə/ noun

cakes /keiks/ noun

cheese /tsi:z/ noun

chicken /'tsikin/ noun

chips /tsps/ noun

drinks / drinks/ noun

eggs /egz/ noun

fruit /frut/ noun

juice /dzuis/ noun

lemonade /,lemə'neɪd/ noun

meat /mit/ noun

milk /mɪlk/ noun

pasta /'pæstə/ noun

potatoes /pəˈteɪtəʊz/ noun

rice /rais/ noun

soup /suːp/ noun

sweet snacks /swirt snæks/ noun

tomatoes /təˈmɑːtəʊz/ noun

vegetables /'vedʒtəbəlz/ noun

TELLING THE TIME (1)

am /ei'em/ adverb

o'clock /ə'klpk/ adverb

pm / pir'em/ adverb

fifty /'fɪfti/ number

forty /'fo:.ti/ number

sixty /'sɪksti/ number

thirty /'03:ti/ number

It's four o'clock. /Its fo: ə'klok/ phrase

It's 9 am. /its nain ,ei'em/ phrase

It's one ten. /Its wan ten/ phrase

It's 7 pm. /rts 'sevən pir'em/ phrase

It's three thirty. / Its θri: 'θ3:ti/ phrase

It's two fifty. / Its tu: 'fifti/ phrase

UNIT 7

DAILY ACTIVITIES

catch the bus to school /kætʃ ðə bʌs tə skuːl/ phrase get dressed /get drest/ phrase get up /get Ap/ phrase go to bed /gəʊ tə bed/ phrase have a shower /hæv ə [aʊə/ phrase have breakfast / hæv 'brekfast/ phrase have dinner /hæv 'dɪnə/ phrase have lunch /hæv lnnts/ phrase walk to school /work to skurl/ phrase wash your face /wpf je feis/ phrase

TELLING THE TIME (2)

It's half past ... /Its haif paist/ phrase It's ... o'clock /Its ə'klpk/ phrase It's quarter past ... /ɪts 'kwɔːtə paːst/ phrase It's quarter to ... /Its 'kwo:tə to/ phrase It's ten to ... /Its ten to/ phrase It's twenty-five past ... /rts 'twenti farv pa:st/ past /paist/ adverb to /tu/ adverb

UNIT 8

SCHOOL SUBJECTS

art /a:t/ noun English /'ɪŋglɪʃ/ noun French /frent[/ noun geography /dʒi'ɒgrəfi/ noun history /'hɪstəri/ noun IT /aɪ'ti:/ noun maths /mæθs/ noun music /'mju:zɪk/ noun PE / piː'iː/ noun science /'saɪəns/ noun

WORDS WITH TWO MEANINGS

catch /kæts/ verb come /knm/ verb get /get/ verb meet /mi:t/ verb see /siː/ verb think /θɪηk/ verb

VOCABULARY LIST

UNIT 9

SPORTS AND ACTIVITIES

badminton /'bædmɪntən/ noun

baseball /'beisboil/ noun

basketball /'baskitbasl/ noun

dancing /'da:nsin/ noun

football /'fotbo:1/ noun

hockey /'hpki/ noun

running /'rʌnɪŋ/ noun

swimming /'swimin/ noun

table tennis /'teibl tenis/ noun

tennis /'tenɪs/ noun

HEALTH

biscuits /'biskits/ noun

bread /bred/ noun

butter /'bʌtə/ noun

cake /keik/ noun

chocolate /'tspklət/ noun

dancing /'da:nsin/ noun

feel better /fi:l 'betə/ phrase

feel fine /fi:l faɪn/ phrase

feel well /fixl wel/ phrase

good for /gud fo:/ phrase

not good for /not god fo:/ phrase

oranges /'prindziz/ noun

playing computer games /ˈpleɪɪŋ kəmˈpjuːtə ˌgeɪmz/

phrase

vegetables /'vedʒtəblz/ noun

walking to school /'wo:kin to sku:l/ phrase

water /'wo:tə/ noun

UNIT 10

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

athletics /æθ'letɪks/ noun

board games /bo:d ,geImz/ noun

coding /ˈkəʊdɪŋ/ noun

cookery /'kʊkəri/ noun

drama /'dra:mə/ noun

film /film/ noun

horse riding /hors ,raidin/ noun

Italian /I'tæljən/ noun

judo /ˈdʒuːdəʊ/ noun

yoga /ˈjəʊgə/ noun

JOBS AROUND THE HOUSE

carry the shopping /ˈkæri ðə ˈʃɒpɪŋ/ phrase

clean the bath /kli:n ðə bα:θ/ phrase

cook dinner /kuk 'dɪnə/ phrase

do the washing-up /du: ðə 'wɒ[ɪŋ ʌp/ phrase

feed the cat /fixd ðə kæt/ phrase

make your bed /meik ja bed/ phrase

tidy your room /'taɪdi jə ruːm/ phrase

walk the dog /wo:k ðə dog/ phrase

UNIT 11

ENTERTAINMENT

band /bænd/ noun concert /'kpnsət/ noun famous person /'feɪməs 'pɜːsən/ noun fans /fænz/ noun movies /'muːviz/ noun newspaper /'njuːsˌpeɪpə/ noun song /soŋ/ noun TV show /ˌtiː'viː ʃəʊ/ noun

TECHNOLOGY

digital camera /'dɪdʒɪtəl 'kæmrə/ noun fitness tracker /'fɪtnəs ˌtrækə/ noun laptop /'læptop/ noun smart speaker /smart 'spirkə/ noun smartphone /'sma:tfəʊn/ noun tablet /'tæblət/ noun

UNIT 12

JOBS

doctor /'dpktə/ noun farmer /'fa:mə/ noun firefighter /'faɪəfaɪtə/ noun footballer /'futbo:lə/ noun journalist /'dʒɜːnəlɪst/ noun lorry driver /'lpri 'draɪvə/ noun musician /mju:'zɪʃən/ noun nurse /nais/ noun photographer /fəˈtɒgrəfə/ noun waiter /'weitə/ noun waitress /'weitras/ noun

IN A CAFÉ

bottle /'botəl/ noun bowl /bəʊl/ noun cup /knp/ noun fork /fo:k/ noun glass /glass/ noun knife /naɪf/ noun pepper /'pepə/ noun plate /pleɪt/ noun salt /splt/ noun spoon /spuin/ noun sugar /ˈʃʊgə/ noun



EP VOCABULARY LIST

UNIT 13

PLACES IN A TOWN

bank /bæŋk/ noun cinema /'sɪnəmə/ noun hospital /'hospital/ noun hotel /həʊ'tel/ noun museum /mjuːˈziːəm/ noun park /pa:k/ noun restaurant /'restront/ noun station /'ster[ən/ noun supermarket /'suːpəˌmaːkɪt/ noun university / ju:nɪ'v3:səti/ noun

ADJECTIVES: PLACES

beautiful /'bju:tɪfəl/ adjective cheap /t[i:p/ adjective expensive /ik'spensiv/ adjective great /greit/ adjective important /Im'po:tənt/ adjective interesting /'Intrəstɪŋ/ adjective little /'lɪtl/ adjective safe /seɪf/ adjective tall /to:l/ adjective

UNIT 14

TRANSPORT

bike /baɪk/ noun boat /bəʊt/ noun bus /b/s/ noun car /ka:/ noun coach /kəʊtʃ/ noun plane /pleɪn/ noun taxi /'tæksi/ noun train /trein/ noun tram /træm/ noun Underground /'Andagraund/ noun

PHRASES FOR GOING OUT

go out with friends / gəʊ aʊt wɪð frendz/ phrase go running /gəʊ 'rʌnɪŋ/ phrase go shopping /gəʊ ˈʃɒpɪŋ/ phrase go swimming /gəʊ 'swimin/ phrase go to a museum /gəʊ tə ə mju:ˈzi:əm/ phrase go to a restaurant /gəʊ tə ə 'restront/ phrase go to the park /gau ta ða paːk/ phrase meet a famous person /mi:t ə 'feɪməs 'pɜːsən/ phrase meet at eight o'clock /mi:t ət eɪt ə'klɒk/ phrase meet friends /mixt frendz/ phrase meet in the afternoon /mixt ɪn ði ˌaxftəˈnuxn/ phrase see a famous person /si: a 'feɪmas 'pɜːsan/ phrase see a film /si: ə fɪlm/ phrase visit a museum /'vɪzɪt ə mjuː'zi:əm/ phrase visit friends /'vɪzɪt frendz/ phrase

UNIT 15

CLOTHES

digital watch /'didzitəl wotʃ/ noun

dress /dres/ noun

glasses /'gla:siz/ noun

jacket /'dzækɪt/ noun

jeans /dʒiːnz/ noun

shirt /ʃ3:t/ noun

shoes / suiz/ noun

skirt /sk3:t/ noun

trousers /'travzəz/ noun

T-shirt /'ti:\sit/ noun

PHRASES: PEOPLE

beautiful eyes /'bju:tɪfəl aɪz/ phrase

big ears /big iəz/ phrase

a brown beard /ə braun biəd/ phrase

dark hair /da:k heə/ phrase

fat /fæt/ adjective

long hair /lon heə/ phrase

old /əʊld/ adjective

a red nose /ə red nəuz/ phrase

short /so:t/ adjective

short hair /ʃɔːt heə/ phrase

slim /slim/ adjective

tall /to:l/ adjective

young /jʌŋ/ adjective

UNIT 16

SHOPPING

birthday card /'b3:θdeɪ kaːd/ noun

diary /'daɪəri/ noun

paint /peint/ noun

paper /'peɪpə/ noun

perfume /'pɜːfjuːm/ noun

plant /pla:nt/ noun

scissors /'sɪzəz/ noun

stamps / stæmps / noun

sweets /swi:ts/ noun

rucksack /'rnksæk/ noun

toothbrush /'tu:θbrns/ noun

umbrella /Am'brela/ noun

MONEY AND PRICES

cent /sent/ noun

dollar /'dplə/ noun

euro /ˈjʊərəʊ/ noun

pence /pens/ noun

pound /paund/ noun

EP VOCABULARY LIST

UNIT 17

THE NATURAL WORLD

beach /birts/ noun countryside /'knntrisaid/ noun flowers /'flavəz/ noun forest /'fprist/ noun garden /'qa:dən/ noun grass /grass/ noun river /'rɪvə/ noun sea /siː/ noun tree /tri:/ noun

ADJECTIVES: OPINIONS

amazing /əˈmeɪzɪŋ/ adjective attractive /əˈtræktɪv/ adjective exciting /ik'saitin/ adjective fantastic /fæn'tæstɪk/ adjective popular /'popjələ/ adjective unusual /nn'ju:zuəl/ adjective wonderful /'wnndəfəl/ adjective

UNIT 18

WEATHER

autumn /'ɔːtəm/ noun cold /kəʊld/ adjective hot /hpt/ adjective rain /rein/ noun snow /snau/ noun spring /sprin/ noun summer /'sʌmə/ noun sun /sʌn/ noun warm /wɔːm/ adjective wind /wind/ noun winter /'wintə/ noun

HOLIDAYS

catch /kæts/ verb come /knm/ verb drive /drazv/ verb fly /flai/ verb get /get/ verb hotel /həʊˈtel/ noun leave /lixv/ verb stay /stei/ verb tent /tent/ noun travel /'trævəl/ verb

visit /'vɪzɪt/ verb

UNIT 19

ADJECTIVES (1)

difficult /'dɪfɪkəlt/ adjective easy /'i:zi/ adjective excited /ik'saitid/ adjective fast /fa:st/ adjective friendly /'frendli/ adjective late /leɪt/ adjective loud /laud/ adjective slow /slau/ adjective

ADJECTIVES (2)

brilliant /'brɪljənt/ adjective fun /fʌn/ adjective heavy /'hevi/ adjective new /njuː/ adjective pleased /pli:zd/ adjective quick /kwɪk/ adjective ready /'redi/ adjective strong /stron/ adjective

UNIT 20

WILD ANIMALS

bear /beə/ noun crocodile /'krpkədaɪl/ noun elephant /'elɪfənt/ noun giraffe /dʒɪˈrɑːf/ noun kangaroo /ˌkæŋgəˈruː/ noun leopard /'lepəd/ noun monkey / mʌŋki/ noun snake /sneik/ noun tiger /'taɪgə/ noun zebra /'zebrə/ noun

PETS AND FARM ANIMALS

bird /b3:d/ noun cat /kæt/ noun cow /kaʊ/ noun dog /dog/ noun donkey /'donki/ noun kitten /'kɪtən/ noun mouse /maus/ noun puppy /'pʌpi/ noun rabbit /'ræbɪt/ noun sheep /si:p/ noun

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE

STARTER UNIT

A/AN

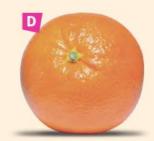
a cake a picture an apple an orange

Practice









1 What do you see in the pictures? Use a or an.

THIS, THAT, THESE, THOSE

This pen is yellow. These pens are black. That desk is grey. Those desks are brown.

Practice



- Complete the sentences with this, that, these and those.
 - pen is green.
 - pens are blue.
 - desk is black.
 - desks are white.



DETERMINERS

l	my	My name is Oliver.
you	your	This is your phone.
he	his	This is his camera.
she	her	Her name isn't Rosa.

Practice

Complete the sentences.

- O This is Michael. He's my brother.
- 1 What's ____ phone number? My number's 07700 900530.
- 2 This is my sister, name's Freya.
- 3 Hi, I'm Sam. What's _____name?
- 4 This is Jessica. She's sister.
- 5 This is my friend, _____name's Lily.
- 6 Oh no! Where's _____phone? I need to call my mum!

Choose the correct words.

- 0 My mum's from Argentina. (Her) / His name's Martha.
- 1 My / His name's Samantha.
- 2 Hi, my name's Joe. What's your / my name?
- 3 'Is this your camera?' 'No, my / her camera's white.'
- 4 This isn't Tom's phone. Your / His phone's blue!
- 5 'Is this my book?' 'Yes, her / your name is on it.'
- 6 Hello. This is my sister and this is her / his friend, Jack.
- 7 My English teacher's new. His / Her name's Janet Smithers.
- 8 This is a photo of my dad. Your / His name's Jim.

I am = I'm	I'm from Mexico.
you are = you're	You're English.
he is = he's	He's my brother.
she is = she's	She's my sister.
t is = it's	It's my camera.
we are = we're	We're from Brazil.
they are = they're	They're Russian.

I am not = I'm not	I'm not Italian.
you are not = you aren't	You aren't Chinese.
he is not = he isn't	He isn't my teacher
she is not = she isn't	She isn't Spanish.
it is not = it isn't	It isn't your book.
we are not = we aren't	We aren't Italian.
they are not = they aren't	They aren't English.

Practice

- Complete the sentences with a pronoun and the positive or negative form of be.
 - O This is Tom. He's my friend.
 - 1 Happy Birthday! 12 today!2 This is Daisy. my friend.

 - 3 I'm Stefanos and this is Daska. We're Turkish.
 - 4 This is Oliver. my brother. He's my friend.
 - 5 Hello, my name's Mr Green. _____your new English teacher.
 - 6 Look at my new camera.
 - 7 My camera's old. _____very good.
 - 8 This is Paola from Rome. _____ Italian.
 - 9 Your name's Sergei. _____ from Russia, is that right?
 - 10 Sorry, ____in this class. You're in room 5.

Complete the conversation.

Tom: Hi. 1

Nora: Hello, 2 name's Nora.

Ben. 4 my friend. This 3 This ³ Ben. ⁴ my friend. It's ⁵ birthday today. ⁶ 12. Tom:

Nora: Happy Birthday, Ben! Today's my birthday and ⁷ 12 too! And this is ⁸

new camera.

Tom and Ben: Happy Birthday!

Tom: Your camera 9 cool!

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE

UNIT 2

DETERMINERS

we	our	Our mum is funny.
they	their	Is that their dog?

Practice

- Complete the sentences with my, your, his, her, its, our or their.
 - O This is George and Sarah and they are my mum's friends.
 - 1 Alessandro and Laura live in England, but dad's from Argentina.
 - 2 Hi! We're James and Charlotte and this is dog, Spotty.
 - 3 Is that your brother? What's ____name?
 - 4 Hi, Dan, is _____sister at school?
 - 5 This is Anna. It's birthday today!
 - 6 Is that your school? What's name?

POSSESSIVE 'S

This is my mum's cat. It is her cat. Not This is the cat of my mum. This is Jake and Nat's dog. It is their dog. Not This is the dog of Jake and Nat.

Practice

Look at the picture and complete the sentences with the correct names and 's.



1	Sally is	,	and	mother.
2	Nat is	and	son, a	
		brothe		
3	Jason is	,	and	father.
			sistesiste	r, and
		and	daughter.	
5		wife		
6	Jason is	hu	sband.	

BE @ AND SHORT ANSWERS

questions 🚱	short answers	short answers
Am I funny?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
Are you English?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
Is he tired?	Yes, he is.	No, he isn't.
Is she Spanish?	Yes, she is.	No, she isn't.
Is it hot?	Yes, it is.	No, it isn't.
Are we happy?	Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
Are they your parents?	Yes, they are.	No, they aren't.

How old is he? Not How old he is? Where are you from? Not Where you are from?

Practice

- Read the sentences and write plural, is or possessive.
 - O Peter's brother lives in Italy. possessive
 - 1 I have two sisters.
 - 2 My brother's pictures are nice.
 - 3 My favourite films are Spanish.
 - 4 Sara's from Russia.
 - 5 Luke's son and Maria's daughter are there.
 - 6 Jack's English.
 - 7 My books are here.
- Write the sentences as questions.
 - O Peter is Argentinian. Is Peter Argentinian?
 - 1 They are from Italy.
 - 2 You are happy.
 - 3 We are late.
 - 4 She is hungry.
 - 5 They are Italian.
 - 6 Maria is from Mexico.
 - 7 They are sad.
- Complete the short answers for the questions in Exercise 4.
 - O Yes, he is . 4 Yes,
 - 2 Yes, _____. 6 Yes, _____.
 - 7 No,

UNIT 3

THERE IS / THERE ARE

there's (there is)

There's a TV in the living room.

There's a picture on the wall.

There's a shower in the bathroom.

there are

There are two tables in the kitchen.

There are three people in the dining room.

There are two beds in the bedroom.

Practice

1 Look at the picture and complete the sentences with there's and there are.



0	There's	a bed.
1		a shower.
2		four chairs
3		a table.
4		a lot of windows.
5		a boy in the kitchen.

IN / ON

Dad's in the bathroom.

I live in a house.

on

The camera is on the floor.

There's a dictionary on my desk.

Practice

- Complete the sentences with in or on.
 - **0** There's a guitar <u>on</u> the bed.
 - 1 I've got a computer _____ my bedroom.
 - 2 There are two pictures _____ the wall.

 - 3 There are books the table.4 There's a bath the bathroom.
 - 5 All my board games are _____the floor.
 - 6 There are four chairs and a table the kitchen.

HAVE GOT O

I've got (have got)	I've got a phone.
you've got (have got)	You've got a guitar.
he's got (has got)	He's got two pet fish.
she's got (has got)	She's got a nice flat.
it's got (has got)	It's got a big living room.
we've got (have got)	We've got lots of board games.
they've got (have got)	They've got a TV in their bedroom.

Practice

Look at the table and complete the sentences with have/' ve got or has/'s got.

	me	my dad	Rosa and David
camera	0/	X	5 🗸
dictionary	X	2/	×
television	X	3 /	6 🗸
guitar	1/	×	X
bookcase	X	4/	X

U	i ve got a camera.
4	
1	I
2	Lo.
4	
2	

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE

UNIT 4

HAVE GOT O, HAVE GOT O

have got 🖨	have got 🚱	short answers
I haven't got	Have I got?	Yes, you have. No, you haven't.
You haven't got	Have you got?	Yes, I have. No, I haven't.
He hasn't got	Has he got?	Yes, he has. No, he hasn't.
She hasn't got	Has she got?	Yes, she has. No, she hasn't.
It hasn't got	Has it got?	Yes, it has. No, it hasn't.
We haven't got	Have we got?	Yes, we have. No, we haven't.
They haven't got	Have they got?	Yes, they have. No, they haven't

I haven't got a football. He hasn't got a scarf. We haven't got any chocolate. 'Has she got a new water bottle?' 'Yes, she has.'

Practice

1	Complete the	sentences	with haven	't aot or	hasn't aot.
	complete the	SCHECHECS	WILL HUVEL	t got or	musii t yot.

0	Tony	hasn't got	a pet fish.
1	We		a shower in our bathroom.
2	The teac	her isn't hap	opy! Ellie her book
3	Adam's c	old. He	a hat or coat.
4	Mia's hur	ngry. She	an apple or a banana
5	Jim and	Ellen	their guitars.
6	My mum	and dad	new phones.

Look at the table and write sentences about Emma, Tom and Ben.

	Emma	Tom and Ben	me (put ✓ or X)
a phone	1	X	
the keys	1	Х	
gloves	X	1	
a pet fish	×	1	
a hat	1	Х	

0 Emma: a phone / gloves Emma's got a phone. She hasn't got gloves. 1 Tom and Ben: gloves / a phone 2 Emma: a hat / a pet fish

3	Now complete the table about you. Write
	✓ or X. Then write complete sentences.

1	I: a phone / a pet fish
2	I: a hat / the keys
3	I: gloves

Match questions 1-6 to answers a-g.

0	a Has Sally got a pet?
1	☐ Have you got a drink?
2	Has Hannah got her gloves?
3	Has Max got a phone?
4	Have we got the chocolate?
5	Have I got your phone number
6	Have you got your keys?
а	Yes, she has. She's got a pet fish.
b	No, she hasn't. They're at home.
12	Man and barre Harris total

- c Yes, we have. Here it is! **d** No, you haven't. It's 07700 900123.
- e Yes, he has. It's in his school bag.
- f Yes, I have. They're in my coat.
- g No, I haven't. Is there water?

Write questions with have got or has got.

0	Rebecca / a new car?
	Has Rebecca got a new car?
1	Holly / a dark-blue phone?
2	Mary and Paolo / a new computer?
3	you / your glasses?

- 4 Will and Sophie / their hats and coats?
- 5 your brother / a red camera?
- 6 your sister / a ruler in her pencil case?

3	Tom and Ben: the keys / a pet fish	

4	Emma: the keys

UNIT 5 CAN / CAN'T

positive 🖰	negative 🖨
I can play the guitar.	I can't speak Italian.
You can play the guitar.	You can't speak Italian.
He can play the guitar.	He can't speak Italian.
She can play the guitar.	She can't speak Italian.
It can play the guitar.	It can't speak Italian.
We can play the guitar.	We can't speak Italian.
They can play the guitar.	They can't speak Italian.

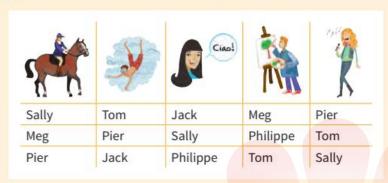
questions 🚱	short answers
Can I ride a horse?	Yes, you can. No, you can't.
Can you ride a horse?	Yes, I can. No, I can't.
Can he ride a horse?	Yes, he can. No, he can't.
Can she ride a horse?	Yes, she can. No, she can't.
Can it ride a horse?	Yes, it can. No, it can't.
Can we ride a horse?	Yes, we can. No, we can't.
Can they ride a	Yes, they can.

Practice

1	Co	Complete the sentences with can or can't.						
	0	I can't swim underwater.						
		Mariospeak Russian very well. ✓						
		Thomastake very good photos with						
		his phone. X						
	3	Weplay the guitar. X						
		Jess and Roberta paint pictures						
		very well. ✓						
	5	My mothersing. X						
		I ride a horse. ✓						
2	W	rite the questions and short answers.						
	0	he / play the piano?						
	A	Can he play the piano?						
		No, he can't.						
	1	they / paint pictures?						
		Yes,						
	2	you / ride a horse?						
		No,						
	3	your sister / take good photos?						
		Yes,						
	4	Lizzy and Rita / swim underwater?						
		No,						
	5	you and Martha / play the guitar?						
	1799	Yes,						
	6	Matthew / speak Spanish?						
		No,						

GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE

Look at the table and answer the questions.



- 0 Who can sing? Pier, Tom and Sally can sing.
- 1 Who can speak Italian?
- 2 Who can't swim underwater?
- 3 Who can paint a picture and ride a horse?
- 4 Who can't sing but can speak Italian?
- 5 Who can ride a horse but can't sing?
- Write four sentences about what you can and can't do.

0	I can paint a picture but I can't swim underwater.
1	
2	
2	

PREPOSITIONS: IN, ON, BEHIND, UNDER



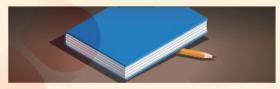
We're in the classroom now.



Your phone's on the table.



Where's Dan? I can't see him. He's behind the wall.



Your pencil is under the book.

Practice

Write the prepositions. Use the words in the box.

	beni	na	in	ın	
	in	on	un	der	
1	The	teach	er is		the clas
-	D	The second second			41

- sroom. 2 Put your bag the door.
- 3 Put your pens your pencil case.
- 4 The cat's the bed. the kitchen. 5 He's
- 6 Look! The board games are the floor.

SOME, ANY, LOTS OF; COUNTABLE AND UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

	countable nouns	uncountable nouns
some		
positive 😲	We made some cakes.	There is some milk in the kitchen.
offers 🚱	Would you like some apples?	Would you like some water?
any		
negative 🖨	We didn't make any cakes.	There isn't any milk in the kitchen.
questions 🕢	Are there any bananas?	Is there any milk in the kitchen?
lots of		
positive 😷	We've got lots of apples.	There's lots of bread.

Practice

1 Complete the sentences with any or some.

1	Is there	butter?
2	We've got	milk.
3	Are there	tomatoes?
4	Would you like	bananas?
5	Has Mary got	eggs?
6	There aren't	people here.

Complete the conversation with some, any or lots of.





Mum: Let's put the party food on the table, Katie.

What have we got in the kitchen? Katie: OK, Mum, we've got 1 biscuits and

cake.

Mum: Have we got 3 oranges? Katie: No, we haven't. And we haven't got

apples.

Mum: What? No, look, Katie, there are 5

apples here! There are 12!

Katie: Oh yes, good! Have we got 6 Mum: No, we haven't. We've got some lemonade. Katie: What about chocolate for the party games? Is

there 7 chocolate in the kitchen?

Mum: Oh no, there isn't. I've got 8 _____ in the

bag here!

PREPOSITIONS: ON, AT, FROM, UNTIL

on + days and dates	on Monday on Saturday on 12th March
at + places	at my house at the park at our school
from and until + times	from 9 o'clock until half past three

Practice

Complete the conversation with at, on, from

George: Would you like to come to my party?

Jenny: I'd love to. When is it?

18th July, that's next week. George: It's 1

Alice: Where is it?

George: It's 2 my house. Alice: What time is the party? George: It's 3 8 o'clock 4

11 o'clock.

Alice: Great! See you 5 Thursday then.

UNIT 7

PRESENT SIMPLE

positive 🗘	negative 🖨
work.	I don't work.
You work.	You don't work.
He works.	He doesn't work.
She works.	She doesn't work.
t works.	It doesn't work.
We work.	We don't work.
They work.	They don't work.

They work all day. She catches the bus to school. They walk to school on Tuesdays. He doesn't get up at 7 o'clock every day.

Practice

Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the present simple of the verbs in brackets ().

0	1 start	(start) school at 9 o'clock.
1	Jack	(get up) at 6.30 am.
2	We	(clean) our teeth in the morning and
	the even	ing.
3	They	(have) dinner at 7 o'clock.
4	11	(wash) my face in the morning.
5	Freya	(have) a big breakfast.
6	You	(catch) the bus at 8 o'clock.
7	Не	(finish) school at 3.30 pm.

Write the sentences in Exercise 1 in the negative form.

0	I don't start school at 9 o'clock.
1	
2	*
3	
4	
5	
6	<u>+</u>
7	

Write sentences.

- O Laura / get up / 8.00 / then / breakfast Laura gets up at 8 o'clock. Then she eats breakfast.
- 1 / breakfast / room / then / get dressed
- 2 They / not catch bus / walk / school
- 3 Harry / not walk / school / go / dad's car
- 4 Luke / breakfast / bedroom / not / kitchen
- 5 You/go/school/7.30/you/not/go school/ 8.30

PRESENT SIMPLE: QUESTIONS

questions 🚱	short answers
Do I walk to school?	Yes, you do. No, you don't.
Do you use IT in English lessons?	Yes, I do. No, I don't.
Does he like maths?	Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.
Does she go to school on Saturdays?	Yes, she does. No, she doesn't.
Does the house have a shower?	Yes, it does. No, it doesn't.
Do we have history on Wednesdays?	Yes, we do. No, we don't.
Do they speak Turkish?	Yes, they do. No, they don't.

Practice

Write questions.

- O Cameron / like / maths Does Cameron like maths?
- 1 your friends / go / school / car
- 2 Mr Harvey / teach / English
- 3 Tony / play / music / evening
- 4 you / have / PE / Monday
- 5 Maria's dad / watch / a lot / TV

Write short answers.

- O Does Ellie like art? (✓) Yes, she does.
- 1 Do you get up at 8 o'clock? (X)
- 2 Do Harvey and Isaac walk to school? (✓)
- 3 Does Maria study science at school? (X)
- 4 Do the students have PE on Friday? (X)
- 5 Does your dad like geography? (✓)

WH-OUESTIONS

Who?	a person	Ruby, my sister
What?	a thing	a computer, a bag, lessons
Where?	a place	New York, England, the park, school
When?	a time / day	Sunday, 5 o'clock, now
How often?	every day, week	every Tuesday, sometimes
Why?	a reason	because it's new

Practice

- Write the question words who, what, where, when, how often or why.
 - 1 A party!

 - At my house. ?
 - On 10th January.
 - Maria, Jack, Silvia, Ben, Marta and Tom.
 - Every year!

?

Because she likes football!

UNIT 9

LIKEOO

positive 🔾	negative 🖨
I like dancing.	I don't like running.
You like dancing.	You don't like running.
He likes dancing.	He doesn't like running.
She likes dancing.	She doesn't like running.
We like dancing.	We don't like running.
They like dancing.	They don't like running.

Practice

Complete the sentences with like | likes or don't like / doesn't like.

1	1	playing basketball.
2	Jo	dancing. 😌
3	We	chocolate. O
4	You	playing football. 🥞
5	Dan and Megan	swimming.
6	He	board games. 🥞

What do you and your family like? Complete the sentences with like | likes or don't like | doesn't like.

0	I don't like	doing homework.
1	My mum	cooking.
2	My dad	running.
3	My brother and	sister
	swimming.	

- playing tennis. 5 | riding horses.
- 6 My parents watching TV.

PRONOUNS

I	me	Do you like me?
you	you	Bananas are good for you.
he	him	I don't like him.
she	her	This present is for her.
it	it	We don't like tennis. We aren't good at it.
we	us	Can you help us?
they	them	They're very nice. I like them.

Practice

- 3 Choose the correct pronouns.
 - O Kate is very funny. I like her/ she a lot.
 - 1 I like playing tennis. It's good for I / me.
 - 2 Amy eats lots of vegetables. She likes them / they a lot.
 - 3 Do you like we / us?
 - 4 Paul doesn't like playing games all day. It isn't good for him / he.
 - 5 Jake and Tina are very nice. I like they / them.
 - 6 My sister likes running. I run with she / her sometimes.

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

positive 😲	negative 🚭
I'm (am) cooking.	I'm not (am not) reading.
You're (are) cooking.	You aren't (are not) reading.
He's (is) cooking.	He isn't (is not) reading.
She's (is) cooking.	She isn't (is not) reading
It's (is) cooking.	It isn't (is not) reading.
We're (are) cooking.	We aren't (are not) reading.
They're (are) cooking.	They aren't (are not) reading.

questions 🚱	short answer	s
Am I sleeping?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
Are you sleeping?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
Is he sleeping?	Yes, he is.	No, he isn't.
Is she sleeping?	Yes, she is.	No, she isn't.
Is it sleeping?	Yes, it is.	No, it isn't.
Are we sleeping?	Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
Are they sleeping?	Yes, they are.	No, they aren't

Spelling

read + -ing	Sam's reading a book.
swim + -m + -ing	Sarah's swimming in the pool.
dance – -e + -ing	We're dancing to the music.

Practice

Write the -ing forms of the verbs.

1	swim	 6	ride	
2	write	7	look	
3	come	8	know	
4	wash	 9	sit	
5	kick	10	clean	

2 Look at the picture and complete the sentences. Use the verbs in the box.

	dance take	paint talk	play	sing		
Pa	Ben	Chris	Sally		Emily	Maddy
(Freddy	's taking	pho	otos.	(6)	
1	1 Chris		the g	uitar.		
1	2 Emily a	nd Maddy				
3	3 Sally		on he	er phone	2.	
		d Paul		a pic	ture.	
į	Carla_					
3 1	Write the	sentences	in Exercise	e 2 in th	e negat	tive

form.

0	Freddy isn't taking photos.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

4 Look at the picture in Exercise 2 and complete the questions and short answers.

0	Is	Chris playing the g	uitar?	
	Yes, he		A SECULIAR S	
1	Is Fred	dy dancing?		
2		Emily and Maddy		?
3	-	Carla painting?		
4	Yes,	Sally	?	
5	Yes,	Ben and Paul		?

UNIT 11

ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY: ALWAYS, OFTEN, SOMETIMES, NEVER

000	00		×
always	often	sometimes	never

always, often, sometimes and never go:

- · before most verbs: You always take your phone to school. Lucy often does her homework in bed.
- after the verb be: I am sometimes sad on Sunday evenings. We are never hungry after breakfast.

Practice

- Write the sentences with the adverbs in the right place.
 - O Jack goes to concerts. (never) Jack never goes to concerts.
 - 1 Katia is sad at her dance class. (never)
 - 2 We go to the movies on Monday evenings. (always)
 - 3 I play tennis with my friends at the weekends. (sometimes)
 - 4 They are at school from Monday to Friday. (always)
 - 5 Joe likes making cakes. (often)
 - 6 I take photos on holiday. (often)
- How often do you do these things? Write sentences.

frequency	Part A	Part B	when
0 🛛	do	my homework	in the morning
1	go	on the internet	in the evening
2 🔀	play	tennis	on Thursday
3 🕢	watch	a TV show	in the afternoon
400	listen	to music	at the weekend
5000	ride	my horse	on Sunday

	er do m			
•		 	 	
•		 	 	
•		 	 	

HOW MUCH ...? / HOW MANY ...?

countable nouns	uncountable nouns
How many?	How much?
How many texts do you send a week?	How much fruit do you eat a day?

How many people are there in the classroom? There are 25.

How much money have you got? I've got £5.

Practice

Complete the questions with How much or How many and the verbs in the box.

get stream	look at take	send take	send watch	
0 Hov	v much	homewor	k do you	
1	get	_in a day? _texts do y _in a day?	ou	
2		television	do you	
3		in a day? music do you in a week?		
4		emails do		
5		in a week steps do y in a day?	?	
6		websites	do you	
7		in a day? photos do in a week	you	

Think about what you do. Answer the questions in Exercise 3.

UNIT 12 PRESENT SIMPLE AND PRESENT CONTINUOUS

>>> SEE GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE, UNITS 7—8, PRESENT SIMPLE, PAGES 144—145

>> SEE GRAMMAR REFERENCE AND PRACTICE, UNIT 10, PRESENT CONTINUOUS, PAGE 147

We use the present simple to talk about ...

- what we do every day:
 - I go to school. My dad drives a taxi.
- what we always / often / sometimes / never do: You always get up late on Sundays.
 Katie sometimes has dinner at 6 o'clock.

We use the present continuous to talk about ...

what we are doing now:
 Jess is sleeping.
 We're studying English.

Practice

1 Choose the correct words.

- 1 It's half past nine, Tommy's at school and he studies / he's studying.
- 2 Every day, Jacob gets up / is getting up at 7 o'clock.
- 3 My mum's in the bathroom. She has / is having a shower.
- 4 Our history teacher always gives / is giving us a lot of homework.
- 5 I often play / am playing basketball in the park on Sunday.
- 6 Mrs Weston likes / is liking her job. She's a doctor.
- 7 The children are in class seven this morning. They do / are doing a geography test.
- 8 Marta doesn't speak / isn't speaking Russian very well she never studies!

Write questions in the present simple or continuous using what / doing? or what / do?

What does Marco do?

Marco? He works in a café in London.
I can't speak! I'm in the cinema!
Every Wednesday? She goes to drama club.
I'm a teacher. I teach Spanish.
I'm hungry! I'm eating my lunch.
Carla? She's in the shower.
Phillip's a farmer and Julie is a nurse.

CAN: REQUESTS AND PERMISSION

Practice

requests	Can I have some milk, please? Can you open the window, please?
permission	Can I go out with my friends, Mum?

Ben? His homework, he's in his room.

3 Write Can I or Can you, and then finish the requests with the words in the box.

a film, please home, please
me in the park me Spanish
me with my homework some soup, please
the table the washing-up, please

0	Can you do the washing-up, pleas	e ?
	request	
1	go	?
2	clean	/?
3	meet	?
4	watch	?
5	have	?
6	teach	?
7	help	?

Write request or permission next to questions 1-7 in Exercise 3.

UNIT 13

IS THERE A ...? / ARE THERE ANY ...?

questions 🚱	short answers
Is there a bank here?	Yes, there is. No, there isn't.
Are there any people outside?	Yes, there are. No, there aren't.

Practice

- 1 Choose the correct words.
 - 0 (Is) / Are there a cinema near here?
 - 1 There isn't / There aren't any museums in my town.
 - 2 Is / Are there any good hotels near here?
 - 3 Is / Are there a bank on this street?
 - 4 There isn't / There aren't a hospital here.
 - 5 There's / There are a great restaurant we can eat in.
 - 6 There's / There are lots of students in my school.
- 2 Complete the questions about a town with Is there a? or Are there any? Then complete the short answers.

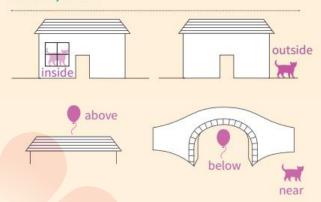
	,	
0	Is there a	\$(C)
	Yes, there is.	
1		banks?
	Yes,	
2		schools?
	Yes,	
_		
3		cates?
	No,	
4		hospital?
	Yes,	
		: 2
5		station?
	No,	
6		cinemas?
U		Cilicinas:

Yes,	
7	university?
No	

Yes, hotels?

9 ____supermarkets? Yes,____

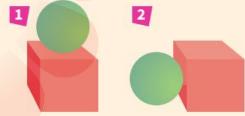
PREPOSITIONS: INSIDE, OUTSIDE, ABOVE, BELOW, NEAR



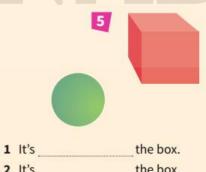
Practice

3 Where's the ball? Use the words in the box.

above below inside near outside







1	It's	the box.
2	It's	the box.
3	It's	the box.
4	It's	the box.
5	It's	the box.

BECAUSE, AND, BUT, OR

because gives us a reason.

and gives us more ideas and information.

but gives us a different and opposite idea.

or gives us a different, possible idea.

Practice

1 Match the two parts of the sentences.

- 1 John is eating a big lunch
- 2 The school is near my house,
- 3 I can't cycle to the pool
- 4 There is a metro in my city,
- 5 You can choose to take the bus
- 6 We take the river boat to school
- 7 There aren't any buses

- a or the Underground to the city.
- **b** but I don't walk there every day.
- because we don't like the busy roads.
- **d** but I don't like travelling underground.
- e or trains in my town.
- f because he's hungry.
- **g** because I don't have a bike.

2	Complete t	the sentenc	es with becau	ise, and	but or o	r.
_	Complete t	THE SCHECIT	CO MILLINGCOME	oc, arra	,	

1	She walks to school	she lives near it.
2	Many people walk	cycle in our town.
3	Tom likes travelling by	olane boat.

- 4 They are going to the cinema tonight they have no homework.
- 5 I don't like playing tennis basketball.
- 6 Lizzie likes going shopping, ____she hasn't got any money this week.

LET'S ..., SHALL WE ...?

Let	's	Let's have a party. Let's have a pizza for dinner.
Sho	all we?	Shall we go to the museum this weekend? Shall we watch a film later?

l'd love to. Yes, that's a great idea. Sorry, I can't. Yes, I'd like that.

Practice

3 Complete the sentences with Shall we? or Let's and the verbs in the box.

	do play	go visit	-	meet watch		
0 1 2	Sh			to the cine football in shopping a	the park	
3	week			Henry and	Ed on	
4				outside the	e Science	
5	Muse			a film at yo	our house	9
6				our homev	vork.	
	atch s		es 0-	-6 in Exerci	se 3 to	
a				d idea. Then		0
	Sorry	, we car	ı't. N	Лу TV doesr		
С		s a good is first.	ı ide	a. Let's do		
d	Oh ye		ve to	o! I've got a		
е		es, I'd lo	ve to	o. I like goin	g to	
f	That'			ea. See you	there	
g	Sorry	, I can't	. I ha			
	got a	ny mon	ey.			

UNIT 15

PLURALS: SPELLING

always plural	clothes, jeans, glasses, trousers
add -s	house → houses, skirt → skirts, cinema → cinemas
add -es	bus → buses, box → boxes, watch → watches
change -y to -ies	baby → babies, dictionary → dictionaries

Practice

- Write the plurals.
 - 1 waiter
 - 2 shop
 - 3 sentence
 - 4 digital watch
 - 5 story
 - 6 drink
 - 7 shoe
 - 8 house
 - 9 address
- 10 party
- Put the words from Exercise 1 in the correct column of the table.

2	ы	ы		~
a	u	u	-	3

add -es

change -y to

Practice

- Complete the sentences with is or has got.
- 0 Emma is tall and slim.
 - wearing blue shoes. 1 Jake
 - blue eyes and brown hair. 2 Ida
 - 3 Robert short and has got a red beard.
 - 4 Poppy wearing a beautiful party dress.
 - 5 Chris short dark hair and a
 - small nose.
 - 6 Tonia young, slim and beautiful.
- Think about your family and friends and answer the questions.
 - Who's got long brown hair? Megan has got long brown hair.
 - 1 Who's wearing black shoes today?
 - 2 Who's got beautiful eyes?
 - 3 Who's wearing a nice hat today?
 - 4 Who's wearing blue jeans?
 - 5 Who's tall and slim?
 - 6 Who's wearing glasses?

-ies

DESCRIBING PEOPLE

's (has) got	She's got short hair. He's got blue eyes.
's (is) / 're (are)	Pam's young. They're short.
's (is) / are wearing	Dan's wearing a jacket and trousers. Evie and Megan are wearing hats.

NEED, WANT

need	+ verb	+ noun
	Jo is hungry. He needs to buy some food.	He needs some food.
want	+ verb	+ noun
	The children want to have an ice cream.	The children want an ice cream.

With a verb, we always use to after need and want: We need to learn more. Julia wants to go to the cinema.

Practice

- Write need, needs, want or wants.
 - 1 My laptop is old. I a new one.
 - 2 Do you to come to the football match with me?
 - 3 She's 18 next week and she drive a car.
 - 4 Have you got everything for school? Do you anything?
 - 5 Oh, it's very cold! I don't to go out today.
 - 6 It's Amy's birthday tomorrow and I to buy a birthday card.
- Complete the sentences with need, needs, want or wants and the verbs in the box.

come	go	help
play	take	take

- **0** They're going shopping and they need to take some money.
- 1 I'm bored with this homework! I my new computer game.
- 2 It's very warm today. You don't your jacket.
- 3 Ask Petra if she to the party.
- 4 I you but I'm busy.
- **5** They to the party.

TOO

too hot	It's too hot. I need to open a window.
too expensive	She can't buy the T-shirt. It's too expensive.
too hard	We can't finish the test. It's too hard.

Practice

Complete the sentences with too and the words in the box.

> busy dirty hard hot old small long

I need some new tennis shoes. These are too old

1 I can't do this maths problem.

2 I need to wash my T-shirt. It's

3 I'm sorry, I can't speak to you now.

4 We need to drink this tea later because now it's

5 You're taller than me and I can't wear your trousers. They're

- 6 They have a big family and need a house. Their flat is
- Read the sentences and write the problems. Use the adjectives in the box.

dirty expensive hard hot short small

Oh! I can't drink this coffee! It's too hot!

1 I don't want to wear my little brother's coat!

2 These shoes are great, but they cost €200!

3 I can't do this maths homework.

4 I don't want to go to the old swimming pool!

5 Bella! Don't buy that mini-skirt, please!

UNIT 17

COMPARATIVES: SHORT AND LONG ADJECTIVES

tall	+-er	+ than	Danny is taller than me.
safe	+ -r		The beach is safer than the sea.
hot	double letter + -er		Italy is hotter than England.
happy	y → -i + -er		Liz is happier than her sister.
long adjectiv	es		
interesting	+ more	+ than	Maths is more interesting than geography

Practice

1 Put the words in the correct place in the table.

fat heavy angry clean cold dirty easy hot old white

+ -er	double letter + -er	y → -i + -er	ending with -e + -r
taller	bigger	happier	nicer

Read the text. Are the sentences right (\checkmark) or wrong (X)?

Mike and Rick are both tall. Mike is 1 metre 76 and Rick is 1 metre 80. Rick weighs 95 kilos. Mike is only 75 kilos. Rick's shirts are XL (extra large); Mike's are M (medium size). Mike is 27 years old and Rick is 29. Rick's got lots of friends - he's really nice, but Mike hasn't got many friends – he's always angry! Mike and Rick like running. Rick can run one kilometre in five minutes, but Mike can do it in only four minutes.

- 1 Mike's taller than Rick.
- 2 Rick's faster than Mike.
- 3 Rick's shorter than Mike.
- 4 Mike's friendlier and nicer than Rick.
- 5 Mike's older than Rick.
- 6 Rick's heavier than Mike.
- 7 Mike's slower than Rick.

Look at the information about two hotels and compare them. Use the words in brackets ().

	€/night	number of rooms	comfort	beach	attractions
Grand Hotel	€220	100	****	0.5 km	café, restaurant, garden, dancing, concerts
Hotel Murphy	€60	30	**	2 km	board games, tea and coffee

Grand Hotel is more expensive than Hotel Murphy	(expensive)
	(expensive) (comfortable)
	(boring)
	(near)
	(small)
	(exciting)
	(attractive)



We use it	to talk about the weather.	It's sunny.
	as an object pronoun.	That's my pen but you can use it.
	as a subject pronoun.	I can't do this test. It's too difficult.

Practice

- Match the two parts of the sentences.
 - 1 It's lovely weather today. -
 - 2 I can't find my phone.
 - 3 Oh no, it's raining!
 - 4 Look at my new smart speaker!
 - 5 I didn't like our holiday in the mountains.
 - 6 It's too hot in here.
 - 7 Is that my book on the floor?

- a Really? I loved it.
- b Can you open the window?
- c Wow! It's fantastic!
- d Shall we go swimming?
- e Yes, do you want it?
- f It was in my bag!
- g We can't play football now!
- Complete the conversation with it or it's.

Shall we go to the swimming pool? Very hot today!

Connor: Sorry, I can't. 1 too expensive. Alfie: What about the beach then? That's cheaper. Connor: No, I don't like the beach, 2

Alfie: OK. Shall we go to the park and play football? 3

under the trees.

Connor: I don't like playing football. 4______isn't fun.

Alfie: Try 5 !

Connor: No. I really don't like 6

Alfie: I don't know! What do you want to do?

Connor: I don't know. 7 raining now, anyway! I've got a new computer.

Shall we watch a film on 8 ?

PREPOSITIONS: WITH, FOR, UNTIL



I'm on holiday with Abby.



We're staying here for three days.



We're here until Friday.

Practice

- Complete the sentences with with, for and until.
 - 1 I always play hockey Grace; she's my best friend.
 - 2 Mum! Please don't wake me up ____ 9 o'clock. I want to sleep!
 - 3 We're going on holiday to Spain two weeks.
 - 4 I can't help you _____tomorrow. I need to finish my homework today.
- 5 They're going to the swimming pool. Let's go them!
- 6 Can you watch the baby five minutes, please?
- 7 My friends are staying with me three days.
- 8 We can't go swimming the weather is warmer.

UNIT 19

PAST SIMPLE: BE

positive 🛈	negative 🖨
I / He / She / It was happy.	I / He / She / It wasn't happy.
We / You / They were excited.	We / You / They weren't excited.
questions 🚱	short answers
Was I / he / she / it friendly?	Yes, I / he / she / it was. No, I / he / she / it wasn't.
Were we / you / they late?	Yes, we / you / they were. No, we / you / they weren't.

We use was and were to talk about the past: I was late home and my dinner was cold. My mum wasn't very happy. Jane and Isaac weren't at home last night. They were at a concert.

Practice

1	Complete the sentences with was,	wasn't
_	were or weren't	

0	Were you at the cinema last night?		
	No, I wasn't.		
1	Where you on Saturday night?		
2	Is Meg OK? Sheat school yesterda		
	I'm sure my homework on the		
	table, but now I can't find it!		
4	What your favourite film when you		
	were young?		
5	Martha did well in the maths test. The		
	questionsvery difficult.		
6	Your mum and Ion holiday in		
	Turkey in this photo.		
7	Was Helen at the station the other day?		
	Vacaba		

8 Were your parents with you at the concert?

No, they ____!

Complete the conversation with was / wasn't and were | weren't.

Anna:	Hi, George! W	here 1	you yest	erday?
	You ²			
George:	I know. I 3	in Londo	n. I ⁴	at
	a concert.		- XX - XX - XX - XX - XX	
Anna:	A concert! Lu	cky you. Who 5		the band?
		s my favourite		
Anna:	Great. Where	6the o	concert?	
		t Wembley Sta		
	8 the			
George:	Yes, they 9	They 10_		excellent.
	My sister 11	really ha	appy too	!
Anna:	Oh 12	she with you?		
George:	Yes, we 13	at the fro	nt!	
		long concert?		
		about two		
		really tired at		

WH- QUESTIONS IN THE PRESENT AND PAST

Who?	Who is your best friend?	
What?	What was your first word?	
When?	When was Freya's birthday?	
Where?	Where were you last week?	
Why?	Why were you sad yesterday?	
What kind of?	What kind of music do you like?	
How?	How are you?	

You can't answer Wh- questions with Yes or No: How is your mum? She's fine, thanks. Not: Yes, thanks.

Practice

g I like it!

h Tennis and badminton.

Complete questions 1-7 with a Wh- question word. Then match them to the answers b-h.

0	When	were you in Manchester?
1	_	is your brother doing?
2		_do you live?
3		is the boy next to Frankie?
4		are you wearing that funny hat?
5		do you finish work in the evening?
6		difficult was your English test?
7		sports do you play?
a	I was th	ere on Tuesday.
b	I live in	a small town.
c	It was e	asy.
d	At 8 o'cl	ock.
e	He's wa	tching television.
f	That's S	am

UNIT 20 PAST

PAST SIMPLE

positive 😯	negative 🖨
verb + -ed	didn't + verb
I / You / He / She / It / We / They worked.	I / You / He / She / It / We / They didn't (did not) work.

Richard **lived** in Italy until 2013. Becky **worked** in a hospital. We **didn't want** to go out because it was raining. I **didn't walk** to school yesterday.

Practice

1 Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs in the box.

answer invite live travel walk want work

- 0 I travelled to Brazil last year on holiday.
- 1 Gina _____ in Spain with her mum and dad when she was a child.
- 2 We _____ to school this morning.
- 3 My father _____ in a bank when he was younger.
- 4 My sister _____ to play the guitar and sing at the party last night.
- 5 I that email from my friend this morning.
- 6 They ____ Luigi to the party, but he can't come.
- Write the sentences in the negative form.
 - **0** They invited my sister to the party. They didn't invite my sister to the party.
 - 1 Charlie and Nathan liked the film.
 - 2 We answered Joe's email last night.
 - 3 She asked her for her phone number.
 - 4 The concert started at 7.30.
 - 5 The party finished very late.
 - 6 They saw crocodiles and tigers in the safari park.

3 Complete the conversation with the past simple form of the verbs in the box.

ask dance finish get invite not like not want start stay watch

Abi: I'm so tired.

Jess: Really? What happened?

Abi: Well, on Monday my friend o invited me to a party and I all evening. And on Tuesday, my sister 2 me to go to the Plaza cinema with her. I me to go to the film,

it was really boring!

Jess: And on Wednesday?

Abi: 14 a new tennis course and the lesson 5 at 9.30. By the time home, it was 10 o'clock!

Jess: Wow! That's late!

Abi: I know! Last night I 7 to do anything!
I just 8 at home and 9 TV!

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Key: U = Unit, LS = Life Skills, SU = Starter Unit, C = Culture, R = Review, G = Grammar.

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